

THE PILGRIM'S PROGRESS

Narrative

Tone Poem

For Organ

PART ONE

ERNEST AUSTIN

Op. 41.

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THE
Pilgrim's Progress
ERNEST AUSTIN.

SYNOPSIS

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AND BY THE CROSS.
- Part V.*
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THE DESCENT TO THE ENCHANTED LAND AND
HOPEFUL'S VISION OF CHRIST.
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THE LAND OF BEULAH AND THE RIVER OF
DEATH.
- Part XII.*
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Ernest Austin

THE PILGRIM'S PROGRESS.

Narrative Tone-Poem for Organ.

Sw. Gamba
Gt. 8 ft. Fl. Coupled to Sw.
Ch. Lieblich Coupled to Sw.
Ped. Soft 16 ft. Coupled to Sw.

PART I.

ERNEST AUSTIN.
Op. 41. N^o 1.

The desolation and unhappiness of Pilgrim's mind.

Audante.

MANUAL.

Choir.

PEDAL.

16 ft. Coup to Sw.

Sw. L.H.

Gt. 8 ft. Fl.

Gt. to Ped.

Increase.

Sw. Full.

Gt. Diaps.

Gt. to Ped.

Gt.

Gt. Op. Diaps.

Gt. to Ped off.

Gt. 8 ft Fl. coup. to Sw. 8 ft. without Reeds.

add 4 ft. & Oboe to Sw.

Musical score for the first system. The piano part (top two staves) features a melodic line with slurs and ties, and a bass line with sustained chords. The guitar part (bottom staff) is mostly silent, with a few notes appearing at the end of the system. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*.

Gt. to Ped on.

add Trumpet to Sw.

add soft 4 ft. to Gt.

Musical score for the second system. The piano part continues with a melodic line and a bass line. The guitar part (bottom staff) has a more active role with chords and melodic fragments. Performance directions include *rall.*, *a tempo.*, and *ff*.

add full Sw.

Gt. to Princ.

Musical score for the third system. The piano part features a more complex melodic line with slurs and ties. The guitar part (bottom staff) has a more active role with chords and melodic fragments. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*.

reduce.

Gt. Diaps.

Prepare Ch. Clarinet

Musical score for the fourth system. The piano part features a more complex melodic line with slurs and ties. The guitar part (bottom staff) has a more active role with chords and melodic fragments. Performance directions include *reduce.* and *Gt. Diaps.*

Sw. 8 & 4 ft. with 8 ft. Reeds.

Pilgrim craves for a new and fuller life.

Allegretto.
Gt. 8 ft. Fl.

Sw. 8 ft. Reeds in.

Ch. Clar.

16 ft. & 8 ft. coup. to Sw.

Gt.

Gt.

Sw.

Sw. add Oboe.

Gt. Op. Diap.

cresc.

Gt. to Full Sw.

Coup. to Gt.

add 4 ft. *rall.* *molto rall.* *a tempo.*
add 2 ft.

Pilgrim realizes the agony of his position.

Lento.

Sw. 8 ft. with Reed.

rall.

Allegretto.

He feels the weight of his burden.

Gt 8 & 4 ft. Flts. with Sw. Reeds.

Maestoso ponderoso.

rall. Gt. to Prin. with full Sw.

add 15th

Quasi Recit.

Full Ped.

“He wept and trembled; and not being able longer to contain, he brake out with a lamentable cry, saying, What shall I do?”

Full. *Appassionato.*

16 ft. Reeds off.

Largo assai. - - - - -

Full.

Full Ped.

Lento.

Sw. 8 ft. & Oboe.

Soft 16 & 32 ft. uncup.

poco Ch. Lieb. coup. to Sw. Celeste.

poco

Pilgrim ponders over the Divine bidding.

Lento quasi recitativo.

Agitato.
Gt. Diaps.

The first system of the score consists of three staves. The top staff is the piano part, the middle staff is the guitar part, and the bottom staff is a lower guitar part. The piano part begins with a melodic line in a 3/4 time signature, marked *Lento quasi recitativo*. The guitar part provides harmonic accompaniment. A *rall.* marking is placed over the piano part. The system concludes with a change to a 9/8 time signature, marked *Agitato.* and *Gt. Diaps.*

Prepare Ped 16 & 8 ft. coup. to Gt.

add 4 ft.

