

Herr Gott sei Dank

Küss' mir bin ich Euer König! Lügen willst du mir? From 55

Mus 450/34

175.

38.

34

Partitur.

34<sup>te</sup> Auflage 1742.



*... und ist nicht*

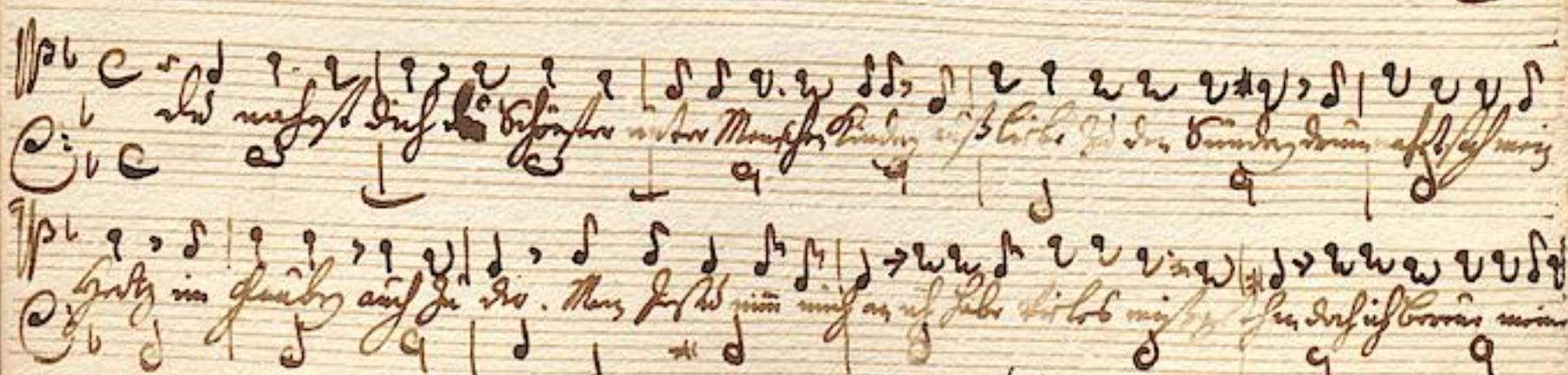
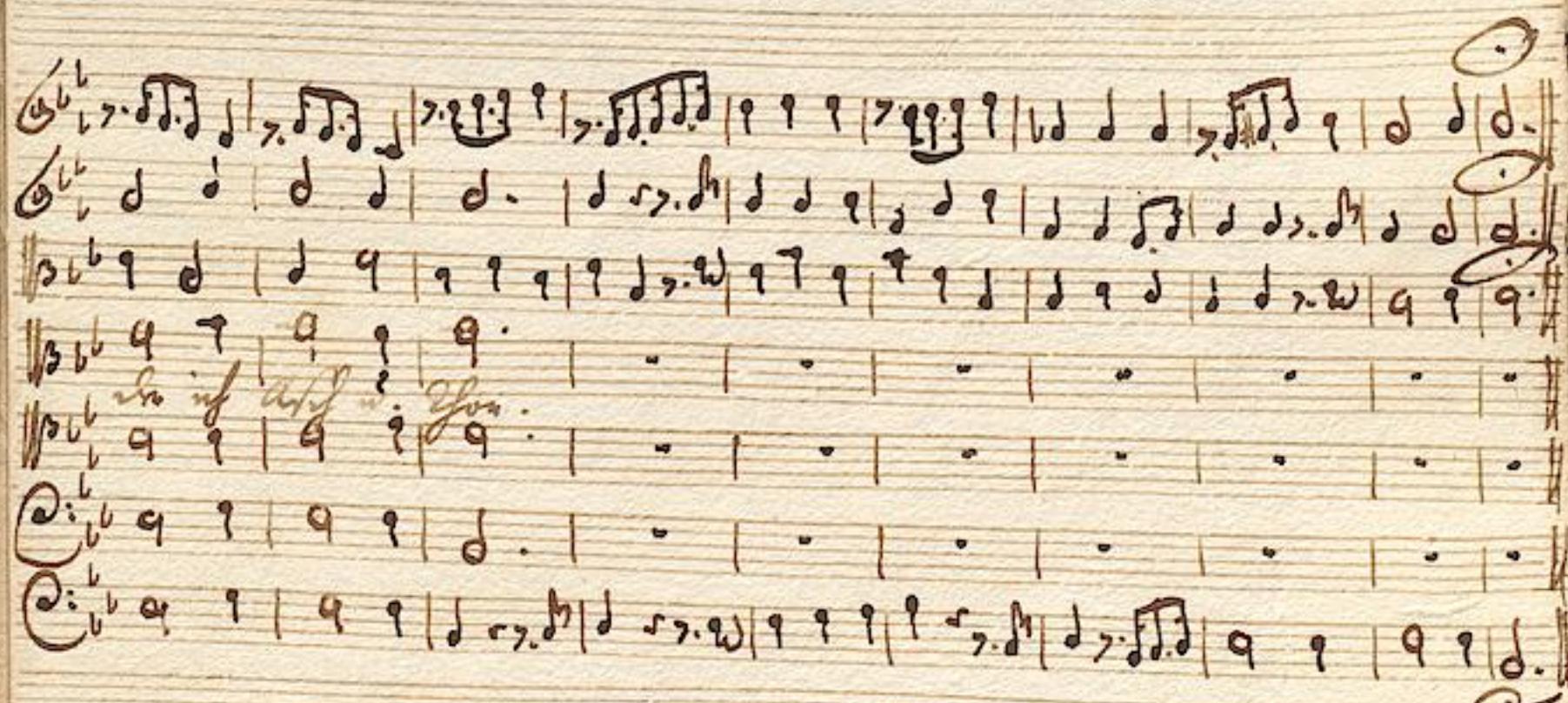
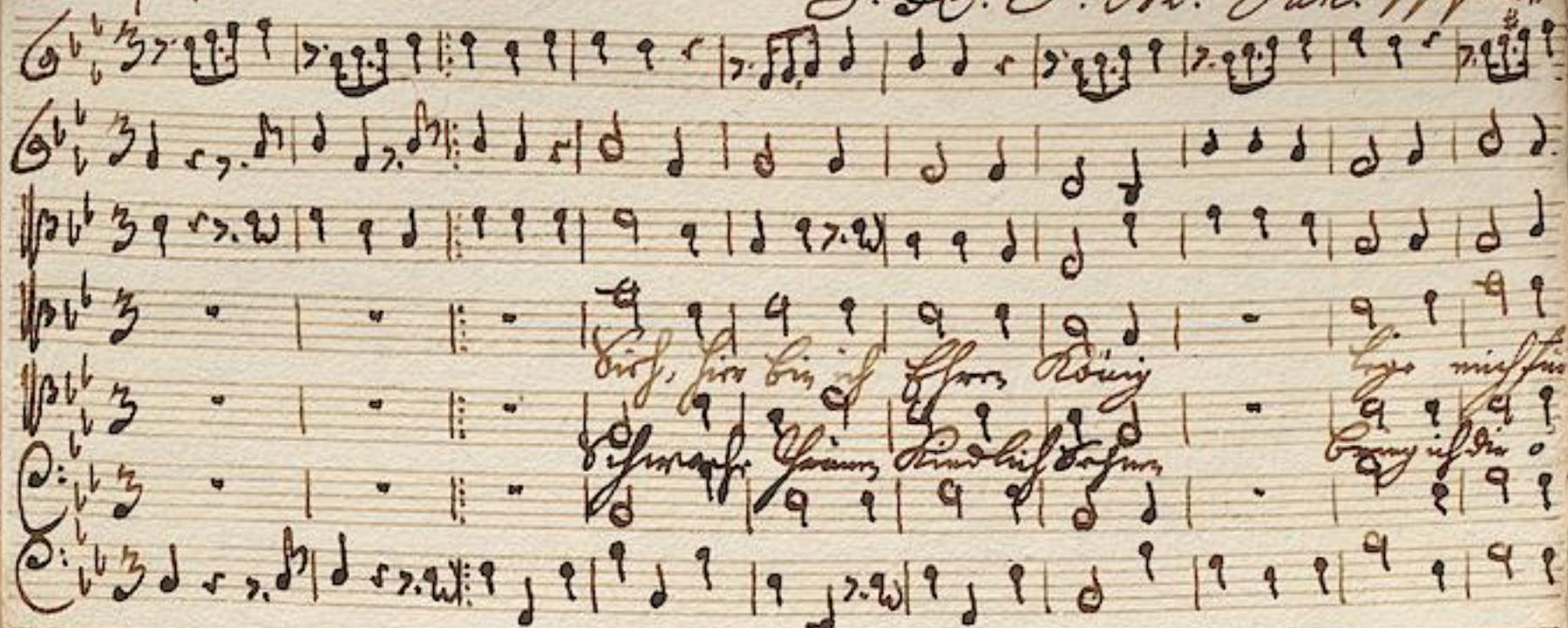
*871*

