

Richard Wagner

Der Fliegende Holländer

(The Flying Dutchman)

OUVERTURE.

Allegro con brio. $\text{♩} = 72$.

Piccolo.

Flauti I. II.

Oboi I. II.

Clarinetti I. II in B (sib).

Corno inglese.

Corni I. II in F (Fa).

Corni III. IV in D (Ré).

Fagotti I. II.

Trombe I. II in F (Fa).

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in Du. A (Ré La).

Arpa.

Violini.

Viola.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

f *p* *molto cresc.* *molto marcato* *sempre più f* *p* *cresc.* *molto cresc.* *molto cresc.* *molto cresc.* *molto cresc.* *molto cresc.*

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This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first five grouped by a brace on the left. The second system consists of five staves, also with the first three grouped by a brace. The music is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of 3/4. The score is characterized by a dense texture of chords and melodic lines. Dynamic markings are prominent, including *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs, indicating a complex and expressive piece of music.

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This musical score page features a complex arrangement of staves. The upper section consists of ten staves, with the first two being vocal lines and the remaining eight being piano accompaniment. The lower section consists of five staves of piano accompaniment. The score is marked with various dynamics, including *ff* (fortissimo), *f* (forte), and *stacc.* (staccato). The notation includes a variety of rhythmic values, such as eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The key signature is D major, and the time signature is 2/4. The score is written in a traditional, clear style with a focus on musical detail.

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This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first two grouped by a brace on the left. It features a variety of notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f*, *ff*, and *fff*. The second system consists of five staves, also with the first two grouped by a brace. This system is characterized by a prominent use of staccato notes, with markings like *ff stacc.* and *fff* appearing frequently. The notation includes complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines across all staves.

A

This musical score page contains two systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line features a melodic line with various dynamics such as *dimin.*, *più dimin.*, and *p*. The piano accompaniment includes chords and arpeggiated figures, with dynamics like *dimin.*, *più dimin.*, and *più p*. A key signature change to A major is indicated by "in A (La)". The second system continues the vocal and piano parts, with similar dynamic markings and a final key signature change to A major marked with "A p".

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Ob.
Clar.
Corni.
Fag.
Timp.
Viola.
Vcl.
Cb.

sempre più p *pp*

p *più p* *pizz.* *pp*

pizz. *pp*

Detailed description: This block contains the musical score for the woodwind and string sections. It includes staves for Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Clar.), Horns (Corni.), Bassoon (Fag.), Timpani (Timp.), Viola, Violin (Vcl.), and Cello (Cb.). The woodwinds and strings play a rhythmic accompaniment. The woodwinds have dynamic markings of *p* and *pp*. The strings play a rhythmic pattern with dynamic markings of *p*, *più p*, *pizz.*, and *pp*. The timpani part is marked *sempre più p* and *pp*.

Flauti. Andante.
Oboi.
Clar.
Corno ingl.
Corni in F (Fa)
Corni in A (La).
Fag.

ritard. *a tempo* *ritard.* *a tempo*

p dolce *p*

p dolce

p dolce *p* *pp*

p dolce *p* *più p*

p dolce *ritard.* *a tempo* *ritard.* *a tempo*

p dolce *p* *p* *pp*

Andante.

Detailed description: This block contains the musical score for the woodwind and string sections. It includes staves for Flutes (Flauti), Oboes (Oboi.), Clarinet (Clar.), English Horn (Corno ingl.), Horns in F (Corni in F (Fa)), Horns in A (Corni in A (La)), and Bassoon (Fag.). The woodwinds play a melodic line with dynamic markings of *p dolce* and *p*. The strings play a rhythmic accompaniment with dynamic markings of *p*, *pp*, and *più p*. The tempo markings are *Andante.*, *ritard.*, *a tempo*, *ritard.*, and *a tempo*.

Animando un poco.

Fl.
pp
Ob.
pp
Clar.
pp
Cor. ingl.
p marcato
I.
pp
Corni.
p
poco cresc.
Tromboni.
p
poco cresc.

Animando un poco.

poco cresc. - - - - - *dimin.*

B

Cor. ingl.
dimin. - - - - - *pp*
(Corno ingl. tacet)
dimin. - - - - - *più p*
dimin. - - - - - *più p*
Fag.
IV. *p*
I.
Tromboni.
II. III. *pp*
I. II. *f*
Tuba.
più p *pp*
pp *accel.* *f*
Timp.
pp *p molto cresc.*

B

accel.

f

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Picc. Tempo I.

Fl. I. D. *f* *dimin.* *p*

Ob. *f* *dimin.* *p*

Clar. *p* *f* *p cresc.* *f* *dimin.*

I. H. *p* *f* *p cresc.* *f* *dimin.*

Corni III. IV in D (Re) *p* *f* *p cresc.* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Fag. *p* *f* *p cresc.* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Trombe. *f*

Tromboni. *f*

Tuba. *f*

Timp. *f*

Tempo I.

vi. *f* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Viola. *f* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *trem.* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Vcl. *f* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *trem.* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Cb. *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *dimin.* *p*

This musical score page features two systems of staves. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first two being vocal lines and the remaining eight being piano accompaniment. The second system consists of five staves, all of which are piano accompaniment. The score is marked with various dynamics, including *cresc.*, *f*, *p*, *dim.*, and *trem.*. The piano part in the second system is characterized by dense, rapid sixteenth-note passages. The vocal lines in the first system show melodic movement with dynamic shading.

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The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for the vocal line, with dynamics marked *p cresc.* and *ff*. The bottom five staves are for the piano accompaniment, with dynamics marked *f*. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and slurs.

The second system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for the vocal line, with dynamics marked *p cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*. The bottom five staves are for the piano accompaniment, with dynamics marked *f* and *ff*. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and slurs. A marking *(div.)* is present in the third staff of the piano part.

Accel.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are grouped by a brace on the left. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps (F#, C#). The third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom five staves are also grouped by a brace on the left. The sixth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The seventh staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The eighth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The ninth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score includes dynamic markings such as *p cresc.* and *ff*. The tempo marking *Accel.* is located at the top right of the page.

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top two staves are grouped by a brace on the left. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The third staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fourth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score includes dynamic markings such as *p cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*. The tempo marking *Accel.* is located at the bottom right of the page.

C Molto animato.

The musical score is written in common time (C) and marked **Molto animato**. It consists of multiple staves for various instruments, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The score is characterized by dense textures, frequent chromaticism, and dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *cresc.* (crescendo). The music includes various musical notations like slurs, ties, and articulation marks. The bottom of the page is marked with **C Molto animato.**

C Molto animato.

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This musical score page features two systems of staves. The first system consists of ten staves, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. It includes dynamic markings such as *ff*, *f*, and *sp cresc.*, along with a triplet marking *a 3*. The second system consists of five staves, primarily piano accompaniment, marked with *f stacc.* and *ff*. The notation includes various musical symbols like notes, rests, and slurs.

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This musical score page contains 16 staves of music, organized into two systems of eight staves each. The top system includes a vocal line (Soprano) and seven instrumental parts (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Violoncello, Double Bass, Trombone, and Trumpet). The bottom system includes a piano accompaniment with a grand staff (Right and Left Hand) and four additional instrumental parts (Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, and Horn). The score is marked with a dynamic of *ff* (fortissimo) throughout. The key signature changes from one sharp (F#) to one flat (Bb) across the page. The notation includes various rhythmic values, slurs, and articulation marks such as *tr* (trills) and *a 3.* (triplets).

D

molto espressivo
p *f*

p marcato
I.
II.
III.
p

molto espressivo
p *f*

trem.
sp *più p* *p*

trem.
sp *più p* *p*

p

D

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molto espressivo

Ob. *p* *cresc.* *f* *sempre più f*

Cl. *p* *cresc.* *f* *sempre più f*

Cor. *cresc. poco a poco*

Fg. *p* *cresc.* *f* *sempre più f*

Viol. *cresc. poco a poco* *cresc.*

Viola *cresc.*

Vell. *cresc.* *cresc. poco a poco*

Fl. *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

Ob. *f* *ff* *ff* *ff*

Cl. *f* *ff* *ff* *ff*

Cor. *più f* *f* *più f* *p*

Fg. *più f* *ff* *ff* *ff*

Tromb. *mf* *più f* *ff* *ff*

Tromboni. *mf* *più f* *ff* *ff*

Viol. *f* *ff* *trem.* *ff*

Viola *f* *ff* *Prem.* *ff*

Vcll. *f* *p*

Cb. *f* *p*

mf cresc. *f* *p*

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E

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Cor.

Fg.

Tromb.

Tromboni. III.

Tuba

Timp. in C u F. (Ut Fa).

Viol.

Viola

Vcll

Cb.

E

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. The score is arranged in a standard orchestral format with multiple staves. At the top, the tempo is marked 'Picc.' and a large section marker 'E' is present. The instruments listed on the left include Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Cor Anglais, Bassoon, Trombone, Tuba, Timpani (in C and F), Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. The score contains various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *ff*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *trem.*. A large 'E' is also placed at the bottom of the page, likely indicating the end of a section or a specific rehearsal mark.

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This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves: two vocal staves (Soprano and Tenor) and eight piano staves. The vocal staves begin with a fermata and then sing a melodic line starting with the syllable "più f". The piano accompaniment features a complex texture with sustained chords and moving lines in both hands. The second system consists of five piano staves, all marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic. These staves contain a dense, rhythmic accompaniment with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (*f*, *tr*, *pp cresc.*), articulation marks, and a specific instruction "(Fa) in F" for the piano part.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal parts, with the first staff starting with a fermata and the second staff with a melodic line. The remaining eight staves are for the orchestra, including strings and woodwinds. The second system consists of six staves, primarily for the orchestra, featuring complex rhythmic patterns and woodwind parts. The dynamic marking *più f* is used throughout the score to indicate a change in volume. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and slurs.

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This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, including a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and four individual staves. The second system consists of five staves, including a grand staff and three individual staves. The music is written in a key signature of one flat and a common time signature. The dynamic marking *ff* (fortissimo) is used extensively throughout the score. In the first system, *dim.* (diminuendo) markings are present in the fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh staves. The second system features *dim.* markings in the first, second, and fourth staves, and a *pizz.* (pizzicato) marking in the fourth staff. The notation includes various rhythmic values, slurs, and articulation marks.

Flauti I. *p dolce*

Ob. *p dolce*

Cl. *piu p* *p dolce*

Corni *piu p* *p dolce*

Fag. *piu p* *p dolce*

Trombe *p*

Tromboni. *p dolce* *III. allein (solo)* *p*

Violino I *piu p*

F

Picc.

Fl. *piu f* *f*

Ob. *piu f* *f*

Cl. *piu f* *f*

Cor. *piu f* *f*

Fag. *piu f* *f*

Trombe *piu f* *f*

Tromboni. *piu f* *f*

Tuba. *piu f* *f*

Timp. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Vi. *arco* *p cresc.* *f*

Viola. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Vc. *arco* *p cresc.* *f*

Cb. *p cresc.* *f*

cresc. *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Picc.

F1

Ob.

Cl.

Corni.

Fag.

Tromba.

Tromboni. I.

Tuba.

Timp.

VI.

Viola.

Ve.

Ch.

This page of a musical score for Wagner's 'Der Fliegende Holländer' features a variety of instruments. The woodwind section includes Piccolo (Picc.), Flute 1 (F1), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), and Trombone I (Tromboni. I.). The brass section consists of Trumpet (Tromba), Tuba, and Timpani (Timp.). The string section includes Violin I (VI.), Viola, Violoncello (Ve.), and Double Bass (Ch.). The score is divided into two systems. The first system covers measures 1 through 4, with dynamics ranging from *pp* to *f*. The second system covers measures 5 through 8, with dynamics ranging from *fp* to *f*. The music is in a minor key, indicated by the key signature of one flat.

This musical score page features two systems of music. The upper system consists of ten staves: five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Bassoon) and five piano staves (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass). The vocal parts are marked with dynamics such as *p* and *f*. The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings like *pp* and *f*, along with performance instructions such as *IV*, *III*, and *trem.*. The lower system consists of five piano staves, primarily for the strings, with dynamic markings of *f*, *pp*, and *cresc.*, and the instruction *trem.* appearing in the first staff. The score is written in a complex key signature and includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and articulation marks.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The top system consists of ten staves, with the first five grouped by a brace on the left. It features various dynamic markings including *più f* and *ff*. The bottom system consists of five staves, with the first four grouped by a brace on the left. It includes performance instructions such as *molto marcato* and *ff*. The score is marked with a 'G' at the top right and bottom right. The notation includes complex rhythmic patterns, slurs, and articulation marks.

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This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first five staves grouped by a brace on the left. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The second staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The fourth staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The fifth staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The sixth staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The seventh staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The eighth staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The ninth staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The tenth staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The second system consists of five staves, with the first two staves grouped by a brace on the left. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The second staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The third staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The fourth staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. The fifth staff has a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and ties.

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The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines. The next four staves are for the piano, with the first two marked *marcato* and the last two *f marcato*. The bottom two staves are for the cello and double bass, with the instruction *In D u. A. (Re La.)* written below the bass line. The music features a complex harmonic structure with various accidentals and dynamic markings such as *f* and *f marcato*. A first ending bracket labeled *I. II.* is present in the piano part.

The second system of the musical score consists of six staves. The top two staves are vocal lines. The next two staves are for the piano, with the first marked *trem.* and *mf*, and the second marked *f*. The bottom two staves are for the cello and double bass, with the first marked *mf* and the second marked *f*. The music features a complex harmonic structure with various accidentals and dynamic markings such as *f*, *mf*, and *trem.*

Musical score for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer*, measures 1-10. The score is written for a full orchestra and includes vocal parts. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains measures 1-10. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) are marked with dynamics such as *più f*, *mf*, and *f*. The orchestral parts include strings, woodwinds, and brass. The brass parts are marked with dynamics *f* and *pp*. The woodwinds are marked with *mf* and *f*. The strings are marked with *mf* and *f*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic markings.

Musical score for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer*, measures 11-15. The score is written for a full orchestra and includes vocal parts. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into two systems. The second system contains measures 11-15. The vocal parts are marked with dynamics *p*, *cresc.*, and *f non legato*. The orchestral parts include strings, woodwinds, and brass. The brass parts are marked with dynamics *f* and *pp*. The woodwinds are marked with *mf* and *cresc.*. The strings are marked with *mf* and *f*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic markings.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image displays a page of musical notation for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*. The score is organized into two systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line and several piano accompaniment staves. The vocal line features dynamic markings such as *mf cresc.*, *p cresc.*, and *f dim.*. The piano accompaniment includes a prominent bass line with a *mf cresc.* marking and a right-hand part with *p cresc.* and *f dim.* markings. A performance instruction *III. IV nach D. (muta en Ré.)* is present. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with *mf cresc.* and *p cresc.* markings, and includes the instruction *molto espressivo*. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic hairpins.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The second system consists of five staves, primarily piano accompaniment. The score is marked with various dynamics and performance instructions.

System 1 (Staves 1-10):

- Staff 1: *p cresc.*, *f*, *poco f*
- Staff 2: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 3: *p cresc.*, *f*, *poco f*
- Staff 4: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 5: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 6: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 7: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 8: *mf marcato*, *mf*
- Staff 9: *p*
- Staff 10: *p*

System 2 (Staves 11-15):

- Staff 11: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f trem.*
- Staff 12: *p cresc.*, *f molto espress. dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 13: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 14: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 15: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera "Der Fliegende Holländer". The score is divided into two systems, each containing multiple staves. The top system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The vocal lines are marked with dynamics such as *p* (piano) and *più f* (piano fortissimo). The piano accompaniment includes various textures, including chords and arpeggiated figures. The bottom system features a more complex piano accompaniment with rapid sixteenth-note passages in the right hand and a steady bass line in the left hand. Dynamics in this system include *pp* (pianissimo) and *più f*. The score is marked with a large "H" at the top and bottom, indicating the start of a section. The page number "31" is located at the bottom center.

Stringendo

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top staff is a vocal line with a melodic line and a lower line. The remaining staves are for the orchestra. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). The tempo marking *Stringendo* is present at the top right. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic hairpins.

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top staff is a vocal line. The remaining staves are for the orchestra. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte), *pp* (pianissimo), and *mf sempre* (mezzo-forte sempre). The tempo marking *Stringendo* is present at the bottom right. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic hairpins.

J
un poco ritenuto

a tempo

Musical score for the first system, measures 1-12. The score includes multiple staves with complex notation, including dynamics like *piu f*, *ff*, *dimin.*, *p*, *dolce*, and *pp*. A vocal line is present with the lyrics "in Du A. (Ré La)".

Musical score for the second system, measures 13-24. The score continues the musical notation from the first system, with dynamics like *piu f*, *ff*, and *p*. The tempo marking "a tempo" is repeated at the end.

J
un poco ritenuto

a tempo

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The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system consists of ten staves, and the second system consists of five staves. The music is written in B-flat major and 4/4 time. The first system features a variety of instruments, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. Dynamics include *f*, *p*, and *cresc.* markings. The second system features a prominent tremolo in the woodwinds and strings, with dynamics including *f*, *p*, and *cresc.* markings. The score includes complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth-note runs and tremolos.

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Ritenu

a tempo

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system begins with a piano introduction marked 'Ritenu' and 'a tempo'. It consists of ten staves. The first two staves are for the vocal line, and the remaining eight are for the piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *ff*, *p dolce*, and *cresc.*. The second system is also marked 'Ritenu' and 'a tempo' and features a more active piano accompaniment with frequent *cresc.* markings and dynamics like *ff* and *pp*. The score concludes with a *ff* marking and the tempo marking 'a tempo'.

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Ritenu

a tempo

Musical score for the first system, featuring ten staves. The first five staves are vocal parts, and the last five are piano accompaniment. The score is marked "Ritenu" at the beginning and "a tempo" at the end. Dynamics include *ff*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *piu cresc.* There are also markings for "dimin." and "mf".

Musical score for the second system, featuring five staves. The first two staves are piano accompaniment with tremolos, and the last three are vocal parts. The score is marked "Ritenu" at the beginning and "a tempo" at the end. Dynamics include *ff*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *piu cresc.* There are also markings for "trem." and "dimin.".

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Ritenu

K
a tempo

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top staff is a vocal line with a melodic line and a lower line. The remaining staves are for piano accompaniment. The score begins with a *ff* dynamic. The first measure is marked *ff*. The second measure is marked *dimin.*. The third measure is marked *p*. The fourth measure is marked *p*. The fifth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The sixth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The seventh measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The eighth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The ninth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The tenth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The bottom staff has dynamic markings *ff*, *dimin.*, *p*, *pp*, and *cresc.*.

The second system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top staff is a vocal line with a melodic line and a lower line. The remaining staves are for piano accompaniment. The score begins with a *ff* dynamic. The first measure is marked *ff*. The second measure is marked *trem.*. The third measure is marked *dimin.*. The fourth measure is marked *p*. The fifth measure is marked *p*. The sixth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The seventh measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The eighth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The ninth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The tenth measure is marked *cresc. poco a poco*. The bottom staff has dynamic markings *ff*, *dimin.*, *p*, and *cresc.*.

Ritenu

K
a tempo

cresc.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera "Der Fliegende Holländer". The score is arranged in two systems of staves. The top system includes a vocal line and several piano accompaniment staves. The bottom system consists of piano accompaniment staves. The music is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 2/4. The score is marked with dynamic levels: *f* (forte), *più f* (piano più forte), and *ff* (fortissimo). Performance instructions include *marcato* and *marcato marcato*. The score features various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and articulation marks. The page number "38" is centered at the bottom.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of 11 staves, with the top five staves grouped by a brace on the left. The music is in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. It features a variety of dynamic markings: *cresc.* (crescendo), *ff* (fortissimo), *p* (piano), and *sempre f* (sempre fortissimo). The notation includes complex rhythmic patterns, such as sixteenth-note runs and chords, with some notes marked with accents (^). The second system consists of 5 staves, with the top three staves grouped by a brace on the left. This system continues the musical material with similar dynamic markings and complex rhythmic textures. The page concludes with a series of dynamic markings at the bottom: *ff*, *p*, *ff*, and *sempre f*.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system (measures 1-8) features a vocal line in the upper staff and piano accompaniment in the lower staves. The piano part includes a complex texture with multiple voices, including a prominent bass line with repeated eighth-note patterns. The second system (measures 9-16) continues the vocal and piano parts, with the piano accompaniment becoming more active and rhythmic. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo). The key signature is D major, and the time signature is 4/4.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image displays a page of musical notation for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*. The score is arranged in two systems. The first system consists of ten staves: five for the piano (treble and bass clefs) and five for the cello (treble and bass clefs). The piano part begins with a dynamic marking of *p* (piano) and includes markings for *dolce* (sweet) and *cresc.* (crescendo). The cello part also starts with *p* and features *dolce* markings. The second system includes a grand staff (piano and cello) and a separate bass line. The piano part in the second system is marked *p* and includes *cresc.* markings. The cello part is marked *pizz.* (pizzicato) and *p*. The bass line is also marked *p*. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings.

The first system of the score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, with the upper staff in treble clef and the lower staff in bass clef. The piano accompaniment is spread across the remaining eight staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The music features dynamic markings of *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). The piano part includes complex textures with triplets and arpeggiated figures. The system concludes with a double bar line.

The second system of the score consists of six staves, all of which are piano accompaniment. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom two are in bass clef. The key signature remains one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. This system is characterized by detailed dynamic markings, including *f*, *p dolce*, and *cresc.* (crescendo). The piano part features intricate textures with triplets and arpeggiated patterns. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Musical score for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer*, measures 1-12. The score is written for a full orchestra and includes dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The music features complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines across multiple staves.

Musical score for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer*, measures 13-24. This section includes dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *pizz.*, *arco*, and *p molto tenuto*. The music features complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines across multiple staves.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system features a vocal line at the top with trills (tr) and fortissimo (ff) dynamics, and a piano accompaniment with sustained chords and melodic lines. The second system features a piano accompaniment with rapid sixteenth-note passages in the upper staves and a bass line with sixteenth-note accompaniment, all marked *sempre ff*. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4.

Un poco ritenuto.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top staff is a vocal line with trills (tr) and a fermata. The second and third staves are for the first and second violins, both marked *p dolce*. The fourth, fifth, and sixth staves are for the first, second, and third violas, all marked *ff*. The seventh and eighth staves are for the first and second cellos, both marked *ff*. The ninth staff is for the double bass, marked *ff*. The tenth staff is for the piano, marked *p* and featuring trills (tr) and a triplet (3).

The second system consists of two staves. The top staff is a vocal line marked *p dolce* with a triplet (3). The bottom staff is a piano accompaniment line with a triplet (3).

The third system consists of four staves. The top three staves are for the first, second, and third violins, all marked *stacc.*. The bottom staff is for the double bass, marked *stacc.* and featuring sixteenth notes (6) and trills (tr).

Un poco ritenuto.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves: five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Bassoon) and five piano accompaniment staves (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass). The vocal lines feature long, sweeping melodic phrases with dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The piano accompaniment includes sustained chords and melodic lines, with dynamic markings like *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The second system consists of five staves: two vocal staves and three piano accompaniment staves (Violin I, Violin II, and Double Bass). The vocal lines continue with melodic phrases, including a *rull.* (rullando) marking. The piano accompaniment features *pizz.* (pizzicato) markings and dynamic markings like *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The score is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature.

Erster Aufzug.

ACT I. — ATTO I.

Steiles Felsenufer. Das Meer nimmt den grösseren Theil der Bühne ein; weite Aussicht auf dasselbe. Die Felsen im Vordergrunde bilden auf beiden Seiten Schluchten, aus denen die Echos antworten. Finstres Wetter; heftiger Sturm; zwischen den Felsen selbst verliert der Wind, den man in offener See die Wogen peitschen sieht, seine Macht, — nur von Zeit zu Zeit scheint das Heulen des Sturmes herein zu dringen. — Das Schiff Daland's hat soeben dicht am Ufer Anker geworfen; die Mannschaft ist in geräuschvoller Arbeit beschäftigt die Segel aufzuziehen. Taue auszuwerfen, u. s. w. Daland ist aus Land gegangen; ersteigt auf einen Felsen und sucht landeinwärts die Gegend zu erkennen.

Seashore with steep cliffs. The greater part of the stage is taken up by a wide expanse of sea. Weather foul, and a violent storm raging. Daland's ship has just cast anchor close to the shore; the sailors are calling to each other at their work of furling the sails, throwing out the ropes etc. Daland has gone ashore; he is climbing the cliff, to reconnoitre the surrounding country.

Una riva circondata da roccie. Il mare occupa la maggior parte della scena; la vista si estende in lontananza sull'onde. Tempo oscuro, violento uragano. La nave di Dalando gitta l'ancora presso la riva. I marinai lavorano alacremente ad ammainare le vele, a lanciar gomene etc. Dalando è sceso a terra; sale una roccia e guarda dalla parte del continente per riconoscere il paese.

Nº 1. Introduction.

Nº 1. Introduction. — Nº 1. Introduzione.

Allegro con brio. $\text{♩} = 72$.

Piccolo.

Flauti I. II.

Oboi I. II.

Clarinetti I. II in B. (si b)

Corni ventile I. II in F. (fa)

Corni ordin. I. II in B. (si b) basso

Corni I. II. III. IV in B. (si b) basso
auf der rechten Seite der Bühne.

Corni I. II in B. (si b) basso
auf der linken Seite der Bühne.

Fagotti I. II.

Trombe ventile I. II in F. (fa)

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in B. (si b) F. (fa)

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viola.

Steuermann.

Daland.

Tenori I. II.

Matrosen.

Bassi I. II.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Allegro con brio. $\text{♩} = 72$.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system features vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts include a soprano line with lyrics and a bass line. The piano accompaniment consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a double bass line. Dynamic markings such as *f*, *più f*, and *ff* are present throughout. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with more complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic changes, including *mf* and *ff*. The score is written in a key signature of two flats and a common time signature.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first five grouped by a brace on the left. The second system consists of five staves, with the first three grouped by a brace on the left. The music is written in a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *più f* (pianissimo), along with accents and slurs. The bottom two staves of the second system feature complex rhythmic patterns with sixteenth notes and sixteenth rests, often marked with a '6' above the notes. The score is a page from a larger work, as indicated by the page number 52 at the bottom.

Erstes Echo
1^{tes} Echo

Zweites Echo
2^{tes} Echo

f dim *p* *cresc.* *f*

mf cresc. *mf cresc.* *mf cresc.*

Matrosen während der Arbeit.
Sailors at work.
Marinai lavorando.

Ho - jo - he!
Yo - ho - o!
Jo - ho - è!

Hallo-jo!
Holla-ho!
Joho-ho!

Ho - jo - he!
Yo - ho - o!
Jo - ho - è!

Hallo-jo!
Holla-ho!
Joho-ho!

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a piano (p), a violin (v), a viola (v), a cello (c), a double bass (b), and a tuba (t). The middle system includes a horn (h), a trumpet (tr), and a trombone (tr). The bottom system features a vocal line with lyrics and a double bass line. The lyrics are: 'Ho - jo - he! Hallo-jo! Hallo-jo! Hallo-jo!
Yo - ho - o! Holla-ho! Holla-ho! Holla-ho!
Jo - ho - e! Johoho! Johoho! Johoho!

Dynamic markings include *ff*, *p*, *f dim.*, and *p*. The score is written in a key signature of two flats and a 2/4 time signature.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is arranged in a system of 18 staves. The top five staves are for vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and another voice part). The next five staves are for piano accompaniment, including a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a separate bass line. The bottom section contains the vocal lyrics for two parts, with corresponding musical notation below them. The score includes dynamic markings such as *p* (piano) and *cresc.* (crescendo), and features complex rhythmic patterns with sixteenth and thirty-second notes.

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

Hallojo!
Holla-ho!
Johoho!

Ho! He! He! Ja! Ho! He! He! Ja!

Yo - - a - ho! Yo - - a - ho! Yo - - a - ho! Yo - - a - ho!

Ho! ho! Ho! ho! Ho! ho! Ho! ho!

Hallojo! Ho! He! He! Ja! Ho! He! Ho!

Holla-ho! Yo - - a - ho! Yo - - a - ho! Yo - - a - ho! - - a - ho!

Johoho! Ho! ho! Ho! ho! Ho! ho! Ho! ho!

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

This musical score page contains the following elements:

- Instrumental Staves:** Multiple staves for various instruments, including woodwinds and strings, with dynamic markings such as *f*, *più f*, and *ff*. Some staves include the marking *a 2*.
- Vocal Staves:** Two vocal staves with lyrics in German. The lyrics are:
Halle-jo!
Holla-ho!
Joho-ho!
Halle-jo!
Holla-ho!
Joho-ho!
Ho! Ho!
Yo - - a-ho!
Ho! ho!
Ho! Ho!
Yo - - a-ho!
Ho! ho!
Ho! Ho!
Yo - - a-ho!
Ho! ho!
- Dynamic and Performance Markings:** *f*, *più f*, *ff*, *a 2*, *p*, *tr*, *tr*.
- Key Signature:** Two flats (B-flat and E-flat).
- Time Signature:** 3/4.

The score consists of multiple staves. The top section features a complex orchestral arrangement with various instruments, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. Dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *tacet* are indicated. The vocal parts enter with the lyrics:

Daland (kommt vom Felsen herab)
Daland (coming down from the cliff)

Dalando (scendendo dalla roccia)

Kein Zweifel!
 Vex - u - lion!
 E cer - to!

The vocal lines are written in both German and Italian. The German lyrics are: Ho! Ho! Jo - he! Hallo-he! Hallo-hel Hallo-ho - he!
 Yo - a-ho! Yo - ho! Holla-ho! Holla-ho! Holla-yo - ho!
 Ho! Ho - ho - è! Hoho-è! Hoho-è! Ho-ho-ho - è!

The Italian lyrics are: ho! ho! Jo - he! Hallo-he! Hallo-hel Hallo-ho - je!
 Yo - a-ho! Yo - ho! Holla-ho! Holla-ho! Holla-yo - ho!
 Ho! Ho - ho - è! Hoho-è! Hoho-è! Ho-ho-ho - è!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob.
Clar.
Cor. in F. (Fa)
Cor. in B basso.
Fag.
Timp.

Viol. I.
Viol. II.
Viola.

Daland.

Vello.
Cbasso

Sie - ben Mei - len fort trieb uns der Sturm vom sich - ren Port. So nah' dem
Twenty miles a - way The storm has driv'n us from the bay! My voy - age
 Set - te miglia al - men dal por - to lun - ge ne spin - se il vento! Ve - der - - age la

Vello.
Cbasso

Ziel nach lan - - ger Fahrt, war mir der Streich noch auf - ge -
o'er, so near the port, Fate thus de - lights my will to
 me - - ta si vi - ein, non poter - la toc - car... de - stin cru -

Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp.
Viol.
Viola
Steuermann.
Dal.

spart! so nah'dem Ziel nach langer Fahrt, war mir der Streich noch auf - ge - spart!
thwart! My voy - age o'er, so near the port, Fate thus de - lights my will tothwart!
del! Co - si pres - so alla me - ta, no non po - ter - - la toc - car!

Steuermann vom Bord durch die hohen Hände rufend:
Steersman onboard, calling through his hands.
Il Pilota dal bastimento, tenendo la cavità delle mani presso la bocca.

Hol Ca - pi - tãn!
Cap - tain, a - hoy!
Ehi! Ca - pi - tan!

Am Bord bei euch, wie steht's?
A - hoy! on board what news?
A bor - do, di, com' è?

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Clar.

Fag.

Timp.

Haus, Sen - ta, mein Kind, glaubt' ich schon zu um - ar - - men; da
 child, Sen - ta was there with smiles of ten - der greet - - ing; Ah!
 sì. e qua - si al co - - re stringer Sen - ta mi - - a; e a un

p cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Clar.

Cor.

Fag.

bläs't es aus dem Teu - felsloch her - aus! Wer baut auf Wind, baut auf Sa - tan's Er - bar - men, wer baut auf
 curs - - ed wind, by Sa - tan's art be - guiled! Why didst thou change, my fond hopes thus de - frut - ing? Why didst thou
 trat - - to sea - te - - nar - si l'in - ferno! Chialven - to cre - de, a Sa - tan cre - de, chialven - to

piu f

piu f

piu f

piu f

Ob. a 2
 Clar. a 2
 Cor. *poco f*
 Fag. a 2
 3 Tromb.
 Timp.
 Daland.

Wenn so währ't er tob - - te, währ't's nicht lang. (am Bord)
 A storm, so vio - - lent, can noi last. (on board)
 Bu - fe - - - ra for - - te lun-ga non e. (dal bastimento)

poco f *p* *dim.* *p* *più p*

Fl.
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 Timp.

He, Bur-sche!
 My suit-ors,
 Ehi! marinar!

p dolce *pp* *pp dolce* *pp* *pp*

Picc.

Fl. *pp cresc.*

Ob. *pp cresc.*

Clar. *pp cresc.*

Cor. *p* I. Solo *p cresc.*

Fag. *p marc.* I. Solo *p cresc.*

Timp. *p marc.* *p cresc.*

Viol. *pp cresc.* *trem.* *p cresc.*

pp *div. in 3 parti* *pp cresc.* *mf cresc.*

Picc.

Fl. *p cresc.*

Ob. *cresc.*

Clar. *cresc.*

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *p dim.*

Fag. *p* *cresc.*

Timp. *cresc.*

Viol. *f* *pp* *p cresc.* *cresc.* *p dim.*

Steuermann. *f* *pp* *cresc.* *f* *p dim.*

Er gähnt. *ff ppp*

Egli sbadiglia.

Più vivo. $\text{♩} = 84.$

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 80.$ Più vivo.

Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Viol.

Er rüttelt sich auf als ihm der Schlaf kommt.
and tries to shake off the sleep that is coming over him.
Il Pilota che si sente venir sonno, si scuote e canta.

Steinermann. Steersman. Il Pilota.

Mit Ge-wit-ter und Sturm aus fer-nem Meer, mein Mä-del, bin dir nah! Ue-ber thurm-ho-he Fluth vom Sü-den her, mein
On the wings of the storm, from distant lands, Be-lor-ed, home I fly! From the bil-lows that break on southern straits, Be-
Fra tem-pe-ste e for-tu-ne il lungo er-rar vi-ci-no al fine or è: è var-ca-to già l'in-fi-ni-to mar, mia

Più vivo. $\text{♩} = 84.$

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 80.$ Più vivo.

Ob. Moderato. $\text{♩} = 104.$
Clar. *p*
Cor *p*
Fag. *p*
Timp.

un poco acceler.

Viol. *p*
Bass *p*

Mä-del, ich bin da! Mein Mä-del, wenn nicht Süd-wind wär, ich nim-mer wohl kám' zu dir; ach lie-ber Süd-wind, blas' noch mehr! Mein
lor-ed, here am I! Dear mai-den, bless the good south-wind That hurries me home to thee! Blow, southern bree-zes, strong and kind, My
bel-la, son con te! Nè a ri-va mai sa-rei, se non sof-fias-se del Sud il ven-to; oh! sof-fia as-sai, ven-to del Sud, fa

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 104.$

un poco acceler.

Picc.
Fl.
Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Trbe.
Tromb.
Tuba
Timp.

Viol.

Der Steuermann fährt auf; er sieht nach, ob das Schiff Schaden genommen habe. Beruhigt setzt er sich wieder am Steuer nieder und singt. Der Schlaf kommt ihm immer mehr an.
 The Steersman rises, looks around, and having satisfied himself that no damage has been done, sits down again and sings, while sleep gradually overpowers him.
 Il Pilota si alza e guarda intorno per assicurarsi che niente di male è successo, poi torna a sedersi e canta, mentre il sonno, suo malgrado, lo vince.

Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp.
Viol.

Er gähnt. Von des Sü-dens Ge-stad' aus wei-tem Land_ich
 He yawns. On the burn-ing sands of that far shore Thine
 Egli sbadiglia. Da-gli e-stre-mi con-fin del mon-do o-gnor, mia

Ob. Lento. Più vivo.

Clar.

Cor.

Fag. pp

Viol. p

hab' an dich gedacht! Durch Ge-wit-ter und Meer vom Moh-renstrand hab' dir 'was mit ge-bracht.
in-age dwelt with me; And now through the wind's and water's roar A-gain I come to thee!
 bel-la, a te pen-sai; di pro-cel-le sfi-dan-do o-gni fu-ror, un do-no a te re-cai.

Lento. Più vivo.

Ob. accelerando Allegro.

Clar. cresc.

Cor. f dim.

Fag. pp cresc. f dim.

Viol. pp div. f dim.

Mein Mä-del, preis' den Süd-wind hoch, ich bring dir ein gül-den Band!
I bring my lore a gol-den band To twine in her gol-den hair;
 Nè tuo il te-sor sa-ria, se non sof-fias-se del Sud il ven-to.

Ach,
 Ah,
 Ah!

accelerando Allegro.

No 2. Arie.

Sostenuto. ♩ = 50.

Piccolo.

Flauti

Oboi.

Clarinetti in B. (Sib.)

Corni vent. in F. (Fa.)

