

~~Dok. 88 - 9. 9. 7. II~~

~~20. 11. 17. Hoffnung ist die Seele~~

~~Die Lahr ist König der Formen sehr~~

Mus. 439 / 28

185

48.

28  
—

Partitur  
21<sup>te</sup> Auflage. 1752.



*G. I. der.*

*G. A. & G. M. A. 1782*

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and basso continuo. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It features six staves: two for soprano, two for alto, and two for basso continuo. The second system begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It also features six staves: two for soprano, two for alto, and two for basso continuo. The music is written in a cursive hand, with some notes and rests indicated by short vertical strokes. The basso continuo parts include several slurs and grace notes. In the lower half of the page, there are three sets of markings: 'In An' with a circle, 'In Bon' with a circle, and 'In Bonj' with a circle, each followed by a small 'P' and a circled 'F'. There are also some horizontal lines and dots at the bottom of the page.

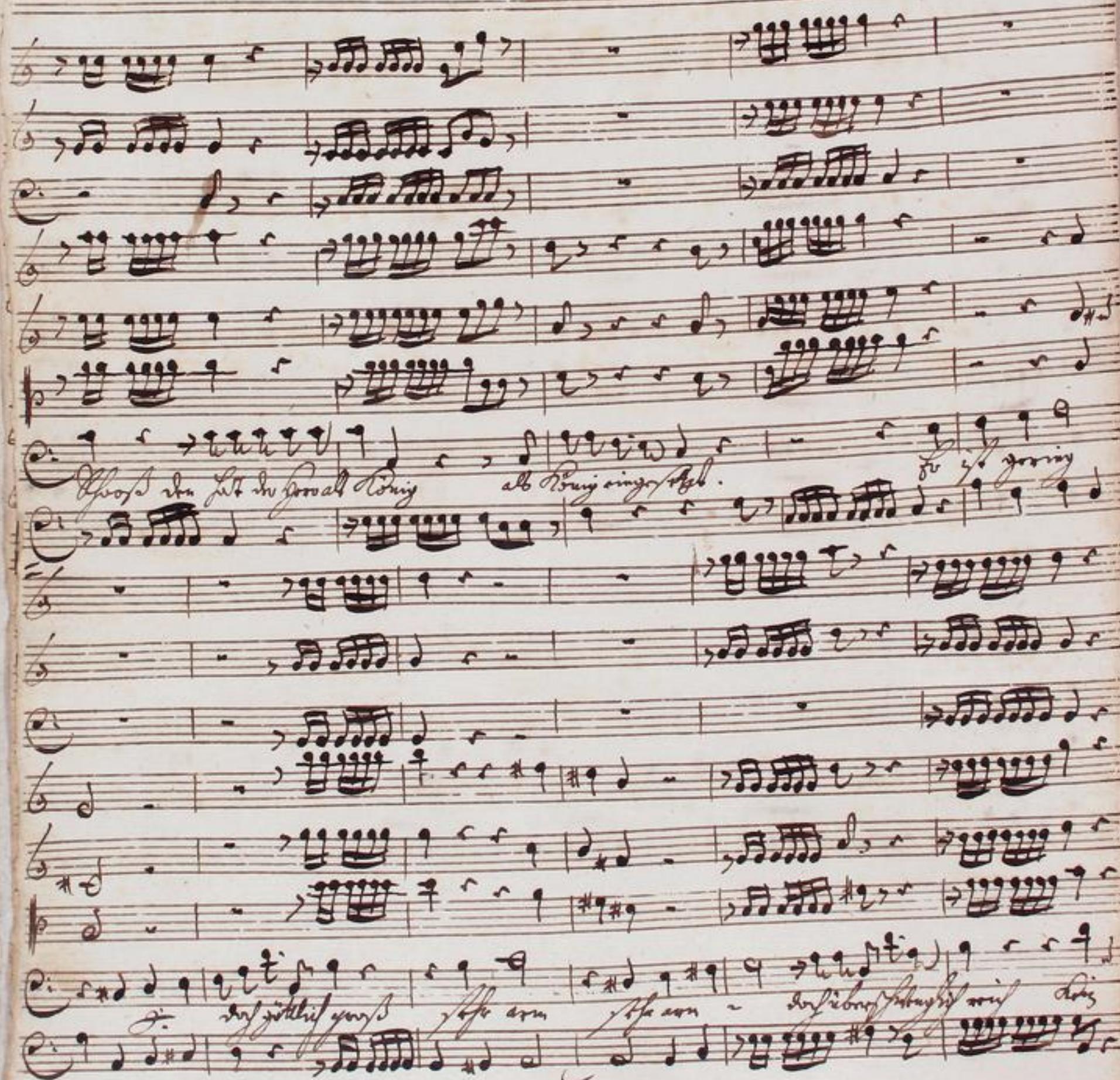




2

A handwritten musical score on two staves. The top staff consists of two voices: soprano and alto. The soprano part is mostly indicated by vertical stems with short dashes, while the alto part uses vertical stems with small dots. The basso continuo part is on the bottom staff, featuring large vertical stems with horizontal dashes. The music is written in common time. Several measures in the basso continuo part contain handwritten lyrics in German, such as "Süss das Frühstück", "die Früchte", "die Früchte", "die Früchte", "die Früchte", "die Früchte", "die Früchte", and "die Früchte". The score is written on light-colored paper with dark ink.





38

*Gott ist mein Helfer.*

*w. ist Gott für die Söhne Gottes sein Friede, Friede für sie.*

*Lieder des Friedens*

*Leben des Friedens*

*Leben des Friedens*

*Leben des Friedens*

A handwritten musical score for four voices and piano. The score consists of five systems of music, each with a vocal line and an accompaniment line for the piano. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass clef. The piano accompaniment is in common time, indicated by a 'C' at the beginning of each system. The music is written in brown ink on light-colored paper. The lyrics, written in cursive German, are placed below the vocal lines. The first system's lyrics are: "Herr Jesu Christ, zu dir". The second system's lyrics are: "Herr Jesu Christ, zu dir". The third system's lyrics are: "Gott sei dank, daß wir". The fourth system's lyrics are: "Gott sei dank, daß wir". The fifth system's lyrics are: "Festlich mit Klang". The score shows various musical markings such as dynamics (e.g., 'p' for piano dynamic), articulation marks, and rests.



4

S. Fortwährend ein fort bis 3. solo. dann ins.  
 Daß dopp.  
 Ich kann nicht mehr das folge leben im gäste König Hof. das du mir die toller laßt der nicht, der  