*... und ist nicht  
dass es nicht*



D. 3. p. Fr.

G. A. G. M. Jun. 1792.







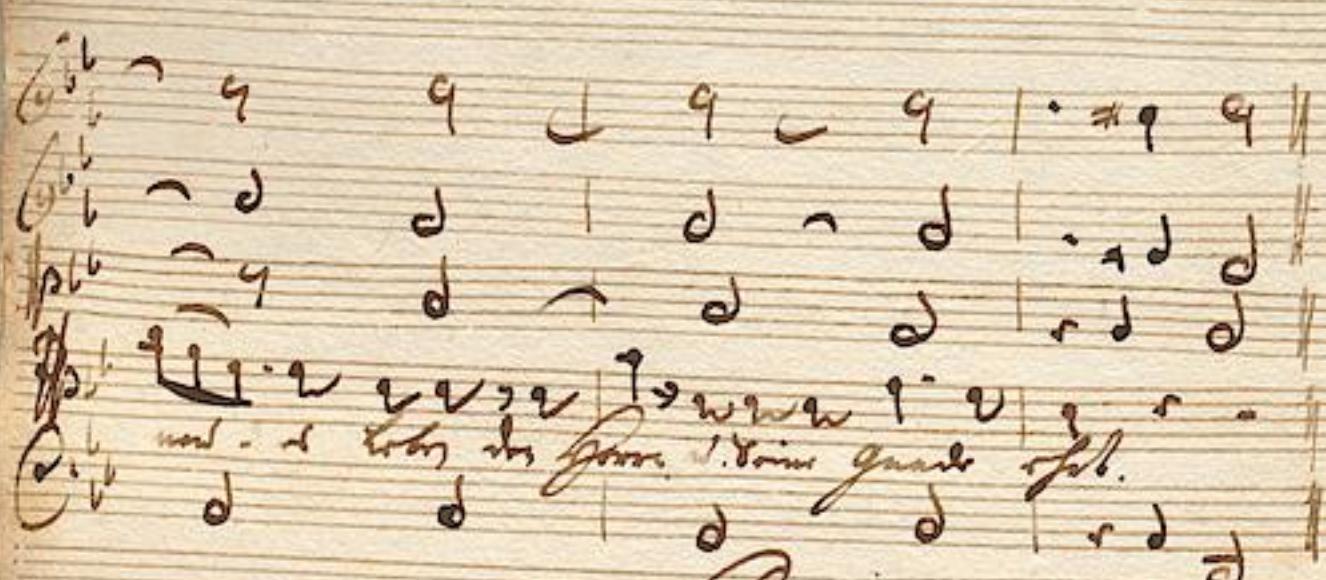
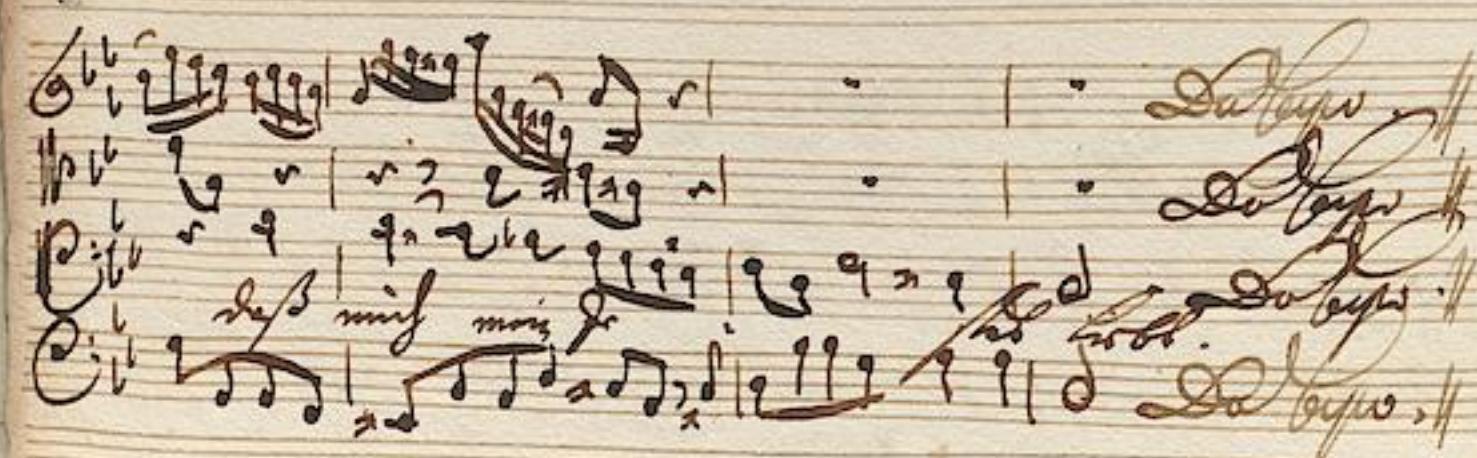