Corni ordin. in C. (Ut.)

Fagotti.

Trombe vent in F. (Fa.)
ordin. in D. (Re.)

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in C. u. G.
(Ut. Sol)

Violini.

Viola.

Holländer.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Sostenuto. ♩ = 50.

Più moto *Rec.* *Sostenuto*

tra - - gen! Dein Trotz ist beugsam, doch e - wig mei - ne Qual!
 fur - - ther; Thy rage will pass my tor - ture knows no end.
 co - - ra... E ri - ba - dir la mia ca - te - na e - terna.

Più moto *fp Rec.* *Sostenuto* *pp*

Rec. *Allegro. ♩ = 80.* *Rec. ten.*

lento
 Das Heil, das auf dem Land ich su - che, nie werd'ich es fin - den!
 My hope, to find on earth re - demp - tion, never shall see ful - fillment.
 Co - lei che sulla ter - ra io cer - co. mai tro - var non pos - so!

Euch, des Weltmeers Flu - then, bleib ich ge -
 Thou, un - rest - ing o - cean, Thou art my
 voi, fiot - ti del ma - re, ben io sa - rò fe -

Rec. *Allegro. ♩ = 80.* *Rec. f*

Wie oft in Mee - - res tief - sten Schlund
 Mid roar - ing whirl - - pools wild and deep,
 Oh! quan - té vol - - te mo - rir bra - man - do,

Ob. *poco rit.* *a tempo*
 Clar. *f* *p* *più p*
 Cor. *f* *p*
 Fag. *f*
 Tymb. *f* *p* *più p*
 Timp. *f* *p*
 Viol. *cresc.* *f* *p* *più p* *f* *p*
 stürzt'ich voll Sehnsucht mich hin - ab: doch ach! den Tod, ich fand ihn nicht! Da, wo der Schif - - fe
 Head-long Pre-plunged in-to the ware. But ah! kind death came not to me! Presought the sea - - man's
 sfi-dan-do il ciel, bal-zai nel mar, - e pur non sep - pi mor-te tro - var! Do - ve più fie - - ra tra

f *p* *più p* *f* *p*
f *p* *più p* *a tempo* *f* *p*

poco riten.

a tempo

First system of the musical score, featuring a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line includes dynamic markings such as *f*, *dim.*, and *p*. The piano accompaniment includes markings like *cresc.* and *f*.

Second system of the musical score, including a vocal line with lyrics and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "furcht - bar Grab, trieb mein Schiff ich zum Klip - pen - grund, doch ach! mein Grab, es schloss sich nicht! / dread - ed grave, Where treach'rous cliffs rose bare and steep - But ah! no grave would ope for me! / sco - gli lon - da sal - za non tra - ssi il mio piè? — E pur son vi - vo per rio de - stin!". The vocal line has dynamic markings like *f dim.* and *pp dolce*. The piano accompaniment includes markings like *più p* and *a tempo*.

Third system of the musical score, featuring the woodwind section. Instruments listed include Fl., Ob., Clar., Cor., Fag., Tromb., and Timp. The score shows various dynamic markings such as *f* and *p* across the instruments.

Fourth system of the musical score, including a vocal line with lyrics and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "Ver - höh - - nend droht' ich dem Pi - ra - - ten, in wil - - dem / Where e'er a pi - rate flag was flaunt - ed, I rushed on / Vi - di il pi - ra - - ta sull'O - ce - a - - no, pu - gnaì, — ma in-". The vocal line has dynamic markings like *f* and *p*. The piano accompaniment includes markings like *f* and *p*.

Fl.
 Qb.
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 Viol.

Kam - pfe hofft' ich Tod „Hier“ rief ich, zei - ge dei - ne Tha - - ten,
 death with fren - zied zeal, „Here“ cried I, „show your cour - age raunt - - ed!
 va - no vol - li mo - rir: „Vien“ gli ho gri - da - to, vien ia fe - rir,

Ob.
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 Tromb. ord. in D. (Re)
 Tromb.
 Timp. in H. (Si)
 Viol.

Cor. ord. mutata in H. (Si)

Von Schä - - tzen voll ist Schiff und Boot!“ Doch ach! — des Meer's bar - bar'scher
 My ship has treas - ures worth your steel! But ah! — the foe, in wild dis -
 che do - - ro e gem - me carco ho il na - vil! E pur! — quel vi - le non s'ar - re

Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Tromb.
Timp. tr
Viol.

p *pp* *p* *pp* *p* *tr* *pp* *p*

in H.(Si)

Sohu schlägt bang das Kreuz und flieht da-vou.
- may Raised high the cross and fled a-way.
- stö; si fè - la cro-ce, ratto vo - löl

Wie oft in Mid roaring
Oh! quan-te

arco *p*

p *cresc. poco a poco* *p* *cresc. poco a poco* *cresc. poco a poco*

Muta in C.(C)

cresc. poco a poco

tr

Peresc. poco a poco *arco* *Peresc. poco a poco* *arco* *Peresc. poco a poco*

Mee - - res tief - - sten Grund stürzt' ich voll Seh - - sucht
whirl - - te - - pools, wild and deep, il - - long I've plunged in -
vol - - te - - mo - - rit - - bra - mando il ciel sfi - dan - - do, bal -

cresc. poco a poco

Ob.
Cl.
Cor. in C. (Ut)
Fag.

piu cresc.
piu cresc.
piu cresc.
piu cresc.

piu cresc.
piu cresc.
piu cresc.
piu cresc.

piu f
piu f
piu f
piu f

mich hin - ab! Da, wo der Schiff - fe furcht - bar Grab, trieb mein Schiff ich zum Klip - pen -
to the wave, I've sought the sea - man's dread - ed grave, Where treach'rous cliffs rose bare and
zai nel mar! Do - ve piu fie - ra tra seo - gli fon - da sal - za e spro -

piu cresc.
piu f
arco

Ob.
Cl.
Cor. ord. in C. (Ut)
Fag.
Tromb vent in F. (Fa)

f piu f
f piu f
trem.
trem.
trem.
trem.

grund. Ntr - gends ein Grab! Nie - mals der
steep. No grave for me! Death com - eth
- fon da: Giam - mai la mor - te giam - mai la

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Cor. *ff*

Fg. *ff*

Tr. *ff*

Tromb. *ff*

Tuba *ff*

riten. piu p

pp. p.

p

Solo. p dim.

tr tr tr tr tr tr tr tr

ff dim. > p piu p pp

con portamento

Todt
not!
vell

Dies der Ver - dammiss, Schreckge - bot,
Such the ac - cursed ones aw - ful lot!
Bar - ba - ra sor - te mi se - gni, o ciel,

dies der Ver - damm - niss Schreck - ge -
Such the ac - cursed ones aw - ful
bar - ba - ra sor - te mi se - gni, o

pp. p. p. p. p. p. p. p.

riten. pizz. piu p arco

p p p

Cl. *a tempo*

Cor. *p*

Fg. *p*

Tromb. *p*

Timp. muta in Es. (Mi b)

a tempo

p piu p pp

trem. pp

trem. pp

hot!
lot!
ciell!

Er richtet seinen Blick gen Himmel.
He looks upwards.
Egli volge il suo sguardo verso il cielo.

p piu p

a tempo

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

C1.

Cl.

Cor.

Fag.

pp

tr

pp

lö - sung du mir zeig-test an? Dich fra-ge ich, ge - pries'-ner En-gel Got-tes, der mei nes Heils Be-
 height didst thou not mock at me? An - gel of God, who, in my de - so - la - tion, Gav'st me the hope I
 nò, nè mu - te - rà giam - mai? Ma dim-mi or' tu. bell' an - ge - lo di Di - o, di mia sal - vez - za il

in 2 part

C1.

Cl.

Cor.

Fag.

pp

a 2

tr

pp

din - gung mir ge - wann! War ich Un - sel - ger Spiel-werk dei - nes Spot-tes, als die Er - lö - sung
 might at last be free, When thou didst name the price of my sal - ra - tion, Say, from thy height didst
 pat - to è du - ro as - sa - i, ti pren-di tri - sto gio - co, il fa - to mi - o non mu - ta nò, nè

in 3 part

pp

in 2 part.

pp

Pe.

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Cor. *ff*

Tromb. vent in F. (Fa) *ff*

Timp. C. G. (Ut. Sol) *ff* *tr* *pp* *tr* *tr* *tr*

ff dim. *p* *piu p*

ff *ff*

trem. *p* *piu p*

p *piu p*

Molto passionato. $\text{♩} = 84$.

Cl. *a 2* *p* *cresc.* *piu cresc.*

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *piu cresc.*

Fag. *p* *cresc.* *piu cresc.*

Tuba *p* *cresc.* *piu cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

Molto passionato. $\text{♩} = 84$.

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp.

Solo

p *cresc.* *dim.* *pp* *cresc.*

p *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

p *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

f *cresc.* *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

Nur ei ne Hoff nung soll mir blei - ben, nur ei - - ne un - - er -
One on - - ly thought my grief as - sua - ges, One stead - - fast hope that
 Pur an - co - - ra la spe - ran - za nell' a - - ni - ma mi

Fl. 1

piu f *f*

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.

piu f *f*

piu f *f*

piu f *f*

piu f *f*

piu f *f*

f *f* *f* *f*

schüt - - tert stehn: - - o lang' der Er - de Keim' auch trei - ben. so muss sie doch zu Grun - de
can - - not fall; The earth - - may roll through count - less a - ges, And yet an end must come to
 splen - - de; e - ter - - no none il mon - do, e - stre - ma un' o - ra, di ro - vi - na lo at -

piu f *f* *f* *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Fl. *p*

Ob.

Cl.

Cor. *piu f* *ff* *mf* *f* *ff*

Tromb. vent. in F. (Fa) *f* *piu f* *ff* *mf* *f* *ff*

Tuba *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

geh. *f* *piu f* *ff* *mf* *ff* *mf*

all! *f* *piu f* *ff* *mf* *ff* *mf*

ten - - de! *f* *piu f* *ff* *mf* *ff* *mf*

Tag — des Ge - rich - tes! Jüng - - - ster
 Day — of de - struc - tion! Judge - - - ment
 O — del giu - di - zio su - pre - - mo

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Tromb. vent. in F. (Fa) *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Tuba *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Tag! *p* *cresc.* *ff* *ff*

day! *p* *cresc.* *ff* *ff*

di! *p* *cresc.* *ff* *ff*

Vello e Basso. *p* *cresc.* *ff* *ff*

Wann brichst du an in mei - ne Nacht? Wann dröhnt er,
 When shall thy morning dawn for me? Thou tram - pet,
 vie - mi a com - pir tuo fa - - to! Ro - vi - na

der Ver-nich-tung Schlag, mit dem die Welt zu-sam-men-kraecht?
soud the crash of doom At whose dread blast the stars shall flee!
 sul cre-a-to, e la mia not-te ver-ra co-sì!

Wann al-le Tod-ten auf-er-stehn, wann al-le Tod-ten auf-er-stehn, dann wer-de
At last, when all the dead shall rise. At last, when all the dead shall rise, Then death will
 E quan-doi mor-ti, quan-doi mor-ti sor-ge-ran-no, al-lo-ra io

Ob. a2
Clar. a2
Cor.
Fag.
Tromb.
Tromboni.
Timp. tr

cresc. *püüf*

ich in Nichts ver-gehn, dann wer-de ich in Nichts ver-gehn!
close my wear-y eyes, Then death will close my wear-y eyes!
mo-ri-rö, al-lo-raal-lo-ra io mo-ri-rö!

Wann al-le Tod-ten auf-er-
At last when all the dead shall
E quan-do i mor-ti sor-ge-

Imo Solo.
con portamento

Fl.
Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Tromb.
Tromboni.
Tuba.
Timp. f

p *püüf* *cresc.*

steh, dann wer-de ich in Nichts ver-gehn, in Nichts ver-gehn!
rise, Then death will close my near-y eyes, my wear-y eyes!
ran, al-lo-raal-lo-ra io mo-ri-rö, io mo-ri-rö!

Nº 3. Scene, Duett und Chor.

Nº 3. Scene, Duet and Chorus.

Nº 3. Scena, Duetto e Coro.

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 84.$ accelerando

Piccolo.

Flauti I. II.

Oboi I. II.

Clarinetti I. II in B. (Si b).

Corni ventile in F. (Fa). *Imo*

Corni I - IV in F. (Fa).
auf der rechten Seite des Theaters.

Corni I. II in F. (Fa).
auf der linken Seite des Theaters.

Corni ordinare in C. (Ut). *II. p*

Fagotti I. II. *p*

Trombe ordinare in C. (Ut).

Trombe ventile in F. (Fa).

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in G u. D. (Sol. Re.)

Violini. *p*

Viola. *mf cresc.*

Steuermann.

Holländer.

Daland. *Daland kommt aus der Cajüte; er sieht sich nach dem Winde um und erblickt das fremde Schiff.
Daland comes out of the cabin; he looks around to note the weather, and spies the strange vessel.
Daland esce dalla cabina, guarda il tempo e scorge il vascello dell' Olandese.*

Chor der Matrosen.

Violoncello. *p dolce*

Contrabasso. *mf cresc.*

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 84.$ accelerando

Vivace.

Ob.
Cor. vent. in F. (Fa)
Cor. I-IV. in F auf der rechten Seite des Theaters. als Echo.
Cor. I II. in F. auf der linken Seite des Theaters als zweites Echo.
Cor. ord. in C. (Ut)
Fag.
Viol.

Steermann rasch auffahrend.
Steersman, rising hastily.
Il Pilato alzandosi prontamente.

Er setzt schnell das Sprachrohr an und ruft über Bord.
Takes the speaking-tube and calls out.

Zum Teufel auch!
The Devil's in't!
Per bac-coèver!

Ver-zeiht mir, Ca - pi - tan!
Good cap-tain, grant me par - don!
per-don mio ca - pi - tan!

Imbocca tosto il portavoce, e grida all' equipaggio
Takes the speaking-tube and calls out.

Wer da?
A hoy there!
Chi è là?

schiefst du schon?
hast thou slept?
ge-sti ancor?

Lange Pause: man hört das Echo den Ruf zweimal wiederholen.
Long silence: the call is twice repeated by the echo.
Lunga Pausa, l'eco ripete due volte questo grido.

Vivace.

Ob.
Clar.
Cor. vent. in F. (Fa)
Cor. I-IV auf dem Theater.
on the scene
sulla scena.
Cor. I. II. auf dem Theater.
on the scene
sulla scena.
Cor. ord. in C. (Ut)
Fag.
Viol.

wie vorher.
as before.
come sopra.

Lange Pause, abermaliges Echo.
Silence, and an echo.

Wer da?
A hoy there!
Chi è là?

Pausa ed eco.

Es scheint, sie sind ge-rad' so faul als wir.
Like us, the la-zzy crew are all a-sleep.
Mi par che co-me noi sien pig-ri anch' es-si.

Ob.
Clar.
Cor. I.H. vent. in F im Orchester. (Cor. auf d. Th. tacent.)
Cor. I.H. ord. in C im Orchester. (Cor. auf d. Th. tacent.)
Fag.
Viol.
wie vorher.
as before.
come sopra.
Gebt Ant - wort! Schiff und Flagge?
Re - ply! Your name and coun - try!
Il no - me e la bandie - ra?
Daland erblickt den Holländer am Lande.
Daland, spying the Dutchman on shore.
Lass' ab! Mich dünkt ich sel'den Ca - pi -
Gire o'er! I think I see the cap - tain
Ta - ci, ve - der mi sem - bra il ca - pi -

Lento. ♩ = 66.
Cor.
Tromboni.
Tuba.
Viol.
Ohne seine Stellung zu verlassen.
without changing his position.
dopo una pausa.
Den Holländer anrufend.
Calling to the Dutchman.
Invocando l'Olandese.
Langes Stillschweigen.
Long silence.
Lungo silenzio.
Weit komm ich
Fir o - rer
Io ven - go da lon -
tän! He! Hol-la! See-mann! Nen-ne dich! Wess' Lan - des?
there! Hey! A-hoy there! Cap - tain, An - swer! Whence com'st thou?
tan! Ehi! O - là! nocchie-ro! chi se - - i? da do-ve vie - ni?
Lento. ♩ = 66.

Animato. $\text{♩} = 60.$

Tromboni.
Tuba. *pp*

Viol.

her: ver - wehrt bei Sturm und Wet - ter ihr mir den An - ker - platz?
seas. So long the storm is blow - ing, May we find har - bour here?
 tan! sol - ca - to hoil ma - re in - te - ro qui sfug - go all' u - ra - gan!

Be - hüt' es Gott! Gast -
By heav - ens yes! We
 Ri - posa or qui; del

p

Animato. $\text{♩} = 60.$

pp

pp

p

p

p

an das Land gehend.
going ashore
 andando a terra.

Hol - län - der.
A Dutch - - man!
 O - lan - de - se!

freund - schaft kennt der See - mann. Wer bist du?
sail - ors help each o - ther! Who art thou?
 ma - re siam figli en - tram - bi! Chi se - i?

Gott zum Gruss!
God be with you!
 Tac - com - pag - ni il ciel!

So trieb auch dich der
And so the storm has
 Te pur get - ta - va a

p

Viol.

Sturm an die - sen nack - ten Fel - sen - strand? Mir ging's nicht bes - ser; we - nig Mei - len nur von hier ist mei - ne Hei - math, fast er -
cast you al - so on this treach'rous coast! I too, have suffered; bare - ly twen - ty miles From here, my home a - waits me; near - ly
 que - ste roc - cieil ven - to al par di me. Sol po - che mig - lia lun - ge son dal mio tet - to; in - van lot - ta - i col

p

Moderato, non troppo lento $\text{♩} = 60$.

Clar. Imo Solo. *p sempre*

II. *p sempre*

Fag. *p sempre*

Tromboni. *pp arco* *p sempre*

Viol. *pp arco* *p sempre*

pp arco *p sempre*

pp *p sempre*

Mit Ausdruck, aber ohne Leidenschaft.
 With expression, but without passion.
 Con espressione, ma senza passione.
con portamento

Durch Sturm und hü - sen Windver - schla - - gen,
 From shore to shore, for e - ver ba - - nished,
 Con - tra - - ri ven - ti, or - ri - - bi - li pro-

p *p sempre* *p sempre*

Moderato, non troppo lento $\text{♩} = 60$.

Imo Imo Solo.

irr' auf den Was - sern ich um - her; wie lan - - ge? weiss ich kaum zu sa - - - gen,
 Sport of the bil - lows, tem - - pest - tost, I know not how the years have ra - - - nished,
 cel - - le mi so - - spin - - se - ro o - gnor di ri - - va in ri - - - va, o -

schon zähl' ich nicht die Jah - - re mehr. Un - mög - lich dünkt mich's, dass ich
All count of time to me is lost. In er - - ry clime, to man be-
 gner, o - - gno - ra di mar in mar. Ah! tut - - ti so dir, ab! si so

nen - - te die Län - - der al - - le, die ich fand: das Ei - - - ne nur, nach
long - - ing My ro - - ring foot the sail has pressed: But thou the goal of
 dir i li - - di in - nu - me - - ri del mondo: un u - - ni - ca ter - ra, la

poco cresc. - -

poco cresc. - -

poco cresc. - -

poco cresc. - -

poco cresc. - -

poco cresc. - -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

dem ich bren - ne, ich find' es nicht, mein Hei - math - land! Das Ei - ne
 all my long - ing, When find I thee, my land of rest? But thou, the
 mia na - ti - va sol non po - te - i non po - tet tro - var, un u - ni - ca

nur, nach dem ich bren - ne, ich find' es nicht, mein Hei - math -
 goal of all my long - ing, When find I thee, my land of
 ter - ra, la mia na - ti - va sol non po - te - i, non po - te - i tro -

Lento. ♩ = 66.

land!
rest?
var!

Ver - gön - ne mir auf kur - ze Frist dein
Oh, lend me but the shel - ter of thy
Mi sia o - spi - tal per po - co il tet - to

Lento. ♩ = 66.

Haus, und dei - ne Freund - schaft soll dich nicht ge - reün! Mit Schät - zen al - ler Ge - gen - den und
home, And of thy kind - ness thou shalt ne'er re - pent! With trea - sures brought from ev' - ry clime and
tuo e l'a - mi - stà non sa - rà ste - ril don. De' più ra - ri te - sor do - gni pa -

Zo - nen ist reich mein Schiff be - la - den; willst du han - deln, so sollst du si - cher dei - nes Vor - theils
count - ry My ship is rich - ly la - den! Wilt thou bar - ter, The bet - ter bar - gain shall be sure - ly
e - se ho car - co il mio na - vi - glio: a me con - sen - ti; ed a - vrà pre - mio l'o - spi - ta - li -

bie-*te!* *Daland voll Erstaunen den Inhalt der Kiste übersehend.* *Den Preis?*
ask thee. *gazing with amazement into the chest.* *Their price?*
tof-fro. *-pien, di stupore.* *Il prez-zo?*

Wie? Ist's möglich! Die-se Schätze! Wer ist so reich, den Preis da-für zu bie-ten?
Heavens! what see I! *All these je-wels! where is the man* *could hope* *their price to of-fer?*
Che? Fia ve-ro? *Queste gio-je! Chi è si ric - - co. da* *of-frir tal prezzo?*

So e - ben hab' ich ihn ge - nannt: dies für das Ob-dach ei - ner einz' - gen Nacht! Doch, was du
Tis not so great, the price I ask, *Tis but the shel-ter of a sin - gle night!* *This that thou*
è ver tal nome io pur gli die-di, *tut - to per ri - co - vrar - mi sol u - na not-te.* *Pur quan - to*

Allegro giusto. ♩ = 66.

This system contains the first part of the musical score. It features a full orchestral arrangement with multiple staves for strings, woodwinds, and brass. The tempo is marked 'Allegro giusto' with a quarter note equal to 66 beats. The key signature has one sharp (F#).
 The vocal parts include:
 - 'Weib! mine! sia!' (Soprano)
 - 'Daland. freudig betroffen. joyfully pieno di gioja' (Tenor)
 - 'Wie? Hör' ich recht? Meine Heard I a-right? My Che? sa-ra ver? Quanta' (Bass)
 The score includes various dynamic markings such as *ff*, *dim.*, *p*, *più p*, and *pp*.

Allegro giusto. ♩ = 66.

This system continues the musical score, starting with a Clarinet part. The tempo remains 'Allegro giusto' with a quarter note equal to 66 beats. The key signature has one sharp (F#).
 The vocal parts include:
 - 'Tochter sein Weib! Er selbst spricht aus den Ge - dan - ken! Fast fürcht' ich wenn un - ent - schlossen ich bleib, er müsst' im Vor - sat - ze daughter his bride! This marriage my fortunes would al - ter! Quick! I must bind him at once to my side Lest he from his promise should gio - jah nel cor! mia fi - glia in i - spo - sa ei chie - de! Che? sa - ra ver? Quanta gio - jah nel cor! è il cie - lo che lo con -'
 The score includes dynamic markings such as *pp*, *mf*, *p*, *un poco accel.*, and *riten.*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

p
p
p sempre
pizz.
p
pizz.
p
pizz.
p

Ach! oh - ne Weib. oh - ne Kind bin ich. — nichts fes - selt mich an die Er -
Home-less am I! no wife! no child! Naught that to earth can hind
 No pa - tria, no pa - ren - - - ti — mi - se-ra è assai mi a vi -

wan - ken. Wüsst' ich. ob ich wach' o - der träu - me? Kann ein Eidam will - kom - me - ner
fal - ter What luck! Am I wa - king or dream - ing? Could al - liance more flat - ter - ing
 si - glia. Quel che bra - ma - va io stes - so. im - - plo - ra e - - gli da

p
p
p
pizz.
p
pizz.
p
pizz.
p
arco
arco

de: rast - los ver - folg - te das Schick - - sal mich, die Qual — nur war mir Ge - fähr - -
me. Wher - e'er I wan - der, by fate — ex - iled, Mis - for - - tune fol - lows be - hind
 t.: la fig - lia se ac - con - sen - - - ti che all' a - - ra mi sia u - ni - -

sein? Ein Thor! wenn das Glück ich ver - säu - me. Voll Entzücken schla - ge ich
he? On me fortune's planet is beam - ing! From my heart I glad - ly a -
 me; il don. che — miè — con - ces - so. o sor - te. è tua mercè, tal

te. Nie werd' ich die Heimath er - rei - - - chen, zu was - - - kommt mir der
 me No so - luce my rich - es can of - - - fer, What good to me th - ir
 ta. Tra - mon - te - - rà la stel - - - la ne - mi - - ca a

ein, voll Ent zücken!
 gree, ye, most gladly!
 do - no. tal do - no!

Wie? Hör' ich recht? Meine Tochter sein Weib? Er selbst spricht
 Heard I a - right! My daughter his bride! My for - tunes this
 Che? sa - ria ver? mi - a fi - - glia per spo - sa ei

Gü - ter Ge - winn? Lässt du zu dem Bund dich er - wei - - - chen. Oh! so
 glitt - - ring stora? Oh, take all the gold that I prof - - - fer! Gin - me
 me co - si: lu - ce dà - mor no - vel - la ri - -

aus den Ge - danken, er selbst spricht ihm aus! Fast fürcht' ich, wenn un - ent - schlossen ich bleib, er
 mar - riage would al - ter, would al - ter in - deed! Quick! I must bind him at once to my side, Lest
 chie - - de a me, sa - rà ver? sa - rà ver? Eil ciel che lo con - si - - glia, il

Fl.
Cl.

nimm mei - ne Schä - tze da - hin, oh! — so nimm mei - ne Schä - tze da - hin!
ou - ly a home once more! Give, — oh give me a home once more!
 schia - re - - rà i miei di, ri - - schia re - - rà i miei di,

müsst' im Vor - sa - tze wanken, im Vor - sa - tze wanken, fast, fürcht' ich, müsst' im Vor - sa - tze wan - - ken.
he from his pro - mise should falter, for fear he should fal - - ter! From his pro - mise I fear he might fal - - ter!
 ciel che tut - to — ve - de, che tut - to ve - de. è il ciel che tut - to — ve - de;

Ob.

Lässt du zu dem Bund dich er - wei - chen, oh! — so nimm mei - ne Schä - tze da -
Oh, take all the gold that I prof - fer, Give, — oh give me a home once
 lu - - ce da - mor no - vel - la ri - - schia re - - rà i miei

Wüsst' ich ob ich wach o - der träu - me! Kann ein Ei - - dam will - kom - - me - ner
What luck! Am I wak - - ing or dream - ing? Could al - li - - ance more flat - - ter - ing
 quel che bra - ma - - va io stes - so. im - plo - - ra - - e - - gli da

Solo
mf *dim.* *pp* *un poco string.*

hin! Lässt du zu dem Bund dich er-wei- - chen, oh! so nimm,
more! Take, take all the gold that I prof- - fer, give me on - - ly,
 di. Lu - - ce da - mor no - vel - - la, lu - - ce da - mor,

sein? Ein Thor, wenn das Glück ich ver-säu - - mel Voll Ent-zü-cken,
 he! On me fortune's pla - - net is beam - - ing, From my heart, then,
 me! Il don che - - niè con - ces - so, o sor - te

mf *pp* *un poco string.*

cresc. *arco* *f* *un poco string.*

oh! so nimm mei-ne Schä - tze da - hin, oh! so nimm mei - he Schä - tze da -
 give me on - - ly a home once more, give me on - ly a home once
 lu - - ce da - mor, da - mor no - vel - - la ri - schia - re - rà i miei

voll Ent-zü-cken schla - ge ich ein, voll Ent - zü - - cken schla - ge ich
 from my heart I glad - ly a - grev, from my heart most glad - ly I a -
 è - tua mer - cè, o sor - - te, o sor - te, è tu - a mer -

cresc. *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Oboe solo.

Tochter, mit treuer Kindes-lieb er - ge - - ben mir; sie ist meinStolz, das höch - ste mei - ner
daughter, the pearl of children, true as she is fair; She is my pride, my one and on - ly
 mi - a e ma-ma sempre di fe - de - - le a - mor; ell' è l'or - go - - glio del pa-ter - no

Gu - ter, meinTrost im Unglück, meineFreud' im Glück, meinTrost im Unglück, mei - neFreud' im
tree - sure, My help in trouble and my crown of joy! My help in trouble and my crown of
 tet - to, nel duol con - for-to e gio-ja nel pia - cer. nel duol con - for-to e gio - ja nel pia -

Oboi

Dem Va - - ter stets be-wahr' sie ih - - re Lie - be! Ihm treu, wird sie auch treu dem
 Her love for thee thy daugh - ter still shall che - rish, Once true, she should be true to
 Seil ge - - ni - tor da - mor co - stan - te ell' a - ma, lo spo - - so pur a - me - ra de -
 Glück!
 joy!
 cer.

Fl.

Gat - ten sein.
 him she weds.
 gua - lea - mor.

Du giebst Ju - we - - len, un - schätz - ba - re Per - - len, das höch - ste Klei - nod doch, ein
 Great are thy trea - sures, rich the hoon thou bring - - est, Yet rich - er still my gift, a
 Tu m'of - fri gem - me, pre - zi - o - se per - - le, ma nul - la so - noal par di

Du giebstes mir?
 Shall she be mine?
 E lof-fria me?

treu-es Weib:
 faith-ful wife!
 fi-do-a-mor.

ich ge-be dir mein Wort.
 Yes! heres my hand up-on it!
 Ti do la mia pa-ro-la.

Mich rührt dein Loos;
 I pi-ty thee;
 Mi fa-do-lor ve-

f *p* *p espressivo*

frei-ge-big, wie du bist, zeigst E-del-muth und ho-hen Sinn du mir;
 thou hast a gen'rous heart, And no-ble is thy na-ture and thy mien.
 der-ti gra-mo tan-to, e mo-stri ge-ne-ro-soe no-bil cor.

den Ei-dam wünschlich
 I choose thee for my
 un-ge-ne-ro qual

p *cresc.* *f* *risoluto*

First system of musical notation, including piano and violin parts. Dynamic markings include *f* and *ff*.

Haß Dank!
My thanks!
Or di.

so, und wür'dein Gut auch nicht so reich, wählt' ich doch kei-nen An- dern!
son; yea w'erethy wealth not half so great, none o- ther should con- tent me!
 te, se fos- se sai men ric- co. an- cor con- tento io see- glie- re - i.

Second system of musical notation, including vocal and piano parts with lyrics.

Third system of musical notation, including piano and violin parts. Dynamic markings include *p* and *f*. Includes the instruction "in G (Sol)".

colla parte

Werd' ich die Toch-ter heut noch sehn?
And shall I see thy child to- day?
 la fi- glia tua quan- do ve- drò?

Der näch- ste günst' - ge Wind bringt uns nach Haus; du sollst sie
The next good wind will bring us swift- ly home, Then shalt thou
 To- sto che sof - - fi fa- vo- re- vol ven- to tu la ve-

Fourth system of musical notation, including vocal and piano parts with lyrics. Includes the instruction "colla parte".

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 76$.

Fag. Tromb. Tuba. Timp.

für sich.
aside
fra sè.
lento

So ist sie mein! Wird sie mein En-gel sein? Wenn aus der Qua len
She shall be mine! Is my re-demp-tion nigh? Dare I at last, through
La spo-se - rù! Lan - ge - lo mio sa - rà? Se nel - la in-

schön, und wenn sie dir ge fällt...
see her. If she please thine eye—
drai e sel - la piace a te—

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 76$.

Clar. Cor. Fag. Timp.

cresc. *f* *p* *più cresc.*

Cor. ord. in D (Ré)

cresc. *f* *p* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *p* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *p* *più cresc.*

Schreck - ge - wal - ten, die Schn - sucht nach dem Heil? mich treibt, ist mir's er laubt mich fest zu
years of sor - row. Look for an end of all my pain? Durns there for me a gold - en
ter - mi - na - bi - le o - scu - - ri - tà dell' a - - ui - ma bril - la la lu - ce, la lu - ce

Oboi.

treibt. *pain?*
 2?
 giebt. Die ihm an die-se Kü - ste brach-ten, ihr Win - de sollt ge - seg - net sein!
hand! My thanks be thine thou swel - ling wa - ter, Whose rage a fa - ther's hearth has blest!
ra co-tanto-e si be - ne - fi - ca for - tu - na a ri - tro-var!

ist mir's er - laubt, mich fest zu hal - ten an ei -
Dawns there for me a gold - en mor-row? Shall heal -
 Ri - piom - be - rò, ah! sì, nel tur - bi - ne di -

Ha, wo-nach al - le Vä - ter
The prize de - sired for ev' - ry
 Un ric-coe no - bil ge-ne-

- ner Hoffnung, die mir bleibt?
ing hope be born a - gain?
 - mia sciagu - ra an-ti - - ca?

Darf
Dare
 Ah!

ich in je-nem Wahn
I be-lieve in my
 sol - che-rò an-cor

noch schmach - ten,
sal - va - tion?
 l'ò - cé - a - no

trachten, ein rei - cher Ei - dam, er ist mein! Bloss hab ich
daughter, A weal- thy bride groom, stands con- fess! Bè! mine then
 ro io lo so - gna - va ogno - ra; miè da - to, il so-gno av - ve-rasi

fest zu hal - ten,
to hold with cau-tion

was sich so schon
The good that for -
 al - tro non so,

von selbst mir giebt,
to es smile hath, giv -
 non so bra-mar,

Flauti

Clar.

Solo

pp

più p *dolce* *meno p*

dass sich ein En - - gel mir er - weicht? Der Qua - - len, die mein Haupt um -
Has some good an - - gel heard my prayer? Of all my bit-ter trib - u -
 ma - le - di - cen - - do a te, a te? Di mia, di miascia-gu - - ra an -

p

was sich so schön von selbst mir giebt! Ha, wonach al - le Vä - ter trachten, ein reicher Ei - dam, er ist
The good that for - tune's smile hath giv'n. Ha! what is sought for ev' - ry daughter, A wealthy bridegroom, stands con -
 un ric - co ge - ne-ro so-gnai, un ric-co ge - ne-ro so-gnai o - gnor, o - gnor io lo so-

più p *meno p*

più p *meno p*

Flauti

Ob.

Clar.

p *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

cresc. *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

nach - ten, er - sehn - - tes Ziel hätt' ich er - reicht? Ach! oh - ne Hoff - nung
lu - tion Dare I be - lieve the goal is there? Ah! though so long of
 ti - ca ri - piom - - be - rò nel tur - - bi - ne? Ah! sol - che - rò an -

p

mein! Ein rei - cher Ei - dam, er ist mein!
fest! A wealth - y bride - groom stands con - fest!
 gnai, e il so - gno av - ve - ra - si o - mai!

f *mf* *mf*

mf *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim. p*
mf *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim. p*
mf *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim. p*
mf *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim. p*

wie ich bin, geb' ich mich doch der Hoff - nung hin! Ach! oh - ne Hoff - nung
 hope be - reft, At last I feel one hope is left! yea, though so long of
 cor l'o - ce - - a - no ma - le - - di - cen - - do a te? Ah! sol - che - ro an -

Für-wahr, blos hab' ich fest zu hal - ten, für-wahr, blos hab' ich
 The prize de - sired for er' - ry daughter. A wealth - y bridegroom,
 Un ric - co, un ric - co e no - bil genero so - gna - i e il sogno av -

dim. *pp* *f* *dim. p*
dim. *pp* *f* *dim. p*
dim. *pp* *f* *dim. p*
dim. *pp* *f* *dim. p*

p *cresc.* *f*
p *cresc.* *f*
piu p *cresc.* *f*
piu p *cresc.* *f*

wie ich bin, geb' ich mich doch der Hoff - nung hin!
 hope be - reft, At last I feel one hope is left!
 cor l'o - ce - - a - no ma - le - - di - cen - - do a te?

fest zu hal - ten, was sich so schön von selbst mir giebt. Ge - prie - sen seid, des Sturm's Ge - walt' die
 stands confest, A wealth - y bridegroom stands con - fest! My thanks be thine, thou swell - ing wa - ter, whose
 ve - ra - si, al - tro non so, non so bra - mar. Sia glo - ria, glo - ria a vo - i, ter - ri - bi - li

cresc. *f*
cresc. *f*
cresc. *f*
cresc. *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Cor.

Fg.

Trbe.vent. in G. (Sol).

Trbni.

Tuba

Timp.

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

Ist mir's er - laubt mich fest zu hal - ten an ei-ner Hoffnung. die mir bleibt?
Of all my bit - ter trib - u - lu - tion, Dare I be-lieve the goal is there?
 Dim - mi fa - tal. fa - tal mio demone. ah! dimmi, di! lu - sin - gaell'è?

ihr an die-sen Strand mich triebt! Die ihn — an die - se Kü - ste — brach - ten, ihr Win-de, sollt ge - seg - net sein!
rage a father's hearth has blest; The prize — desired for ev' - ry — daught - er, A wealthy bridegroom stands con - fest!
 fiot-tidel mar, che nau - fra-ga a que - - sti — li - di i - no - spi-ti tra - e-ste la mia pro - ra.

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

Musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with dynamic markings like *f*, *p*, and *ff*, and a rehearsal mark *a 2*.

Timp. muta in B. F. (Sib. Fa) alto.