 eine Dornen füllt. ich wünsche alle als gute und mein mit dir. den auf ein gutes König aß füllt  
 den in Friedensmaß. für mich zuerst kommt der nächste daten hofft. Ich läßt beginnen. und für  
 mich ist kein schaden für den es gilt der liebster und bester Hofkönig.  
 Ich bin kein lustvoller für den es gilt der liebster und bester Hofkönig.



Handwritten musical score for two voices and basso continuo. The score consists of four systems of music. The top system is for soprano and alto voices. The second system is for soprano, alto, and basso continuo. The third system is for soprano, alto, and basso continuo. The fourth system is for soprano, alto, and basso continuo. The music is written in common time, with various key signatures (e.g., F major, G major, C major). The vocal parts are written in Hebrew script. The basso continuo part includes a bassoon line and a cello/bass line. There are several annotations in German, including "Lebt als Lebendigster" and "Gesang der Hölle". The score is numbered 5.9 at the top right.

A handwritten musical score on two staves. The top staff consists of two voices: soprano and alto. The soprano part features a mix of short note heads and vertical strokes. The alto part uses vertical strokes. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, featuring a bass line with vertical strokes and a harmonic bass line consisting of horizontal strokes. The music is written in common time, with various rests and dynamic markings like 'f' (forte) and 'p' (piano). There are also some handwritten lyrics in German, such as 'Lobt Gott' and 'Gott ist mit uns'. The manuscript is on aged paper with some foxing.

6

Handwritten musical score for organ or harpsichord, consisting of two systems of music on five-line staves. The notation uses various note heads (triangular, square, etc.) and rests. The top system includes performance instructions such as "drey füsse auf" and "quart." The bottom system concludes with the text "Och Des Gloria."

165.

48.

- Don ist König des  
Landes Fries.*
1. *Corno*
2. *Tarina*
- Tympan*
2. *Fiolin*
- Fiole*
- Pauke*
- Mus*
- Tenore*
- Bass*
- Violino.*

*Dr. I. Ad.*

~~1732.~~

1732.

*Violino.*

Ottino.

A handwritten musical score for 'Ottino' featuring ten staves of music. The music is written in common time, with various key signatures (G major, A major, D major) indicated by sharps and flats. The vocal line is in soprano range, accompanied by a basso continuo line. The score includes lyrics in German: 'Ihr Freiheit König', 'accompagn.', 'Ende die Partie.', and 'p. fort.'. The manuscript is on aged paper with some ink bleed-through from the reverse side.



Handwritten musical score for organ or harpsichord, featuring multiple staves of music with various clefs, time signatures, and dynamic markings. The score includes vocal parts with lyrics in German and Latin, and a choral section.