<http://tudigit.ulb.tu-darmstadt.de/show/Mus-Ms-450-34/0008>





Choral. Q. z.

Sieb. auf auf auf auf,   
 Da Capo.

Och Deo Gloria.

173

33.

Sinf. für Orchester

Ruine

a

2 Violin

Viola

Cello

Tenore

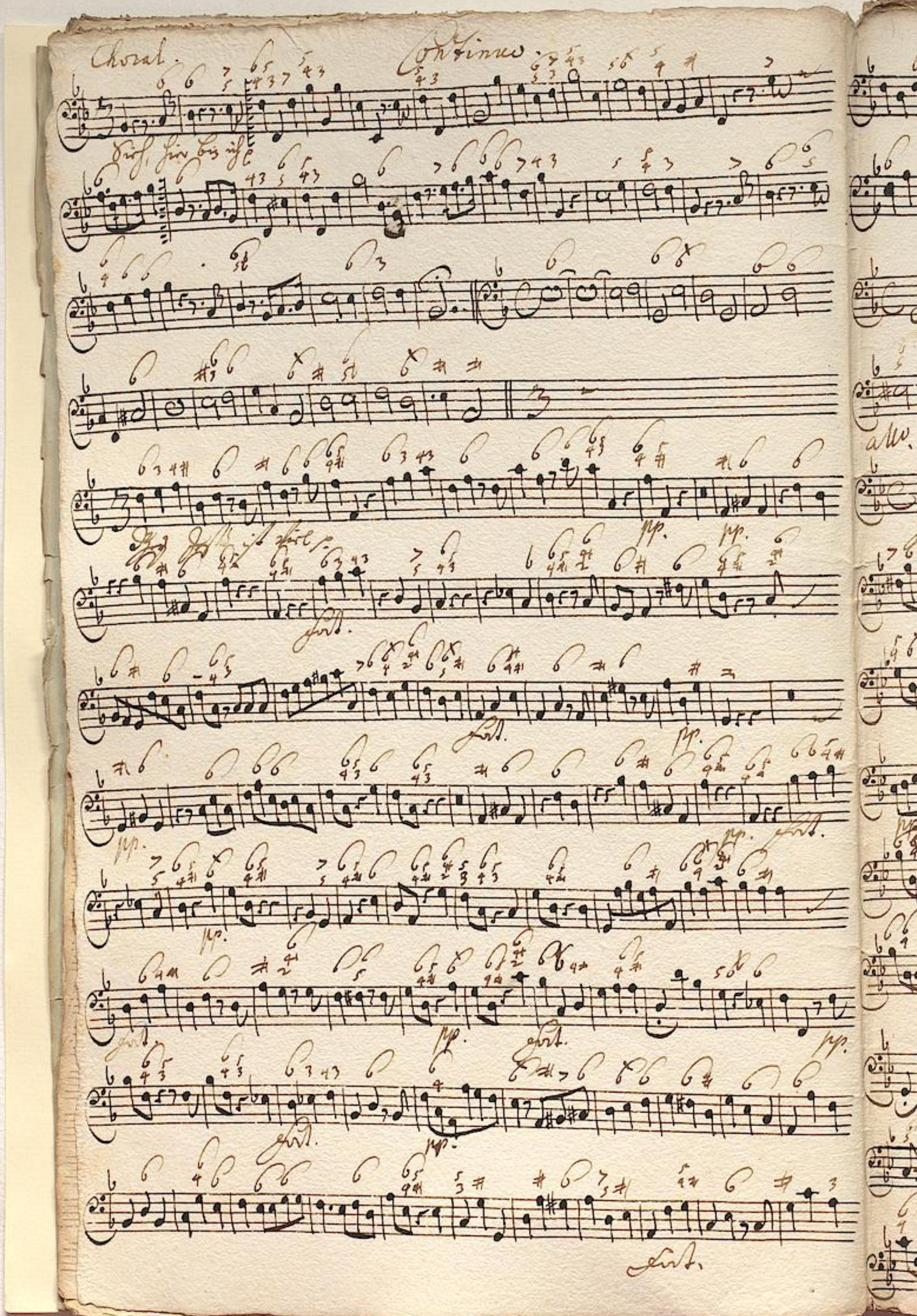
Bass

e

W

Continuo

Dr. 3.p. L.  
1792.





A handwritten musical score on aged paper. The top section contains three staves of music with various clefs, time signatures, and dynamic markings. The middle section features a single staff with a bass clef, a tempo marking of 'accresc.', and a dynamic of 'P'. To the right of this staff is the handwritten text 'Choral Mapo'. Below these sections are several blank staves.



Chor.

Violino. I.

7

A handwritten musical score for 'Chor' and 'Violino. I.' on ten staves. The score consists of ten staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time (indicated by 'C'). The vocal part (Chor) has lyrics in German. The violin part includes dynamic markings such as 't' (tempo), 'ff' (fortissimo), 'f' (forte), 'mf' (mezzo-forte), 'mp' (mezzo-pianissimo), 'pp' (pianissimo), and 'p' (pianissimo). The vocal part starts with 'Sie sind besiegt' and ends with 'volti'. The violin part features various bowing patterns and slurs. The score is written on aged paper with some ink bleed-through from the reverse side.



15

Reit

all'oupe

Choral *Musico*

16

17

18

19



*Choral.*

## *Violino. I.*

9

~~Surf for big~~

A handwritten musical score page featuring a single system of music. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats), and the time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The music consists of two staves. The top staff begins with a whole note followed by a half note, then a series of eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff follows a similar pattern of eighth-note groups. The manuscript is written in black ink on aged paper.

*p* | *Repetitio* ||

A handwritten musical score page featuring two staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It consists of six measures of dense sixteenth-note patterns. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It also contains six measures of sixteenth-note patterns. The notation uses vertical stems and horizontal bar lines to separate measures. The page is dated '1893' at the bottom right.

A handwritten musical score page featuring a single melodic line on five staves. The notes are represented by various shapes and stems, some with dots or dashes. The first staff begins with a sixteenth-note pattern. The second staff starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The third staff has a sixteenth-note pattern. The fourth staff features a sixteenth-note pattern. The fifth staff concludes with a sixteenth-note pattern. The score includes dynamic markings "p." and "pp." below the staves.