Musical score for the second system, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment with dynamic markings.

doch — der Hoff — nung hin, geb' ich mich doch der Hoff — nung
know — one hope — is left! At last I know one hope is
cen — do a tē, — a te. ah dim — mi. di: lu — singa ell'

Haus — und Toch — ter hin, geb' froh ich Haus und Toch — ter
give — my daught — er's hand. I glad — ly give my daught — er's
so, — bra — mar — non so, al — tro bra — mar, bra — mar — non

Musical score for the third system, including piano accompaniment with dynamic markings.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Vivace, ma non troppo presto. $\text{♩} = 72$.

Steuermann am Bord.
Steersmann *on board.*
Il Pilota a bordo.

Süd - wind! Süd - wind!
South - wind! South - wind!
Ven-to del Sud! Ven-to del Sud!

hin!
left!
è?
Das Wetter hat sich völlig aufgeklärt,— der Wind ist umgeschlagen.
The storm has quite subsided, and the wind changed.
La tempesta è cessata, il vento cangia.

hin!
hand!
so!

Matrosen die Mützen schwenkend.
Sailors, waving their caps.
Marinai agitando i beretti.

ff
Hal-lo-ho!
Ho-la-ho!
Ho-ho-è!
ff
Hal-lo-ho!
Ho-la-ho!
Ho-ho-è!

Vivace, ma non troppo presto. $\text{♩} = 72$.

The score consists of several systems of staves. The upper systems are for brass instruments: Cor. in Es. (Mib), Cor. vent. mut. in F. (Fa), and Trombe ord. in F. (Fa). The lower systems are for vocal parts. The lyrics are in German, Italian, and French. The music includes dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f dim.*, and various musical notations like triplets and sixteenth notes.

f dim.

Cor. in Es. (Mib)

Cor. vent. mut. in F. (Fa)

Trombe ord. in F. (Fa)

Ach, lie-ber Sudwind, blas' noch mehr!
 Ah *swiftly*, southwind, blow to land!
 Ah! sof-fia ancor ven-to del Sud!

Ho - ho - he!	Hallo-ho!	Hallo-ho!	Hallo-ho! Ho! Ho! Ho!
Yo - ho - o!	Holla-ho!	Holla-ho!	Holla-ho yo-ho-ho!
Ho - ho - è!	Hoho-è!	Hohoho!	Jo-ho ho ho ho ho!

Cor. vent. in F. (Fa)

p

f

p

p

p

p

p

pp

p

Du siehst, das Glück ist gün-stig dir,
Good for - - tune now for thee pre - rails!
 Ve - - di la sor-te, ei ar-ri-de già,

derWind ist gut die See in Ruh'.
The wind is fair, the tem - pest o'er,
 propizio eil ven - - totran-quil - lo eil mar.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Fl. I.

Fl. II.

Cl. I. *mf*

Cl. II. *mf*

pp

pp

tr

pp

ten.

ten.

So-gleich die An-ker lich-ten wir, und-se-geln froh der Hei-math zu.
Well weigh the an-chor; spread the sails, Then hasten on for home once more.
 La nuova pa-triat'ten-de. è là, salpa-teo-mai, o ma-ri-nar.

First system of musical notation, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The piano part features a prominent bass line with a melodic pattern.

Second system of musical notation, primarily piano accompaniment. It consists of multiple staves showing harmonic support for the vocal lines.

Darfich dich bit - ten, so se-gelst du vor-an; der Wind ist frisch, doch meine Mann - - schaft müd; ich
 If I may coun - sel, 'twere best you leave us here, The wind is fresh, my crew are wear - - y still. We'll
 Tu mi pre-ce - di, io poi ti se-gui-rò; il ven - - toè buon, ma le-qui-pag - - gio è stan-co; lo

Matrosen. Während sie die Segel aufziehen
 Sailors. Spreading the sails
 Marinai ponendosi al lavoro per levar l'ancora e spiegare le vele.

Third system of musical notation, featuring a chorus of sailors. The vocal lines are highly rhythmic and repetitive, with lyrics in three languages: German, English, and Italian. The piano accompaniment provides a steady, rhythmic foundation.

Ho! Ho! Ho! Ho! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-
 Yo - - ho! yo - - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho!
 Ho ho ho ho! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The middle system features a vocal line with lyrics in German and English. The bottom system includes a vocal line with lyrics and piano accompaniment. Dynamics such as *p* (piano) and *f* (forte) are indicated throughout the score.

Lyrics:

Hallo-ho! Hallo-ho! Hallo-ho - - ho!
 Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! ho!
 Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - ho! ho!

gönn' ihr kur - ze Ruh', und fol - - ge dann. Er bläst noch lang' aus Süd. Mein
rest our limbs a - while and fol - low soon. Nay, nay! this wind will hold. My
 la - seio ri - po - sar, poi ti rag - giungo. Can-giar non dee per or. Il va-

Doch - unser Wind?
But, if it change-
 Ma se il vento

he! Hallo - he! Hallo - he! Hallo - he! Ho-lo-he! Ho-lo-he! Hallo - ho - - he!
 ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! ho!
 è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - ho - - ho!

he! Hallo - he! Hallo - he! Hallo - he! Ho-lo-he! Ho-lo-he! Hallo - ho - - he!
 ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! ho!
 è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - ho - - ho!

1. poco riten.

Cor. in F. (Fa).
Cor. in Es. (Mi b).
Fag.
Tromb.
Timp.

Holl.

Schiff ist schnell, es holt dich si-cher ein.
bark is swift, she'll o - vertake thee soon.
scel-loè leg-gie-ro. ti raggiun-ge-ra. Dal.

Du glaubst? Wohl-an! Es mö-ge denn so sein! Lieb wohl!
Well, well! So be it! I hope thy words prove true! Farewell!
Lo cre - - di? Sia. Sic-co-me di-ci tu! Sta ben!

poco riten.

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor. in F. (Fa).
Cor. in Es. (Mi b)
Fag.
Timp.

a tempo

Gewiss!
I shall!
Lo spero!

Daland an Bord seines Schiffes gehend.
Daland goes on board.
Andando a bordo di suo vascello.

Mög-st heu-te du mein Kind noch seh'n!
And may'st thou see my child to - day!
Mia fi-glia og-gi tu ve-drai.

Hei!
Ha!
Ehi

Wie die Se - gel schon sich bläh'n!
how the good wind swells the sails!
già le ve - le si gon - fia - no!

Hallo!
Hallo!
Hollo!

a tempo

Piccolo.

cresc.

Trombe ord. in F. (Fa).

Maestoso.
Soli.

2^{do} e 3^{to} Soli.

Er gibt ein Signal auf der Schiffspeife.
Gives a signal on the whistle.
Dà un segnale col fischietto del bastimento.

Das Schiff wird losgemacht.
The anchor is weighed.
Levando l'ancora.

Hal-lo!
Hal-lo!
Hol-lò!

Frisch, Jun-gen greifet an!
Now, com-rades, all to work!
All' er - ta, a la-vo - rar!

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It includes staves for piccolo, trumpets, and vocal parts. The score contains various musical notations such as dynamics (crescendo, fortissimo), tempo markings (Maestoso), and lyrics in three languages: German, French, and Italian. The lyrics describe a signal being given on the ship's whistle and the ship being weighed (loosened).

Cor. ord. in (B Sib) basso.

Matrosen, im Absegeln jubelnd.
Sailors, joyously, as they sail away.
Marinai, piegando le vele, pieni di gioia.

Mit Ge-wit-ter und Sturm aus fernen Meer, mein Mäd-el, bin dir nah!
On the wings of the storm, from distant lands, Be-lov-ed, home I fly!
Fratem-pe-ste-e for-tu-ne il lun-go er-rar vi-ci-noal fi-ne-or è!

Mit Ge-wit-ter und Sturm
On the wings of the storm
Fratem-pe-ste-e for-tune

mein Mäd-el bin dir nah!
Be-lov-ed, home I fly!
vi-ci-noal fi-ne-or è!

Hur-
Hur-
Ur-

Hur-
Hur-
Ur-

The musical score consists of multiple staves. The top section features a brass section with parts for Trumpets (tr), Trombones (tr), and Cor Anglais (Cor. ord. in (B Sib) basso). The bottom section features vocal soloists with lyrics in German, English, and Italian. The score includes dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f*, and various musical notations including trills, slurs, and accents.

The musical score consists of multiple staves. The upper section features a vocal line with lyrics in German and Italian, and a piano accompaniment with various musical notations including trills (tr), dynamics (ff), and fingerings (6, 5). The lower section continues the piano accompaniment with similar notations. The lyrics are as follows:

rah! Ue-ber thurmho-he Fluth vom Sü-den her, mein Mäd-el, ich bin da!
 rah! From the bil-lows that break on southern strands, Be-lor-ed, here am I!
 rà! E var-ca-to già l'in-fi-ni-to mar, mia bel-la, son con te!

mein Mäd-el, ich bin da!
 Be-lor-ed, here am I!
 mia bel-la, son con te!

Hur-
 Hur-
 Ur-

Hur-
 Hur-
 Ur-

Un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 112.

The musical score consists of two systems. The first system includes vocal lines for the soprano and bass, and piano accompaniment for the right and left hands. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The lyrics are provided in three languages: German, Italian, and English. The tempo is marked 'Un poco ritenuto' with a metronome marking of ♩ = 112. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (ff), accents (>), and a trill (tr) in the bass line.

Lyrics:

rah!	Mein	Mä-del, wenn nicht	Süd-wind wär', ich	nimmer wohl käm' zu	dir!	Ach,	lie-ber Südwind,	blas' noch mehr! Mein
rah!	Dear	mai-den, bless the good	southwind, that	hur-ries me home to	thee!	Blow,	southern breezes,	strong and kind! My
ra!	Nè a	ri-va mai sa-rei, se non	sof-fias-se del Sud il	ven-to!	Ah!	sof-fia assaiyen	- to del Sud, fa	

Un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 112.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Tempo I.

The musical score consists of two systems. The first system includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The second system features a vocal line with lyrics in German and English, and piano accompaniment. The score is marked with a tempo of 'Tempo I.' and a dynamic of 'ff' (fortissimo). The piano accompaniment includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and fingerings. The vocal line includes lyrics in German and English, with some words repeated in a rhythmic pattern.

Lyrics:

Mä - del verlangt nach mir!	Ho ho!	Ho! jo-lo-ho!	Ho ho ho ho ho!	Ho! ho!
loved one a - wait-eth me!	Yo - - ho!	Ho - hol-la-ho!	yo - ho - ho - ho - ho!	Yo - - ho!
la-mormio con-ten - to!	Ho - - ho - - - ho!	Jo ho ho!	Ho ho ho ho ho!	Ho! ho!

ho! Jo-lo-ho! ho! ho ho ho ho — ho!
ho! Yo-ho ho ho ho ho ho! Yo - - ho!
ho! Jo-ho ho ho ho ho ho ho — ho!

Der Holländer besteigt sein Schiff. Der Vorhang fällt.
The Dutchman goes on board his ship. Curtain.
L'Olandese va nel suo vascello. Cala la tela.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system contains 11 staves, including five vocal parts and six piano parts. The second system contains 6 staves, including Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, Double Bass, and a double bass line. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, dynamics (ff), and articulation marks. The bottom two staves of the second system include fingerings (12, 24) and slurs.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, with the first staff containing a melodic line and the second a supporting line. The remaining eight staves are for piano accompaniment, featuring a complex texture of chords and moving lines. The second system consists of six staves. The top two staves are for piano accompaniment, featuring a prominent solo with sixteenth-note patterns and octaves, marked *ff* and *f sempre*. The bottom four staves continue the piano accompaniment with various rhythmic and melodic figures. The score is marked with *f sempre* throughout, indicating a consistent forte dynamic. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ende des 1^{sten} Aufzugs.
End of Act I.
Fine dell' Atto I.

Zweiter Aufzug.

ACT II.

ATTO II.

Introduction.

Introduction.

Preludio.

Allegro maestoso. $\text{♩} = 63.$

Piccolo.

Flauti I. II.

Oboi I. II.

Clarinetti I. II. in B (Sib).

Corni ventile in F (Fa).

Corni ordin. in B (Sib) basso.

Fagotti I. II.

Trombe ordin. in F (Fa).

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in B. F. (Sib) (Fa).

Violini.

Viola.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Allegro maestoso. $\text{♩} = 63.$

più Allegro.

The first system of the musical score consists of seven staves. The top staff is a vocal line in G major, marked *ff*. The piano accompaniment is spread across six staves. The first two staves are for the right hand, and the last four are for the left hand. The music is in 3/4 time and features a driving, rhythmic accompaniment with frequent sixteenth-note patterns. The vocal line has a melodic contour with some grace notes and slurs.

The second system of the musical score continues the piece. It consists of five staves. The top staff is a vocal line marked *ff* and *vivace*. The piano accompaniment is spread across four staves. The music continues with the same driving rhythmic accompaniment. The vocal line features more complex rhythmic figures, including sixteenth-note runs and slurs. The piano accompaniment includes some sixteenth-note patterns in the right hand and more rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand.

più Allegro.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This image displays two systems of musical notation for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*. Each system consists of multiple staves, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The notation is dense, featuring various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. The first system includes a vocal line at the top, followed by several piano staves. The second system continues the musical piece, with similar notation and dynamics. The page is numbered 146 at the bottom center.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image displays two systems of musical notation for Wagner's opera. The first system consists of ten staves, with the top five staves grouped by a brace on the left. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo) and *a 2*. The second system also consists of ten staves, with the top two staves grouped by a brace. This system features more complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and includes fingerings (e.g., 6, 5) and articulation marks (e.g., *tr* for trills). The overall layout is typical of a full orchestral score page.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is divided into two systems. The first system contains ten staves: five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Bassoon) and five piano accompaniment staves (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass). The vocal lines feature melodic phrases with accents and slurs. The piano accompaniment is highly rhythmic, with many notes marked with accents. The double bass line includes trills (tr) on several notes. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with intricate sixteenth-note patterns in the Violin I, Violin II, Cello, and Double Bass staves. The vocal lines are mostly rests in this system. Dynamic markings 'f sempre' are repeated across all staves in both systems.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system contains ten staves, and the second system contains six staves. The notation includes various rhythmic values, accidentals, and dynamic markings. The first system features a prominent melodic line in the upper staves, with dynamic markings such as *dim.* and *meno f* appearing in measures 5 and 6. The lower staves of the first system include trill markings (*tr*) in measures 1 and 2. The second system continues the musical development, with dynamic markings like *meno f* and *dim.* appearing in measures 7 and 8. The overall texture is dense and characteristic of Wagner's orchestral style.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is divided into several systems:

- System 1:** Oboe (2), Clarinet (2), Horns (2), Cor. vent. (2), Fag., 2 u. 3 Tronb., Trombones (2 u. 3).
- System 2:** Oboe, Cor. vent. in A. (La), Fag., Celli, Bassi, Cor. ord.
- System 3:** Fag., Celli, Bassi.

Key performance markings include: *p*, *pp*, *ppp*, *f*, *pp*, *pizz.*, *arco*, *dim.*, *più p*, *pp*, *ppp*.

Lyrics at the bottom of the page:

Der Vorhang geht auf.
 The curtain rises.
 Salza la tela..

Nº 4. Lied, Scene, Ballade und Chor.

Song, Scene, Legend and Chorus. — Canzone, Scena, Ballata e Coro.

Ein grosses Zimmer im Hause Daland's, an den Wänden Bilder von Seegegenständen, Karten u.s.w. An der Hinterwand das Bildniss eines bleichen Mannes mit dunklem Barte und in schwarzer spanischer Tracht. Mary und die Mädchen sitzen um den Kamin herum und spinnen. Senta, in einem Grossvaterstuhle zurückgelehnt, ist in träumerisches Anschauen des Bildnisses an der Hinterwand versunken.

A large room in Daland's house; on the walls are pictures of ships, maps etc. On the back wall hangs a portrait of a man, with pale face and dark beard, wearing a black cloak. Mary and the maids are seated round the stove, spinning. Senta, leaning back in an old-fashioned arm-chair, is lost in dreamy contemplation of the portrait on the wall.

Una camera spaziosa in casa di Dalando, alle pareti laterali diversi disegni di oggetti marittimi, carte geografiche etc. Alla parete del fondo è appeso un quadro rappresentante la figura di un uomo pallido in viso, con barba bruna e vestito nero. Mary e le Damigelle sono sedute intorno al caminetto, e filano. Senta, stesa su di una sedia a braccioli con le braccia incrociate, è assorta nella contemplazione del quadro del fondo.

Allegretto moderato. ♩ = 66.

Allegretto moderato. ♩ = 66.

Nº. Der Dirigent möge an den dazu geeigneten Stellen stets das Tempo zurückhalten suchen, damit es nie zu schnell werde.
Throughout this number the Conductor should hold back the tempo where desirable, that it may not become too hurried.
 Il Direttore procurerà, ai punti convenienti, di rattenere il tempo, affinché non diventi troppo affrettato.

Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Viol. I.
Viol. II.
Viola
Sop.
Alt.
Celli
Bassi

Chor der Mädchen.
Chorus of Maids.
Coro di Damigelle.

Summ' und
Twirl und
Ron - za e

Summ' und
Twirl und
Ron za

brumm, du gu-tes Räd - - - chen, mun-ter, munter dreh' dich um!
whirl, my spindle, gai - - - ly! Mer-ry, merry wheel, spin on!
fischi-a-o mu-li nel - - - lö, gi - ra, gi-ra in tor - - - no a tel

brumm, du gu-tes Räd - - - chen, mun-ter, munter mun-ter dreh' dich um!
whirl, my spindle, gai - - - ly! Mer-ry, merry mer-ry wheel, spin on!
fischi-a-o mu-li nel - - - lö, gi - ra, gi-ra in-tor-no a tel

arco

Spinn - ne, spin - ne tausend Fäd - chen, gu - tes Rädchen, summ' und
 För - the flax must dwindle dai - by Till our winter's task be
 Tor - ci il fil ro - tondo e bel - lo, all' im - pul - so del mio

Spinn - ne, spin - ne tausend Fäd - chen, gu - tes Rädchen, summ' und
 För - the flax must dwindle dai - by Till our winter's task be
 Tor - ci il fil ro - tondo e bel - lo, all' im - pul - so del mio

pizz.
pizz.
arco

un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 50.

brumm'! Mein Schatz ist auf dem Mee - re draus, er denkt nach Haus an's from - me Kind; mein
 done. My lov - er sails the o - cean foam, And thinks of her who spins at home; Then
 pie! Il mio te - sor tra - scor - re il mar e pen - sa og nor al dol - ce a - mor; il

ben tenuto
ben tenuto
p ben tenuto
ben tenuto

pizz.
pizz.

un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 50.

gu - tes Räd - chen
turn, my wheel, turn
ven - to da col
braus' und saus'! Ach, gäb'st du Wind, er
mer - ri - ly, Ah! couldst thou blow him
tu - ron - zar al mio fe - del o
käm' ge - schwind! Ach gäb'st du Wind,
home to me! Ah! couldst thou blow,
mu - li - nell il ven - to da

er käm' ge - schwind!
him home to
al mio fe -
Flei - - - ssig, Mäd - chen!
Mer - - - ry spin - die!
gar - zon - ry - cel - la!
Spinnt!
Ah! whirl
Ah! Fi - la, and
Spinnt!
Twirl me!
Spinnt,
whirl, and
fle - - - ssig, Mädchen!
mer - - - ry spin - die!
gar - zon - ry - cel - la!
Brumm!
Twirl - ra and
Gi - - ra e

mf, *f*, *p*, *pp*, *cresc.*, *dim.*, *ritard.*, *a tempo*, *a 2.*, *arco*, *pizz.*

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format with vocal parts. It consists of two systems of staves. The top system includes vocal staves for Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass, along with a full orchestral score. The bottom system continues the vocal and orchestral parts. The score is marked with various dynamics including *cresc.*, *mf*, *f*, and *dim.*. The lyrics are provided in both German and English.

German Lyrics:
 Gu - tes Räd - chen! Tra - la-ra la - la - la - la!
 Flax - must dwin - die! Tra - la-ra! la - la - la - la!
 la - ro - tel - la! Tra - la ra la - la la la la!

English Lyrics:
 Summ! whirr! the flax must dwin - die! Ah!
 Ah! Ah! Ah!
 flü - ssig, Mädchen! mer - ry spin - die!
 mer - ry spin - die! fi - la, fi - la!

German Lyrics (Second System):
 la - la - la - la! Tra - la-ra la la - la - la - la!
 la - la - la - la! Tra - la-ra! La - la - la - la!
 la la la la! Tra - la ra la la la la la!

English Lyrics (Second System):
 gu - tes Rädchen! Spinnt! Spinnt flü - ssig, Mädchen, flü - ssig, Mädchen, spinnt!
 Flax must dwin - die! Spin! Spin! mer - ry spin - die, mer - ry spin - die, spin!
 fi - schia e gi - ral fi - la, gar - zón - cel - la, fi - la, fi - la!

Mary.

Eil Flei - ssig,	flei - ssig, wie sie	spin - nen!	Will je - de	sich den Schatz ge -
Ay, ay, girls!	Set the wheel a -	spin - ning!	The prize of	love is worth the
Ehi, bra - ve,	be - nel in ver	si fi - lal	Il	te - sor ot - te -

The score features an orchestral introduction with woodwinds (Ob., Cl., Fl.) and strings. The woodwinds play a melodic theme, while the strings provide a rhythmic accompaniment. The vocal parts enter with the following lyrics:

Die Mädchen. Maids. Le Damigelle. Frau Ma - ry, still! Denn wohl ihr wisst das Lied noch nicht zu En - de ist! Ihr Yes, No, Good Ma - ry, peace! nor pray - tie so! There is an - o - ther verse, you know! Ma - ri - ci, Ma - ri - ai fi - ni - ta la can - zo - ne non è, dobbiam can - tar!

The orchestral parts include dynamic markings such as *p*, *poco cresc.*, *f*, *dim.*, *piu p*, and *pp*. The vocal parts have lyrics in German, French, and Italian.

So singt! Dem Rädchen lässt's nicht Ruh!
 Sing on! But spin with right good will!
 Eb-ben! me as - sai gra - di - ta.

Du a-ber, Senta, schweigst da - zu?
 What ails thee, Senta? Si - lent still?
 Ma Sen-ta è in-tenta a me-di-tar.

winnen. winning! ner.

wisst, das Lied noch nicht zu En-de ist.
 yes! There is an-o-ther verse, you know!
 no, fi-ni-ta la can-zon non è.

zu Senta
 to Senta
 verso Senta

pizz

Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp

Summ und brumm! du gu-tes Räd - - - - - chen, mun-ter, mun-ter dreh' dich
Twirl and whirl, my spin-dle, gai - - - - - ly! Mer-ry, mer-ry wheel, spin
Ron - - - za e fi-schia.o mu-li nel - - - - - lo, gi - ra, gi - ra in tor - - - - - no a

Summ und brumm! du gu-tes Räd - - - - - chen, mun - - ter, mun-ter dreh' dich um!
Twirl and whirl, my spin-dle, gai - - - - - ly, Mer - - ry, mer - ry wheel, spin on!
Ron - - - za e fi-schia.o mu-li nel - - - - - lo, gi - ra, gi - ra in tor-no a tel

pp
pizz.
pp
arco
arco

Fl.
Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp

um! Spin - ne, spin - ne tau-send Fäd - - - - - chen, gu-tes Räd-chen, summ'
on! For the flax must dwin-dle dai - - - - - ly, Till our win-ter's task
tel Tor - - ci il fil ro-ton-do e bel - - - - - lo, all' im-pul-so del

Spin - ne, spin - ne tau-send Fäd - - - - - chen, gu - - - - - tes Räd-chen,
For the flax must dwin-dle dai - - - - - ly, Till our win-ter's
Tor - - ci il fil ro-ton-do e bel - - - - - lo, all' im-pul-so

pizz.
pizz.
arco
arco

un poco riten. ♩ = 50.

brn tenuto
ben tenuto
p
p ben tenuto
ben tenuto
p
pp
p

und brumm! Mein Schatz da drau - ssen auf dem Meer, im Sü - - den er viel
be done! My lor - er sails a - cross the sea, — Ah, turn, good spin - dle,
 mio pie! ll mio te - sor del Sud il mar tra - scor - re e ognor fa
 summ' und brumm! *be done!* *be done!*
 task and done! *be done!*
 del mio pie! *be done!*
pizz. *pizz.*
p

un poco riten. ♩ = 50.

cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
dim.
dim.
dim.
dim.
dim.
dim.
dim.
dim.
p
p
p
p
p
p
p
p
ritard.
ritard.
ritard.

Gold go-winnt, ach! gu - tes Rüd - chen, saus' noch mehrl Er giebt's dem Kind, wenn's flei - ssig spint! Er
 take no rest! — A bag of red, red gold hath he, To give to her that spins the best! To
 pre - da dor e al - la sua bel - la il vuo' do - nar, se può pro-var che ben fi - lol! Se
arco
ben tenuto
arco
pizz.
p

a tempo

gibts dem Kind, — wenns flei-ssig spinnt!
 give to her — that spins the best!
 può pro-var. — che ben fi-
 Spinnt! Ah! Ah!

Flei - - - ssig Mäd - chen!
 Mer - - - ry spin - dle!
 gar - zon - - cel - la!

Brumm!
 Twirl — and
 gi - - ra e

Ja tempo

a2

Gu - - - tes Räd - chen! Tra - - la ra - la - la - la - la - la! Tra - - la - ra - - la -
 Flax - - - must dwin - dle! Tra - - la - ra! La - la - la - la - la! Tra - - la - ra! La -
 la - - - ro - tel - - la! Tra la ra la la la la la! Tra la ra la

Summ', whirr, the gu - - - tes Räd - chen! Spinnt, flei - ssig Mädchen! Brumm',
 fi - - schia la - - - must dwin - dle! Spin, mer - ry spin - dle! Spin!
 Ah! Ah! fi - la, fi - la! Ah!

The musical score consists of two systems of staves. The first system includes vocal parts with lyrics and an orchestral accompaniment. The lyrics are:

la - la - la - la! Tra - - la - ra - - la - la - la - la - la - la - la - la - la!
 la - la - la - la! Tra - - la - ra' Lu - la - la - la - la! la - la - la - la - la!
 la la la la! Tra - la ra la la la la la la la la la la!

gu - tes Räd - chen! Spinnt! Spinnt flei - ssig, Mäd - chen! Flei - ssig, Mäd - chen, spinnt!
 flux must dwin - dle! Spin! Spin! mer - ry spin - dle! mer - ry spin - dle, spin!
 fi - schia e gi - ral! Fi - - - la, gar - zon - cel - la, fi - la, fi - - la!

The orchestral accompaniment features various instruments including strings, woodwinds, and brass. Dynamic markings such as *cresc.* (crescendo) are present throughout the score. The second system continues the musical notation without lyrics.

zu Senta.
to Senta.
a Senta.

Mary.

Du bö - - ses Kind, wenn du nicht spinnst, vom Schatz du kein Ge-schenk ge - winnst.
Thou i - - die child! Wilt thou not spin? A lov - er's gift thou ne'er wilt win!
E tu. cat - ti - va, non vuoi fi - lar? dal tuo te - sor non a - vrai don.

Sie hat's nicht Noth, dass sie sich eilt; ihr Schatz nicht auf dem Mee-re weilt; bringt er nicht Gold, bringt er doch Wild, man
No need has she to hur-ry so, Her lov-er's not at sea, you know! The maid who weds a hunt-er bold, May
Il suo te-sor non var-ca il mar; se non la-vo-ra ell' ha ra-gion; da un caccia-tor bra-mar che val se

Più lento. ♩ = 100.

più f

ppp **I. Solo.** *ppp*

ff

lachend.
laughing.
ridendo.

weiss ja, was ein	Jä - ger gilt! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha,	hal
look for game, but	not for gold! Ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha!	ha!
non un cer-vo od	un eig-nal! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha,	hal

Senta singt leise für sich.
Senta is singing softly to herself.
Senta canta sotto voce fra se.

f

Più lento. ♩ = 100.

ob. Tempo I.

Clar. *pp*

Cor III. IV. *pp*

Fag. *p*

Mary.

Da seht ihr! Im-mer vor dem Bild! Willst du dein gan- zes jun- ges Le- ben ver- träumen vor dem Conter-fei?
Now watch her! How she sits and stares! Sen- ta! give o'er this child- ish fash- ion, Of mop- ing o'er a painted face!
Ve- de- te! o- g- nor lo mira. Ma- sta- ra- i sem- pre im- mer- sa a con- tem- plar quel qua- dro?

p

pp

pp

Tempo I.

Fl. I. Solo. *p* *pp*

Ob. *p* *pp*

Clar. *p* *pp*

Fag. I. Solo *p* *pp*

più p *pp*

Senta: ohne ihre Stellung zu verändern. *seufzend.*
without changing her position. *sighing.*
immobile nella sua positura. *sospirando.*

Was hast du Kunde mir gegeben, was mir erzähltest, wer er sei, der arme
Why didst thou wake my compassion? Why didst thou tell me of his case? His pit-cous
A che nar-rar-mi la sua istoria? chi e-gli sia dir-mi per-chè? quel po-ver'

più p *pizz.*

Fl. *p*

Clar. *p cresc.*

Cor. *p cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

Fag. *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

p cresc. *p* *cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.*

Mann.
case!
uom!

Gott sei mit dir!
God help thee now!
Sia lei con te!

Die Mädchen. *Ei, ei, ei, ei!* Was hören wir! Sie seufzet um den bleichen
The Maids. Eh, eh! Eh, eh! *mad, I vow!* *She's sighing for the ghostly*
Le Damigelle. Ehi, ehi! Ehi, ehi! *di-ce mail* *So-spi-ra all'* *uo-mo, pal-li*

Ei, ei! Was hören wir! Sie seufzet um den bleichen
Eh, eh! *mad, I vow!* *She's sighing for the ghostly*
Ehi, ehi! *di-ce mail* *So-spi-ra all'* *uo-mo pal-li*

p cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.*

Fl. *cresc.*

Ob.

Clar. *p*

Cor. *p cresc.*

Fag. *cresc.*

Den Kopf verliert sie noch da - rum,
Her brain is turned, I sorely fear!
 Per lu - i el - la impaz - zi - see,

nichts hilft es, wenn ich täglich brumm, komm, Senta! Wend' dich doch her - um!
To all I say she lends no ear! Come, Senta! Come and sit you here!
 e nul - la val che ognor le gridi: Vien, Senta, ri - vol - gi - ti di qua!

Mann.
man!
 do!

Da sieht man was ein Bild doch kann.
So fierce a flame can fan - cy fan!
 Oh! guarda, un qua - dro ha tal po - ter!

Vello u. Basso.

Sie hört euch nicht!
She does not hear,
 Në in - ten - der vuoll

Sie ist ver - liebt! Sie ist ver -
the girls in love! The girls in
 Pre - sa è da - mor, d'a - mor, d'a -

liebt!
love!
 mor!
 ver - liebt!
In love!
 da - mor!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Wenn's nur nicht
'twill sure a
 Pur - ché non

Sie ist ver - liebt!
The girl's in love!
 Pre - sa e da - mor!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Wenn's nur nicht
'twill sure a
 Pur - ché non

Hän - del giebt! Denn E - rik hat gar hei - sses Blut. dass er nur kei - nen Schaden thut! Sagt
scand al prove! For E - rik's blood is young and warm, He well might do the man a harm! Take
 na - sca - no que - re - le e ancor di - sgra - zi - e che E - rik ha san - gue ar - den - tel! Se

Hän - del giebt! Denn E - rik hat gar hei - sses Blut. dass er nur kei - nen Schaden thut! Sagt
scand al prove! For E - rik's blood is young and warm, He well might do the man a harm! Take
 na - sca - no que - re - le e ancor di - sgra - zi - e che E - rik ha san - gue ar - den - tel! Se

nichts! care!
 sa,
 Er schießt sonst wuth-entbrannt den Ne-ben-buh-ler von der Wand! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha,
 Il ri-val fa in pol-vere, il ri-val fa in pol-ve from his frame! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha,
 lachend laughing
 ridendo

pizz. p arco
 p pizz. ff arco
 p pizz. ff arco
 p p

Senta. heftig auffahrend.
 angrily.
 con vivacità.
 O schweigt mit eu-rem tol-len-La-chen, wollt
 Oh cease! give o'er your sense-less laughter! Your
 Ces-sa-te! con quel fol-le ri-so-o-ma-i!

ha! Sagt nichts! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha. ha!
 ha! Take care! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha. ha!
 ha! Ta-ciam! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha. ha!
 ha! Sagt nichts! Haha, ha, ha, ha, ha. ha!
 ha! Take care! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha. ha!
 ha! Ta-ciam! Haha, ha, ha, ha, ha. ha!
 ha!

arco p
 arco p
 f p
 f p
 f p

Die Mädchen singen so stark wie möglich und drehen die Spinnräder mit grossem Geräusch, gleichsam um Senta nicht Zeit zum Schmälen zu lassen.
The Maids sing as loud as they can, and make a great noise with their spinning wheels, so as to give Senta no time to scold them.
 Le Damigelle ripigliano fortissimo e con fretta comica spingendo gli arcolai con veemenza e tutte di conserva per non dar tempo a Senta di rimproverarle.

ih- - r mich ernstlich hö- - se ma - chen?
foolish jesting makes me an - gry!
 mi fa - re - te ar - rab - bi - ar.

Summ — und brumm du gu - tes Rüd - - - - - chen mun - ter, mun - ter
Twirl — and whirl, my spindle, gai - - - - - ly! Mer - ry, mer - ry
 Ron - - za e fi - schia ó mu - li - nel - - - - - lo. gi - ra, gi - ra in -

*mun - - ter.
 Me - - ry.
 gi - - ra,*

dreh' dich um. Spin - - ne, spin - ne tau - send Fäd - - -
wheel the flux must dwindle dai - - -
 tor - - - no a tel Tor - - - ci il fil ro - ton - do e bel - - -

mun - ter dreh dich um. Spin - - ne, spin - ne tau - send Fäd - - -
mer - ry wheel spin on! tel For the flux must dwindle dai - - -
 gi - ra in tor - no a tel Tor - - - ci il fil ro - ton - do e bel - - -

Senta.

Oh! Macht dem dummen Lied ein
 Ah! this dull song why thus pro-
 Oh! fi - ni - re - te que - sto

- - - chen! Gu - tes Räd - chen summ' und brumm!
 - - - ly! Till our win - ter's tusk be done!
 - - - lo all' im - pul - so del mio piè.

- - - chen! Gu - - - tes Räd - chen summ' und brumm!
 - - - ly! Till our win - ter's tusk be done!
 - - - lo all' im - pul - so del mio piè.

Ob.
 Cl.

En - de' Es - brummt und summt nur vor dem Ohr. Wollt ihr, dass ich mich zu euch wen - - de, so sucht was
 long you' its A - whirl and whirl are empty sound! If I must come and sit a - mong you. Can not some
 can - to E - fi - la e gi - ra so de sol. Vo - le - te che mi volga a vo - - i? miglior can -

Solo.

Ob. *p*

Cl. *p*

p *p* *mf*

p *pp* *p*

p *pp* *p*

be-see-res her-vor!
bet-ter song be-found!
zon can-ta-te a me!

Hört, was ich ra-the: Frau Ma-ry singt uns die Bal-
No! stop your cho-rus! Let Ma-ry sing the ballad
Sen-ti-teilmio con-si-glio: ne can-ti Ma-ry la bal-

Gut! Sin-ge du!
Woll. sing us one!
Ben! can-ta tu!

pizz. *p* *pp* *p* *arco*

pizz. *p* *pp* *p* *arco*

pp *pp* *pp*

mf *marc. ma p* *pp* *pp*

fp *fp* *p*

fp *fp* *p*

fp *fp* *p*

la-de-us!
for-us!
la-ta.

Mary.

Be-wah-re Gott, das fehl-te mir! Den flie-genden Hol-län-der lasst in Ruh!
Now heu-en for-bid! I dare not do it! The Fly-ing Dutchman! Let him rest!
Id-dio mi guardi, al-tro non manca! L'O-lan-de-se vo-lan-te ri-po-sar la-sciam!

fp *fp* *fp*

fp *fp* *fp*

cresc. *fp*

p *cresc.* *fp*

p *cresc.* *fp*

p *cresc.* *fp* *pizz.* *p*

p *cresc.* *f*

p *cresc.* *f* *pizz.* *p*

Senta.
 Wie oft doch hört' ich sie von dir, ich sing'sie selbst!
 How oft - en have I list - en'd to it! Since she will not,
 Pur quante vol - te da te fu - diil! La can - to io stes - sa at -

Be - wah - re Gott, das fehl - te mir.
 Now heu - ch'forbid! I dare not do it!
 Mi guar - di Iddio al - tro non manca!

p *cresc.* *f*

p *cresc.* *f*

p

più p

p

Cor. mut. subito in D (Ré).

pp

arco

pp *arco* *pp* *p*

pp *arco* *pp* *p*

Hört, Mädchen, zu! Lasst mich's euch recht zu Her - zen füh - ren, des Aermsten Loos, es muss euch rüh - ren!
 I'll do my best! If ye have pi - ty, now I'll prove it! His aw - ful doom must sure - ly move it!
 ten - te a me! Che vo toc - car - - vi il co - re. di lui nar - rando la sorte or - ren - da!

p *pp* *p*

p *pp* *p*

**Ballade.
Legend.
Ballata.**

Allegro non troppo. $\text{♩} = 63.$

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. It begins with a Piccolo part in the top staff, followed by Violins I and II, Violas, Cellos, and Double Basses. A Tuba and Trombone section is also present. The score is marked with various dynamics and performance instructions. The tempo is 'Allegro non troppo' with a quarter note equal to 63 beats per minute. The key signature is B-flat major. The score includes a variety of musical notations, including slurs, accents, and dynamic markings such as *ff*, *f*, and *dim.*. Performance instructions like *molto marcato* and *trem.* are also present. The score is divided into two systems, with the second system starting at the bottom of the page.