Lyrics (German):

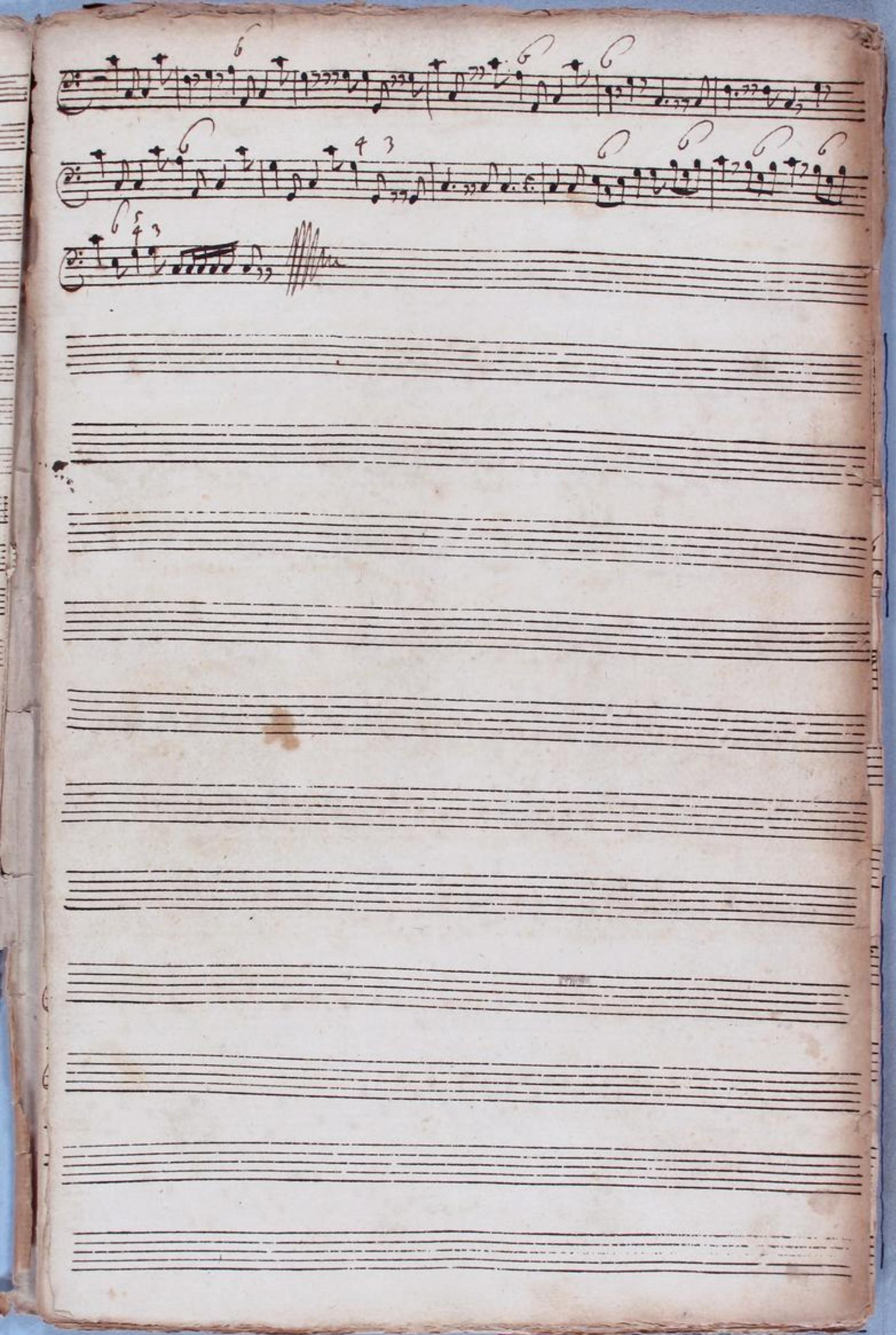
- Heilig Gott, wir danken dir,

Lyrics (Latin):

- Domine gratias tibi dicimus

Choral:

Glücklich Gott, wir danken dir.



c/w.

Violino. 1<sup>mo</sup>.

The musical score consists of ten staves of handwritten musical notation for violin. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and bar lines. Several dynamic markings are present, such as 'p' (piano), 'f' (forte), and 'mf' (mezzo-forte). There are also performance instructions like 'rit.', 'accel.', 'dim.', and 'riten.' (ritenag.). A section of sixteenth-note patterns is labeled 'et voce'. The score concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction 'volti' at the end of the page.

volti





Recitat: facet //

*Final.*

Gott sei gelobt.