Lento, poco moto.

The second system continues the piano and guitar parts. The piano part features a melodic line with a *Sw. Gamba & Lieblich.* marking. The guitar part continues with accompaniment. A *poco stacc.* marking is present. The system ends with the instruction *Gt. to Ped off.*

add Oboe.

The third system shows the piano and guitar parts. The piano part has a *rall.* marking. The guitar part includes the instruction *Gt. 8 ft. Fl.* at the end of the system.

Appassionato.

Sw. Full.

Gt. 8 & 4 ft.

The fourth system consists of piano and guitar parts. The piano part is marked *Appassionato.* and *Sw. Full.* The guitar part is marked *Gt. 8 & 4 ft.* At the bottom of the system, there is a large *16 ft.* marking spanning across the staves.

Gt.

rit poco

doppio

Full.

Pilgrim yields himself to Divine inspiration.

a poco.

Sw. Op. Diaps

Andante con moto.

Gt. to Ped off.

Gt. soft 8 ft. String tone

add soft Reed 8 ft.

Sw.

First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a 4/4 time signature. The middle staff is a guitar part starting with a 'Gt.' label and a 'cresc.' dynamic marking. The bottom staff is a bass line. A bracket on the right side of the system indicates 'Sw. 8 & 4 ft. with Oboe.' and includes a triplet of eighth notes.

Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a grand staff with triplet markings. The middle staff is a guitar part with an 'espress.' dynamic marking. The bottom staff is a bass line. A bracket below the system indicates 'Gt. 8 & 4 ft. Fls.'

Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a grand staff with a 'Ch. Clar.' label and a 'cresc.' dynamic marking. The middle staff is a guitar part with a 'Gt. 8 ft. Fl. Coup. to Sw. Oboe.' label. The bottom staff is a bass line with a 'Gt. to Ped.' label.

Fourth system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a grand staff with a 'Gt.' label and a 'cresc.' dynamic marking. The middle staff is a guitar part with an 'add Princ.' label. The bottom staff is a bass line with an 'add Open.' label.

His mind reverts to his misery.

First system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music is in 2/4 time and includes dynamic markings such as *sf* (sforzando) and triplet markings (3).

Second system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music is in 3/4 time and includes the instruction *appassionato.* and *add 15th & Full Sw.* (add 15th and Full Swell). It features sixteenth-note passages and sextuplet markings (6).

Third system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music is in 3/4 time and includes various chordal textures and melodic lines.

Fourth system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music is in 3/4 time and includes various chordal textures and melodic lines.

First system of musical notation, consisting of three staves (treble, middle, and bass clefs) with various notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Second system of musical notation, consisting of three staves with various notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Third system of musical notation, consisting of three staves. It includes the instruction "Open Swell." above the first staff and "Rallentando." above the second staff.

He determines to undertake the pilgrimage.

Fourth system of musical notation, consisting of three staves. It includes the instruction "Full Organ." above the first staff and features triplets in the first two staves.

Full Sw. with super 8^{ve}
(If no super 8^{ve} play 8^{ve} above)

Gt. Reeds 8 ft.

Ped. to Gt. Off.

This system contains three staves. The top staff is the piano part, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. It features a melodic line with a fermata over the first measure and a trill in the second measure. The middle staff is the guitar part, starting with a bass clef and a key signature of three flats. It contains a bass line with a triplet of eighth notes in the second measure. The bottom staff is a bass line with a key signature of three flats, featuring a long pedal point in the first measure.

Gt.

Coup. to Gt.

This system contains three staves. The top staff is the piano part, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. It features a melodic line with a fermata over the first measure and a trill in the second measure. The middle staff is the guitar part, starting with a bass clef and a key signature of three flats. It contains a bass line with a triplet of eighth notes in the second measure. The bottom staff is a bass line with a key signature of three flats, featuring a long pedal point in the first measure.

This system contains three staves. The top staff is the piano part, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. It features a melodic line with a fermata over the first measure and a trill in the second measure. The middle staff is the guitar part, starting with a bass clef and a key signature of three flats. It contains a bass line with a triplet of eighth notes in the second measure. The bottom staff is a bass line with a key signature of three flats, featuring a long pedal point in the first measure.