Allegro non troppo. $\text{♩} = 63.$

dim. *p*
p *mf* *mf*
p *mf* *p* *mf*
p *mf* *p* *mf*
p *mf* *p* *mf*
p
pp
mf *p* *mf*
mf *p* *mf*
mf *p* *mf*
mf *p* *mf*

im Grossvaterstuhl.
 Senta: *in the big arm-chair.*
 sempre seduta sulla sedia a braccioli.

Jo - ho - hoe! Jo - ho - ho - hoe! Ho - ho - hoe! Jo - hoe! Traft ihr das Schiff im Mee - re an, blut-
 And hast thou seen the phan - tom ship, Like
 Sull' on - - de - er - ran - - te in - con - tra - si na -
 Bei bö - - sem Wind und Stur - meswuth um -
 The wind was wild, the scu was wroth, As
 Un di la pro - - - ra nau - fra - ga ten -

roth die Se - - gel, schwarzder Mast? Auf ho - - hem Bord der blei - che Mann, des
blood the sails, and black the mast? Up - on the deck the ghost - ly man, His
 vil dai ne - ri al - be - ri, con ros - se ve - le e un pal - li - do noc -
 seg - len wollt' er einst ein Cap, er flucht' und schwur mit tol - lem Muth: in
once he strove to cleave the bay; The baf - fled sea - man swore an oath: „I
 tan - do a un ca - po vol - ge - re in - van be - stem - mia e giu - - ra, di -

Schif - - fes Herr, wacht oh - ne Rast. Hui! _____ Wie saust der
long his stream - - ing to the blast? Hui! _____ So pipes the
 chier che lo go - ver - - na. Hui! _____ che orri - - bil
 E - - wig - keit lass' ich nicht ab! Hui! _____ Und Sa - - tan
will not rest till Judgment Day!'' Hui! _____ And Sa - - tan
 sfi - - da e - ter - - ni nem - - bi! Hui! _____ L'o - de Sa -

Wind! Jo-ho-he! Jo-ho-he! Hui! Wie pfeift's im Taul! Jo-ho-he!
 wind! Yo-ho-hey! Yo-ho-hey! Hui! how shrill it sings! Yo-ho-hey!
 ven-to! Jo-hè! Jo-ho-è! Hui! Si-bi-la e fi-schia! Jo-hè!
 hört's! Jo-ho-hel! Jo-ho-hel! Hui! Nahm ihm beim Wort! Jo-ho-hel!
 heard, Yo-ho-hey! Yo-ho-hey! Hui! the fu-tul word! Yo-ho-hey!
 tan! Jo-ho-è! Jo-ho-è! Hui! la sfi-da ac-cet-ta Jo-hè!

— ho-jo-he! Hui! Wie ein Pfeil fliegter hin, oh-ne Ziel, ohne Rast, ohne Ruh!
 — Yo-ho-hey! Hui! Like an ar-row the ship, fli-eth ou, Never resting, for aye!
 — Jo-ho-è! Hui! lo so-spin-ge sul mar sen-za fin, senza mai ri-po-sar!
 — ho-jo-he! Hui! Und ver-dammt zieht er nun durchdas Meer, ohne Rast, ohne Ruh!
 — Yo-ho-hey! Hui! He is doomed o'er the o-cean to roam, never resting, for aye!
 — Jo-ho-è! Hui! Lo con-dan-na a va-gar sen-za fin, senza mai ri-po-sar!

Più lento. ♩ = 100.

Doch kann dem blei-chen Man - ne Er - lö - sung ein - stens noch wer - den,
 Yet might a wo - man's hand — the doom - ed man de - liv - er,
 Del pal - lid' uo - mo anco - ra po - tria can - gia - re la sor - to
 Doch, dass der ar - me Mann noch Er - lö - sung fän - de auf Er - den,
 Yet from his doom will heuren the wretch - ed man de - liv - er,
 Pur al ca - sti - go un ter - mi - ne il ciel, il cielo ha se - gna - to,

Più lento. ♩ = 100.

fänd' er ein Weib, das bis in den Tod ge - treu ihm auf Er - den. Ach! Wann wirst du, blei - cher See - mann, es fin - den?
 Could he but find one true heart on earth to love him for e - ver. Ah! pal - lid wan - d'rer, — when wilt thou find her?
 don - na in a - mor fe - de - le, in a - mo - re fi - no al - la mor - te. Ah! quan - do, o pal - li - do noc - chier, la tro - ve - ra - i?
 zeigt Got - tes En - gel an, wie sein Heil ihm einst kön - ne wer - den. Ach! Kön - ntest du, blei - cher See - mann, es fin - den!
 Can he but find a maid - en on earth to love him for e - ver. Ah! pal - lid wan - d'rer, — when wilt thou find her?
 un an - ge - lo, un an - gel del cie - lo l'ha de - cre - ta - to. Oh! ven - ga, o pal - li - do noc - chier, ven - ga l'o - ral

gerührt und ergriffen. CHOR Ach! Kön - ntest du, blei - cher See - mann, es fin - den!
 deeply moved. zum 2. Verse. Ah! pal - lid wan - d'rer, — when wilt thou find her?
 commosso e sotto voce. Oh! ven - ga, o pal - li - do noc - chier, ven - ga l'o - ral

Violoncelli senza Cb. trem. pp

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Tempo I.

piu p
p cresc.
f dim.
p

piu p
p cresc.
f dim.
p

Be - tet zum Him - mel, dass bald ein Weib Treu - e ihm halt!
Pray ye with me that heu - ven may send her to him soon!
 Che pre - sto in - con - tri don - na fe - del, preghiamo il ciell
 Be - tet zum Him - mel, dass bald ein Weib Treu - e ihm halt!
Ruise we our prayer that heu - ven may guide him to her soon!
 Che pre - sto in - con - tri don - na fe - del, preghiamo il ciell!

Gegen Ende des Verses kehrt Senta sich gegen das Bild. Die Mädchen hören theil -
 nahmvoll zu; Mary hat aufgehört zu spinnen.
Towards the end of this verse, Senta turns towards the portrait. The
muids listen with interest, and even Mary has stopped spinning.
 Verso la fine di questa strofe Senta si volge al ritratto. Le Damigelle prestano
 attenzione, e Mary ha cessato di filare.

Be - tet zum Him - mel!
Pray we to heu - ren!
 Preghiam, pre - ghia - mo il ciell

piu p
pp marc.
cresc.
f dim.
p

Senta, die schon beim zweiten Verse vom Stuhle aufgestanden war, fährt mit immer zunehmender Aufregung fort.
Senta, who has risen from her chair at the second verse, continues with ever-increasing excitement.
 Senta continua con crescente emozione.

Vor An - - ker al - - le sie - ben Jahr' ein Weib zu frei'n, geht er an's Land; er
As oft us se - - ven years are told, He comes to land, a wife to woo; But
 Sett' an - - ni ei gi - - ra e l'an - co - ra a fon - - do al - fin pre - - ci - pi - ta; di

poco riten. più ritard. Lento. a tempo Allegro.

frei - te al - le sie - ben Jahr' noch nie ein treu - es Weib er fand. Hui! _____ ..Die Se - gel
countless years hure o'er him roll'd, And ne - ver yet has maid been true. Hui' _____ then hoist the
 don - na fi - da in trac - cia ei va nè mai la tro - va. Hui! _____ ..Le ve - le at

più p poco riten. più ritard. Lento. ff a tempo Allegro.

auf! Jo-ho-hel Jo-ho-hel Hui! „Den An - ker
 suils! Yo-ho-hey! Yo-ho-hey! Hui! to sea once
 ven - ti! Jo hël Jo ho è! Hui! „La pro - ra all'

acceler.

los! Jo-ho-he! Jo-ho-he! Hui! „Falsche Lieb', falscheTren'! Auf in See, ohne Rast, ohne
 more! Yo-ho-hey! Yo-ho-hey! Hui! fickle heart! broken faith! Sail a - way, ever on, ever
 on - da! Ho hël Jo ho è! Hui! „Tornai fiot - tia sol-car sen-za fin, senza mai ri-po-

fp acceler. cresc.

f *dim.* *più p* *f* *dim.* *più p* *f* *dim.* *più p* *f* *dim.* *più p* *f* *dim.* *più p* *f* *dim.* *più p*

muta in F (Fa)

in F u. B.

Ruh!
on!
sar!

Senta, zu heftig angegriffen, sinkt in den Stuhl zurück. — Die Mädchen singen nach einer Pause tief ergriffen leise weiter.
Senta, quite overcome, sinks into the chair. After a pause, the Maids, who are deeply affected, continue the song softly.
Senta, commossa troppo violentemente, si getta supina sulla sedia a braccioli; le Damigelle dopo una pausa proseguono sommessamente.

Molto più lento. ♩ = 88.

pp

Ach! wo weilt sie, die dir Got - tes
Ah! *wu - ry wan - d'rer, where is*
Ah! quan - do a - mi - co il cie - lo fa -
pp

Ach! wo weilt sie, die
Ah! *where is she that*
Ah! quan - do a - mi - co, a -

pp

En - gel einst kön - ne zei - gen? Wo triffst du sie, die bis in den Tod dein blie - be treu ei - gen?
she that shall de - liv - er? Where wilt thou find a maid on earth to love thee for e - ver?
rà pla - car tua sor - te, fa - rà pla - car da don - na fe - de - le fino al - la mor - te?

pp

dir treu ei - gen? Die Got - tes En - gel dir kön - ne zei - gen?
shall de - liv - er? Where wilt thou find a maid faith - ful for e - ver?
mi - co il cie - lo fa - rà pla - car, fa - rà pla - car tua sor - te?

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

colla parte

Musical score for orchestra and clarinet. The score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for the woodwinds and strings (flutes, clarinets, bassoons, violins, and violas), and the bottom five staves are for the cellos, double basses, and contrabasses. The tempo is marked 'colla parte'. The dynamics are marked 'ff' (fortissimo) throughout. A clarinet in C (Clarin. in C. (Cl.)) is introduced in the third measure of the second staff. The key signature is B-flat major. The time signature is 2/4.

Musical score for orchestra, continuing from the previous system. It consists of three staves. The dynamics are marked 'ff' and 'più f'.

Heil er - rei - - - - - chen.
shalt find grace with heaven!
sal - - - - - ve - rò, - ti sal - - - - - ve - rò!

Mary.
Hilf Himmel!
Heavn help us!
Soc - cor - so!

Musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line is on a treble clef staff, and the piano accompaniment is on a bass clef staff. The lyrics are in German and Italian. The dynamics are marked 'ff'.

Die Mädchen erschrocken aufspringend. Hilft Himmel!
Maid, springing up in terror. Heavn help us!
Le Damigelle alzandosi sbigottite. Soc - cor - so!

Sen - ta!
Sen - tu!
Sen - ta!

Musical score for piano, continuing from the previous system. It consists of two staves. The dynamics are marked 'ff' and 'più f'. The tempo is marked 'colla parte'.

The score consists of multiple staves. The top section is an orchestral introduction with dynamic markings *piu f*, *ff*, and *p cresc.*. The middle section features vocal entries for Senta and Erik, with lyrics in German and English. The bottom section continues the vocal dialogue with further lyrics and dynamic markings.

Sen - ta!
Sen - ta!
Sen - ta!

ist zur Thüre hereingetreten und hat Senta's Ausruf vernommen.
Erik, is standing at the door, and has heard Senta's cry.
 si presenta all' uscio.

ad libitum

Sen - - ta! Willst du mich ver - derben?
Sen - - ta! Willt thou de - stroy me?
Sen - - ta! mo - rir vu - oi farmi?

Sen - - ta! Helft, E - rik, uns!
Sen - ta Help, E - rik, help!
Sen - - ta! A - ju - to! a - ju - to!

Sie ist von
Wē al - most
 ell'è im - paz -

Helft E - rik, uns! Sie ist von
 Help, E - rik, help! *Wē al - most*
 A - ju - to! a - ju - to! ell'è im - paz -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob.
f
 Cl.
f dim.
f dim.
f dim.
f dim.
f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*
p

f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*
f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*
f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*

Mary.

Ich fühl' in mir das Blut ge - rin - nen! Abscheu - lich Bild, du sollst hin - aus! Kommt nur der Va - ter erst nach
It makes my blood run cold to hear her! *Ah! hi - d'vous picture, down you come, As soon as mas - ter reaches*
 Io sen - to in me ge - lar - siil san - gue! Fu - ne - sta im - ma - go spa - ri - rai ap - pe - na qui giun - ga il ge - ni -

Sin - nen!
fear her!
 zi - ta!
 Sin - nen!
fear her!
 zi - ta!

f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*
f dim. *p* *fp*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob.

Clar. in A. (La) *f*

Hörner in A. (La) *f*

Hörner in E. (Mi) *p*

in E.u.A. (Mi e La) *pp*

cresc. *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

cresc. *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

cresc. *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

die in ihrer letzten Stellung verblieben. und von Allem nichts vernommen hatte, wie erwachend und freudig auffahrend.
Senta, who has not moved, and has realized nothing of what is going on around her, seems suddenly to become awake and radiant with joy.
 che era rimasta nell' ultima sua positura, e nulla aveva inteso, come svegliandosi di slancio tutta giuliva.

Der Va-ter kommt?
 My futher here!
 Ar-ri-va il pa - - dre?

Haus. düster.
 home! Erik, gloomily.
 tor. seriamente.

Der Va-ter kommt.
 Her fu - thers here.
 Or, o - ra ar - riva.

Vom Fel - sen sah sein Schiff ich nah'n.
 I saw his ship; 'twas just in port.
 Da una ru-pe io scor - si vi - ci - no il suo na - vil.

Sopr. 1. Sie sind da:

Sopr. 2. They're home from

Sopr. 3. Es-si son

p dim *cresc.* *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

p *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

cresc.
p cresc.
p
cresc.
cresc.

più cresc.
più cresc.
più cresc.

ausser sich in grosser Geschäftigkeit.
 Mary, *fussily*.
 fuori di sè.

Nun seht, zu was eu'r Treiben frommt! Im Hause ist noch nichts ge - than!
 Now see! your nonsense costs you dear! They'll find the house all out of gear!
 Ec - co! insensa - te e nulla in ca - sa, nulla in ca - sa è fat - to an - cor!

heim. Sie sind da - heim! Sie sind da - heim! Sie sind da -

sea! They're home from sea! They're home from sea! They're home from

quà, son quà, son quà! Es - si son quà, son quà, son

più cresc.
più cresc.

più cresc.

più cresc.

più cresc.

mf cresc.

più cresc.

Nun seht, zu was eür Treiben frommt! Im Hau-se ist noch nichts ge - than!
 Now see! your nonsense costs you dear! They'll find the house all out of gear!
 Ec - co! insensa - te e nulla in ca - sa, nul - la in ca - sa è fat - to an - cor!

Die Mädchen
 keeping the
 trattenen -

Halt!
 No!
 Fer - me

heim!
 sea!
 quä!

Auf, eilt hin - aus!
 Come, come a - way!
 Su, le - ste, andiam!

heim!
 sea!
 quä!

Auf, eilt hin - aus!
 Come, come a - way!
 Su, le - ste, andiam!

heim!
 sea!
 quä!

Auf, eilt hin - aus!
 Come, come a - way!
 Su, le - ste, andiam!

Auf, eilt hin - aus!
 Come, come a - way!
 Su, le - ste, andiam!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Prestissimo possibile. $\text{♩} = 100.$

zurückhaltend.
maids back.
dole.

halt! Ihr blei - het fein im Haus! Das Schiffsvolk kommt mit lee - rem Ma - gen.
No! at home you all must stay! The sail - ors sure are faint with hunger.
là! Or - mai res - tar con - vien! I ma - ri - nai man - giar vor - ran - no.

aus! wuj! là! Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu
How can we wait an in - stant
Quan - te do - man - dee che que -

aus! wuj! diam.

Prestissimo possibile. $\text{♩} = 100.$

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

staccato
p

staccato
pp

pp staccato

pp

pp staccato

pp

pp staccato

p

p

p

In Küch und Kel-ler, säu-met nicht!
So to the kit-chen off you go!
Al-la cu-ci-na, non tar-diam!

fra-ge-n!
lon-ger!
stio-ni!

Ich hal-te mich vor Neu-gier nicht!
So ma-ny things we want to know!
Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio-si-tà!

Ach! wie viel hab ich ihn zu fra-ge-n!
How can we wait an instant long-er!
Quan-te do-man-de e che que-stio-ni!

Ich hal-te mich vor Neu-gier nicht!
So ma-ny things we want to know!
Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio-si-tà!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Piccolo.

p *f* *cresc.* *f*

p *f* *f* *f*

p *f* *f* *f*

p *f* *f* *f*

p *f* *f* *f*

p *f* *f* *f*

p *f* *f* *f*

p *f* *f* *f*

pizz. *arco* *f* *f*

Lasst euch nur von der Neu-gier pla - - - - gen!
 Well, you must wait a lit - tle long - - - - er!
 Le - ste, al la - vor! po - tre - te po - - - - i.

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra - - - - gen, ich hal - te mich vor Neu-gier
 No, no, no! not an in - stant long - - - - er. So ma - nythings we want to
 Che do - man - - - de che que - stio - ni, oh! quan - - - - tà, oh! quanta abbiam cu - rio - si -

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra - - - - gen, ich hal - te mich vor Neu-gier
 No, no, no! not an in - stant long - - - - er. So ma - nythings we want to
 Che do - man - - - de che que - stio - ni, oh! quan - - - - ta, oh! quanta abbiam cu - rio - si -

nicht!
 know!
 tà!

pizz. *arco* *f* *f*

p *pizz.* *p*

Vor Al - lem geht an eu - re Pflicht!
 And first your du - ties you must do!
 ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di - sfar!

nicht! Schon gut! So bald nur auf - ge - tra - - - - gen, hält hier uns län - ger kei - ne
 know! Will, will! Than du - ty love is strong - - - - er, yet we must first our du - ty
 ta! Eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - - - - re, chi ci rat - tien? cor - ria - mo

gen! Ich hal - te mich vor Neu - gier nicht! Mich hält hier län - ger kei - ne Pflicht, kei - ne
 er! So ma - ny things we want to know! Yet we must first our du - ty do! du - ty
 ni! Oh! quanta ab - biam cu - rio - si - ta! Chi ci rat - tien? cor - ria - mo là, cor - ria - mo

p *pizz.* *arco* *p* *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of piano accompaniment and vocal lines. The piano part includes staves for the right and left hands, with dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, and *più cresc.* The vocal lines are in a high register, with lyrics in German and English. The lyrics are as follows:

Lasst von der Neu - gier euch nur pla - gen, vor Al - lem geht an
 Yes, you must wait a lit - tle long - er, And you must first your
 Le - ste, al la - vor! po - tre - te pot o - gni bra - ma ri

Pflicht. Schon gut, schon gut! So bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns kei - ne
 do! Yes, yes, yes, yes! Than du - ty love is stronger, yet we must first our du - ty
 la! Eb - ben, eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat - tien? cor - ria - mo

Pflicht. Schon gut! So - bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns kei - ne Pflicht, so
 first! Yes, yes! Than du - ty love is stron - ger, yet we must first our du - ty do! Than
 la! Eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat - tien? cor - ria - mo la! Com -

più cresc.

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *ben tenuto*

f *ben tenuto*

f *ben tenuto*

eu - - re Pflicht' Geht an eu - - re Pflicht! Vor Al-lem geht an eu - re
 du - - ty do! first your du - - ty do! Yes, you must first your du - ty
 com - - pen - sar, o - gni bra - - - ma, ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di -

Pflicht, so - bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält uns hier län - - - - ger kei - ne
 do! Than du - ty love is strong - er, yet we must first our du - ty
 là! fi - ni - te no - stre cu - re, cor - ria - mo là! cor - ria - mo

Pflicht, -o bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält uns hier län - - - - ger kei - ne
 do! Than du - ty love is strong - er, yet we must first our du - ty
 là! fi - ni - te no - stre cu - re, cor - ria - mo là! cor - ria - mo

bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns kei - ne Pflicht, hält uns hier län - ger kei - ne
 du - ty love is strong - er; yet first our du - ty we must do, yes, first our du - ty we must
 piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat - tien? cor - ria - mo là! chi ei rat - tien? cor - ria - mo

f *arco* *ben tenuto*

f

The musical score consists of several systems. The top system features piano accompaniment for the first system, with dynamics *ff* and *f*. The second system features vocal lines with lyrics in German, Italian, and English, and dynamics *più f* and *ff*. The third system features piano accompaniment for the second system, with dynamics *f* and *ff*. The fourth system features vocal lines with lyrics in German, Italian, and English, and dynamics *f* and *ff*. The fifth system features piano accompaniment for the third system, with dynamics *f* and *ff*.

Lyrics:

German:
 Pflicht! Vor Al-lem geht an eu-re Pflicht! Vor Al-lem geht an eu-re
 do! Yes, you must first your du-ty do! yes, you must first your du-ty
 star. ogn' al-tra bra-ma sod-di-sfar! Le-ste, al la-vor! le-ste, al la-

Italian:
 Pflicht, hält hier uns län-ger kei-ne Pflicht
 do! yes, we must first our du-ty do!
 là! cor-ria-mo là! cor-ria-mo là!

English:
 Pflicht, hält uns hier län-ger kei-ne Pflicht, hält uns kei-ne Pflicht!
 do, yes, first our du-ty we must do, we must our du-ty do!
 là! chi ci rat-tien? cor-ria-mo là! cor-ria-mo là!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The third system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The fourth system continues the vocal line with lyrics. The fifth system shows the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The sixth system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment.

Lyrics:

Pflicht! Lasst euch nur von der Neu-gier pla-gen! Vor Al-lem geht an eu-re
do! you must wait just a lit-tle long-er; And first your
 vor! al la-vo-ro! po-tre-te po-i, ogn'al-tra bra-ma sod-di-

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra-gen, Ach, wie viel! Ich hal-te mich vor Neu-gier nicht, ich hal-te mich
How can we wait! So ma-ny things we want to know! How can we wait and wait, when we've so much we would
 Quan-te do-man-de e qua-i que-stio-ni, qua-i! Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio-si-tà, cu-rio-si-

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra-gen, wie viel, wie viel! Vor Neu-gier hal-te ich mich nicht, vor Neu-gier halt' ich mich
How can we wait, when we've so ma-ny things we want to know! How can we wait, how can we wait, when we've so much we would
 Quan-te do-man-de e qua-i que-stio-ni, qua-i que-stio-ni! Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio-si-tà, qua-le cu-rio-si-

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra-gen! Ich hal-te mich vor Neugier
How can we wait an in-stant long-er! So ma-ny things we want to
 Quan-te do-man-de e qua-i que-stio-ni! Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio-si-

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

fr
cresc.

a 2
più, f

a 2
più, f

a 2
f
più, f

f
più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

Pflicht! Lasst euch nur von der Neu - - gier pla - - gen, vor Al - lem geht an eu - re
do! *Yes, you must wait a* *lit - - tle long - - er,* *yes, you must first your du - ty*
 sfar! Le - ste, al lavor! po - tre - - te po - - i ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di -

nicht! Ich hal - te mich vor Neu - gier nicht, ich hal - - - -
kuom! *So* *ma - ny things we want to know, we* *want*
 tà! Oh! quan - ta ab - biam cu - rio - si - tà, cu - rio - - - -

nicht! Ich hal - te mich vor Neu - gier nicht, ich halt' mich nicht, ich halt', ich
know! How can we wait, how can we *wait! So ma - ny things we want, we* *want*
 tà! Oh! quan - ta ab - biam cu - rio - si - tà, oh! quan - ta, quan - ta ab - biam cu - rio - - - -

nicht! Ich hal - te mich vor Neu - - - - gier, vor
know! *How can we wait an* *in - - - - stant,* *how*
 tà! Oh! qua - le, qual ne pun - - - - ge cu -

più, f

più, f

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of several staves. The top two staves are vocal lines in G major, 3/4 time. The piano accompaniment includes a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a separate bass line. Dynamics include *cresc.*, *ff*, and *a 2.*. The lyrics are in German, Italian, and English.

Pflicht, vor Al-lem geht an eu-re Pflicht!	Vor Al-lem geht an eu-re Pflicht,	vor
do, yes, you must first your du-ty	yes, you must first your du-ty	do,
sfar, ogn' al-tra bra-ma sod-di - sfar,	ogn' al-tra bra-ma sod-di - sfar,	ogn'
- - - - te mich nicht!	Schon gut! So-bald nur auf-ge- tra - - gen, hält	
- - - - si - tà!	Eb-ben! Com-piu-te no - stre cu - re, chi	
- - - - te mich nicht!	Schon gut! So-bald nur auf-ge- tra - gen, hält län-ger hier uns	
- - - - si - tà!	Eb-ben! Com-piu-te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat-tien? cor-	
Neu - - - gier nicht! Schon gut! So - - bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län-ger hier uns		
can we wait! yes, yes! Than du - ty love is strong - er, But first our du - ty		
rio - - - si - tà! Eb - ben! Com - piu-te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat-tien? chi		

Al - lem geht an eu - - re Pflicht! In Küch' und Kel - ler! Säu - met nicht! Geht an eu - re
you must first your du - - ty do, So to the kit - chen off you go, yes, you all must
 al - tra bra - ma sod - - di - sfar, ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di - sfar, ogn' al - tra

län - ger hier uns kei - ne — Pflicht! Schon gut! So bald nur auf - ge - tra - - - gen, hält
first our du - ty we must do! Yes, Eb - ben! Compiu - te no - stre strong - er, yet
 ci rat - tien? cor - riam, cor - riam! Eb - ben! Compiu - te no - stre cu - - - re, yet chi

kei - ne Pflicht, hält hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! Schon gut! So bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns
we must do, our du - ty we must do! là! Eb - ben! Compiu - te no - stre strong - er, yet we our du - ty
 ria - mo là, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là! Eb - ben! com - piu - te no - - - stre cu - re, chi ci rat - tien? chi

kei - ne Pflicht, hält hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! Dann hält uns län - ger kei - - ne Pflicht, hält län - ger hier uns
we must do, our du - ty we must do! là! Eb - ben! com - piu - te no - - - stre cu - re, yes we our du - ty
 ci rat - tien? cor riam, cor ria - mo là! Eb - ben! com - piu - te no - - - stre cu - re, chi ci rat - tien? chi

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The third system features vocal lines with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The fourth system continues the vocal and piano parts. The fifth system features vocal lines with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The sixth system continues the vocal and piano parts.

Lyrics:

Pflicht! Säu - - met nicht! Lasst euch nur von der Neu - gier pla - gen! Vor Al - lem geht an eu - - re
go, all must go! Yes you must wait a lit - tle long - er, So to the kit - chen off you
 bra - - ma sod - - di - - scar! Al - la cu - ci - na, le - ste, sù, al - la, cu - ci - na, le - - ste,

län - ger hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! So - bald — nur auf - ge - tra - gen hält län - - ger hier uns kei - ne
first our du - ty we must do! Yes, yes! — our love than du - ty is strong - - er, yes! tis ve - ry
 ci rat - tien? cor - riam, cor - riam! Eb ben! — chi ci rat - tie - ne? cor - ria - - mo là, cor - ria - mo

kei - ne Pflicht, hält hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! So - bald — nur auf - ge - tra - gen hält län - - ger hier uns kei - ne
first must do, our du - ty we must do! Yes, yes! — our love than du - ty is strong - - er, yes! tis ve - ry
 ci rat - tien? cor - riam cor - ri - amo là! Eb ben! — chi ci rat - tie - ne? cor - ria - - mo là, cor - ria - mo

kei - ne Pflicht, hält hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! So - bald — nur auf - ge - tra - gen hält län - - ger hier uns kei - ne
first must do, our du - ty we must do! Yes, yes! — our love than du - ty is strong - - er, yes! tis ve - ry
 ci rat - tien? cor - riam cor - ri - amo là! Eb ben! — chi ci rat - tie - ne? cor - ria - - mo là, cor - ria - mo

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The middle system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The bottom system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The score is written in G major and 3/4 time. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo).

Lyrics:

Plicht, vor Al - lem geht an eu - re Pflicht, an eu - re Pflicht! — Mary hat die Mädchen hinaus.
go! So — to the — kit - chen, to the kit - chen uff you go! — getrieben und ist ihnen gefolgt.
sù, or — sù, or — sù, sen - za indu - giar, sen - za indu - giar! — *Mary drives the Maids out,*
and follows them.
Mary spinge fuori le Damigelle
e le segue.

Plicht, hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht, dann hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht! —
true! yet our du - ty we must do, yes, yes, our du - ty we must do! —
là, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là, si, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là! —

Plicht, hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht, dann hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht! —
true! yet our du - ty we must do, yes, yes, our du - ty we must do! —
là, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là, si, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là! —

Plicht, hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht, dann hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht! —
true! yet our du - ty we must do, yes, yes, our du - ty we must do! —
là, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là, si, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là! —

No 5 Duett.

Duet. — Duetto.

Allegro appassionato. $\text{♩} = 76.$

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti.
in A. (La). in B. (Sib).

Corni vent.
in A. (La). muta in F. (Fa).

Corni ord.
in E. (Mi). muta in Es (Mib).

Fagotti.

Trombe vent. in F. (Fa).

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in F. B. (Fa. Sib).

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Senta.

Erik.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

*Senta will ebenfalls fort; Erik hält sie zurück.
Senta is just going when Erik holds her back.
Senta fa per andarsene colle altre, ma è trattenuta da Erik.*

Bleib' Sen-tal	Bleib' nur ei-nen Au-genblick!	Aus meinen
Stay, Sen-ta!	Stay for one short mo-ment!	Ah! bid me
Sen-ta, re-sta	so-lo un istante an-co-ra!	Dà fine a

Allegro appassionato. $\text{♩} = 76.$

Qua-len reisse mich!
torments end at last!
 mie - i tor - mentil!

Doch willst du,
Ah! tell me,
 Oh! fam-mi,

ach! so verdirb mich ganz!
tell me must I die?
 fammito - sto mo - rir!

O Sen-ta, sprich, was aus mir
O Sen-ta, speak! what is my
 Ah! Senta, di, ch' mai sa-

*Was ist? Was soll?
 What dost thou mean?
 Cos' è? che di-ci?*

*zögernd,
 hesitating,
 esitando.*

f *p* *cresc.*

Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. in B. (Sib)
 in F. (Fa.)
 in Es. (Mib.)

colla parte tempo

Erik.
 wer - den soll?
fate to be?
 ra di me?

Dein Va - ter kommt, eh' wieder er ver-reist, wird er voll - bringen,
Thy father's here, and ere he sail a - gain, He will ac - complish
 Tu padre ar - ri - va, e pria di ri - par - tir, ei com - pi - rà

wasschon oft er woll - te...
what he long hath purposed.
 qualche da un pezzo bra - ma...

fp *cresc.* *f*

poco ritard.

colla parte tempo *colla parte* tempo

f *ff*

Senta.

Und was meinst du?
And what is that?
 Che riten - di tu?

(mit Entschluss und Verzweiflung.)
(with resolution and despair.)
 (con risoluzione disperata.)

Dir ei - nen Gat - - - - - ten ge - ben
He'll give thy hand in marriage!
 Ei ti da - ra u - no spo - sol

f *ff* poco ritard.

dim. *a tempo, ma un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 66.*

p *p* *p* *p*

Erik.

Mein Herz voll Treu - e bis zum Ster - ben, mein dürf - - tig Gut, mein
Thoughall I have is thine for ev - er, My guins are few from
 Il cor fe - ri - to a mor - te d'a - mor. l'in - cer - - ta sor - - te

p dolce

a tempo, ma un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 66.

Ob. *p*

pp *p* *p cresc.*

p *p* *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Erik.

Jä - - ger - glich, darf so um dei - ne Hand ich wer - ben? Stösst mich dein Va - - ter
 day — to day; To win thy hand should I en - dea - vour Will not thy fa - - ther
 di cac - cia - tor per - met - - ter mi po - tran bra - mar e do - mandar di

p *p* *p cresc.* *p cresc.*

Fl.

Ob. *p* *mf* *mf* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

nicht zu - rück? Wenn dann mein Herz im Jam - - mer bricht, sag, Sen - ta, wer dann
 say me nay? Speak! must I die of mi - - se - ry? Sen - ta, wilt thou not
 te la man? E se il do - lor mi spez - za il cor, Sen - ta, chi fia, che

f *p* *mf* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *p*

Ou.
Cl.
Cor. III. IV.
Fg.

aus, den Va - - - ter zu be - grü - ssen! Wenn nicht wie sonst an Bord die Toch - ter kommt,
gone! My fa - - - ther waits my greet - ing. Would he not right - - ly doubt his daughter's love,
dar il pa - - - dre ad in - contrar. Se a bor - do ve - nir ei non mi ve - de,

p *dim.* *p* *dim.* *p*

Cor. I. II.

wird er nicht zür - nen müs - sen, wird er nicht zürnen müssen?
Were she not there to meet him, were she not there to meet him?
chi sa qual co - sa ei cre - de, chi sa qual co - sa ei cre - de!

Erik.
Du willst mich
Thou'lt leave me
Fug - gir - mi

cresc. *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.*

Ich muss zum Bord!
I can not stay!
 Lo deb-bo, E-rik!
 Ach, lass mich fort!
I must a-way!
 Nol pos-so, no!
 Ach, lass mich fort!
I can not stay!
 Nol pos-so, no!
 fliehn!
thus?
 vuoi!
 Du weichst mir aus?
Thou wilt not heed!
 M'as-col - ta Sen-tal
 Du weichst mir aus?
Thou'lt leave me thus?
 M'as-col - ta, Senta!
 Du willst mich
Thou wilt not
 Fug-gir - mi

Ich muss zum Bord!
I must a-way!
 Lo deb-bo, E-rik!
 Ach, lass mich fort!
I must a-way!
 Nol, pos-so, no!
 fliehn!
heed!
 vuoi?
 Du weichst mir aus!
Thou wilt not heed!
 M'as-col - ta tul
 Du willst mich fliehn!
Thou'lt leave me thus?
 Fug-gir - mi vuoi?

a tempo

p *pp* *p*

Erik.

Fliest du zu - rück vor die - ser Wun - de, die du mir schlugst im Lie - bes - wahn? Ach,
Have pi - ty on this heart, neigh - bor - ken, On wounds that thou a - lone canst heal! By
 Fuggir, fug - gir per - chè in me s'a - pre d'a - mor fa - tal, fa - tal fe - ri - ta? Ah!

p *pp* *p*

a tempo

pp *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *p*

hö - remich zu die - ser Stun - de, hör' mei - ne letz - te Fra - ge an!
all the rows we tro have spo - ken, Think, ere thou scorn my lust up - peal!
 m'o - di, m'o - di, ri - spon - di - mi an - co - ra, un' ul - ti - ma vol - ta, m'o - di tu!

p *mf* *dim.* *pp*
p *mf* *dim.*
p *mf* *dim.*
p *cresc.* *mf* *dim.* *p*
p *cresc.* *mf* *dim.* *p*
p *cresc.* *mf* *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*

Wenn die - ses Herz im Jam - mer bricht, wird's Sen - ta sein, die für mich spricht?
 Say, must I die of mi - se - ry? Sen - - ta! wilt thou not plead for me?
 E seil do-lor mi spez - za il cor, Sen - ta, par - le-rai di me in fa - vor?

Fl. *tempo*
 Ob. *colla parte* *pdolce*
 Cl. *p* *cresc.* *colla parte* *pdolce*
 Corni in F. (Fa) *cresc.* *f* *colla parte* *pdolce*
p *cresc.* *f* *colla parte* *tempo*
p *cresc.* *f* *colla parte* *tempo*
p *cresc.* *f* *colla parte* *tempo*
p *cresc.* *f* *colla parte* *tempo*
ad lib. *in Verzweiflung. in despair. disperato.*

Wenn die - ses Herz im Jammer bricht, wenn die - ses Herz im Jammer bricht, wird's Sen - ta sein, die für mich spricht?
 Ah! must I die of mi - se - ry! Ah! must I die of mi - se - ry! Ah, Sen - ta! Say thou't plead for me!
 Se il duol mi spez - za il cor, mi spezza il cor, tu par - le - rai, ah! Sen - - ta, in mio fa - vor?

tempo

colla parte

ad lib.