*allegro.*

*Violino. I.*

11

A handwritten musical score for two parts: Violin I (top) and basso continuo (bottom). The score consists of 12 staves of music. The first staff begins with a tempo marking 'allegro.' and includes lyrics in German: 'der König ist Römer'. The second staff starts with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The third staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with '3'. The fourth staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The fifth staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The sixth staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The seventh staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The eighth staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The ninth staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The tenth staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The eleventh staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The twelfth staff begins with 'Lied der' and ends with 'Land der'. The score is written in brown ink on aged paper.



A handwritten musical score for orchestra and choir, featuring ten staves of music. The music is written in brown ink on light-colored paper. The first six staves represent the orchestra, consisting of two flutes, two oboes, bassoon, strings, and timpani. The last four staves represent the choir. The score includes dynamic markings such as *pp.*, *f*, and *p*, and tempo markings like *Adagio*. The vocal parts include lyrics in German, such as "Mein Gott so König". The manuscript is dated "1783" at the bottom right.

pp. f

*Adagio*

*Gall Recit*  
*Capolacet.*

*Mein Gott so König.*

1783

A handwritten musical score page featuring ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It contains a melodic line with various note heads and stems. The second staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature, featuring a continuous series of eighth-note patterns. The third staff also begins with a bass clef and a common time signature, showing a similar eighth-note pattern. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature, continuing the eighth-note pattern. The fifth staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature, showing a similar eighth-note pattern. The sixth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature, continuing the eighth-note pattern. The seventh staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature, showing a similar eighth-note pattern. The eighth staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature, continuing the eighth-note pattern. The ninth staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature, showing a similar eighth-note pattern. The tenth staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature, continuing the eighth-note pattern. The page is numbered 12 in the top right corner.

Alto

Violino 2.

13

in den ist König.

The musical score consists of 13 staves of handwritten music for Violin 2. The key signature is C major, and the time signature is 2/4. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Various dynamics and performance instructions are included, such as 'Alto' at the beginning, 'in den ist König.' in the first staff, 'Adagio' in the third staff, 'Adagio' with a tempo marking of 63 in the fifth staff, 'm. 1' and 'M. 1' below the first and second staves respectively, and 'volti' at the end of the score. The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.



pp. *fond*

Main forte & strong.

*Capo // locat. locat.*

*Choral.*

14



*Violin*

15

*in ganzem Tonig.*

*accomp.*

*Entz die Dalgns.*

*Recital: fast ff*



Mir Gott sei Dank.

Amen.

Coral.

Stand auf Gott.



canto.

Violone.

16

A handwritten musical score for the bassoon (Violone). The score consists of twelve staves of music, each with a different key signature and time signature. The first staff starts in common time with a key signature of C major. The second staff begins with a key signature of A major. The third staff starts in common time with a key signature of G major. The fourth staff begins with a key signature of E major. The fifth staff starts in common time with a key signature of D major. The sixth staff begins with a key signature of B major. The seventh staff starts in common time with a key signature of A major. The eighth staff begins with a key signature of F major. The ninth staff starts in common time with a key signature of C major. The tenth staff begins with a key signature of G major. The eleventh staff begins with a key signature of E major. The twelfth staff begins with a key signature of B major. The score includes various dynamics such as *legg.*, *p.*, and *f.*. There are also performance instructions like *dr. gravi. legato.* and *accompagnare.* The manuscript is written in black ink on aged paper.



A handwritten musical score for two voices and basso continuo. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first four staves are for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and basso continuo. The fifth staff is for the basso continuo. The remaining five staves are for two voices (Tenor and Bass). The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems. There are several rests and some slurs. The vocal parts have lyrics written above them in cursive script. The basso continuo part has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts have dynamics like *p*, *f*, and *ff*. The score is written on aged paper with some staining and foxing.

Mus. grif. v. 1. 12

Chor.