Increase.

Full.

Full.

This system contains three staves. The top staff is the piano part, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. It features a melodic line with a fermata over the first measure and a trill in the second measure. The middle staff is the guitar part, starting with a bass clef and a key signature of three flats. It contains a bass line with a triplet of eighth notes in the second measure. The bottom staff is a bass line with a key signature of three flats, featuring a long pedal point in the first measure.

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by
Ernest Austin.

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Allegro ma non troppo. $\text{♩} = 108$.
Nº 1 in F MINOR.
mp *delicato*

Fast, delicately.
Nº 2 in B♭ MAJOR.
mp *mf* *p* *mf*

Moderately fast.
Nº 3 in G MAJOR.
mp *mf*
con Pedale

Tempo di Toccata. $\text{♩} = \text{about } 170$.
Nº 4 in A♭ MAJOR.
mf
And. sempre

Moderato. $\text{♩} = \text{about } 108$
Nº 5 in E♭ MAJOR.
p *un poco animato* *con Pedale*
R.H. 2 R.H. 2

Allegro.
Lightly and delicately. $\text{♩} = \text{about } 176$.
Nº 6 in F MAJOR.
mp

Poco lento ben sostenuto.
Nº 7 in D MAJOR. (Even-Song)
p *cresc.* *cresc.*

The Pilgrim's Progress,

NARRATIVE TONE POEM FOR ORGAN.

FIRST PART.

Composed by

ERNEST AUSTIN

(Op. 41.)

Descriptive Analysis by E. DOUGLAS TAYLER.

A striking feature of the musical life of the present age is the rapid and steady growth in prominence of "programme-music," despite the frequent and sometimes almost bitter attacks which have been levelled against this phase of art. Without wishing to repeat long and tedious arguments on either side, it is impossible to approach the subject in hand without first stating briefly the justification of programme-music as exemplified in the present instance.

Music is admittedly an expression of emotions, and not of concrete facts. A prevalent and mistaken view of programme-music, which seems to be at the root of controversy, is evidently the idea that a composer expects to picture these concrete facts, and, recognising the inadequacy of his means, supplements his tone picture with verbal matter to supply the defect. But unquestionably this is a false view. Emotions are inseparable from facts; and while such things as joy, sorrow, exuberance, humour, pensiveness, grief and passion may be beautiful, interesting and enthralling to witness, yet they really are only perfectly intelligible when associated with the facts and events that have given rise to them. "Absolute" emotional music, while it may be satisfying in itself, is doubly interesting when a composer's life is known, and the circumstances under which the music was penned. Even with music written in the "academic" styles and depending for intelligibility so greatly on symmetry of form, this fact remains. With programme-music, surely, the case is similar.

By itself, it is emotion: allied with its written parallel of events and fact, it is poetry. It is the expression of the soul of the words unfettered by their bodily limitations: the spiritual—but made intelligible by knowledge of the natural.

Bunyan's grand old story of the Pilgrim's Progress, so richly poetic, so intensely emotional, is surely an admirable theme for music, while the solemnity and ecclesiastical nature of the matter finds a wholly suitable medium of expression in the organ. Mr. Austin divides the work into a number of sections, each complete in itself, illustrating the different phases of the "Progress," the first of which is occupied entirely with the condition of Pilgrim's unsettled mind, and the various feelings which sway him at the beginning of the story. A pianissimo descending theme in D minor stated on the Pedals (Theme 1.) with a restless curve and a sombre drop at the end, afterwards taken up on the Manuals, and treated with slight variations and chromatic and rhythmic device, pictures for us the desolation and unhappiness of Pilgrim's mind.

Theme 3. *Allegretto.*

Su.
mp

Gt. Ped. Gt. Ped.

Theme 4. *Lento.*

Allegretto.

mp

3 3

Theme 5. *Maestoso, ponderoso.*

ff

Ped 16 ft.

3

Theme 6. *Lento quasi recitativo.*

p

3

rall.

Theme 7.

Andante con moto.

p

3 3 3

Theme 8.

3

3