Erik. *ad lib.*

Dein Va-ter, ach! nach Schä-tzen geizt er nur!
 Thy fa-ther what cares he for aught but gold!
 Tuo padre... ahi - - mè! sete ha di gioje e d'oro!

Und Senta Du, wie dürft' auf dich ich
 And Senta, thou. How can I whol-ly
 E Senta, tu... co-me con-tar su

tempo

colla parte

ad lib.

zäh-len? *ad lib.*
 trust thee?
 te?

Erfüll-test du 'nur ei - ne meiner Bitten?
 Say, hast thou hearken'd once to my en - treaties?
 Quando es - au - di-stiun' u - ni-ca mia pre-ce?

Kränkst du mein Herz nicht
 Dost thou not dai - ly
 E o - gni gi-or-no mi

p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.

Dein Herz?
Thy heart!
Il cor?

Das Bild?
The portrait!
Il quadro?

je - den Tag?
wound my heart!
stra - zii il cor.

Was soll ich den-ken? Je-nes Bild-
Then, the por-trait! Is it true?
E che de - vo pen - sar? Quel quadro...

Lasst du von dei-ner Schwärmerei wohl
Why wilt thou ne-ver leave this i - die
Deh! sfuggi a quel fa - ta - le esal - ta

p cresc.
p cresc.
f
f
f

p
p
p
p
p
p

cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.

Kann mei-nem Blick Theil - nah-me ich ver-weh - ren?
Must I then close my eyes to all a-round me?
E chi po-tria vie - - tar lo sguardo agli oc - chi?

ab?
dreaming?
mento.

Und die Bal-la - de?
And then, the le - gend-
E la bal-la - - ta...

p
p
cresc.
cresc.

I. Solo.

I. Solo.

f *p* *pp* *p* *pp* *p*

Ich bin ein Kind, und weiss nicht, was ich sin - - ge!
 What of the song? 'Tis but a girl-ish fan - - cy!
 Io son fan-ciul-la nè so quel che mi can - ti!

Heut' noch sangst du sie!
 Did I not hear thee sing it?
 og-gian-cor la can-tas-ti!

Ob.

Cl.

Fag. *p* *più p*

p *più p* *pp* *pp* *trem.* *pp* *pp*

O sag, wie? fürch-test du ein Lied, ein Bild?
 But thou, art thou jea-lous of a song, a pic-ture?
 Ma di, di... te - - mi un i - ma-go, un can-to?

Du bist so bleich, — sag,
 Thy face is pale! — say,
 Sei tan-to pal-li-da... che...

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

p *cresc.* *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

Soll mich des Aerm - - sten Schre - cken sloos nicht rüh - ren?
 Must I not feel com - pas - sion for his sor - rows?
 Chi fia cui del mi - - se - ro non muo - va il fa - to?

soll-te ich's nicht fürch-ten?
 am I not right-ly jea-lous?
 che ne ho ti - mo-re!

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

f *colla parte* *fp* *f* *fp* *f*

Oh, prah-le nicht!
 Ah! say no more!
 Non ti van-tar!

Mein Lei-den, Sen - ta, rührt es dich nicht mehr?
 My sor-row, Sen - ta, is it nought to thee?
 Oh! Sen-ta, Senta, di me non hai pie - tà?

Vcl. e Bass. *f*

Was kann dein Lei-den sein? Kennst je - nes Un-glück-sel'-gen Schick-sal du?
What is thy grief to his! I tell thee, ne-ver man was doomed like this!
 Qual pe - na mai ti at - tris - ta? Non t'è no - to il de - stin di quel me - schi - - no?

ad lib.

Lento. $\text{♩} = 76$ Ob. I. Solo.

molto espressivo *crese.* *f*

pp *f*

pp *f*

pp *f*

pp trem. *f*

pp trem. *p* *f*

pp trem. *p* *f*

Senta { führt Erik dicht vor das Bild und deutet darauf. *leads Erik up to the Portrait, to which she points.*
 conduce Erik davanti il quadro

Fühlst du den Schmerz, den tie - fen Gram, mit dem her-ab auf
Canst thou not feel the dumb de-spair That looks from out those
 A te quell' uom che innan-te stà dim-mi pie-tà non

Lento. $\text{♩} = 76$.

Presto.

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi. a 2

Clar.

Cor. vent. in F. (Fa).

Cor. ord. in F. (Fa).

Fag.

Trombe vent. in F. (Fa).

3 Tromb.

Timp.

fresc. *ff*

fresc. *ff*

fresc. *ff*

fresc. *ff*

fresc. *ff*

fresc. *ff*

Was er-
What af-
Per-chè

Gott schü - tze dich! Sa-tan hat dich um-garnt!
God save thee yet! Satan hath snared thy soul!
Id-dio ti guar - di! T'ha Sa-tàno av - vin - ta!

Presto. *ff*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Recit.

pp
p
trem.
p
tr
pp

schreckt dich so?
 frights thee so?
 ma - i?

Sen-ta; lass dir ver-trauh! Ein Traum ist's, hör' ihn zur War-nung an!
 Sen-ta, be warned in time! Now hear me; this was the dream I dreamed.
 Sen-ta, or m'o - di tu! È'un so-gno, l'o-di... pos-sa gio-var-ti an-cor!

Recit.

Sostenuto. ♩ = 96.

Cor. *pp*

Fag. *pp*

Timp. *pp*

trem. *pp*

trem. *pp*

trem. *pp*

Senta setzt sich erschöpft in den Lehnstuhl nieder; bei dem Beginn von Erik's Erzählung versinkt sie wie in magnetischen Schlaf, so dass es scheint als träume sie den von ihm erzählten Traum ebenfalls. — Erik steht an den Stuhl gelehnt zur Seite.
Senta sinks exhausted into the arm-chair. As Erik begins his story, she passes into a magnetic trance, and seems herself to be dreaming the dream that Erik relates to her. — Erik stands, leaning over the side of the chair.
 Senta si siede affranta dall'emozione al principio del racconto di Erik; ella è presa come da un sonno magnetico e sembra sognar essa stessa quanto le vien narrato. — Erik è al suo fianco appoggiato alla sedia.

mit gedämpfter Stimme.
in a suppressed tone.
 con voce velata.

Auf ho - hem Fel - sen lag ich träumend, sah un - ter
Up - on the cliffs I fell a - dreaming, The mighty
 Sull' al - ta ru - pe gia - cea dor - men - te, sotto a' miei

pizz. *pp*

pp

Sostenuto. ♩ = 96.

Cor.

Fag.

mir des Mee - res Fluth; die Bran - dung hört' ich, wie sich schäumend am U - fer brach der Wo - gen
deep be - neath me lay; I heard the sea - tides shore - ward streaming, The air was dark with fly - ing
 pie - di l'on - da del mar, av - vol - to - tan - do - si fosca e fre - men - te, la sal - da ri - va ve - nia a spruz -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Clar.

Cor. 1. u. 2.

Fag.

pp

pp

pp

trem.

pp

trem.

pp

pp

p 2^o Solo

Wuth! Ein fremdes Schiff am na - hen Stran - de erblickt' ich, seltsam, wun - der - bar; zwei
spray. *With-in the bay a ship had an-chored, Mys-te-rious,* *si-lent, full of awe;* *Two*
 zar. Quan - do al mio fian - co ve - do anco - rar - si ig - no - to e bel - lo na - vil stra - nier, e duenoc -

pizz.

p

pp

pp

pp

p

cresc.

dim.

pp

divisi in 3 parti

divisi in 3 parti

p

p

p

p

mit geschlossenen Augen.
with closed eyes.
 con gli occhi chiusi.

Der And-re?
 The o - ther?
 Nell' al - tro?

Män - ner nah - ten sich dem Lan - de, der Ein, ich sah's, dein Va - ter war. Wohl erkannt' ich ihn...
men up - on the shore were land - ing; In one your fa - ther's face I saw! *Ah! too well I know*
 chie - ri da quelsbar - car - si; nell' un tuo pa - dre mi par ve - der. Ben lo rav - vi - so...

pizz.

p

cresc.

dim.

Oboi. a 2
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 3 Tromb.

mf dim. p
 mf dim. p
 mf dim. pp dolce
 mf dim. pp

divisi in 2 parti
 mf dim. pp
 mf dim. pp

divisi in 3 parti
 pp pp pp

(wie zuvor.)
 (as before.)
 (come prima.)

und düstrem Blick...
 That near-ry look...
 lo sguardo o - scu - ro...

(auf das Bild deutend.)
 (pointing to the picture.)
 (mostrando il ritratto.)

Und ich?
 And I?
 Ed io?

mit schwarzem Wams - und blei - cher Mien!...
 that dus - ky cloak, that face so pale -
 la giub - ba - ne - ra, pal - lido il vi - so...

der See - mann er. Du kamst vom
 'Twas he! the same! Forth from the
 quel l'uo - mo lui! An - dar ti

pizz.
 pizz.
 mf dim. mf dim.

Fl.
 Oboi.
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 3 Tromb.

pp
 p cresc.
 pp
 cresc.
 in Es
 cresc.
 cresc.
 cresc.

accelerando

3 f. cresc.

arco
 cresc.

Hau - se her; du flogst, den Va - ter zu be - grü - ssen...
 house you came; thou flew to give your father greet - ing
 veg - gio - da - ca - sa il padre in con - trar.

Doch kaum noch sah ich an dich langen, du
 But scarce - ly was there time for meeting, When,
 Ma quando lor presso tu giun - gi, ti

accelerando

accelerando

(mit steigender Spannung)
(with rising excitement.)
(con più emozione.)

Erhub mich auf...
He raised me up!
Ei mi sol-le-va...

stürztest zu des Frem - den Fü - ssen, ich sah dich sei - ne Kneumfangen... An sei - ne Brust, - voll
loud-ly on the stran - ger call - ing, Down at his feet I saw you falling! Close to his breast, And
git-ti a' piedi del-lo stra - nie - ro, le sue gi - noc - - chia stringendo al core... Stretta al suo se-no di baci ar-

Cello. arco
Basso. *f*

accelerando *f*

Lento.

Und dann?
And then?
E poi? (Senta mit unheimlicher Verwunderung anblickend.)
(pauses a moment, watching Senta with amazement.)
(guardandolo con sorpresa.)

Inbrunst hingst du dich an ihn, du küsstest ihn mit hei-sser Lust... sah'ich aufs Meer euch flieh'n.
breath-less in his arms you lay! Warm kis-ses on his cheek you pressed, And then you sailed a - way!
den-ti gli co-pri il viso, con improv - vi-sa pie - na d'a - mor... Sul mar vi scorgo fug - gir.

Lento.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Allegro con fuoco. ♩ = 84.
Piccolo.

Schnell erwachend, in höchster Begeisterung.
waking suddenly, with exaltation.
svegliandosi nell'eccezzo dell'esaltazione

Allegro con fuoco. ♩ = 84.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

tempo

— Mit ihm — muss ich — zu Grun-de geh'n!
 — For his — am I — in weal or woe!
 — Con lui — la mor - te — dis-fi - de - rò!

Mir wird es klar! What can I do! non m'ingan-nò...	Sie ist da - hin! The end is near! mio so-gno orren - do	Mein Traum sprach wahr! My dream comes true! il ver par - lo!
--	--	---

11.2.

Timpani muta in D.A. (Ré e La)

This system contains the vocal line and the first part of the orchestral accompaniment. The vocal line is in a high register, with notes marked with accents and slurs. The orchestral accompaniment includes strings and woodwinds, with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *p*.

divisi

Erik stürzt voll Verzweiflung und Entsetzen ab.
 Erik rushes out in horror and despair.
 Erik fugge pieno di raccapriccio.

This system continues the vocal line and the orchestral accompaniment. The vocal line is marked *ff* and *divisi*. The orchestral accompaniment features a complex texture with many notes, including a section marked *ff*. The text below the staff describes Erik's dramatic exit.

Flauti *ff*

Ob.

Cl.

Cor. *ff*

Fg.

Trmb. *ff*

Celli. *ff*

Vello u Bass

Senta, nach dem Ausbruche ihrer Begeisterung in stummes Sinnen versunken, verbleibt in ihrer Senta, after this outbreak, seems lost in thought. She remains still in the same position, with Senta dopo questo eccesso di esaltamento resta in una muta contemplazione, e sempre nella

This system features the full orchestral score. The woodwinds and strings are marked with *ff*. The vocal lines are also present, with dynamic markings like *f* and *ff*. The text below the staff describes Senta's state after Erik's exit.

Fl. ritenuto Più lento. Andante.

Ob.

Cl.

piu p

p

pp

pizz.

arco

divisi tremolo

Stellung, den Blick auf das Bild geheftet.
her eyes fixed on the Portrait.
stessa positura cogli occhi fissi al quadro.

Leise, aber tief ergriffen.
softly, but with deep emotion.
sotto voce, ma con profonda emozione.

Ach, müch-test
Ah, pul - tid
Ah, quan - do, o

ritenuto Più lento. Andante.

pp

Die Thüre geht auf, Daland und der Holländer zeigen sich.
The door opens, and the Dutchman and Daland appear.
Sapre la porta, e vi si vedono Dalando e l'Olandese.

du blei-cher See-mann, sie fin-den! Be-tet zum Him-mel, dass bald ein Weib Treu-e ihm...
wan - d'rer, when wilt thou find her! Raise we our prayers that heu-ven may guide thee to her...
pal - li-do noc-chier, la tro - ve - ra - i? Che pre-sto in - con - tri don - na fe - del, pre - ghia - mo...

Nº 6. Finale Arie Duett und Terzett.

Aria, Duet and Trio.

Aria, Duetto e Terzetto.

Der Holländer ist sogleich eingetreten; Senta's Blick streift von dem Bilde auf ihn, sie stösst einen gewaltigen Schrei der Ueberraschung aus, und bleibt wie festgebaut stehen, ohne ihr Auge vom Holländer abzuwenden. Der Holländer schreitet, die Augen auf Senta geheftet, langsam in den Vordergrund.

The Dutchman has just entered. Senta turns her gaze from the picture to him; she gives a loud cry of surprise, and stands spell-bound, without taking her eyes off the Dutchman. The Dutchman, his eyes fixed on Senta, advances slowly to the front of the stage.

Lo sguardo di Senta passa dal quadro all'Olandese. Ella manda un grido di sorpresa, e resta immobile come soggiogata da una potenza magica, senza distogliere i suoi occhi dall'Olandese. L'Ola, de-se osservando Senta, s'avvanza lentamente sulla-scena.

Moderato. ♩ = 80.

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti in A. (La)

Corni vent. in G. (Sol)

Corni ord. in D. (Ré)

Fagotti.

Timpani in D. A. (Ré, La)

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viola.

Senta.

Holländer.

Daland.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Ha!
Ah!
Ah!

Moderato. ♩ = 80.

Flauti
 Oboi
 Clar.
 Cor. vent. G. (Sol)
 Cor. ord. D. (Ré)
 Fag.
 Timp.

a tempo

accelerando *p* *accelerando* *a tempo* *pizz.*

arco *mf cresc.* *f* *mf cresc.* *f* *pizz.*

arco *mf cresc.* *f* *mf cresc.* *f* *pizz.*

arco divisi *mf cresc.* *f* *mf cresc.* *f* *pizz.*

divisi *mf cresc.* *f* *mf cresc.* *f* *pizz.*

accelerando *a tempo* *accelerando* *a tempo* *p*

Daland ist unter der Thür stehen geblieben und scheint zu erwarten, dass ihm Senta entgegenkomme.
 Daland has stopped just inside the door, and seems to wait for Senta to come to him.
 Dalando si sofferma alla porta, quasi aspettando che Senta gli venga incontro.

arco *p sempre* *arco* *p sempre* *arco* *p sempre*

Daland sich allmählig Senta nähernd.
 Daland gradually approaches Senta.
 Dalando avvicinandosi a Senta.

Daland

Mein Kind, du siehst mich auf der Schwelle... Wie?
 My child! is this the way you greet me? What!
 Mia fi-glia, ah! ec-co-mi giun-to-al-fi-ne... Che?

arco *p* *arco* *p*

Timp.

p *più p*

kein Um-ar-men? kei-nen Kuss? Du bleibst ge-bannt an dei-ner
 no em-bru-ces! not one kiss! Will thou not e-ven run to
 non un ba-cio, un sa-luto? Im-mo-bi-le tu res-ti

p sempre *più p*

Oboi
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp.

mf cresc.
p

f *cresc.*

Senta

als Daland bei ihr anlangt, ergreift sie seine Hand.
as Daland comes up to her, she takes his hand.
allorchè Dalando giunge presso di lei, ella gli prende la mano.

Gott dir zum
God keep thee
Io ti sa-

Stel - le?
meet me?
la?

Ver - dien' ich,
Was e - - cer
Per - chè, per - chè,

Sen - ta, sol - chen Gruss?
wel - come cold as this!
Sen - ta, ta - le accoglien - za?

mf cresc.
mf cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
f

Ihn näher an sich ziehend.
drawing him close to her.
traendolo più vicino a sé.

Gruss! Mein Va - ter, sprich, wer ist der Frem - de?
safe! But, fa - ther, say, Who is the stran - ger?
lu - to! O pad - re, dim - mi, chi è quel stra - nie - ro?

Daland lächelnd.
Daland, smiling.
Dalando sorridendo.

Drängst du mich?
Pa - tience, pray!
Saperlo bra - - mi?

Arie. — Aria.

Allegro moderato. ♩ = 112.

Woodwinds: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Strings: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Piano: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Bass: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Violin I: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Violin II: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Viola: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Cello: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Double Bass: *p cresc.*, *f*, *p*
 Piano: *pizz.*, *cresc.*, *f*, *p*, *arco*

Daland.

Mögst du, mein Kind, den fremden Mann willkommen hei - ssen!
 Willst thou not give a heart-y wel-come to the stran - ger?
 Or ben, tu puoi dar-gli, se vuoi il ben ve - nu - to!

Vocal: *arco*, *divisi*
 Piano: *pizz.*, *cresc.*, *f*, *p*, *arco*

Allegro moderato. ♩ = 112.

Woodwinds: *ben tenuto*, *p*
 Strings: *ben tenuto*, *p*
 Piano: *ben tenuto*, *p*
 Bass: *ben tenuto*, *p*
 Violin I: *p*
 Violin II: *p*
 Viola: *p*
 Cello: *p*
 Double Bass: *p*
 Piano: *p*

See - mann ist er, gleich mir, das Gastrecht spricht er an.
 He is a seu-man, too, and well may claim the right,
 E'un uom di mar qual me, che vien qui ad o - spi-tar.

Lang' oh - ne Heimath, stets auf fer - nen, wei - ten
 Far hath he travell'd, much hath known of storm and
 Da in-fi - do mar, re - mo - ti li - di - o - gnor co -

Vocal: *div.*
 Piano: *p*

Rei - sen, in frem - den Lan - den er der Schü - tze viel ge - wann. Aus sei - nem
dan - ger, His ship is full of gold, and gems that blind the sight! He will re -
stret - to a va - li - car, te - sor pre - zio - si po - tè ar - re - car. E que - sti of -

Va - ter - land ver - wie - sen, für ei - nen Heerd er reich - lich lohnt! Sprich, Sen - ta, würd' es dich ver -
ward with am - ple trea - sure Those who will give him health and home; Speak, Sen - ta! wouldst thou feel dis -
frir, of - frir ei vuo - le, a chi ri - cet - to gli da - rà. Di, Sen - ta, dim - mi non ti at -

p *cresc.* *f* *Solo* *p*
p *cresc.* *f*
pp *p* *cresc.* *f*
pp *p* *cresc.* *f*
pp *p* *cresc.* *f*
p *cresc.* *f* *p* *Senta nickt beifällig mit dem Kopfe.*
Senta inclines her head in assent.
Senta china la testa.

driessen, wenn die-ser Frem-de bei uns wohnt, wenn die ser Frem - de bei uns wohnt?
pleasure, Should he hence - forth our guest be - come? Should this stran - ger
te - dia ch'io gli of-frail no-stro tet - - to, di non fat - te - dia, our guest be - come?
 Sen - - ta?

p *poco cresc.*
p *poco cresc.*
p *poco cresc.*
p *poco cresc.*
p *poco cresc.*
p *poco cresc.*
pp *poco cresc.*
pp *poco cresc.*

sich zum Holländer wendend.
to the Dutchman.
 all'olandese.

Sagt. hab ich sie zu viel ge-prie - sen? Ihr seht sie selbst, ist sie Euch recht? Soll ich vom
Say. have I just - ly sung her prais - es? Behold her now! Is she to thy mind? Con-fess, she
 Dimmi tu sem - bra for-sei-per - bo-le quan-to di lei, di lei nar-ra - 1? Al - tro non

pp staccato *poco cresc.*
pp staccato *poco cresc.*

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.

p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.

p
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.

Lob noch ii - ber - flie - ssen? Ge - steht, sie zie - ret ihr Ge - schlecht! Ge - steht, — ge - steht, sie
shines with all the gra - ces, The per - fect flower of wo - man - kind! Con - fess! — con - fess, she
 vo - gliò a - des - so - ag - giun - ge - re, or tu co - no - sce - re po - tra - - i, tu stes - - - so, tu

Veeito & Bass.

p
cresc.

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
3 Tromb.
Timp.

f
f
f
f
f
f
f

p
pp
p
pp
p
pp

f
mf cresc.
mf cresc.

ad lib.

zie - ret, sie zie - - - ret ihr Ge - schlecht!
shines the flower of wo - - man - kind!
 stes - so! i vez - - - - zi, il suo can - dor.

Der Holländer macht eine bejahende Bewegung.
The Dutchman makes a gesture of assent.
 L'olandese china la testa in segno di assenso.

Daland wendet sich wieder zu Senta.
Daland turns again to Senta
 Dalandò si rivolge nuovamente a Sen - ta.

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.

Mögest du, mein Kind, dem Manne freundlich dich er - wei - sen, von dei - nem Her - zen auch spricht
 Sen - ta, my child! if thou wilt greet the stranger kind - ly, I doubt not thou wilt find his
 Dol - ci ma - nie - re al fo - re - stie - re u - sa, mia fi - glia, e pro - va an - cor do - nar - gli il

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.

hol - de Gab' er an, reich ihm die Hand, denn Bräu - ti - gam sollst du ihn hei - ssen! Stimmst du dem
 wish - es meet with mine; Reach him thy hand! Thy fa - ther gives you both his bless - ing! Child, to ad -
 pal - pi - to del tuo cor! Tuo fi - dan - za - to qui l'ho gui - da - to; e fia tuo spo - so, se gli of - fri a -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Solo espress.

Ob.
Cor.
Fag.

f *a 2* *p* *a 2* *p*

trem. *f* *p* *dolce* *pizz.* *p* *pizz.*

Senta macht eine zuckende, schmerzliche Bewegung.

er zieht einen Schmuck hervor und zeigt ihn Senta.
he takes out some ornaments and shows them to Senta.
leva un monile e lo mostra a Senta.

Va - ter bei, ist mor - gen er dein Mann. *Senta shudders, as if in pain.* ist mor - gen er dein Mann. *See here these*
rised by me! to - mor - row he is thine! *To - mor - row he is thine!* *See here these*
mor ap - pa - ghi il vo - to del ge - ni - tor, *Senta fa un movimento di dolore.* se gli of - fri a - mor. *Questo mo-*

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
Tr.

p *a 2* *a 2* *p* *arco* *p*

Band, sieh die-se Span - gen! Was er be - sitzt, macht dies ge - ring. Muss, theures Kind, dich nicht verlan - gen?
rings! look at this neck - lace! His wealth is bound - less, as I said. Sen - ta, do these not move thy en - vy?
ni - - le splen - di - do de' suoi non è il più bel, e tut - ti, e tut - ti a te apparten - gon,

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp.

Dein ist es, wechselst du den Ring!
All shall be thine when you are wed!
si scambi a lui fa-nel!

Senta ohne Daland zu beachten, wendet ihren Blick nicht vom Holländer ab, so wie auch dieser nur in Senta's Anblick versunken ist. Daland betrachtet sie.

Doch... Keines spricht?
Yet nei-ther speaks!
Ma... niun ri-sponde? Sa-

Senta takes no notice of him, and does not take her gaze off the Dutchman, who seems lost in contemplation of her.

Senta senza prestargli attenzione, tiene lo sguardo fisso sull'Olandese come questo sembra assorto a contemplar Senta.

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
3 Tromb.
Tuba.
Timp.

Sollt' ich hier lä - stig sein? So ist's am Be - sten lass' ich sie al - lein.
Would they be left a - lone? Well, well! 'twere best per-haps, that I were gone!
re - i già im - por - tu-no? Eb-ben! pru-den - za vuol che re - stin so-li.

er betrachtet den Holländer und Senta aufmerksam, und wendet sich dann zu dieser.
looks earnestly at the Dutchman and Senta, then turns to the latter.
osserva attentamente l'Olandese e Senta, e volgendosi a questa.

I Solo

Fl. a 2 f *cresc.* f *frem.* *pp*

Ob. f *pp*

Cl. f *pp*

Cor. *cresc.* f

Fag. *cresc.* f

Timp. *cresc.* f

mf cresc. *f frem.* *pp*

mf cresc. *f frem.* *pp*

mf cresc. *f* *pp*

mf cresc. *f* *pp*

Mügest du den ed - len Mann ge - win - nen! Glaub' mir solch Glück wird nimmer
Is not the bridegroom worth the win - ning? For - tune like this is all too
L'a - ma, l'a - ma, se non vuo - i es - ser ru - bel - la a miei de -

mf cresc. *f* *pp*

mf cresc. *f* *pp*

muta in Fis. H. (Fa dies, Si)

Fl. *dolce* *p*

Ob. *p dolce*

Cl. *p dolce*

Cor. *p*

Fag. *p*

cresc. *p* *pp*

cresc. *p* *pp*

cresc. *p* *pp*

cresc. *p* *pp*

cresc. *p* *pp*

cresc. *p* *pp*

zum Holländer.
to the Dutchman.
all Olandese.

neu, wird nim - mer neu! Bleibt hier al - lein! Ich geh' von hin - nen Glaubt mir,
rare, is all too rare! Rest here a - while, for I must leave you. Trust me,
sir, a miei de - sir! Tu re - - sta... io ti la - scio.... Cre - di

cresc. *p* *pp*

cresc. *p* *pp*

Fi.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
p dim.
p dim.
p dim.
p dim.
p dim.
p dim.
p dolce
p
p
p dim.
p dim.
più p
più p
più p
più p

Ob.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp H. Fis. (Si. Fa dièse).
più p
Cor. ord. mut. in H. (Si).
pp
pp
tr
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cor. III. IV. in E. (Mi)

Timp. *pp* *tr* *pp* *tr* *pp*

trem. *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp*

trem. *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp*

pp *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp*

spricht dieses Mäd-chens Bild zu mir; wie ich's ge-träumt seit ban-gen E-wig-kei-ten, vor mei-nen Au-gen seh' ich's hier.
Her gentle presence speaks to me! All that my dreamshave writ on mem'ry's pu-ges, All that I longed for, here I see!
 Pi-magin sua ri-de-stain me; quel-la che o-gnor so-gnai ca-ra sem-bian-za m'è da-to al-fine con-tem-plar.

pp

Clar. *pp*

Cor. III. IV. *pp sempre*

Fag. *pp*

sempre pp

sempre pp

sempre pp

p *arco*

pizz. *p* *arco*

pizz. *p* *arco*

Wohl hub auch ich voll Sehnsucht mei-ne Bli-cke aus tie-fer Nacht em-
Oft through the gloom therebroke up-on my ri-sion One ru-diant form, a
 Del fon-do del-la mia not-te in-fi-ni-ta mi ri-chia-ma - va un

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cor

poco riten.

un poco riten.

por — zu ei - nem Weib; ein schla-gend Herz liess, ach! mir Sa - tan's Tü - - cke, dass ein - ge-
 wo - - - man sweet and fair; But e - - cer more 't would prove some fiend's de - ri - - sion, Soon fled the
 an - - ge-lo all' a - mor, eil cor, pia - ga - - - to da cru - del fe - ri - - - ta d'a - - mor, d'a-

trem.

pp *cresc.*

trem. *pp* *cresc.*

trem. *pp* *cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

denk ich mei - ner Qua - len bleib'! Die dü - st're Gluth, die hier ich füh - le bren - nen,
 dream, and left me to de - spair. In this dull glow that in my heart is burn - ing
 mor, ri - po - so no non ha... Al tri - ste fo-co che m'av - vam - pa in se - no,

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cor.

pp

pp

pp

con portamento

Er steht vor mir mit lei-den-vol-len Zü - - gen, es spricht sein un - er - hör - ter Gram zu mir,
As in my dreams I see him now be - fore me, The grief that tortures him too well I know!
 E - gliè da - van - - tia me tris - to - e do - len - - te, per la fe - ri - ta che gli pia - - ga il cor;

mezza voce

mir. Wie ich's ge - träumt seit ban - - gen E - - wig - - kei - -
me! All that my dreams have writ in mem' - ry's pa - -
 par; quel - - la che o - gnor so - - gna - - i ca - - ra sem - bian - -

Ob.

Cor

p *pp*

kann tie - fen Mit - - leid's Stim - me mich be - lü - - gen? - Wie ich ihn oft ge - seh'n, — so steht er
Oft have I sighed to hear his pit - eous sto - - ry, Now, as I gaze on him — my tears will
 In - - gan - no è for - - se la pic - tà che sen - - te l'a - - ni - ma mia del suo — cru - del do -

ten, vor mei - - nen Au - - gen seh' ich's
ges, And all I longed for here I
 za, m'è da - - - to al - fi - - ne con - - tem -

fz p

hier. Die Schmer - - zen, die in mei-nem Bu - - - sen bren - - nen, — ach! Dies Ver - lan - gen,
f *flor!* But what is this new fire with - in me burn - ing? Ah! can my pi - ty
 lor? Ah! mil - - le vol - - telo so - gnai, si lo vi - di qua - - le or lo ve - do:

hier. Die dü - stre Gluth, die hier ich füh - le bren - - nen, sollt' ich Un - - sel' - - ger,
see! In this dull glow that in my heart is burn - - ing, Dare I be - - lieve the
 plar. Al tri - ste fo - - co che m'avvam - pa in se - - no poss'io in - fe - li - ce, dar

fp *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Fl.
Ob.
Clar.
Cor.

wie soll ich es nen-nen? Wo-nach mit Sehnsucht es dich treibt, das Heil, — würd' es, du Aermster, dir durch
in-to love be turning? Re-joice, poor wand-rer, for thy pain is past! Through me re-demption shall be
 qual io lo ve-do! Or la sa - lu - te, che tro - var tu vuoi col - la mia fe, vo' gua - da -

Lie - be sie nen - nen? Ach, nein! Die Sehnsucht ist es nach dem Heil! Würd' — es durch sol - - - chen
fires of love re - turn - ing? Ah no! re-demption now is all I crave! Has — this dear an - - - gel
 no - me d'a - mo - re? Ah no! spe-ran-za è di sa - lu - te al - men, al - me - - no co - stei mi fos - - - se

pp *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Heil, o Aermster, dir durch mich zu Theil,
demption shall be thine, shall be thine,
 quel-la sa-lu-te gua-da-gnar,
 würd' es, du Aermster, dir durch
through me re-demption shall be
 col-la mia fe-de gua-da-
più ritenuto

sol-chen En-gel, würd' es durch solchen En-gel mir zu Theil, würd' es durch solchen En-gel
un-gel suce me? Has this dear angel come my soul to save, Has this dear an-gel come my
 fos-se al-me-no, co-stei mi fos-sè al-men, co-stei mi fos-se l'an-gel
più ritenuto

Fl. Solo, *p dolce*
 Clar. Solo, *p dolce*
 Cor. *p dolce*
 Fag. *p*
 Timp. *p*
 Cello *p*

mich zu Theil!
thine at last!
 gna-re a te!

mir zu Theil!
soul to suce?
 re-den-tori!

Un poco meno sostenuto. ♩ = 80.

Oboi
Cor.
Tromb.

Holländer: sich Senta etwas nähernd.
Dutchman: coming nearer to Senta.
E'olandese: avvicinandosi di più a Senta.

Wirst du des Va - ters Wahl nicht schelten? Was er versprach,
Sen-ta, thou heard'st thy fu - ther's promise. Wilt thou consent?
Del ge - ni - tor la scel-ta ap - pro-vi? Vor-rai te-ner

Un poco meno sostenuto. ♩ = 80.

Cor.
Fg.

wie? dürrt' es gel - ten?
Speuk'dare I hope it?
la sua promes - sa?

Du könn - test dich für e - wig mir er -
Art thou re - signed to fol - low me for
Puoi tu vo - ta - - re a me tut - ta la

♩ = 88.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cl.

Cor.

Fg.

Tromb.

ge - ben, und dei - ne Hand dem Fremdling reichtest Du? Soll fin - denich, nach qua - len - vol - lem
 e - rer, Leon thy young head up - on a stranger's breast? Ah! of - ter all these years of vain en -
 vi - ta e sten - de - re la man, la ma - no al - lo stra - nier? Da questa vi - ta di tor - tu - ree -

Tromb.

Le - ben, in dei - ner Treu' die lang' erseh - te Ruh, in deiner Treu', in deiner Treu' die lang' er - sehn - - te
 deu - cour: Will thy true love now lead me to my rest? Will thy true love, will thy true love now lead me to my
 ter - ne poss'io ri - po - - so da tua fè spe - rar? poss'io spe - rar, poss'io spe - rar dal - la tua fè ri - po -

ad lib. ritenuto

colla parte

Un poco più animato. $\text{♩} = 56.$

Ruh? Wer du auch seist und wel - ches das Ver - der -
 rest? Who - - c'er thou art. What - e'er the con - dem - nu -
 so? Qua - - le tu si - - a e qual pur sia il sup - pli -

Senta.

Un poco più animato. $\text{♩} = 56.$

ben, dem grau - sam dich dein Schicksal komm - te weihn; was auch das
 tion That, by ma - lig - nant fate, pur - sues thee still. Thy lot be
 - zio. — Cui ti vo - tò cru - de - le e rio de - stin, e qual sia an -

Fl. *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim.* *p* *pp*
 Ob. *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim.* *p* *pp*
 Cl. *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim.* *p* *pp*
 Bassoon *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim.* *p* *pp*
 Bass *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim.* *p* *pp*
 Tenor *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim.* *p* *pp*
 Bass *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim.* *p* *pp*

Loos, das ich mir sollt er - wer - - - ben, ge - hor - sam stets werd' ich dem
 mine! I yield with re - sig - nu - - - tion O - be - dient e - ver to my
 cor la sor - te che ne at - ten - - - de, ob - be - di - - rò al pa - dre

Sempre più animato.

Cl. *pp* *pp sempre*
 Fl. *pp* *pp sempre*
 Tromb. *pp* *pp sempre*
 Bass *p* *p*
 Tenor *p* *p*
 Bass *p* *p*

Va - ter sein.
 fu - ther's will.
 mi - o.

Holländer. So un - bedingt, wie? könn - tedich durch - drin - gen für mei - ne Lei - - den
 Dutchman. Art thou so brave! Ah, sure - ly thou must feel them, These might - y throes that
 L'Olandese. Si fer - ma sei? Ah! for - se pie - ta - de de' miei do - lo - ri pie -

Sempre più animato.

Cor. I. II.

En - gels Lie - be Ver-worf' - ne selbst zu trö - - sten weiss! Ach, wenn Er - lö - sung
 un - gels pi - ty In hell it - self would bright - - ly shine! If wo - man's love can
 be - - ne - di - ce chi ma - le - det - - - to or - - è! Se la sa - lu - te an -

rall. poco ritenuto a tempo

Ach, wenn Er - lö - sung ihm zu hoffen blie - be, All
 If wo - man's love can purchase his re - demp - tion, May
 Se la sa - lu - te an - cor spe - rar ti li - ce,

mir zu hoffen blie - be, All - e - wi - ger, durch Die - se sei's! All - e - - - wi - ger, durch
 purchase my re - demp - tion, May hea - ven grant that love be thine! May hea - - - ven grant that
 cor spe - rar mi li - ce, — el - la, sì, ver - rà — per te, la sa - lu - - - te

rall. poco ritenuto a tempo

ritard. Agitato. $\text{♩} = 72$.

e - - wt-ger, durch mich — nur sei's!
 heu - ven grant that love — be mine!
 ah! ver - rä, ver - rä — per me!

Die - - se durch Die - - se sei's! Ach!
 love, — that love — be thine! Ah,
 a — me ver - rä — per te! Ah!

ritard. Agitato. $\text{♩} = 72$.

Ob
Cl
Cor.
Fg

komm - test das — Geschick Du ah - nen, dem dann mit mir — Du an - ge - hörst,
 didst thou know — the fear - - ful dan - ger Which thou with me — hence forth must share,
 se - tu po - tes - si spin - ge - re, spin - gere lo sguar - do nell' av - ve - nir,

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fg.
Tromb.
Timp.