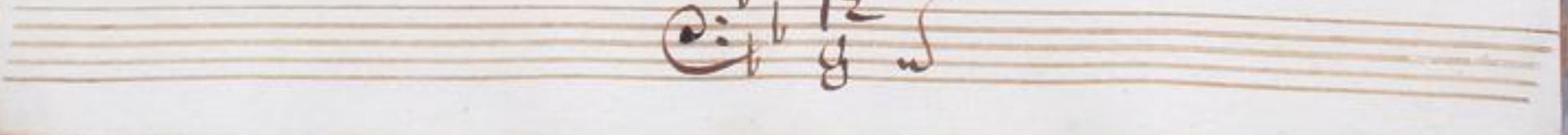
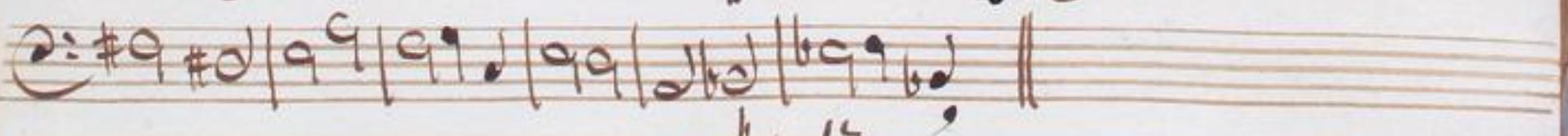
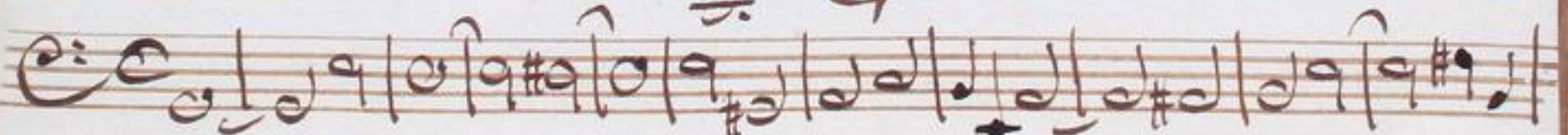
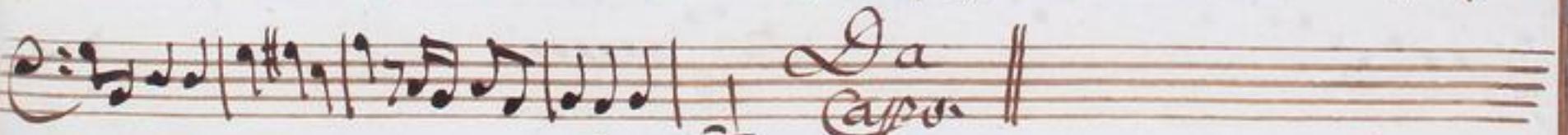
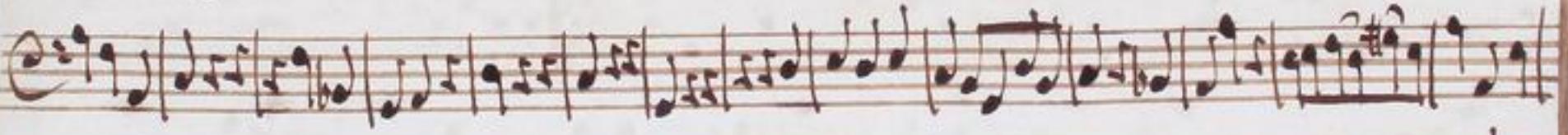
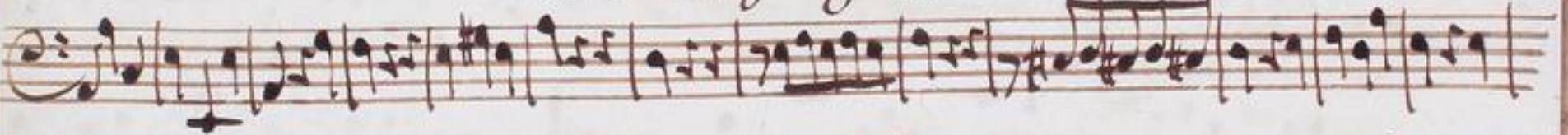
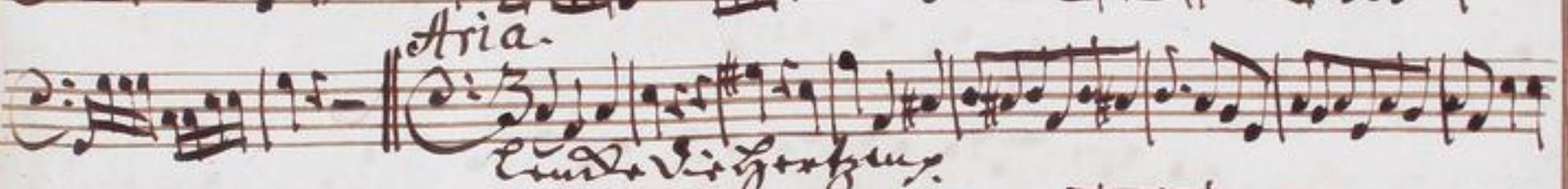
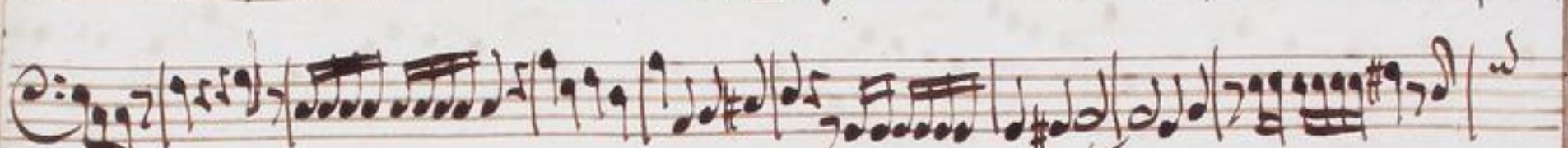
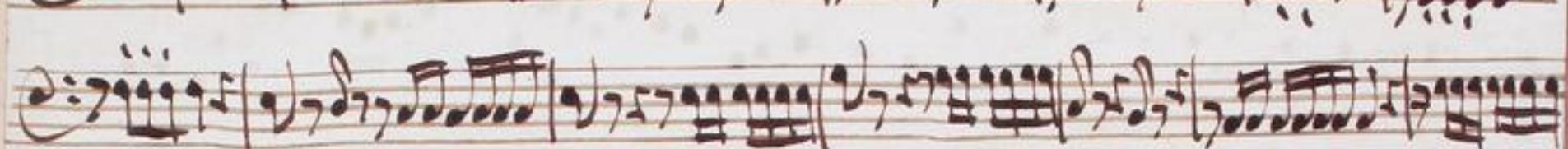
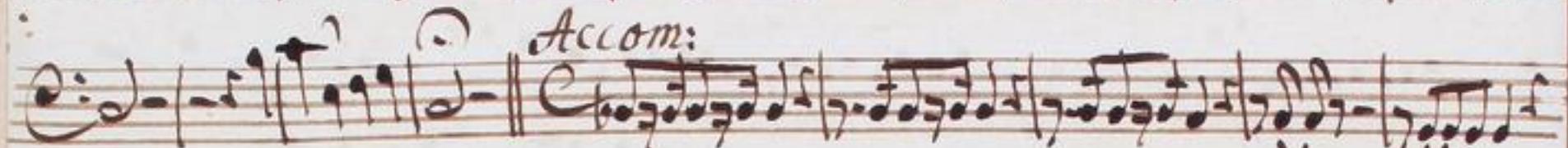
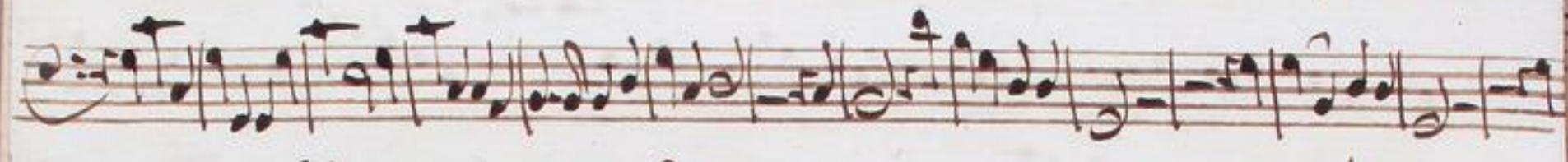
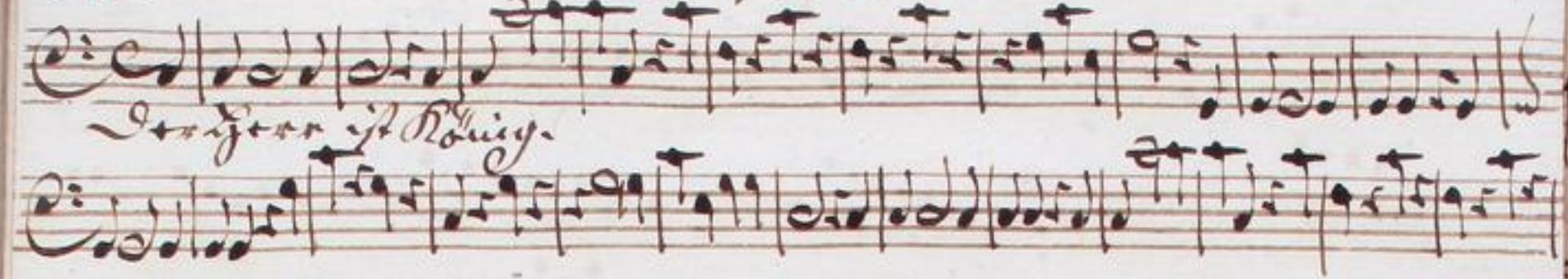
Bass. grif. v. 1. 12