Dich würd es an das O - - pfer mahnen, das Du mir bringst, wenn - Treu' du schwörst!
 Thy tim - id heart would shrink in terror from thal dread outh which thou must swear!
 e là il - de - sti - no che at - ten - de - ti spi - ar quan - to du - ro sia!

Fl.
Fg.

Es flö - he schau - dernd dei - ne Ju - gend dem Loo - se, dem Du sie willst weih'n, —
 Oh hear my warn - ing, ere thou swear it! Ask what thy heart within thee saith!
 La fè giu - ra - - ta, la fè giu - ra - - ta al mi - se - ro al - lor di - nie - ghe - re - - sti la

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Pflich - - - ten; sei drum ge-trost, un - sel'-ger Mann!
 du - - - ties! Thou needst not fear! faih - ful am I!
 vin - - co - li vo - lu - ti, vo - lu - ti dall' a - mo - re: or

Lass ü - ber die — das Schick - sal rich - ten, die sei-nem Spru - che tro - tzen kann!
 Ner - er for me — can fate — have ter - rors, Her sternest judg - ment I — de - fy!
 dun - que, or dun - que ti — ras - si - cu - ra tut - toè il mio cor, il mio cor — di te.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

In mei - nes Her - zens höch - ster Rei - ne kenn' ich der Treu - e Hoch - ge -
 My heart — beats high with wild — e - mo - tion. I must o - bey — the words — it
 Per quan - ti, per quan - ti sian — gli stra - zii, cui mi da - rà, da - rà — la

bot. Wenn ich sie weih, schenk ich die Ei - ne, die Treu - e bis zum
 saith! Then hear me swear! My true de - vo - tion is con - stant un - to
 sor - te. sem - pre fe - del fi - no allá mor - te, fe - de - le a te sa -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Allegro molto. $\text{♩} = 96.$

pp cresc. pp cresc. pp cresc. pp cresc. p dolce pp pp cresc. mf p cresc. pp cresc. pp cresc.

Trombe ord. in H. (S₁) Solo

Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timp.

p cresc. trem. pp cresc. trem. pp cresc.

Tod!
death!
rö.

Mit Erhebung.
with enthusiasm.
con entusiasmo.

Ein heil'-ger Bal-sam mei-nen
A heal-ing balm thou shedst up-
So - a - ve ar - ca - no, un

trem. pp cresc. trem. pp cresc.

Allegro molto. $\text{♩} = 96.$

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cl. *p cresc.* *mf* *p*

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *mf* *pp dolce*

Fg. *p cresc.* *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

Von mäch't - - gem Zau - - ber ü - ber - wun - den,
 My ar - - dent hope of his re - demp - tion.
 Ti vo - sal - var, sal - var ed es - se - re,

Wun - - den, dem Schwur, dem ho - hen Wort ent -
 ou that dear oath thy lips have
 bal - - sa - mo tu por - gi al - la mia fe -

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *p*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

reißt mich's zu sei - ner Ret - tung fort. Hier
 A ou - drous spell hath o'er me cast: Here
 a' tuoi do - lor, a' tuoi do - lor con - for - to. Ec -

fließt. Hörst es, mein Heil,
 ri - ta. Hear'st at last,
 Dai lun - - ghi cep -

p cresc. *mf* *p*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

01

ha - be Hei - math er ge - fun - - den!
 shall the wan - d'rer find a ha - ve!
 co il tuo tet - to: sia - ti o - ma - i

mein Heil hab ich ge - fun - - den! Mäch - - te, ihr
 hear'ds grace thy love hath won me! Hear this, ye
 dai lau - ghi cep - pi li - - be - ro, ri - na - - sco, ye ri -

cresc. *mf*

Hier ruh' sein Schiff in sich' - - rem Port!
 Here shall he rest, safe at home at last!
 se - - cu - ro e - ter - no, e - ter - - no por - - to!

Mäch - - te, die ihr zu - rück mich stiesst!
 fiends! ye fiends whose wrath I scorn!
 na - - sco a nuo - va, a nuo - va vi - - tal Hört es, ihr
 Hear this, ye
 Da - lun - ghi

sempre cresc. *cresc.* *f*

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment with dynamic markings such as *cresc.*, *mf*, *ff*, and *p*. The second system features piano accompaniment with *piu f* markings and rhythmic notation. The third system contains the vocal line with lyrics in German, English, and Italian. The fourth system continues the piano accompaniment. The fifth system shows the vocal line with further lyrics. The sixth system continues the piano accompaniment. The seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics. The eighth system continues the piano accompaniment. The ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics. The tenth system continues the piano accompaniment.

cresc.
mf
mf
mf
Timp.

piu f
piu f
piu f

Was ist's, das mäch - - tig
Why do I thrill - with
Que - sta che in sep, - in

ihr zu - rück mich stiesst, ihr Mäch - - te, die ihr zu - rück mich stiesst!
fiends, whose wrath I scorn! Now hear - me, ye fiends, whose wrath I scorn!
nuo - va vi - ta, ri - na - sco a nuo - va vi - - ta!

piu f
piu f

in mir le - bet, das mäch - tig in mir le - bet?
strange e - la - tion! I thrill with strange e - la - tion, Was schliesst be - rauscht mein
sen - mi - de - sta a nuo - vi sen - si il co - re, è fe - del - tà, - all è

Du Stern des Un - heils - sollst - er - bla - essen!
Plan - et of e - vil, - pale - be - fore me!
Où - ne - so - ra - bi - le e cru - do fa - to!

3 Tromb.
Timp.

p
pp
p
pp
p

Bu - sen ein, was schliesst mein Bu - sen ein? All - micht'
earth - ly joys a - bore, *all earth - ly joys a - bore?* *Al - might*
 fe - del-tà d'a - mo - re, che vien - mi ad a - ni - mar, e

Licht mei - ner Hoff - - nung, leuch - - te neu! Ihr
Shine, star of hope, once more a - bore! *Good*
 O stel - la a me, a me fa - tal, la

p
cresc.
p
cresc.
f

ger, was so hoch mich er - he - - bet, lass' es die
ly God, Who see'st my ex - al - ta - tion, Grant it be
 fe - del-tà d'a - mo - re, che vien - mi, che

En - - gel, die mich einst ver - las sen, stärkt jetzt dies
an - gels, to your grace re - store me! Strength en her
 mia - con - dan - na an - ti - ca e pres - so, her e

fp
fp

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. At the top, the woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons) and strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses) are shown with various dynamics such as *ff* and *f*. Below them are the brass instruments: Trombe in E (M), Tromboni, and Tuba. The percussion section includes Timp. (timpani) with trills (*tr*) and a *cresc.* marking. The vocal parts are written in both treble and bass clefs, with lyrics in German and English. The German lyrics are:
 lass' es die Kraft der Treu - e sein, lass es die Kraft der Treu - - e
 Grant it he born of con - stant love! Grant it be born of con - - stant
 che vienmi ad a - ni - mar, che vien - mi ad a - ni - - mar, ad a - ni - -
 stärkt - - jetzt dies Herz in sei - - ner Treu', stärkt jetzt dies Herz in sei - - ner
 Strength - en her heart in con - stant love, in con - stant love, in con - - stant
 pres - - so, è pres - so a ter - mi - nar, a - ter - mi - nar, a ter - - mi - -

The score includes various musical notations such as triplets, sixteenth notes, and dynamic markings like *ff*, *f*, and *p*. The vocal lines are accompanied by piano accompaniment, with some passages marked *ad lib.*

Oh. *p* *tr*

Cl. *p*

Cor. *p*

Fag. *p*

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

p Daland.

zeit!
give me,
sate!

Mein Volk hält draussen sich nicht mehr.
if I your ten-der talk de-stroy!

La miacurma è là impa-zien-te

nach je - der Rückkunft, wi - sset, giebt's ein
My men have spread the feast, and wait me
le fe - ste del ri - tor-no ad a - spet-

p dolce

p

p

p dolce

p

arco

p dolce

arco

p dolce

arco *tr*

p

Fest. Ver - schö - nern möcht' ichs, kom - me des - halb her, ob mit Ver - lo - bung sich's verei - nen
there, I come to ask you, shall I crown their joy? May we not toast the new - ly plight-ed
tar! Per ac - cre - scer la gio - ja io vor - rei dar la nuo - va dell' i - men che or or si com - pie-

p

arco

p

zum Holländer.
to the Dutchman.
all' Olandese.

zu Senta.
to Senta.
a Senta.

lässt?
pair?
rä.
Celli
Bassi

Ich denk', — ihr habt nach Herzenswunsch ge-freit?
Me-thinks — the woo-er's suit right well hath sped!
Spe - ro che già ben vi sia-te in-tesi.

Sen - ta, mein Kind!
Sen - ta, my child,
Sen - ta, mia figlia!

Non troppo allegro. $\text{♩} = 58$.

mit feierlicher Entschlossenheit.
with solemn resolution.
con risoluzione solenne.

Hier meine Hand, und oh - ne Ren' bis in den
Here is my hand! I plight my faith! To him will
Qui a te-sti-mon io chia-mo il ciel che vò mo-

Sie reicht die Hand!
She gives her hand!
Pla - ca - to al - fin

Sag' bist auch du be - reit?
speak! has the word been said?
di: sei tu con-ten-ta as-sai?

Euch soll dies Bünd-niss nicht ge - reun!
The bond is sealed! Oh joy - ful day!
Al gau - dio o-gnun! che un di più bel

arco
arco
arco

Non troppo allegro. $\text{♩} = 58$.

Più stretto. $\text{♩} = 104$.

Piccolo.

Tod ge-lob' ich Treu', bis in den Tod, bis in den Tod ge-lob' ich Treu! Ja,
 I be true till death! yea, true till death! To him will I be true till death! Yea,
 rir a lui fe-del! che vo' mo-rir a lui fe-del, a lui fe-del! A

Gespro-chen sei Hohn, Hölle, dir! Hohn. Höl-le, dir durch ih-re Treu! Sie reicht die
 Thy dir - est hate. Hell. I de-fy! I here de-fy! Love rules my fate! She gives her
 con me, fia il ciel or che tro-vai don-na fe-del, don - - - na fe-del! Pla-ca - toal

Es soll euch nicht ge-rein, es soll euch nicht ge-rein! Zum Fest! Zum Fest!
 Oh joy-ful, joy-ful day! Oh joy-ful, joy-ful day! Vow to the feast
 ma-i non ne die di questo il ciel, il ciel! A! gau-dio o-gnun!

Più stretto. $\text{♩} = 104$.

— oh - ne Reu' bis in den Tod ge - lob' ich Treu', Ja! oh - ne
 — with my hand I plight my faith! I will be true, I will be
 — te - sti - mon io chia - mol ciel che vo' mo - rir a lui fe -

Hand! Ge - spro - chen sei Hohn, Höl - le, dir durch ih - re Treu' Ge - spro - chen
 hand! Thy dir - est hate, Hell! I de - fy! Love rules my fate! Thy dir - est
 fin con me, fia il ciel or che tro - vai don - na fe - dell! Pla - ca - to al -

Heut' soll sich Al - les freu'n! Heut' soll sich Al - les freu'n! Euch soll das
 all come a - way! come all! Now to the feast a - way! The bond is
 che un di più bel, che un di più bel, mai non ne

Reu' bis in den Tod, gelob' ich Treu', ge-lob' ich Treu', bis in den Tod, bis in den
true, true un-to death! *I will be true, be true till death!* *I will be true, true un-to*
 del, a lui fe-del. chevo' mo-rir a lui fe-del, a lui fe-del, a lui fe-del, a lui fe-

sei Hohn, Höl-le, dir durch ih-re Treu! Gesprochen sei Hohn, dir, Hohn durch ih-re
hate, Hell. I de- fy! Love rules my fate Thy dir-est hate I de- fy! Thy hate I de-
 fin con me. fia il ciel or-che tro-vai, or che tro-vai, tro-vai don-na a-me fe-

Bündniss nicht ge-reu'n! Zum Fest! Heut' soll sich Al-les freu'n, heut' soll sich Al-les freu'n, heut' soll sich Al-les
sealed! Oh joy-ful day! Now come, come to the feast a-way! Now come, come all a-way! Now come, come all a-
 diè di que-sto il ciel! Al gaudiu-gnun! che un di più bel, il ciel no, mai non diè, il ciel no, mai non

Più presto. $\text{♩} = 112$.

The first system of the score consists of eight staves. The top two staves are vocal lines with lyrics. The remaining six staves are instrumental accompaniment, including piano and bass parts. The music is in a major key with three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Più presto' with a metronome marking of 112 quarter notes per minute. The dynamic marking 'ff' (fortissimo) is used throughout the system.

The second system of the score consists of three staves, primarily instrumental accompaniment. It continues the complex rhythmic patterns from the first system. The dynamic marking 'ff' is maintained.

Tod, _____ bis in den Tod _____ ge - lob' _____ ich
death! _____ *I* *will* *be true,* _____ *be true* _____ *till*
 del! _____ io vo' mo-rir _____ a lui fe -

Treu', _____ durch ih - - re Treu', _____ durch ih - - - re
fy! _____ *Love* *rules* *my fate!* _____ *Love* *rules* _____ *my*
 del! _____ or che tro-vai _____ don - na _____ fe -

fren', _____ heut' soll sich Al - - - les, Al - - - les
way! _____ *Now* *come* *a - way!* _____ *Come* *all* *a - -*
 die, _____ mai non ne diè _____ di que - - - sto il

The third system of the score consists of three staves, primarily instrumental accompaniment. It continues the complex rhythmic patterns from the previous systems. The dynamic marking 'ff' is maintained.

Più presto. $\text{♩} = 112$.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Treu!
death!
dell

Sie gehen ab; der Vorhang fällt.
exeunt; curtain.

Tutti escono; cala la tela.

Treu!
fate!
dell

freu'n!
way!
ciel!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ende des 2^{ten} Aufzugs.
End of Act II.
Fine dell' Atto II?

Musical score for woodwinds and strings, measures 1-10. The woodwind section includes Clarinet in C (Ut), Cor Anglais in F (Fa), Cor Anglais in C (Ut), and Trombone in C (Ut). The string section includes Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, and Double Basses. Dynamics include *ff* and *f dim.*

Musical score for strings, measures 1-10. The string section includes Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, and Double Basses. Dynamics include *f dim.*

Musical score for woodwinds and percussion, measures 1-10. The woodwind section includes Flute, Oboe, Cor Anglais in C (Ut), Bassoon, and 3 Trombones. The percussion section includes Timpani in C.G. (UtSol). Dynamics include *pp* and *p*. Trills are marked with *tr*.

Musical score for strings, measures 1-10. The string section includes Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, and Double Basses. Dynamics include *pp* and *pp trem.*

No. 7. Chor der Norwegischen Matrosen und Ensemble.

Chorus of Norwegian Sailors. — Coro di Marinai Norvegi.

Animato, ma non troppo allegro. ♩ = 80.

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti in C (Ut).

Corni vent. in F (Fa).

Corni ord. in C (Ut).

Fagotti.

Trombe ord. in C (Ut).

Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timpani in C.G. (Ut. Sol).

Tenori I.

Tenori II.

Bassi I.

Bassi II.

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viola.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Animato, ma non troppo allegro. ♩ = 80.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image displays a page of musical notation for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*, page 283. The score is organized into two systems of staves. The first system features a vocal line at the top, marked with *tr* (trill) and *dim.* (diminuendo), followed by a piano accompaniment. The piano part includes dynamic markings such as *meno f* and *p* (piano). The second system continues the piano accompaniment, with *dim.* markings and *p cresc.* (piano crescendo) markings. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and rests. The overall texture is dense and characteristic of Wagner's orchestration.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the top two staves likely representing vocal parts and the remaining eight representing the piano accompaniment. The second system consists of five staves, representing the piano accompaniment. The score is written in a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The music is characterized by a driving, rhythmic accompaniment with frequent changes in dynamics. The dynamic marking *f* (forte) is used extensively throughout. The phrase *più f* (piano più forte) appears frequently, indicating a further increase in volume. The marking *a 2.* (second ending) is used in several places, particularly in the vocal lines and the upper piano parts. The notation includes various rhythmic values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, as well as rests and slurs. The overall texture is dense and dramatic, typical of Wagner's style.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. From top to bottom: the first staff is the vocal line for the Dutchman, marked *ff*; the next two staves are the first and second violins, both marked *ff*; the next two staves are the first and second violas, both marked *ff*; the fifth staff is the first and second cellos, both marked *ff*; the sixth staff is the first and second basses, both marked *ff*; the seventh staff is the double bass, marked *ff*; the eighth staff is the piano, marked *ff*; the ninth staff is the harp, marked *ff*; and the tenth staff is the bass drum, marked *ff*. The music is in 3/4 time and features a complex, rhythmic texture with many triplets and dynamic markings.

Der Vorhang geht auf.

The curtain rises.

Salza la tela.

Seebucht mit felsigem Gestade; das Haus Dalands zur Seite im Vordergrund. Den Hintergrund nehmen, ziemlich nah bei einander liegend, die beiden Schiffe, das des Norwegers und das des Holländer's, ein. Helle Nacht: Das norwegische Schiff ist erleuchtet; die Matrosen desselben sind auf dem Verdeck. Jubel und Freude. Die Haltung des holländischen Schiffes bietet einen unheimlichen Contrast: eine unnatürliche Finsterniss ist über dasselbe ausgebreitet; es herrscht Todtenstille auf ihm.

A bay, with rocky shores. In the foreground, at the side, is Daland's house; in the background, near together, the two ships, Norwegian and Dutchman. It is a clear night. The Norwegian ship is lit up, and the sailors are on deck, feasting and singing. The Dutchman's ship presents a strange contrast; an unnatural darkness broods over it, and a deathlike silence reigns.

Una rada circondata da roccie; da un lato, sul davanti della scena, la casa di Dalando. Il fondo è occupato dai vascelli del Norvegio e dell' Olandese assai vicini l'uno all'altro. È notte chiara: il naviglio Norvegio è illuminato: i marinaiche sono sulla coperta danno segni di gioja. L'aspetto della nave Olandese forma un contrasto sinistro con questa allegria: una oscurità soprannaturale la circonda: vi regna un silenzio di morte.

The second system of the musical score continues the ten-staff arrangement from the first system. It features similar instrumentation and dynamic markings, with the piano part marked *piu f* and *ff*. The music continues with complex rhythmic patterns and triplets.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system contains ten staves, and the second system contains five staves. The notation includes various rhythmic values, including triplets and sixteenth-note runs, and dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *tr* (trill). The score is arranged for a full orchestra, with various instruments represented by different staves.

The first system of the score consists of ten staves of piano accompaniment. The music is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Dynamics such as *p* (piano) and *pp* (pianissimo) are indicated throughout the system.

Ten. I.
 Chorus of Norwegian Sailors, *Steersman, leave the watch! Steersman, come away! Yo - ho! yo - ho! make the*
 Ten. II. auf ihrem Schiffe.
 Chorus of Norwegian Sailors, *Steersman, leave the watch! Steersman, come away! Yo - ho! yo - ho! make the*
 Bass I.
 Coro di Marinai Norvegi, *Mari-nar, qui con noi! Vie-ni alfin a go-der! Gia nel fon - do po - sa*
 Bass II. bevendo sul loro bastimento.

Komm, lass' die Wacht!
 Come, leave the watch!
 Vien, qui con noi!

Komm' her zu uns!
 come, come away!
 Vie - ni a goder!

The second system of the score continues the piano accompaniment. It features several staves with musical notation, including dynamics such as *pizz.* (pizzicato) and *p* (piano). The notation includes various rhythmic patterns and rests.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *pp*

Segel auf! Anker fest! Steuermann, her!
anchor fast! Fast the sails! Steersman, come!
 Fanco-ra! Ma-ri-nar, vie-ni qui vien!
 Fürchten weder Wind noch bö-sen Strand,
What care we for wind or tide?
 Non c'è ven-to, non c'è sco-gli,
 Fürch - - - ten nicht bö-sen Strand,
What care we for wind or tide?
 Non c'è ven - to,

pizz. *mf* *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
pizz. *mf* *dim.* *p*
pizz. *mf* *dim.* *p*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

p

wollen heute'mal recht lu-stig sein! Jeder hat sein Mä-del auf dem Land, herr-li-chen Ta-bak und gu-ten Branntwein!
Good to - bac-co, und
buon ta - bac-co

Here we'll sit and sing so fine, With our sweethearts by our side, herr-li-chen Ta-bak and fie - ry wine!
Good to - bac-co, and
buon ta - bac-co

que - sto gior - no è del pia - cer! Trove-rem le no-stre bel - le. Ta-bak und gu-ten Branntwein!
To-bacco and fie - ry wine!
ta-baccoe un buon bic - chier!

woll'u 'mal recht lu-stig sein! Mä - del ist auf dem Land, und gu-ten Branntwein!
Here we'll sit and sing so fine, With our sweethearts by our side, and fie - ry wine!
que - sto gior - no è del pia - cer! Tro - ve-rem le bel - le. un buon bic - chier!

arco
p

arco
p

arco
p

arco
p

The musical score consists of two systems. The first system includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The second system includes a vocal line with lyrics in three languages (German, English, and Italian) and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *mf* and *cresc.*

System 1:

- Vocal line: *mf* (mezzo-forte)
- Piano accompaniment: *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc.* (crescendo)

System 2:

- Vocal line: *mf* (mezzo-forte)
- Piano accompaniment: *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc.* (crescendo)

Lyrics:

Hussassa, he!	Klipp' und Sturm draus,	Jol-lo-ho-he!	la-chen wir aus!	Hussassa, he!	Se-gel ein! An-ker fest!
Ha-ha-ha hey!	Foul or fair,	Yo-holla-hey!	What do we care!	Ha-ha-ha hey!	Anchor fast! Furl the sails!
Hu-sa-sa-hè!	L'u-ra-gan. si'	Jol-lo-ho-hè!	noi sfi-diam. sì!	Hu sa-sa-hè!	questo è il dì del piacer!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a piano (p) and a trumpet (tr) part, both marked *mf* and *cresc.*. The middle system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, English, and French. The bottom system includes a piano (p) and a trumpet (tr) part, both marked *p* and *cresc.*. The lyrics are as follows:

Klipp'und Sturm la-chen wir aus! Steuer-mann, lass' dieWacht!
Foul or fair, What do we care! Steers-man, leave the watch!
Ma-ri-nar, vie-ni a ber. vien! Ma-ri-nar, qui con noi!
Komm, lass' dieWacht!
Come, leave the watch!
Vien, qui con noi!

The musical score consists of two systems of staves. The first system includes five staves for the orchestra (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, and Double Basses) and three vocal staves. The second system includes three staves for the vocalists and a bass line. The lyrics are in German and are repeated across the vocal staves.

Vocal Lyrics:

Steuermann, her zu uns!	Ho! Ho!	Jel Ha!	Steuermann, her!	rink' mit uns.	Ho! Ho!
Steersman, come a-way!	Yo - - ho!	Yo - - ho!	Steersman, come drink with us!	Yo - - ho!	Yo - - ho!
Vienialfin a goder!	Que - sto è il	gior - no	del piacer, sì!	del pia-cer!	Vien pi -

Bottom Section Lyrics:

Komm her zu uns!
 Come, come a-way!
 Vie-nia goder!

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of multiple staves of music. The top section features instrumental parts, likely for the orchestra, with various rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings such as *più f*. The bottom section contains vocal parts with lyrics in three languages: German, French, and English. The lyrics are: German: "Jel Ha! Klipp' und Sturm, he! sind vor-bei, he! Hussa-he! Hal-la-he! Hussa-he! Steuermann! Ho! Yo - ho! Vien! pi -"; French: "Yo - - hol Foul or fair, What do we care? Ha-ha-hey! Hol-la-hey! Ha-ha-hey! Steers-man! Ho! Ho! Vien! pi -"; English: "lo - - ta, vie-ni a ber, si! vie-ni a ber, si! Hussa-hè! Jal-lo-hè! Hus-sa-hè! Jal-lo-hè! Ho! Ho! Vien!"; The score includes various musical notations such as treble and bass clefs, time signatures, and dynamic markings.

The musical score consists of several systems. The top system includes woodwinds (flutes, oboes, bassoons, clarinets) and strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses). The bottom system features vocal soloists (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a basso continuo line. The lyrics are in German, Italian, and English. The music is characterized by a strong, rhythmic accompaniment, particularly in the string section, which is marked *ff* (fortissimo). The vocal parts enter with a call to dance and drink.

Lyrics:

Yo - ho! lo - ta!	Her! Komm' und trink mit Come and — drink with Vie - ni a ber, vie - ni a	uns! us! ber!
Ho! Ho! Yo - ho! lo - ta!	Her! Komm' und trink mit Come and — drink with Vie - ni a ber, vie - ni a	uns! us! ber!
Ho! Ho! Yo - ho! Ho! Ho!	Her! Komm' und trink mit Come and — drink with Vie - ni a ber, vie - ni a	uns! us! ber!
— —	Her! Komm' und trink mit Come and — drink with Vie - ni a ber, vie - ni a	uns! us! ber!

Stage Directions:

Sie tanzen auf dem Verdeck, indem sie den Niederschlag jedes Taktes mit starkem Aufstampfen der Füße begleiten.
The sailors dance on deck, beating time with their feet.
 Si mettono a ballare sulla coperta.

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. The score is arranged in two systems. The first system consists of 11 staves: five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor 1, Tenor 2, Bass) and six piano accompaniment staves (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Violoncello, Double Bass, and Contrabass). The second system consists of 11 staves: five vocal staves and six piano accompaniment staves. The music is written in a complex, polyphonic style characteristic of Wagner's leitmotif-driven compositions. A central text block is positioned between the two systems of staves, containing the German, English, and Italian lyrics for a scene. The bottom of the page shows the beginning of a new musical phrase on two staves.

Die Mädchen kommen aus dem Hause, sie tragen Körbe mit Speisen und Getränken.
The maids come out of the house, carrying baskets of food and drink.
Giungono le damigelle portando sporte di cibi e di bevande.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of several systems. The top system is an orchestral introduction with multiple staves. The second system continues the orchestration with more complex rhythmic patterns. The third system introduces the vocal parts, including a soprano soloist and a chorus. The lyrics are in German, French, and Italian. The bottom system continues the orchestral accompaniment.

Chor der Mädchen.
Chorus of maids.
Coro di Damigelle.

Sopr. I, II.

Mein, seht doch an!
Now, on - ly look!
 Oh, guar - da là!

Mein, seht doch an!
Now, on - ly look!
 Oh, guar - da là!

Seht doch an!
On - ly look!
 guar - da là!

Sopr. III, IV.

First system of musical notation, including piano (p) dynamics and various musical notations such as triplets and sixteenth notes.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the piano accompaniment with dynamic markings.

Sie tan-zen gar! Der Mäd-chen be-darfs da nicht für-wahr! Sie gehen auf das bollandische Schiff zu.
They're dancing there! *No need for us, I do de-clare!* *They go towards the Dutchman's ship.*
 dan-zan-do stan! Di da-me, di da-me uo-po non han! Vanno sulla nave Olandese.

Tenori.
 Chor der Matrosen.
 Chorus of Sailors.
 Coro di Marinai.

He! Ma-del! Halt! Wo geht ihr
Hey! Maidens! Here! this is the
 Ehi! bel-le! eh! fer-ma-te

Bassi.

Third system of musical notation, including piano (p) dynamics and musical notation for the chorus.

The musical score is arranged in systems. The top system contains the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The third system contains the vocal line with German and English lyrics, and piano accompaniment. The fourth system contains the piano accompaniment for strings and woodwinds.

The lyrics are as follows:

Steht	leuch nach	fri - schem	Wein	der	Sinn?	Eu'r Nach-bar	dort	soll
How now!	Would you	like some	wine	to -	day?	But you must	leave	some
Fer-mar -	si? e	per - ché	mai?	per -	ché?	Do - nan-do	an - cor	a -

The piano accompaniment includes markings such as *pizz.*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *arco*.

p cresc. *f*
a 2
p cresc. *f*
p cresc. *f*
p cresc. *f*
p cresc. *f*
cresc.
p cresc. *f* *p*

tr *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr*
mf dim. *p* *cresc.* *p* *p*
tr *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr*
mf dim. *p* *cresc.* *f* *p*
mf *cresc.* *f* *p* *p*

Steuermann. Steersman. Il Pilota

Far-wahr! Tragt's hin den ar-men Kna-ben!
It's true! *They're tired* *with all their la-bours,*
 Si! di-te ben, que-i mi-se-ri

mf *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *p*
mf *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *p*

auch 'was ha-ben! Ist Trank und Speis' für euch al-lein?
for your neighbours, Pray do not think 'tis all for you!
 gli o-spi-ti per voi qui a-van-za as-sa-i!

Vor Durst, vor Durst sie schei-nen matt zu sein. Ei seht doch nur! Kein Licht, von der
Like us, like us they must be thirst-y too! *A gloom pro-found! No light, no*
 la se-te, la se - te lan-guir li fa. *Al-cun non v'ha nè un lu-me, nè un*

Matrosen. Man hört sie nicht.
Sailors. *How still they keep!*
Marinai. Chi li o - de mai?

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Mannschaft kei-ne Spur!
movement, not a sound!
 lu-me ivi ap-par.

Die Madchen dicht am Ufer in das hollandsche Schiff hinrufend.
Maids, calling to the crew of the Dutchman.
 Damigelle in proemto di salir sull' Olandese.

He! See-leut', He! Wollt Fa-ckeln ihr? Wo seid ihr doch?
Hey! Sail-ors, hey! Speak, where are ye? Show us a light!
 Ehi! Gen-te! ri-spon-de-te-ci ehi! per-chè'

Man sieht nicht hier!
we can not see!
vi sta-te al bu-jo?

Hel Hey! Ehi!
See-leut! Sail-ors, dun-que!
he! hey! ehi!

Matrosen, lachend.
Sailors, laughing.
Marinai, ridendo.

Ha-ha-ha! Weckt sie nicht auf! Sie schla-fen noch!
Ha-ha-ha! Cry not so loud, they're sleep-ing all!
Ah! ah! ah! non li sve-glia-te, dor-mo-no

Allegretto, non troppo presto. $\text{♩} = 63$.

(gestopft)
ppp

ppp

p

p

p

p

p

p

Ant-wor-tet doch!
An-swer our call!
Ehi! ma - ri - nar!

Grosse Stille.
Silence
Profondo silencio.

spöttisch, mit affectirter Traurigkeit.
jestingly, with an affectation of seriousness.
affectando serietà.

Ha - ha! Wahr - haf - tig, sie sind todt, sie ha - ben Speis' und Trank
Ha - ha! Why tru - ly, they are dead! No need have they of wine
Ah! ah! Son mor - ti, si, son mor - ti è vo - glia non han - no

p

p

p

p

Allegretto, non troppo presto. $\text{♩} = 63$.

wie zuvor. Ei, See-leu-te, liegt ihr so faul schon im Nest? ist heu-te für euch denn nicht auch ein Fest?
as before *H.y. Sail-ors! why are you so la-zy to-day? Is this not the sea-son for feast-ing and play?*
come sopra. *Per-chè o ma-ri-nar. dor-mi-re co-sì? Per vo-i di fe-sta non è que-sto di?*

Ist heu-te denn nicht für euch auch ein Fest?
Is not the sea-son for feast-ing and play?
 Non è di fe-sta per voi que-sto di?

nicht noth! wie vorher Sie
or bread! *as before.* *They*
di man-giar! *come sopra.* *Im-*

Musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with various musical notations including dynamics like 'p' and 'f'.

Musical score for the second system, continuing the orchestration with dynamic markings.

Musical score for the third system, including vocal lines and lyrics.

He! See-leu-te, wollt ihr nicht fri-schen
 Ho! ma-ri-ners! Here is fresh wine for
 Ve-ni-te, del vi-no squi-si-to è

He! See - leut', wollt ihr nicht
 Ho! Sail - ors! Here is fresh
 Ehi! ma - ri - nar, qui c'è il

Musical score for the fourth system, including vocal lines and lyrics.

lie-gen fest auf ih-rem Platz, wie Dra - chen hü - ten sie den Schatz.
 lie and brood with - in the hold. Like dra - gons guard-ing heaps of gold!
 mo - bi - li ri - man-go - no sic - co - me dra-ghi in guar - di - a.

Musical score for the fifth system, including dynamic markings like 'divisi', 'pizz.', and 'arco'.

Wein? — Ihr müs-set wahr-lich doch dur-stig auch sein!
you! — Are you not tired and thirst - y too?
 qui, — la vostra se - te am-mor-ze - rà!
wine! — Are you not tired and thirst - y too?
 vin. — La se - te am-mor-ze - rà!
 Sie trin-ken nicht, sie sin-gen nicht, in ih-rem Schif-fe
They sing no song, they drink no wine; O'er all their ship no
 Non be-vo-no, non can-ta-no, im-mo-ti al bu-jo

Strand?
strand?
zar?

Strand?
strand?
zar?

Sie sind schon alt, und bleich statt roth, und ih - re Lieb - sten, die sind todtl
Those a - ged cheeks have lost their red, And all their sweet - hearts long are dead.
Son es - si vec - chi li - vi - di - le bel - le già mo - ri - ro no.

Immer stärker und ängstlicher rufend,
loudly, with growing terror.
chiamando sempre più forte.

Hel See - leut! See - leut!
Hey, sail - ors! Sail - ors!
Ehi! ma - ri - nar! ma - ri - nar!

The musical score consists of several systems. The top system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment with dynamic markings such as *più f*, *a2*, and *mf*. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The third system features the vocal line with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The fourth system includes a vocal line with the instruction "Den Ruf der Mädchen verstärkend. Calling loudly together with the girls. Gridando insieme colle damigelle." and piano accompaniment. The fifth system continues the vocal and piano parts with dynamic markings like *più f*.

Lyrics:

— Wacht doch auf! Wir brin-gen euch Speis' und Trank zu Hauf! See - - - leut! See - - -
 — sleep no more! We bring you meat and drink ga - lore! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - -
 — su le - - sti qui c'è da man - giar da ber! Ehi! ma - - - ri - - -

Den Ruf der Mädchen verstärkend. He! See - - - leut! See - - - leut! See - - -
 Calling loudly together with the girls. Hey! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - -
 Gridando insieme colle damigelle. Ehi! ma - ri - nar! Ehi! ma - - - ri - - -

He! See - - - leut! See - - - leut! See - - -
 Hey! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - -
 Ehi! ma - - - ri - nar! Ehi! ma - - - ri - - -

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The first system contains ten staves of instrumental music, including strings and woodwinds. The second system contains four staves of vocal music with lyrics in German and English. The lyrics are as follows:

leut! ors! nar!	Wacht doch Sleep no Le - sti	auf! more! su,	Wacht doch Sleep no le - sti	auf! more! su!	See - leut! Sail - ors! Ehi!	See - leut! Sail - ors! ma - ri - nar!	Wacht doch auf! Sleep no more! Le - sti su!
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The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (ff, più f, ppp, gestopft), articulation (accents, slurs), and performance instructions (a2).

Langes Stillschweigen.
Long silence.
 Lungo silenzio.

betroffen und furchtsam.
terror-stricken.
 con sorpresa e timore.

Wahr-haf-tig,
'Tis true then
 Son mor-ti,

ja!
yes!
 si!

Sie
the
 son

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment with dynamic markings such as *f*, *p*, and *pp*. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The third system features the vocal line with lyrics in German and English, and the piano accompaniment. The lyrics are as follows:

schei-nen todt! Sie ha-ben Speis' und Trank nicht noth.
 men are dead! They have no need of wine or bread.
 mor-tiin ver! Non vo-glio-no ne ber, ne man-giar.

mit steigender Ausgelassenheit. Vom flie-genden Hol-län-der wisst ihr ja, sein
 with rising merriment. Of the Fly-ing Dutchman you all have heard! Will!
 scherzando. Uö-lan-de-se vo-lan-te co no-sce-te? sua

drauf!
true!
mit

Sie
They
Non

trin - ken
sing no
be - vo -

Wie viel hun - dert Jah - re schon seid ihr zur See? Euch thut ja der Sturm und die Klip - pe nicht weh!
Now tell us, how long since you last saw the land? Right well can your ves - sel the tempest with - stand!
Quant an - ni e quan - to sol ca - ste il mar? Tem - pe - ste e sco - gli tre - mar non vi fan?

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system shows the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The third system includes the vocal line with lyrics in German and English, and the piano accompaniment. The fourth system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment.

Lyrics:

nicht, sie	sin - gen	nicht, in	ih - rem Schut - fe	brennt	kein Licht.
song, they	drink no	wine, Or	all their ship no	light	doth shine!
no, non	can - ta	no, al	bu - jo im - mo - ti	re -	sta no.

Lyrics:

Habt	ihr kei - ne	Brief kei - ne	Auftrag für's	Land? Unsern
And	have you no	message, no	let - ter for	home? To the
Sea -	ve - ste	let - te - re	qui da por	tar ai bi -

The score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a vocal line and multiple instrumental staves (strings and woodwinds). The second system continues the instrumental accompaniment. The third system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, French, and English. The fourth system continues the instrumental accompaniment. The fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, French, and English. The sixth system continues the instrumental accompaniment.