alio.

Violone.

17

Weg ist König.



*Choral.*

# Clarino. 1.

18

der Boor ist bunt.

anonymus.

Vocal.  
etria taus. Reit. tau; etria tau. Reit. tau.

Bom' die gantz'



cttheyn

Clarino. 2.

19

A handwritten musical score for Clarinet 2 (Clarino. 2) in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a G major chord, and a 2/4 time signature. The lyrics "du gos ist witzig." are written above the first two staves. The second staff starts with a treble clef and a G major chord. The third staff starts with a bass clef and a G major chord. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef and a G major chord. The fifth staff starts with a bass clef and a G major chord. The sixth staff starts with a bass clef and a G major chord. The seventh staff starts with a bass clef and a G major chord. The eighth staff starts with a bass clef and a G major chord. The ninth staff starts with a bass clef and a G major chord. The tenth staff starts with a bass clef and a G major chord. The score concludes with a final measure consisting of six vertical red strokes on the staff.



*Zimpane.*

*In grün' Rölys.*

*accompay:*

*christian Reitars christ. leut. tan.*

*Landsgifgely.*

## Canto

21

Der Herr ist König — ist König — — — singt das  
 fand das fand das fand das fand das die jüngsten sind die jüngsten die jüngsten sind die jüngsten sind  
 ist König — — — singt das fand das fand das fand das fand das  
 singt das fand das fand das fand das fand das die jüngsten sind die jüngsten sind die jüngsten sind  
 Aria | tates | *Wab sammst noß d' polye Welt*  
 singt König von zu bisson? von Jesum, von Jesum folter Wahn, was will vor  
 innen drin gräßt fällt ihm wird noch allob Recht als Gott extremien müssen, vom Jesum  
 zieht König an, er ist der Gott zum Herrn zum Christenmaß; er kommt zwar ohne  
 feucht vorsichtig Vatank Kriegs. Wie sie zu besiegen, und wenn er gegrüßt war er  
 hingen, sein Drang, daß Engel der Welt, wird, so wie es volktraff.  
 Mein Gott, o König Jesu offen komme, *ban* — *ban* —  
 — *ban* —  
 offen komme, *ban* —  
*ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* — *ban* —

*main horiana* *fallen klängen kom*

*großer trink feiernd öfn kōm* *großer*  
*Recitativ*  
*tacet*

*da- - - mit feiernd öfn*

38

*sein aufsich in' biss reisest. Lento zieht er los die ein*  
*Sein Gang ist zu' der goldene. Es kann mir willkommen seyn*

*mit' bohre du' ihm zu' gib' dir ganz' zu' sines Leid ohne dem ge*  
*mit' mir' Reise. Play is mal du' nicht mir' Quästlo*



## Alto.

Der Herr ist König = die fröhlich = das Lied  
 fröhlich = und die Jesuiten die = soviel ist = der  
 fröh = ins das Lied fröhlich = das Lied =  
 und die Jesuiten die = soviel ist =  
 Recitas Aria Recital taceret taceret taceret

12. 8. Sonnen auf froh zu den Eseln sofort! Leute zieht er hin den ein.  
 Sein Gang ist gn' der geht sofort! Leib' mir will kommen gern  
 und breite Tüfeln zu gib' dir ganz zufrieden du' ohne den Ge.  
 mit dem Boch Fliegen mal und mit d. Quasten

## Alto.

Doch heut ist König *der* verföhnt *ist* das  
 König *der* Galvini *mit* die Juvelen *die* Voral ignor  
*ist* *der* Blumen *der* verföhnt *ist* das  
 fröhlig *der* Lebendig *mit* die Juvelen *die* Po  
*niel ignor* *ist* *der*  
 8  
 Saat die Lärche *der* Eise *so* füllt, Lärche *der* *ist* so *schön* *die* ein  
 Sonnengang *ist* *der* *ist* *ge* *lebt*, Sonnen *der* *um* *will* *sonnen* *fragt*  
 mit *blau* *und* *grün* *zur* *gib* *die* *ganz* *zu* *minne* *hüf* *öffne*  
 kein grün *und* *blau* *se* *ay* *ih* *was* *die* *dom* *mit* *qualt*

# Tenore

27

The musical score for Tenore, page 27, contains six staves of handwritten music. Below each staff is a line of German text. The lyrics are as follows:

In Gott ist König = Gott ist ein - - + sing dab  
Gott ist = und die Jesuiten dir = so viel ist vor =  
heut ist = das Gott ist Gott ist = + sing dab Gott ist dab  
und die Jesuiten die Jesuiten so viel ist vor ist =  
Aria = leid Aria = / *laß alle Welt den Herrn rufen, es ist Gott ge-*  
tacet taret taret / *fangt Gott, soll Einem Gott ob Einem Helfer werte Einig - on*  
*Löffel nicht gewiß geküßt.* • *Herr*  
8 *sohn Jesu Christ du bist mein Sohn* Lobe Gott für  
*Dein Gang ist zu dir gekehrt* Lobe Gott nun will  
*bist du ein* und breite Jesum zu gib Jesu ganz zu Einem  
*Leben segn*  
*Auf* öffne mir Deinen Mund Gott ist mir Jesu nicht und  
*gnäde*



## Tenore

Der Herr ist König — *dynamisch* *stark* *pianissimo*

*Edens* — *mit dir geschenkt* — *so wie ihm ist*

*der Friede* — *der Friede* — *dynamisch* *fortissimo*

*der Friede* — *mit dir geschenkt* — *so wie ihm ist*

*Aria Recit Recit Reciter*

*So sind Sie Frey du bist mein Sohn* *Festlich ist der Himmel*

*Ein Gott ist in die Welt gekommen* *Lebendig ist der Himmel*

*mit Freude ist ihm zu Gebiet* *ganz zu seinem Ruhm*

*ohne Leid und Sorge* *Elend ist mir das Leben und Gnade*

## Basso.

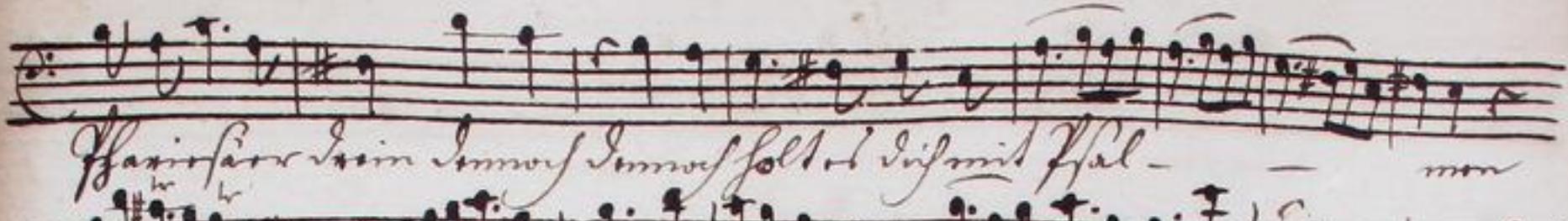
26

Basso.

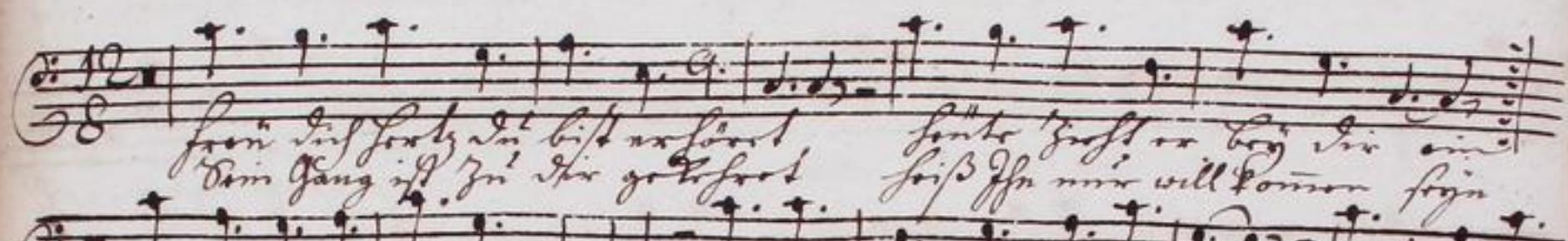
Die Herrn ist König  
der Herr ist König

26



C:   
Pfarrsäurlein im Inn  
Immer soll er sich mit Pfalz - - mon  
fö - - - laß und feiert und im fröh - lich. froh - lichen

Recit // Aria // Recit //  
Recit // Aria // Recit //

C: 12 |   
38 Von dir so leb ich nicht mehr  
Sonne greift es bei dir ein  
Vom Gang ist zu dir geht  
Soß ihn mir will kommen frein  
und bessere ich ihm zu  
gib dir ganz zufrieden auf  
öfner dir de  
mit mir  
Küste  
Klag ich mal Einförmig & gnislich