Lyrics:

sind todt!
are dead!
ro - no!

lärmend Hei, See-leu - te, spannt eu - re Se - - gel doch auf und zeigt uns des flie - gen - den Hol -
noisily. Hey! sea-men! Come set your sails for a race, And show us the Fly - ing Dutch -
con ischerzo. Ehi, ehi! ma - ri - na - ri, le ve - - le spie - ga - te e fa - te ci ve der quan - to fi - la -

Musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with dynamic markings such as *ff*, *fp*, *p*, and *pp*.

Musical score for the second system, featuring multiple staves with dynamic markings such as *ff*, *fp*, *p*, and *pp*.

Die Mädchen entfernen sich furchtsam aus der Nähe des holländischen Schiffes.
in terror, turning away from the Dutchman.

Musical score for the third system, including vocal lines with lyrics in Italian, German, and French.

allontanandosi spavanta- Sie hö-ren nicht, uns graust es hier! Sie wol-len nichts - was ru-fen wir?
 tate colle ceste dalla All si-ent still! We shrink with fear! Let's leave them now! They will not hear!
 nave Olandese. Si- lenzio è qui, che fa ter-ror! No, non sta ben chia-marli an-cor.

Musical score for the fourth system, including vocal lines with lyrics in German and French.

län- ders Lauf! -
 - man's pace! -
 - tel -

Musical score for the fifth system, featuring multiple staves with dynamic markings such as *fp*, *p*, and *pp*.

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment with dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc. poco a poco*, and *p>*. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with similar dynamic markings. The third system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The fourth system continues the piano accompaniment. The fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics and the piano accompaniment with dynamic markings.

Ihr Mä - del, lasst die Tod - ten ruh'n! — Lasst's uns Le - bend' - gen
Oh maid - ens, let the dead men rest! — We who are liv - ing will
Glie - stin - ti in pa - ce o - mai la - sciam, E i vi - vi far — con -

Lasst sie ruh'n!
Let them rest!
lasciar con - vien!

Den Matrosen ihre Körbe über Bord reichend.
handing their baskets to the sailors.
 porgendo ai marinai che stanno a bordo le loro sporte.

Wie? kommt ihr denn nicht selbst — an
What! must you now be hast' - ning
 Come? voi stes-se non ve - ni - - tea

So nehmt, der Nach - bar hat's verschmäht.
Then take the gifts your neigh-bours spurn.
 Pren - de - - te ciò che quei ri-cu - sar!

güt - lich thun!
thank you best!
 ten - ti ap - pien!

Steuermann. Steersman. Il Pilota.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of two systems of music. The first system is a piano accompaniment for the first system, featuring multiple staves with dynamic markings of *p* and *cresc.*. The second system includes vocal parts with lyrics in German, French, and English. The lyrics are:

Bord? home? bor-do?

Ei, jetzt noch nicht! Es ist ja nicht spät. Wir kommen
 Yes for a time; but we will re - turn! So, to your
 Eh, non an - cor, ver - re - mo - poi! Beve-tea-

Wie? kommt ihr denn nicht selbst an Bord? Wie? kommt ihr denn nicht selbst an Bord?
 What! must you now be hast-ning home? What! must you now be hast-ning home?
 Come! voi-tes - se non ve - ni - te a bor - do! Come! voi-tes - se non ve - ni - te a bor - do!

First system of musical notation, including vocal line and piano accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *cresc.* and *f*.

Second system of musical notation. Dynamic markings include *cresc.*, *f*, and *p*.

bald, jetzt trinkt nur fort! Und wenn ihr wollt, — so tanzt da-zu, — nur gönnt dem mü- - den Nach-bar
 wine! Drink till we come! Now make you mer-ry with song and jest, — And let your near- - y neigh-bours
 desso, bal-la-te voi! Sol mi-ti-ga - - te tan-to gar-rir, — cheil buon vi - ein or vuol dor-

Und wenn ihr wollt, so tanzt da-zu,
 Now make you mer-ry with song and jest,
 Sol mi-ti-ga - - te tan-to gar-rir,

Third system of musical notation, including piano accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *cresc.*, *f*, and *p*.

First system of musical notation, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *p*, *f*, and *ff*.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the vocal and piano parts. Dynamics include *f* and *ff*.

Ruh', nur gönnt dem mü - den Nach - bar Ruh! lasst ihm Ruh', lasst ihm Ruh', lasst ihm Ruh! sie gehen
 rest! Yes, let your wear - y neigh - bours rest, let them rest! let them rest! let them rest! ab.
 mir, cheil buon vi - cin or vuol - dor - mir, vuol dor - mir, il vi - cin vuol dor - mir! partono.

Third system of musical notation, including the vocal line with lyrics. Dynamics include *f* and *ff*.

Die Matrosen öffnen und leeren die Körbe.
 Sailors, opening the baskets.
 Marinai vuotando le corbe.

Fourth system of musical notation, primarily piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *f* and *ff*.

Fifth system of musical notation, continuing the piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *f* and *ff*.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Molto vivace. $\text{♩} = 100.$

The score consists of multiple staves for the orchestra and two vocal parts. The tempo is marked 'Molto vivace' with a quarter note equal to 100 beats per minute. The music is in a key with one flat (B-flat major or D minor) and a 2/4 time signature. The vocal parts enter with the lyrics: 'Juch - he! da giebt's die Fül - le! Lieb' Nach - bar, ha - be' and 'Hur - rah! Here's wine in plenty! Good neighbour, thanksto'. The second line of lyrics is 'Vi - va il pia - cer e l'ab - bon - dan - za! Gratia vi - cin di cuor noi'.

Molto vivace. $\text{♩} = 100.$

Trank!
you!
tiam!

Hallo ho ho ho!
Holla ho ho ho!
Jallo ho ho ho!

Hallo ho ho ho!
Holla ho! Ho! ho!
Jallo ho ho ho!

Lieb Nachbarn, habt ihr Stimm' und Sprach,
If voi - ces still to you be long,
O buon vi - cin se pur lo puo - - i

Lieb Nachbarn, habt ihr Stimm' und Sprach,
If voi - ces still to you be long,
O buon vi - cin se pur lo puo - - i

Trombe vent in E. (Mi)

IIIte Solo.
meno f

meno f dim. più p

tr tr

p cresc.

trem

meno f trem

meno f

meno f più p

Von hier an beginnt es sich auf dem holländischen Schiffe zu regen.
The crew of the "Dutchman" begins to stir.

Sie trinken aus und stampfen die Becher heftig auf.
drinking their glasses together as they drink.
Qui i marinai olandesi cominciano di dare segni di vita.
bevono cozzando vivamente le coppe.

lachend laughing, ridendo.

so wa - chet auf und macht's uns nach!
Good neighbours, wake and join our song!
ti sveglia al - fin fa co - me noi - i!

Wachet auf, wachet auf!
Join our song! join our song!
Buon vi - cin! sorgial - fin!

Auf, macht's uns nach!
Come, join our song!
Fa co - me noi!

Hus - Hur - Hus - ff

so wa - chet auf und macht's uns nach!
Good neighbours, wake and join our song!
ti sveglia al - fin fa co - me noi - i!

Wachet auf, wachet auf!
Join our song! join our song!
Buon vi - cin! sorgial - fin!

Auf, macht's uns nach!
Come, join our song!
Fa co - me noi!

Hus - Hur - Hus - ff

meno f

meno f più p

Tempo I, un poco più mosso. ♩ = 84.

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes vocal lines for Soprano (Soprano), Alto (Alto), and Bass (Bass), and piano accompaniment for the right and left hands. The tempo is marked 'Tempo I, un poco più mosso' with a quarter note equal to 84 beats per minute. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *più f* (more forte). The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The third system introduces the vocal lyrics in Italian, German, and English. The lyrics are:

 Italian: sa! / rah! / sà! / Steuermann! Lass' die Wacht! Steuermann, her zu uns! / Ma-ri-nar, qui con noi! Vien al-fin a go-der!

 German: Steuer-mann, her zu uns! / Steers-man, leave the watch! Steers-man, come a-way! / Ma-ri-nar, qui con noi! Vien al-fin a go-der!

 English: Auf! lass die Wacht! Komm' her zu uns! / Come, leave the watch! Come here to us! / Vien, qui con noi! Vie-ni a go-der!

 The score concludes with a final system of piano accompaniment.

Tempo I, un poco più mosso. ♩ = 84.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor 1, Tenor 2, Bass) and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a prominent triplet pattern in the right hand and a steady bass line. Dynamics range from *mf* to *f dim.*. The second system continues the instrumental accompaniment with a *tr* (trill) in the bass line. The third system introduces the vocal parts with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The piano accompaniment continues with a *p* (piano) dynamic. The fourth system shows the vocal parts with lyrics and a piano accompaniment with a *pizz.* (pizzicato) marking. The fifth system shows the vocal parts with lyrics and a piano accompaniment with a *arco* (arco) marking.

mf *f dim.* *f dim.* *f dim.* *f dim.* *f dim.* *f dim.* *f dim.* *f dim.*

tr *p*

mf *p* *p*

pizz. *arco* *mf*

Imo Solo. p marcato

Ho, he, je, ha! Hisst die Se-gel auf! An-ker fest! Steu-ermann, her!
 Yo ho! Yo ho! Make the an-chor fast! Furl the sails! Steers-man, come!
 Già nel fon-do po-sa l'an-co-ra! Ma-ri-nar, vie-ni qui, vien!

Ho, he, je, ha! Hisst die Se-gel auf! An-ker fest! Steu-ermann, her!
 Yo ho! Yo ho! Make the an-chor fast! Furl the sails! Steers-man, come!
 Già nel fon-do po-sa l'an-co-ra! Ma-ri-nar, vie-ni qui, vien!

The musical score consists of two systems. The first system includes vocal staves for Soprano and Bass, and piano accompaniment for Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Cello/Double Bass. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The lyrics are provided in German and English for the vocal parts.

Lyrics:

heu - te wa - chen wir bei Saus und Schmaus, bes - se - res Ge - tränk giebt Mä - del uns vom Fass!
Now we sit and sing so fine, Pret - ty maidens come and bring us jol - ly wine!
 or ve - gliam vuo - tan - do i ca - li - ci. che le bel - le a noi le bel - le qui appres - tar!

heu - te wa - chen wir bei Saus und Schmaus, Ge - tränk giebt Mä - del uns vom Fass!
Now we sit and sing so fine. While mai - dens bring us jol - ly wine!
 or ve - gliam vuo - tia - mo i ca - li - ci, si, che le bel - le qui appres - tar!

heut' wa - chen wir beim Schmaus,
Now we sit and sing so fine,
 or vuo - tia - mo i ca - li - ci,

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of multiple staves. The vocal parts are in the lower half, and the piano accompaniment is in the upper half. The lyrics are written in three columns, corresponding to the vocal lines.

Lyrics:

Se - gel ein! <i>Furl the sails!</i> Questo è il dì	An - ker fest! <i>An - chor fast!</i> del piacer!	Klipp' und Sturm la - chen wir <i>Foul or fair, What do we</i> Ma - ri - nar, vie - ni a ber!	aus! <i>care!</i> vien!
Se - gel ein! <i>Furl the sails!</i> Questo è il dì	An - ker fest! <i>An - chor fast!</i> del piacer!	Klipp' und Sturm la - chen wir <i>Foul or fair, What do we</i> Ma - ri - nar, vie - ni a ber!	aus! <i>care!</i> vien!

Performance Instructions:

- tr* (trills) above the first vocal line.
- a. 2* (second ending) above the piano accompaniment.
- in E. (Mi)* (in E major) above the piano accompaniment.
- 11do Solo. p* (11th degree solo, piano) above the piano accompaniment.
- p marcato* (piano, marked) above the piano accompaniment.
- marcato* (marked) below the piano accompaniment.
- cresc.* (crescendo) below the piano accompaniment.
- più f* (more forte) below the piano accompaniment.
- cresc. poco a poco* (crescendo, little by little) below the piano accompaniment.
- p* (piano) below the piano accompaniment.

mf *mf* *a 2* *mf* *mf* *mf*

Timpani muta in H. Fis. (Si. Fa[♯].)

sempre f *mf* *f*

Steu-er-mann, lass'	die Wacht!	Steu-ermann, her	zu uns!
Steers - man, leave	the watch!	Steers - man, come	a - way!
Ma - ri - nar, qui	con noi!	Vie-ni alfin a	go - der!

Steu-er-mann, lass'	die Wacht!	Steu-ermann, her	zu uns!
Steers - man, leave	the watch!	Steers - man, come	a - way!
Ma - ri - nar, qui	con noi!	Vie-ni alfin a	go - der!

Auf.	lass' die Wacht!	Komm' her zu uns!
Come.	leave the watch!	Come here to us!
Vien,	qui con noi!	Vie - ni a go - der!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of several systems of music. The first system includes vocal lines for Soprano (Soprano I and II) and Bass (Bass I and II), and piano accompaniment for Violins I and II, Violas, Cellos, and Double Basses. The vocal lines feature triplets and are marked *piu f*. The piano accompaniment includes a prominent triplet figure in the strings and a melodic line in the bass.

The second system continues the vocal and piano parts, with the vocal lines marked *piu f* and *a 2*. The piano accompaniment features a *mf* dynamic.

The third system shows the vocal lines with lyrics in German, French, and English. The piano accompaniment includes a *piu cresc.* marking. The lyrics are:

Ho!	He!	Je!	Ha!	Klipp und Sturm, ha!	sind vor-bei! He!
Ho!	Hey!	Ho!	Ha!	Foul — or fair,	What do we care!
Vien,	pi	lo	ta,	vieni a ber, si!	vie - ni a ber, -si!

The fourth system continues the vocal and piano parts, with the vocal lines marked *piu cresc.* and the piano accompaniment marked *piu cresc.*.

Hus-sa-he! Hol-la-he! Hus-sa-he! Steuer-mann! Ho! Her komm und trink mit uns!
 Yo-ho-ho! Hol-la-ho! Yo-ho-ho! Steers-man! Yo-ho! yo-ho! Come and drink with us!
 Hus-sa-hè! Jal-lo-hè! Hus-sa-hè! Jal-lo-hè! Vien. pt-lo-ta, si, vie-ni aber, a ber!

Hu-sa-he! Hol-la-he! Hus-sa-he! Steuer-mann! Ho! He' Je' Ha' Her komm und trink mit uns!
 Yo-ho-ho! Hol-la-ho! Yo-ho-ho! Steers-man! Yo-ho! yo-ho! Come and drink with us!
 Hus-sa-hè! Jal-lo-hè! Hus-sa-hè! Jal-lo-hè! Vien. pt-lo-ta, si, vie-ni aber, a ber!

Ho!

Allegro. ♩ = 84.

Cor ord. in H (Sopr.)

Cor vent mut in A (La.)

Timp H. Fis (Si Fa#)

3 Piccoli *

Windschleuder

Tamtam

Tenori.

Bassi.

Chor der Mannschaft des fliegenden Holländ. (durch Sprachrohre)

The crew of the Flying Dutchman. Olandesi.

Jo ho-hoe! Jo ho-ho-hoe! Ho-jo-ho hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Yo ho-hoe! Yo ho-ho-hoe! Yo-ho-ho hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Jo ho-hoe! Jo ho-ho-hoe! Ho-jo-ho hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Das Meer, welches sonst überall ruhig bleibt, hat sich im Umkreis des holländischen Schiffes zu heben begonnen; eine dunkel-blauliche Flamme lodert in diesem als Wachtfeuer auf, heftiger Sturmwind pfeift durch die Tauen; die Mannschaft, von der man zuvor nichts sah, hat sich beim Leuchten der Flamme belebt.

The sea, which otherwise is quite calm, now begins to heave around the Dutchman's ship and a violent wind whistles through the yards. A blue flame burns on the mast and lights up the crew, who have hitherto been invisible.

Il mare che dappertutto rimane tranquillo, ha incominciato ad agitarsi dattorno alla nave Olandese; una fiamma oscura, giallognola, vi si scorge come fanale di guardia. Vento fortissimo fischia fra i cordami, e l'equipaggio, che fino ad ora era silenzioso, incomincia a muoversi.

Allegro. ♩ = 84.

* Sobald sich Musiker genug vorfinden, um die 3 Piccoli mehrfach zu besetzen, so sind sie auf der Bühne und zwar in der Nähe des holländischen Schiffes zu placieren; kann man sie jedoch nur einfach besetzen, so sind sie in das Orchester zu stellen

* If more than one piccolo can be got for each of the 3 parts, they should be placed on the stage, near the Dutchman's ship; if however there be only one player to each part, they must sit in the orchestra.

* Se ci sono musicisti abbastanza, per rimpiazzare alcune volte i 3 Piccoli, devono postarsi sulla scena, vicino al vascello olandese, se no, bisogna metterli nell' orchestra.

The score is divided into two systems. The upper system contains the orchestral accompaniment, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The lower system contains the vocal parts, with lyrics in German and English. The music is in the key of D major and 3/4 time. The vocal parts are marked with dynamics such as *f*, *ff*, *tr*, *sp*, and *f*. The lyrics are as follows:

Hoe!	Hoe!	Hui - - - -	ssa! Nachdem Land	treibt der Sturm.
Hoe!	Hoe!	Hui - - - -	ssa! Through the storm!	to the shore!
Hoe!	Hoe!	Huis - - - -	sa! Di-scendiam,	approdiam,

The musical score is divided into two systems. The upper system contains the orchestral accompaniment, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The lower system features vocal parts with lyrics in German. The lyrics are: Hui - - - ssa! Se-gel ein! An - ker los! Hui - - -
Hui - - - ssa! Furl the sails! An - chor down! Hui - - -
Huis - sa! ap-pro-diam, ca-pi-tan! Huis - - -

The musical score consists of multiple staves. The upper section features instrumental music with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f*. The lower section contains vocal parts with lyrics in three languages: German, English, and Italian. The lyrics are as follows:

ssa!
ssa!
sa!
 In die Bucht laufet ein!
Make her fast in the bay!
 Or le ve - le spie - ghiam!
 Schwarzer Hauptmann, geh' an's Land,
Gloom - y cap - tain, haste to land!
 Scen - dia ter - ra, o ca - pi - tan.

Additional markings include *trem.*, *p cresc.*, and *f*.

This system contains the first six measures of the score. It includes vocal staves for the soprano and bass, and orchestral staves for the strings, woodwinds, and percussion. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. Dynamics include *p cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*. The percussion parts include *3 Piccoli*, *Windschleuder*, and *Tamtam*.

This system contains the next six measures of the score, including the vocal entry with lyrics. The lyrics are:

sie - ben Jah - re	sind vor - bei!	Frei um blon - den	Mädchens Hand,	blon - des Mädchen	sei ihm treu!	Lu - - - stig heut'!
Now the seven long	years are o'er;	Woo and win a	maid - en's hand!	Maid, be faith - ful	e - ver more!	Feast - - - we to -
che sett' an - ni	cor - ser già,	dau - na bion - da a	ver la man,	cer - ca eassiem la	fe - del - tà!	Le - - - ve - le,

The musical notation continues with the vocal lines and the full orchestral accompaniment, including the same instruments as the first system. Dynamics include *p cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*.

The score consists of two systems of music. The first system includes a piano introduction with multiple staves of complex rhythmic patterns, marked *ff*. The second system features vocal entries for the Dutchman and the Dutch Wife, with lyrics in Italian and German. The Dutchman's part is marked *ff* and includes the lyrics: "Hui! day, hui! Bräu - - ti - gam! Hui! gay! Hui! -pie - - - ghia - mo!". The Dutch Wife's part is also marked *ff* and includes the lyrics: "Hui! day, hui! Brau - - - ti - gam! Hui! gay! Hui! -pie - - - ghia - mo!". The instrumental accompaniment continues with dense textures and *ff* markings.

The score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a wind ensemble (Piccolo I & II, Piccolo III, Windschleuder). The bottom system features a vocal soloist and a piano accompaniment. The music is in 3/4 time and the key signature has two sharps (D major or F# minor).

Lyrics:

Hui! — Se-gel auf! Dei-ne Braut,	sag, wo sie blieb?	Hui! — Auf in See! Ca-pi-tän! Ca-pi-
Hui! — hast die salls! But the bride!	say, where is she?	Hui! — then a way! Off to sea! For the
Hui! — sal-pa, hui! La tua spo - sa	do-ve stà?	Hui! — via sul mar! Ca-pi-tan, ca-pi-
Hui! — Se-zel auf! Dei-ne Braut,	sag, wo sie blieb?	ff Hui! — Auf in See! Ca-pi-tän! Ca-pi-
Hui! — hast die salls! But the bride!	say, where is she?	Hui! — then a way! Off to sea! For the
Hui! — sal-pa, hui! La tua spo - sa	do-ve stà?	Hui! — via sul mar! Ca-pi-tan, ca-pi-

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes five staves for the orchestra (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos/Double Basses, and Basses) and two staves for the vocal parts (Soprano and Bass). The middle system continues the orchestral and vocal parts. The bottom system features the vocal parts with lyrics in German and English. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, dynamics (ff, f, p), and articulation marks.

Lyrics:

tän, hast kein Glück in der Lieb!	Ha-ha-ha!	Sau-se Sturinwind, heu-le zu!	un-tern Se-geln lässt du Ruh!	Sa-tan hat sie
bride, she is not for thee!	Ha ha ha!	Vain thy hoort-ing; an-gry storm!	Sail of ours thou canst not harm!	Sa-tan's art hath
tan, non hai sor-te in a-mar!	Ah ah ah!	Ur-li in-va-no, ven-to i-ra-to,	al-le ve-le re-queie dà!	L'ha tes-su-te or-

uns ge-feit, reis-sen nicht in E - - wig-keit! Ho - - hoe! Hoe! nicht in E-wig-
sewn them fast. Till the day of doom - - ho past! Ho - - hoe! Hoe! till the day of
 ri - bil fa - to per sfi-dar le ter - - mi-ta! Ho - - he! He! si l'e-ter-ni-

The score consists of several systems of music. The top system is an orchestral introduction with multiple staves for strings, woodwinds, and brass. The second system continues the orchestration, including a part for 3 Piccolo flutes. The third system features vocal soloists: Tenor I, Tenor II, Bass I, and Bass II, with their respective lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The fourth system is for the Chorus of Norwegian Sailors, with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The fifth system contains a descriptive text in German, Italian, and English, explaining the dramatic context of the scene. The final system shows the continuation of the vocal parts with tremolos and dynamic markings.

Chor der Norwegischen Matrosen.
Norwegian sailors.
Marinai Norwegi.

Ten II.
Die norwegischen Matrosen haben erst mit Verwunderung, dann mit Entsetzen zugehört und zugehört.
The Norwegian sailors have listened and watched, first with surprise, then with horror.

Bass I.
I marinai Norvegli prima osservano con sorpresa poscia con ispavento quanto si succede sul naviglio Olandese.

Bass II.

Chorus Lyrics:
Ist es Spuk? Are they fiends? E un incanto?
Wie michs graut! What a song! In-tuo-niam!

Soloist Lyrics:
Welcher Sang! What a song! Qual canzon!
Ist es Spuk? Are they fiends? E un incanto?
Wie michs graut! How I tremble! In-tuo-niam!

Text:
Während des Gesanges der Holländer wird ihr Schiff von den Wogen auf und abgetragen, furchtbarer Sturmwind heult und pfeift durch die nackten Tauen. Die Luft und das Meer bleiben übrigens, ausser in der nächsten Umgebung des holländischen Schiffes, ruhig wie zuvor.
During their song a violent storm has raged round the Dutchman's ship; but in every other quarter the sea has remained perfectly calm.
Durante la canzone degli Olandesi il loro naviglio è balistrato dall'onde; orribile vento uria fra i nudi cordami. Tutto intorno al vascello Olandese a brevissima distanza regna la più perfetta calma nell'aria e sul mare.

The score consists of several systems of staves. The upper systems are for instruments, with dynamics like *f dim.* and *p*. The lower systems are for vocal parts, including a Chorus and a Soloist (Steuermann). The lyrics are provided in German, French, and Italian.

Chorus Lyrics:

Spuk? fiends? siou?	Singet laut! Louder yet! In-tuo-niam!	Steuermann, Ma-ri-nar,	lass' leave qui	die die tir watch! con noi!	Wacht! Steuermann, Vie-ni alfin	her come a
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Soloist (Steuermann) Lyrics:

Un-ser Lied! Louder yet! Can-to an-cor!	Singet laut! Louder yet! In-tuo-niam!	Steuermann, Steuermann, Ma-ri-nar,	lass' leave qui	die die the watch! con noi!	Wacht! Steuermann, Vie-ni alfin	her come a
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Chorus and Soloist Lyrics:

Stimmet an! Let us sing! Il mi-glior	singet laut! Louder yet! In-tuo-niam!	Komm, lass Come leave Vien, qui	die die the watch! con noi!	Wacht! Steuermann, Vie-ni alfin	her come a	Komm Come Vien
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The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It features multiple staves for vocal parts and an orchestra. The vocal parts include a soprano, alto, and tenor, with lyrics in German and English. The orchestra includes strings, woodwinds, and brass. The score is in G major and 3/4 time. The lyrics are as follows:

her zu uns!
here to us!
a go - der!

Die Mannschaft d. Holländers.
Dutchmen.
Olandesi.

zu uns!
to us!
go - der!

zu uns!
to us!
go - der!

zu uns!
to us!
go - der!

Hoi - He!
Yo - ho!
Hoi - He!

Hoi - He!
Yo! He!
Hoi - He!

Ho
Hoi
Vien!

Je! - Ha!
Yo - ho!
Je! - Ha!

Singet laut!
Louder yet!
Su can-tiam!

Singet laut!
Louder yet!
Su can-tiam!

Singet laut!
Louder yet!
for-te assai!

Singet laut!
Louder yet!
for-te assai!

Singet laut!
Louder yet!
Su can-tiam!

ssa! Jo-ho-hoe!
ssa! Yo-ho-hoe!
sa! Jo-ho-hè!

ssa! Jo-ho-hoe!
ssa! Yo-ho-hoe!
sa! Jo-ho-hè!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score is arranged in a standard orchestral format with vocal soloists. The top section consists of a woodwind and string ensemble. The woodwinds include flutes, oboes, clarinets, and bassoons. The strings include violins, violas, cellos, and double basses. The vocal soloists are Tenors I and II, and Basses I and II. The score is in 3/4 time and the key signature has one sharp (F#).

Vocal Lyrics:

Ten I II	Steuermann, lass' die Wacht!	Steuermann!	Ho! He!
Bass I II	Ma-ri-nar, qui cou noi.	Ma-ri-nar!	Ho! He!
			Ho! He!
			Ho! He!

Chorus Lyrics:

Hui - - - - -	ssa! Jo-ho-hoe!
Hui - - - - -	ssa! Yo-ho-hoe!
Huis - - - - -	sa! Jo-ho-he!

The score consists of several systems of music. The top system includes a vocal line and multiple orchestral staves with dynamic markings such as *ff*, *marc.*, and *f*. The middle system features a complex orchestral texture with *f*, *ff*, and *fp* dynamics, and a vocal line with lyrics in German and French. The bottom system continues the orchestral and vocal parts with similar dynamic markings.

Vocal Lyrics:

Je! Ha!	Steuermann, her zu uns!	Singet laut!
Hey! Ha!	Steersman. come a-way!	Louder yet!
Je! Ha!	Ma-ri-nar. vie-ni al-fin!	Su cantiam!

Chorus Lyrics:

Jo-ho-hoe!	Hui - - - - - ssa!	Jo-ho-hoe!	Jo-ho-hoe!	Jo-ho - he!	Jo-
Yo-ho-hoe!	Hui - - - - - ssa!	Yo-ho-hoe!	Yo-ho-hoe!	Yo-ho - hoe!	Yo-
Jo-ho-hè!	Hui - - - - - ssa!	Jo-ho-hè!	Jo-ho-hè!	Jo-ho - hè!	Jo-

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of three systems of staves. The top system is an orchestral arrangement with multiple staves for various instruments, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The middle system features vocal parts with lyrics in both German and English. The bottom system continues the orchestral accompaniment. The score is marked with dynamic indications such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The lyrics are as follows:

heu - le zu, an - gry storm, ven - to in - van,	un - sern Se - geln Sail of ours thou al - le ve - le	lässt du Ruh! canst not harm! re - quie dà!	Sau - se, Sturmwind, Vain thy how - ling Ur - li in - va - no, o	heu - le zu, an - gry storm! ven - to in - van,	un - sern Se - geln Sail of ours thou al - le ve - le	lässt du Ruh! canst not harm! re - quie dà!
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The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes five staves of instrumental music, with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *a2.* The second system includes five staves of instrumental music, with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *a3.* The third system includes a vocal line with lyrics in German, French, and English, and a bass line. The lyrics are:

Sa - tan hat sie selbst ge - feit, reis - sen nicht in E - - wig - keit, reis - sen nicht in

Su - tan's art hath sewn them fast, Till the day of doom he past, Till the day of

Lha tes - su - te or ri - - bil fa - to per sfi - dar l'e ter - - ni - tà, per sfi - dar l'e

The bottom system includes two staves of instrumental music, with dynamic markings such as *ff*.

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of two systems of staves. The top system includes a full orchestral score with woodwinds, strings, and percussion, along with vocal lines for the Dutchman and the Dutch Girl. The bottom system features vocal lines with German lyrics. The score is marked with various dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo), *più f* (più forte), and *trem.* (tremolo). The Dutchman's vocal line includes the lyrics: "E - doom - ter - wig - keit! - ni - be - past! - ta! - Jo - hoe! - Yo - hoe! - Jo - hohoe! - Yo - hohey! Yo - hohohoe! - Hui - Hui - Hui -". The Dutch Girl's vocal line includes the lyrics: "E - doom - ter - wig - keit! - ni - br - past! - ta! - Jo - hoe! - Yo - hoe! - Jo - hohoe! - Yo - hohey! Yo - hohohoe! - Ho! - Ho! - Ho!". The orchestral accompaniment is highly rhythmic and complex, with many notes beamed together. The score is written in a key signature of two sharps (D major) and a time signature of 3/4.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cl. $\text{♩} = 120.$

Cor. *pp* *più p* *pp*

Fag. *pp*

Timp. *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *pp*

sempre più p

Viol.

Die norwegischen Matrosen, durch den Sturm und das Toben des immer wilder gewordenen Spukes zum Schweigen gebracht, verlassen von Grauen übermannt ihr Verdeck, indem sie das Zeichen des Kreuzes schlagen; die Mannschaft des Holländers, als sie diess gewahrt, schlägt ein gellendes Hohngelächter auf: sogleich herrscht auf ihrem Schiffe die frühere Totenstille, — dicke Finsterniss ist wieder über dasselbe ausgebreitet; Luft und Meer sind ruhig wie zuvor.

The Norwegian Sailors, silenced by the rising storm and the increasing frenzy of the song from the crew of the Dutchman, are overcome with horror, and go below, making the sign of the Cross. When they see this the crew of the Dutchman burst into a wild laugh of scorn. Immediately death-like silence reigns in their ship; a thick darkness spreads over it, and sea and sky become perfectly calm again.

I Norvegi tentano invano col loro canto di soverchiare quello degli Olandesi. Il tumulto del mare, le grida, gli urli, il fischiare della bufera li riducono al silenzio. Nel colmo dello spavento fuggono dalla coperta facendosi il segno della croce. Gli Olandesi che li vedono fuggire mandano un stridulo grido di scherno. Tutto ad un tratto un silenzio profondo ricomincia a regnare sulla loro nave. L'aria ed il mare ridivengono perfettamente tranquilli.

$\text{♩} = 120.$

Cor. *gestopft* *ppp*

Fag. *ppp*

Timp. *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *pp*

Tam. *pp*

Viol. *ppp* *ppp* *ppp* *ppp* *ppp*

Nº 8. Finale.

A. Duett.

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 80.$

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti in B.(Si \flat).

Corni vent. in F.(Fa).

Corni ordin. in C.(Ut).

Fagotti.

Trombe vent. in F.(Fa).

3 Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timpani in F C.(Fa.Ut).

Tamtam.

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viola.

Senta.

Mary.

Erik.

Holländer.

Daland.

Chor der Mädchen und Matrosen.

Chorus of Maids and Sailors.

Coro di Damigelle e Marinai.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Senta, kommt bewegten Schrittes aus dem Hause; Ihr folgt Erik in der höchsten Aufregung.

Senta comes hurriedly out of the house, Erik following her in great agitation.

Senta esce di casa a passi concitati, la segue Erik nella massima costernazione.

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 80.$

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
Viol.
mf Erik.

Was musstich hö-ren! Gott, was musst ich seh'n! Ist's Täuschung? Wahrheit? ist es That?
 What hast thou told me! Heavens! what do I see! Am I dreaming? Waking? Is it true?
 A che, mio Di-o! a che son mai ri-dotto! È illu-sio-ne? è sog-no? è real-tà?

Senta.
Erik.

O fra-ge nicht! Ant-wort darf ich nicht ge-ben!
 Oh, ask me not! I have no an-swer to give thee!
 Nol chie-der, no! Nul-la ri-spon-der-ti non pos-so!

Gerech-ter
 Almight-y
 O giu-sto

Erik.

Gott! Kein Zwei - fel, es ist wahr! Welch un - heil - vol - le Macht — riss dich da - hin? Wel - che Ge -
 God! No long - er can I doubt! What strange un - ho - ly power — hath thee in thrall? Whose is the
 Dio! Non dub - bio è cer - tezza! Qual po - ten - za fa - tal — là ti tra - scina? Qua -

walt verführ - te dich, wel - che Ge - walt ver - führ - te dich so schnell, grau - sam zu bre - chen die - ses
 tongue doth tempt thee, whose is the tongue doth tempt thee from thy troth? Cru - el, to tor - ture thus my
 le, ah! qua - le in sì bre - ve tempo ti tras - se nell' er - ror a — la - ce - rar il po - ve -

treu - ste Herz! Dein Va - ter, ha! den Bräut'-gam bracht' er mit, wohl kenn' ich ihn, mir ahn - te, was ge -
 faith - ful heart! Thy fa - ther! Ha! 'twas he that brought him here! Ha! 'tis too plain! The sea - man of my
 ro mio cor? Tuo pa - dre. ahimè! qui ti guidò lo sposo, io lo co - nobbi, presen - ti — il fu -

schieht! Doch du Ist's möglich! rei - chest dei - ne Hand dem Mann, der dei - ne
 dream! But thou! Ah, Sen - ta! wilt thou give thy hand to one Whom till to -
 turol Ma - tu fia ma - i? Stender po - trai la man a un tal che oggi ap -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

a tempo

a tempo

Senta.

Erik.

	in heftig-m innerem Kampfe.	Nicht weiter!	Schweig!	Ich muss!	ich muss!
	<i>struggling with herself.</i>	Be silent!	E - rik!	I must!	I must!
	in preda ad interna lotta.	Deh, ta - ci!	Ta - ci!	Lo devo!	Lo devo!

Schwel - le kaum be - trat!
day thine eyes had never seen?
 pena no - to ti fu?

Erik.

Oh, _____	des Ge-horsam's.	blind wie dei-ne	That!	Den Wink des	Va - ters nann-test du will-
Oh, _____	<i>weak o - bi - dience!</i>	Canst thou be so	blind!	Hast thou no	thought he - yond thy fa-ther's
Ah!	l'ob - be dien-za	trop - po ti fa	cieca!	Del ge - ni - tor	con gio - ja adempi il

kommen, mit ei - - - nem Stoss ver - nich - test du mein Herz!
hid-ding? Canst thou he - hold, un - moved, my breaking heart?
 cen-no, e a me - - - d'un col - po tu - - - distruggi il cor!

Nicht mehr! nicht mehr!
 No more! No more!
 Non più! Non più!

Ich
 We
 Ve -

darf dich nicht mehr seh'n, nicht an dich den - ken, ho - - he Pflicht ge-beut's!
must not meet a - gain! I must for - get thee! 'Tis a ho - ly vow!
 der - ti piu non deggio, non più pen-sa-re a te, sa - - - cro ho un do-ver!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob
Cl.

Welch ho - he Pflicht? Ist's höh-re nicht, zu hal - ten was du mir einst ge - lo - bet, e - wi - ge Treu - e?
A ho - ly vow! And were it not more ho - ly To keep the vow you swore. — to love me for e - ver?
 Sa - cro undo-ver? Non e - ra sa - cro dun - que ser - bar la fe - del - tà — che mi hai pro - mes - sa?

Fl.

fp heftig erschrocken. terrified. spaventato.
 Wie? Ew-ge Treu-e hätt' ich dir ge - lobt? *schmerzlich. in anguish. con dolore.*
 What! Did I swear to love thee e - ver more!
 Che? Fe - del - tà? te l'ho giu - ra - to io mai?
ad lib.
 Sen - ta! oh Sen - ta, lung - nest du?
 Sen - ta! Oh Sen - ta! Will thou de - ny it?
 Sen - ta! O Sen - ta, vorrai men - tir?

B. Cavatine.

Andante. ♩ = 50.

Ob. Solo

Clar. *p espressivo*

Cor III.

Fag. *dim. p*

Viol. I. *pp p*

Viol. II. *pp p*

Viola. *pp p*

Erik.

Vcl. *pp p*

Cb. *pp p*

Andante. ♩ = 50.

Willst je - nes Tag's du nicht dich mehr ent - sin - nen, als du zu
Dost thou no more re - mem - ber that sweet hour When in the
Quel giorno hai for - se nell' ob - lio se - pol - to che dal - la



Cor. *pp*

Fag. *pp*

dir mich rie - fest in das Thal? Als, dir des Hoch - lands Blu - me zu ge - win - nen, muth - voll ich trug Be - schwer - den oh - ne
vale to - ge - ther we did rest, And I, — to cull for thee some cho - sen flow - er, Scaled, un - dis - mayed, the rug - ged moun - tain -
ru - pe mi chia - ma - stia te? Quan - do il fio - re del picco io t'ho rac - col - to sfi - dan - do ar - di - to il pe - - ri - gli - o - so



più animato

an, mei-nem Schutz — ver-trau-te er dich an. Als sich dein Arm um mei-nen Na-cken schlang, ge-stan-dest
me, - at the last — *commend-ed thee to me!* *Ah! when thine arms a - bout my neck were thrown, And from - my*
 sor, la fi - - - glia mia con-fi-do a te. Quan-do la te - - sta sul mio sen chi - na-vi giu-ran - do

più animato

rallent. a tempo

du mir Lie-be nicht auf's Neu? Was bei der Hän-de Druck mich hehr durch drang, sag! war's nicht die Ver-sich-rung dei-ner
side thou didst not ask to move, Whilst thy dear hand lay clasped with-in mine own, Didst thou not seal the pledge, the pledge of con-stant
 che fe-del sa-re-sti a me? Quan-do le mie nel - le tue man ser-ra-vi, non era io cer-to del tuo co-stante af-

rallent. a tempo

Ob. *cresc.*

Clar. *p cresc.*

Cor. *p cresc.*

Fag. *p cresc.*

trem.

p cresc. trem.

p cresc. trem.

p cresc.

p cresc.

Treu! sag' war es nicht, war's nicht Ver-sich-rung dei-ner
 love? Didst thou not seal the pledge, the pledge of con-stant
 fet-to, non era io cer-to del tuo amor, di e-ter-na
 Treu? Was bei der Hän-de Druck so hehr mich durch-
 love? Ah, when thy hand was clasped was clasped with-in my
 fe? Quan-do le mi-e nel-le tue man-ser-

trem.

p cresc.

p cresc.

Fl. *a 2* *accelerando*

Ob. *a 2* *mf cresc.* *f*

Clar. *a 2* *mf cresc.* *f*

Cor. *mf cresc.* *f*

Fag. *mf cresc.* *f*

mf cresc. *f* *p* *p cresc. molto*

mf cresc. *f* *p* *cresc. molto*

mf cresc. *f* *p* *cresc. molto*

mf *f* *p* *p cresc. molto*

mf *f* *p* *accelerando*

drang, sag war es nicht die Ver-sich-rung, die Ver-sich-rung dei-ner Treu?
 own, Say, didst thou not seal the pledge, Didst thou not seal the pledge of con-stant love?
 ra - - vi, non era io cer - - to di tua fe-de, ah! - cer - - to di tu a e-ter-na fe?

C. Finale.

Feroce. $\frac{2}{4} = 96$.
Picc.

entsetzt zurücktretend.
shrinking back in dread.
indietreggiando spaventato.

Erik.

Der Holländer hat ungesehen den vorigen Auftritt belauscht, in furchtbarer Aufregung tritt er jetzt hervor.
The Dutchman has overheard; he now comes forward, in fearful agitation.
L'Olandese che ha udito queste parole si precipita in preda ad una agitazione terribile.

Was seh ich! Gott!
Oh, hor-ror! Help!
Che veg-go? O ciel!

Holländer.

Ver - lo - ren!	Ach!	ver - lo - ren!	E - - wig-ver-lor'nes Heil!
Ah! false one!	Lost.	for e - ver!	Lost — is my hope of heav'n!
Per - du - to!	Ahi-mè!	per - du - to!	Ahi - - mè! per-du-to io son!

Feroce. $\frac{2}{4} = 96$.

The score consists of several systems of music. The first system includes a woodwind part (flute) and a large orchestral ensemble (strings, brass, and woodwinds) playing a rhythmic accompaniment. The second system features a piano and violin duo with a vocal line for Senta. The Dutchman's vocal line begins with the lyrics: "Halt' ein! Un - sel' - ger! zu Senta. / Stay I command thee! to Senta. / Mo - di in - fe - li - ee! a Senta." The Dutchman then asks, "Was beginnst du? / Art thou rav - ing? / Sen - ta, che fa - i?" Senta responds: "Sen - ta, leb' wohl! In See! in See! in See - für ew' - ge / Sen - ta, fare - well! To sea! To sea! to wan - der through the / Sen - ta, ad - dio! Sul mar, sul mar! mi vuol l'e - ter - ni." The score concludes with a final orchestral flourish.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines. The next four staves are piano accompaniment, with dynamic markings of *f* and *ff*. The bottom two staves are additional piano accompaniment. The music is in a minor key and features complex harmonic textures.

The second system continues the piano accompaniment with dynamic markings of *f*, *ff*, and *mf*. A vocal line begins in the third staff of this system, with the lyrics: "zu Senta. to Senta. a Senta."

Zeiten. Um dei-ne Treu-e ist's ge-than! um dei-ne Treu - e, um mein Heill
 a-ges! Thy faith is brok-en! Fare thee well! Thy faith is brok - en! I am lost.
 tàl Per quel-la fe-de-che non po - te-vi, che non po - te - - vi giu-ra-re a me!

The third system continues the piano accompaniment with dynamic markings of *f* and *ff*. The music maintains its rhythmic and harmonic complexity.

colla parte a tempo

First system of musical notation, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *f* and *ff*.

Second system of musical notation, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *f* and *ff*.

sich dem Holländer entgegen werfend.
throwing herself in the Dutchman's path.
 gettandosi d'avanti l'Olandese.

Senta.

Halte ein! Von dan - nen sollst du
Ah stay! a-way from me thou
 Ah, no! Non fug - gi - rai di

Erik.

Ent-setz-lich! die-ser Blick!
O hor-ror! What a look!
 Qual vi-sta! or - ror!

Holl.

Leb' wohl! —
Fare - well! —
 Ad - di - - ol!

Ich — will dich nicht ver - der - ben!
Thou — shalt not pe - rish with me!
 Ad - di - ol vi - vi fe - li - cel!

Third system of musical notation, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *f* and *ff*. The tempo marking *colla parte a tempo* is repeated at the end of the system.

Orchestral score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with various instruments and dynamic markings like *ff* and *f*.

Orchestral score for the second system, showing more complex musical notation with sixteenth notes and dynamic markings.

nim - mer flichn!
shalt not go!
qui giam - mail

Der Holländer giebt ein gellendes Zeichen auf seiner Pfeife und ruft der Mannschaft des Schiffes zu.
The Dutchman signals to his crew.
L'Olandese dà un segnale a suoi marinai con un fischio.

Se - gel auf!
Spread the sails!
Su par - tiam

Anker los!
Off to sea!
fi - di miei!

Sagt Le - be - wohl auf
Now say fare - well to
Di - te alla ter - -

Orchestral score for the third system, continuing the musical notation with dynamic markings.

Molto agitato. $\text{♩} = 84.$

Orchestral score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with dynamic markings like *f* and *ff*.

Piano accompaniment for the first system, including sixteenth-note passages and dynamic markings like *p*, *f*, *ff*, *mf*, and *cresc.*

Senta.

Ha! zweifelst du an mei-ner Treu-e? Un-
 Ha! dost thou fear I do not love thee? Thy
 Qual dubbio hai tu di tan-ta fe-de? Me-

Erik.

Was hör' ich? Gott! was muss ich se-hen!
 What words are these! Can I be-lieve it!
 Che sen-to, o Dio! che vegg'io ma-i?

E-wigkeit dem Lan - del
 all on earth for e - ver!
 ra per sem-pre ad-di - o!

Fort auf das Meer treibt's mich auf's Neu-e,
 A-gain to sea! Lost now for e-ver!
 Sull' on-de ancor an - drò va-gan-do,

Piano accompaniment for the second system, including sixteenth-note passages and dynamic markings like *p*, *f*, *ff*, *mf*, and *cresc.*

Molto agitato. $\text{♩} = 84.$

cresc.

The musical score consists of several staves. The vocal line (Soprano) has the following lyrics:

sel - - ger was verblen-det dich? Halt' ein! halt' ein!
 cru - - el wos how made thee blind! Ah stay! Ah stay!
 schin! chi cie - - - co mai ti fà? Ah sì, ah sì,

Muss ich dem Ohr, muss ich dem Au-ge trau'n? Was hör' - - - ich?
 Is it a dream that now my sense be-guiles? What words - - - are
 A sen-si mie - - i cre-de-re po-trò? Che sen - - - to,

fort, auf das Meer treibt's mich auf's Neu-ø! Ich zweifl'an dir! Ich zweifl'an Gott! Ich zweifl' an dir, - - - ich zweifl'an
 Once more to sea! Lost now for e-ver! No faith in thee! No faith in heav'n! No faith in thee! - - - No faith in
 sull'onde an-cor an-drò va-gan-do! Non cre-do a te, non cre-do a Dio! Non cre - do a te, - - - non cre-do a

The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings such as *fp*, *f*, and *p*, and includes the instruction *più f* in several places.

p cresc. *fp* *f*
p cresc. *fp* *f*
p cresc. *fp* *f*
p

mf *cresc.* *f*
mf *cresc.* *f*
mf *cresc.* *f*

halt' ein! das Bünd - niss nicht be - reu - e! Was ich ge - lob - - - te, hal - te ich. Halt
I swear by all the powers a - bove thee, The pledge I give thee still shall bind! Ah
 ve - ra - ce (il ciel, il ciel mi ve - de) è la giu - ra - - - ta fe - del - tà. Ah

Gott! Sen - ta! Willst du zu Grunde gehen? Zu mir! zu mir! Du bist in Satans Klau'n! Zu
these? Sen - ta! 'Tis not too late to sure thee! A - way to me! Thou'rt caught in Satans wiles! To
 Dio! Sen - ta! seascol - ta an - cor gli da - i... sei del di - mon, del di - mon che ti avvin - ghiò, del di -

Gott! Dahin, da - hin ist al - le Treu - e, was du ge - lobtest, war dir Spott! Was du gelobt,
hear'n? In vain, in vain my last en - deu - cour! Thine oath to me was falsely given! Thine oath to me
 Dio! La pa - ce che vi - ve - - a spe - ran - do, la pa - ce mi - a or tol - ta mè dal destin rio,

mf *cresc.* *f*
mf *cresc.* *f*

ein! halt' ein! Ha! zwei - felst du an meiner Treu -
 stay! Ah stay! Ha! Dost thou fear I do not love
 si ah si! Qual dub - biohai tu di tan-tu fe -

mir! zu mir! Du bist in Satans Klau'n! Was hör'ich? Gott! Muss ich dem Ohr,
 me! To me! Thou'rt caught in Satan's wiles! What words were those! Is it a dream
 mon, del di-mon! che tut-ta'av-vin-ghiò! Chesen-to, Dio! che veggio mai?

war dir nur Spott, es war dir Spott! Fort auf das Meer treibt's mich auf's Neu-e! Fort auf das
 was falsely given, was false - -ly given! Once more to sea! Lost now for e-ver! Once more to
 or tol-ta miè, or tol - - tan-è! Sull' on - de-an-cor! an - drò va - gan-do! Sull' on - de-an-

e? Un - sel - - - ger, was ver - blen - - det dich? Un - sel' - - - ger, Un - sel' - - ger,
 thee? Un - hap - - - py! What hath made thee blind! Un - hap - - - py! Un - hap - - py!
 de? Me - schi - - - no! chi cie - co ti fa? Me - schi - - - no, me - schi - no, chi

dem Au - ge traun! muss ich dem Ohr, dem Au - - ge traun, muss ich dem Ohr, dem Au - ge traun? O Gott!
 mysense be - guiles? Is it a dream my sense be - guiles? Is it a dream mysense be - guiles? O heaven!
 A' sen - si miei, a' sensi mie - - i cre - der po - trò a' sen - si mie - i cre - de - rò? O Dio!

Meer treibt es mich aufs Neu - e! Ich zweifl' an dir, ——— ich zweifl' an dir, ich zweifl' an Gott, ich zweifl' an
 sea! Lost now for e - ver! No faith in thee! ——— No faith in heav'n! No faith in thee! No faith in
 cor an - drò va - gan - do! Non cre - do a te, ——— non cre - do a te, non cre - do a Dio, non cre - do a

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The middle system features a prominent piano accompaniment with a complex rhythmic pattern. The bottom system contains the vocal line with lyrics in German and English. Dynamic markings such as *ff*, *f*, and *fp* are used throughout the score to indicate volume levels.

was ver-blen-det dich? Halt' ein, halt' ein! Das Bündniss nicht be-reu-e, wa-ich ge-lob-te
 What hath made thee blind? Ah stay! I swear by all the powers a-bove thee, All that I pro-mised
 cie-co ti fa? Ah si, ah si! ve-ra-ceil ciel mi ve-de) è la giu-ra-ta mia

O Gott! Sen-ta! willst du zu Grunde ge-hen? Sen-ta! Sen-ta! willst du zu
 O heaven! Sen-ta! 'Tis not too late to sure thee! Sen-ta! Sen-ta! Sen-ta! come
 O Dio! Sen-ta! sea-scol-toan-cor gli da-i, Sen-ta! Sen-ta! sea-scol-toan-

dir, ich zweifl'an Gott! Da-hin, da-hin ist al-le Treu-e! Was du ge-lob-test, war dir Spott,
 thee! No faith in heaven! In vain! In vain my last en-dea-our! Thine oath to me was falsely gi'en,
 te, non cre-do a Dio! La pa-ce che vi-vea spe-ran-do, or tol-ta m'è dal rio de-stin,

hal - - - te ich! Halt ein! halt ein! Was ich ge - lob - - - te hal - -
 still shall bind! Ah stay! Ah stay! All that I pro - - - mised still
 fe - - - del - ta. Ah si, ah si! è la giu - ra - - - ta mia fe - -

Grun - - de gehn? Zu mir! Zu mir! Sen - - - ta zu mir! Du bist in Sa - -
 here to me! to me! to me! Come here to me! Thou art in Su - -
 cor gli dai, ahimè! ahimè! sei del di - mon che ti av - -

es war dir Spott! Was du ge - lob - - - test, was du ge - lob - - - test, war
 was falsely giv'n! Thine oath to me, thine oath to me was false - -
 or tol-ta mè, si, tol-ta mè, la pa - - - ce, la pa - - - ce tol - -

- - te ich; was ich ge - lob - te, hal - te ich, was ich ge - lob - te, hal - te ich! Halt' ein! ——— halt' ein! ———
 - - shall bind, it still shall bind, it still shall bind! All that I promised still shall bind! Ah stay! ——— Ah stay! ———
 - - del - - tà, ah sì! ve - ra - ce è la mia fe, è la giu - ra - ta mia fe - del - tà! Ah sì, ——— ve - ra - -

- - tan's Klau'n! Zumir! Willst du zu Grun - de geh'n? Zu mir! Du bist in Sa - tan's Klau'n! Zu mir, zu
 - - tan's wiles! Ah come! Wilt thou not come to me? Ah come! Thou art in Sa - tan's wiles! Ah come! Ah
 - - vin - ghiò! Ahimè! seas - col - toan - cor gli dai, ahimè! sei del di - mon! ahimè, ahimè

- - dir Spott! Da - hin, da - hin ist al - le 'Trene! Was du ge - lob - test, war dir Spott, was du ge - lobt, war dir
 - - ly giòn! In vain in vain my lust en - deavour! Thine oath to me was false - ly giòn, false - ly giòn, false - ly
 - - ta mè! Non cre - doa te, non cre - doa Di - o, la pace mia or tol - ta mè dal destin ri - o ah

— Was ich ge - lob - - te, hal - te ich! Un - - - sel'ger! - halt' ein!
 — The oath I gave — thee still shall bind! Ah, hear me! Ah, stay!
 - - ce è la giu - ra - - ta fe - del - tà! Me - - - schi - no! me - - - schin!

mir! Du bist in Sa - tan's Klau'n! Willst du zu Grunde geh'n? Du bist in Satan's Klau'n!
 come! Thou art in Sa - tan's wiles! Wilt thou not come to me? Thou'rt caught in Sa - tan's wiles!
 mè! se - i del di - - mon! se - i del di - mon! che ti av - vin - ghiò!

Spott, was du ge - lo - bet, war dir Spott! Da - hin, da - hin! E - - wig da - hin!
 gi'e! Thine oath to me, was false - ly gi'e! A - way! a - way! Lost e - ver - more!
 sì dal de - stin ri - o tol - ta mè, la pa - - - ce tol - - ta or mè!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes five staves of piano accompaniment (treble and bass clefs) and two vocal staves. The piano parts are marked with a forte dynamic (*ff*). The vocal parts include a soprano line and a bass line. The second system continues the piano accompaniment and includes a vocal line with the instruction "muta in D.A. (Ré La.)" and a forte dynamic (*ff*). The third system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, Italian, and English, and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "wahr: time! me! Verdammt bin ich zumgrässlichstender Loo-e, zehn-facher Tod war mir erwünschte Lust! Condemned am I to tor-ture un-re-lenting! Death were a boon for which I long in vain! Dan-na-to io son al più crudel mar-ti-ro, die-ci mor-ti sa-rien per me un fa-vor!" The piano accompaniment continues with a forte dynamic (*ff*).

Lento.

Lento

trem.

Vom Fluch ein Weib al-lein kann mich er-lö-sen, ein Weib, das Treu-bis in den Tod mir hält. Wohl hast du Treue mir ge-
 My fate a woman's love a-lone can al-ter, A love that un-to death shall still be true. Such is the love thou hast to
 U-na don-na sal-var - mi — an-cor po-treb-be che a me fos-se fe-del fi-no al-la mor - te. Fe - den-thai tu giu-rata è

Lento.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Allegro.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are for vocal parts, with dynamics of *f*. The next four staves are for a string quartet (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Violoncello), each marked with *ff*. The bottom two staves are for the piano accompaniment, with dynamics of *f*. The music is in 6/8 time and features complex harmonic textures with many accidentals.

The second system continues the instrumental and vocal parts. It features similar dynamics of *ff* and *f* across the various staves. The vocal parts have some lyrics written below them, and the piano accompaniment continues with intricate patterns.

lobt, doch — vor dem E - wi-gennoch nicht: dies ret - tet dich! Denn wiss', Un-sel'ge, welches das Ge-
 me! But — by the Ho-ly Name thou hast not sworn! Thou still art free! For know, un-happy girl, the awful
 ver... ma — non da - van - ti all' E - terno... e ciò ti sal - va! Pe - rò tu dei sa-per qual sia la

The third system shows the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal part has a melodic line with some dynamics of *f*. The piano accompaniment is marked with *ff* and *f*. The system concludes with a final chord and dynamic marking.

Allegro.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are for vocal parts, with dynamics marked *ff* and *a²*. The middle four staves are for woodwinds, also marked *ff*. The bottom four staves are for strings, with dynamics marked *ff* and *a²*. A *muta in D(Re)* instruction is present in the fifth staff from the bottom. The system concludes with a *ff* dynamic and a *tr* (trill) marking.

in D(Re) tr
p cresc.

The second system features woodwind and string parts. The top two staves are for woodwinds, marked with accents (^) and dynamics *ff*. The bottom two staves are for strings, also marked with accents (^) and dynamics *ff*.

schick, das Je-ne trifft, die mir die Treu-e bre-chen! Ew'- -ge Ver - damm - - niss ist ihr Loos!
doom That wait-for those that once that oath have bro-ken! End - - less per - di - - tion is their fate!
sorte di quel-le don-ne che la fe'nhan rot-ta: e - ter - - na danna-zio - - nee lor de - stin!

The third system features woodwind and string parts. The top two staves are for woodwinds, marked with accents (^) and dynamics *ff*. The bottom two staves are for strings, also marked with accents (^) and dynamics *ff*.

Tempo I.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are empty. The third and fourth staves contain musical notation with dynamic markings of *f*. The fifth and sixth staves also contain musical notation with dynamic markings of *f*. The seventh and eighth staves contain musical notation with dynamic markings of *pp*. The ninth and tenth staves contain musical notation with dynamic markings of *fp* and *dim.*

fp *dim.*

The second system of the musical score features vocal lines and piano accompaniment. It begins with the marking *riten.* and *fp*. The vocal lines and piano accompaniment include dynamic markings of *dim.*, *f*, and *ff*.

ritard. portamento

Zahl-lo-se O - pfer fie - lendie-sem Spruch durch mich!
 Countless the victims that thus have met their doom through me!
 Fu - ro in - nu - me - ri vit - ti - me dan - na - te per mè!

Du — a - ber sollst ge - ret - tet sein! Leb wohl!
 Thou — shalt not! Thou shalt still be saved! Fare well!
 Ma — sal - va, sal - va tu sa - rai! Ad - dio!

The third system of the musical score features piano accompaniment. It includes dynamic markings of *fp*, *dim.*, *pp*, *f*, and *ff*.

fp *dim.* *pp* *f* *ff* *ff*

Tempo I.

Orchestral score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and dynamic markings like 'f'.

Musical score for the second system, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment with dynamic markings like 'colla parte tempo' and 'fp'.

Senta, *den Holländer aufhaltend.*
holding the Dutchman back.
nella più viva agitazione.

Wohl kenn' ich dich! wohl kenn'ich dein Ge-schick; ich kann-te dich, als ich zu-erst dich
Ah! do not go! *Long have I known thy doom!* *Well knew I thee. ere I had seen thy*
 Ben ti co-no - - sco, co-no - - sco la tua i-sto-ria, ti co-no-sce - - va pri-ma che ti ve-

Musical score for the third system, including piano accompaniment with dynamic markings like 'f'.

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It features a complex arrangement of staves, including a large orchestral section at the top and vocal parts below. The orchestral section consists of multiple staves for various instruments, with dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *ff* (fortissimo) indicating volume. The vocal parts include a soprano line with lyrics in German, Italian, and English, and a bass line. The score is divided into measures, with some sections marked 'tempo' and 'colla parte'. The lyrics describe a scene where characters respond to Erik's cry, and a sailor's prayer for salvation.

Auf Eriks Hilferuf sind Daland, Mary und die Mädchen aus dem Hause, die Matrosen von dem Schiffe herbeigeeilt.
 At Erik's cry, Daland, Mary and the maids rush out of the house, and the Sailors come from the ship.
 Alle grida di Erik sono accorsi Dalando, Mary le Dainigelle, Marinai discesi dalla nave.

sah! Das En-de dei-ner Qual ist da!
 face! Thy bit-ter torments now shall end!
 des-si! Qui fi - ne hail tuo ca - sti- go:

Ich bin's durch de-ren Treu dein Heil du finden
 I am she whose faithful love shall save thy soul at
 Ah! son i - o, son i - o che sal-vo ti fa-

p cresc.
cresc.
Solo.
a2 p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
f mf
f mf

Senta.
sollst.
last.
rà!
Mary.

Erik.
Helft ihr! — Sie ist ver - lo - ren!
Ah, help! — Help me to save her!
Soe - cor - so! Ell' è per - du - ta!

Holländer.
Du — kennst mich nicht, du ahn'st
Thou — dost not know, thou canst —
Non — mi co - nosci! Non sai —

Daland.
Was er - blick' ich! Gott!
Hea - ven help us! Help!
Che vegg' i - - o? Dio!

Soprani.
Was er - blick' ich!
Hea - ven help us!
Che vegg' i - - o?

Tenori.
Was er - blick' ich!
Hea - - ven help us!
Che vegg' i - - o?

Bassi.
Was er - blick' ich!
Hea - ven help us!
Che vegg' i - o?

p cresc.
p cresc.

in G. (Sol.)

in D. (Ré)

Er deutet auf sein Schiff, dessen blutrothe Segel aufgespannt werden und dessen Mannschaft in gespenstischer Regsamkeit die Abfahrt vorbereitet.
He points to his ship, where the blood-red sails are set and the spectral crew are busy preparing for departure.
 Egli mostra la sua nave, di cui sono spiegate le vele rosse, e l'equipaggio è intento a prepararsi alacramente per la partenza.

Holländer.

— nicht wer ich bin!	Be-frag' die Mee - - re al - ler Zo - nen,	be-frag' den Seemann, der den
— not know my name!	Go ask the waves _____ in cud-less mo-tion,	Go ask the sai-lor whose
— chi io mi sia!	Lo chie-diai mar _____ del mondo in - te - ro,	il chiedial noc-chie-ro che

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The first system of the score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for the vocal line, and the bottom five are for the piano accompaniment. The music begins with a series of rests, followed by a melodic entry in the vocal line. Dynamics include *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The key signature has one flat, and the time signature is 3/4.

The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The vocal line features a series of notes with a dynamic marking of *mf*. The piano accompaniment consists of chords and rhythmic patterns. The system concludes with a double bar line.

The third system is a single staff of music, likely representing a specific instrument or a vocal line. It contains a series of notes and rests, with a dynamic marking of *f*.

O - ce-an durch - strich! Er kennt dies Schiff; das Schrecken al - ler Frommen: den flie - gen - den Hol - län - der
home is on the sea! *Woll doth he know this ter - ror of the o - cean, "The Fly - ing Dutchman!"*
 l'o - ce-an sol - cò, questa nave ei co - no - sce e n'ha ter - ro - re: L'O - lan - de - se vo - lan - te

The fourth system consists of two staves, likely for a piano accompaniment. It contains musical notation with rests and dynamics.

in G (Sol) a2

a2

f

piuf

piuf

in D (Ré)

Mary.

Erik.
Der Holländer gelangt mit Blitzesschnelle an Bord seines Schiffes, welches augenblicklich die Küste verlässt und in See geht. Senta will dem Holländer nacheilen. Daland, Erik und Mary halten sie zurück.

Daland.
Swift as lightning the Dutchman springs on board his ship, which immediately puts to sea. Senta rushes towards the Dutchman, but is held back by Daland, Erik and Mary.

Holl.
Colla celerità del lampo sale a bordo del suo vascello, che s'allontana nello stesso momento fra le grida dell'equipaggio. Tutti rimangono immobili, e presi di spavento. Senta si sforza di sfuggire dalle mani di Dalando e di Erik che la trattengono.

nennt man mich.
am he!
quel io son.

Die Mannschaft des Holländers. Jo - ho - hoe! Jo - ho - ho - hoe! Ho - jo - ho - hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!
The Dutchmen. Yo - ho - hoe! Yo - ho - ho - hoe! Ho - jo - ho - hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!
L'Equipaggio dell' Olandese. Jo - ho - hoe! Jo - ho - ho - hoe! Ho - jo - ho - hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Sen - ta!
Sen - ta!
Sen - ta!

Sen - ta!
Sen - ta!
Sen - ta!

Sen - ta!
Sen - ta!
Sen - ta!

colla parte

The score consists of multiple staves of music. The upper staves are instrumental, with dynamics such as *cresc.*, *ff*, and *più f*. The lower staves include vocal parts with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The lyrics describe Senta's dramatic escape from the Dutchman's clutches.

German Lyrics:
 Senta hat sich mit wütender Gewalt losgerissen und erreicht ein in das Meer vorstehendes Felsenriff; von da ruft sie mit aller Kraft dem absegelnden Holländer nach.

Italian Lyrics:
 Senta si è liberata alla fine: sale sulla punta di una roccia che isorge sul mare: di là grida con tutta la forza possibile all'Olandese che si allontana.

English Lyrics:
 With frenzied strength Senta tears herself away and rushes to the top of a cliff overhanging the sea; with all her force she calls after the Dutchman as he sails away.

Vocal Part:
 Sen - ta! Was willst du thun?
 Sen - ta! What wouldst thou do?
 Sen - ta! Che far vuoi tu?

Chorus:
 Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hui - - - ssa!
 Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hui - - - ssa!
 Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hui - - - ssa!

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes staves for various instruments (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons, strings, and percussion) with dynamic markings of *ff* and *fff*. The second system continues the instrumental accompaniment. The third system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, Italian, and English, accompanied by piano and bass staves. The lyrics describe the Dutchman's fate: he stands faithfully until death, then throws himself into the sea, causing the ship to sink and the sea to rise in a whirlpool.

Lyrics:

—	Hier steh ich,	treu — dir	bis zum Tod!	Sie stürzt sich in das Meer; sogleich versinkt das Schiff des Holländers mit al-
—	Herstand I,	faith - ful	till I die!	ler Mannschaft. Das Meer schwillt hoch auf und sinkt dann in einem Wir-
—	mi guar-da,—	muo - jo	a te fe - dell!	bel wieder zurück. The sea rises high, and is then drawn down in a whirlpool.

She throws herself into the sea; immediately the Dutchman's ship dis-appears in the waves. The sea rises high, and is then drawn down in a whirlpool. Si precipita nel mare; nello stesso momento la nave dell'Olandese sprofonda e sparisce.

Clarineti in C. (Ut)

in G. (Sol)

in D. (Ré)

in D. (Ré)

Timp.

Arpa.

Im Glührot der aufgehenden Sonne sieht man über den Trümmern des Schiffes die verklärten Gestalten Senta's und des Holländer's sich umschlungen haltend dem Meere entsteigen und aufwärts schweben.
In the red light of the rising sun, the glorified forms of Senta and the Dutchman are seen, in a close embrace, rising from the wreck of the vessel and soaring upwards.

In lontananza, si vedono elevarsi dall' onde l'Olandese e Senta abbracciati e trasfigurati in mezzo a raggi di una luce vivissima.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The second system consists of five staves, primarily piano accompaniment. The score is written in G major and 2/4 time. Dynamic markings are prominent throughout, including *cresc.*, *ff*, and *sempre ff*. There are also performance instructions such as *tr* (trill) and *p* (piano). The notation includes various rhythmic values, accidentals, and articulation marks.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image displays a page of musical notation for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*, page 401. The score is organized into two main systems of staves. The first system features vocal lines (soprano, alto, tenor, and bass) and piano accompaniment. The piano part includes complex textures with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *ff* (fortissimo). Tempo markings like *molto marcato* are present. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with similar rhythmic intensity and dynamic markings. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, time signatures, and articulation marks.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of staves. The first system consists of ten staves, with the top two staves for vocal parts and the remaining eight for the orchestra. The second system consists of five staves, primarily for the orchestra. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamic marking *ff* (fortissimo) is used in several places, and *sempre ff* (sempre fortissimo) is used in the lower staves of the second system. The notation includes slurs, ties, and other standard musical symbols.

Un poco ritenuto.

Un poco ritenuto.

Eine blendende Glorie erleuchtet die Gruppe im Hintergrunde; Senta erhebt den Holländer, drückt ihn an die Brust und deutet mit der Hand wie mit ihrem Blicke himmelwärts. Das leise immer höher gerückte Felsenriff nimmt unmerklich die Gestalt einer Wolke an

A dazzling radiance illuminates the group in the background. Senta raises the Dutchman, presses him to her breast, and points upwards, with her eyes raised to heaven.

The cliff-line is gradually raised higher and higher and imperceptibly assumes the form of a cloud.

Una aureola, abbagliante illumina il gruppo nello sfondo; Senta rialza l'Olandese, lo stringe al seno e gli addita colla mano e collo sguardo il cielo.

Il sottostante banco di scogli, che si innalza sempre più, assume insensibilmente la forma di una nuvola.

Un poco ritenuto.

This system contains the first ten measures of the score. It features a complex orchestral arrangement with multiple staves. The notation includes various dynamics such as *pp*, *p*, and *cresc.* leading to *f*. There are also trill markings (*tr*) in the lower staves.

This system contains measures 11-18. It features a melodic line with a *rall.* (rallentando) marking. Below the main staff, there is a *pizz.* (pizzicato) instruction for a lower instrument.

This system contains measures 19-26. It includes performance instructions in three languages: German ("Mit den letzten 3 Taktten *p* *espress.* fällt der Vorhang schnell."), English ("With the last three measures the curtain falls. *p* *espress.*"), and Italian ("Colle ultime tre misure cala la tela. *p*"). The notation includes dynamics like *p*, *p pizz.*, *arco*, and *cresc.* leading to *f*.

Ende der Oper.
End of the Opera.
Fine dell' Opera.

Anhang.

Supplement for p. 384, measure 6 to p. 390, measure 4

♩ = 104. Recit.

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti in B (Si).

Corni ventil in F (Fa).

Corni ordin. in C (Ut).

Fagotti.

Trombe ventil in F (Fa).

3 Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timpani F u. C (Fa Ut).

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viola.

Holländer.

Violoncellò.

Contrabasso.

Er - fah-re das Geschick, vor dem ich dich be - wahr:
Now learn my awful fate, and thou, be warned in time!
Ap - prendi qual de-stin ti le-ga a-des-so a me!

♩ = 104. Recit.

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. The score is arranged in two systems. The first system consists of 12 staves, including a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) for the vocal line and several staves for the orchestra. The second system consists of 6 staves, including a grand staff for the vocal line and four staves for the orchestra. The music is in a minor key and 6/8 time. The lyrics are written in German, Italian, and English. The German lyrics are: 'Verdammt bin ich zum grässlichsten der Loo-se, zehn-fa-cher Tod wär' mir erwünschte Lust!'. The Italian lyrics are: 'Danna-to io son al più cru-del mar-ti-ro, die-ci mor-ti sa-rien per me un fa-vor!'. The English lyrics are: 'Condemned am I to tor-ture un-re-lenting! Death were a boon for which I long in vain!'. The score includes dynamic markings such as *ff* and *ff*. There are also performance instructions like 'in D u. A (Ré La)', 'a 2.', and 'I. II. III.'.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for various instruments, and the bottom five are for vocal parts. The tempo is marked *Lento*. Dynamics include *pp* (pianissimo) and *ppp* (pianissimissimo). The music is in common time (C) and the key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat).

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The tempo is marked *Lento trem.* (Lento with tremolo). Dynamics include *pp* (pianissimo). The music is in common time (C) and the key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat).

The third system of the musical score features a vocal line with lyrics. The tempo is marked *Lento*. The lyrics are in German, English, and Italian.

Vom Fluch ein Weib al - lein — kann mich er - lö - sen, ein Weib, das Tren' bis in den Tod mir hält. Wohl -
 My fate a wo - man's love — a - lone can al - ter, A love that un - to death shall still be true. Such -
 U - na don - na sal - var - mi — an - cor po - treb - be chea me fos - se fe - del fi - no al - la mor - te. Fe -

The fourth system of the musical score consists of five staves. The tempo is marked *Lento*. Dynamics include *pp* (pianissimo). The music is in common time (C) and the key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat).

Musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with various instruments and vocal parts. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f* and *ff*, and performance instructions like *a 2* and *f più f*.

Musical score for the second system, showing piano accompaniment with dynamic markings *f* and *mf*.

Musical score for the third system, featuring a vocal line with lyrics in German, English, and Italian.

dich! Denn wiss', Unsel'ge, welches das Ge-schick, das Je - ne trifft die mir die Treu-e bre-chen: Ew'-ge Ver-
free! For know, unhappy girl, the awful doom That waits for those that once that oath have bro- ken! End - less per -
 sal - val! Pe - rò tu dei sa - per qual sia la sorte di quel - le don - ne che la fè m'han rot - ta: e - ter - na danna.

Musical score for the fourth system, showing piano accompaniment with dynamic markings *f*.

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a prominent bass line with trills, marked with dynamics such as *ff*, *fp*, and *dim.*. The vocal line includes the instruction *in D (Ré) ordin.* and *riten.*. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with *riten.* and *pp* markings. The third system includes the lyrics in German and English, with *riten. portamento* above the vocal line. The piano accompaniment continues with *ff*, *fp*, and *dim.* markings.

in D (Ré) ordin.

riten.

ff *fp* *dim.*

pp *f*

in D (Ré) *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *>*

p cresc. *fp* *dim.*

riten.

ff *fp* *dim.* *f*

riten. portamento

damm - niss ist ihr Loos! — Zahl-lo-se Op - fer fie-len die-sem Spruch durch mich! Du — a - ber
 di - - tion is their fate! — Countless the vic-tims that thus have met their doom through me! Thou — shalt not!
 zio - - neè lor de - stin! — Fu-ro in - nu - me - ri vit - ti - me dan - na - te per me! Ma — sal - va,

riten.

ff *fp* *dim.* *pp*

ff *fp* *dim.*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Tempo I.

The musical score consists of multiple staves. The upper section includes staves for various instruments, with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f*. A key signature change to D major is indicated by "in D". The lower section features a vocal line with lyrics in German and English. The lyrics are:

sollst ge-ret - tet sein!	Leb' wohl!	Fahr' hin, mein Heil,	in E - - wig-keit!
Thou shalt still be - saved!	Fare - - well!	Fare - well found hope!	for e - - ver - more!
sal - va tu sa - rai!	Ad - - dio!	Ri - tor - no al - la mia pe - na e - ter - - na!	

Additional markings include "(zum Abgang gewandt.) (turning to go.) (per fuggire.)" and "ad libitum".

Tempo I.