A handwritten musical score page featuring a single system of music. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef and a common time signature, with a tempo marking of 'P' (Presto). It contains a series of eighth-note chords. The bottom staff uses a bass F-clef and a common time signature, with a tempo marking of 'P' (Presto). It contains a series of eighth-note chords. The music is written on five-line staff paper.

A handwritten musical score page featuring two staves of music. The first staff begins with a dynamic marking 'ff.' followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. The second staff starts with a dynamic marking 'pp.' followed by a sixteenth-note pattern.

A handwritten musical score page featuring a single system of music. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef and a common time signature, with a tempo marking of 'Adagio' (Adagio). The bottom staff uses a bass F-clef and a common time signature. The music includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes having horizontal dashes through them. There are also several slurs and a small 'rit.' (ritardando) instruction.

A handwritten musical score page featuring two systems of music. The first system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 6/8. It consists of two measures. The second system begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 2/4. It also consists of two measures. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and bar lines, with some dynamics like 'p.' and 'pp.' written below the staff.

A handwritten musical score page featuring a treble clef staff with six sharps, a bass clef staff, and a middle C staff. The music consists of six measures. Measure 1 shows six eighth-note chords. Measure 2 features a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 3 includes dynamic markings 'p.' and 'f' above the bass staff. Measures 4 and 5 show sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 6 concludes with a sixteenth-note pattern. The score is written on aged, slightly yellowed paper.

A handwritten musical score page featuring a single melodic line on five staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The melody consists of eighth-note patterns. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It features sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. The third staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fifth staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The score includes dynamic markings such as 'p.' and 'pp.' at the end of the system.

A handwritten musical score page showing measures 86 through 90. The music is written on five staves. Measure 86 starts with a forte dynamic (f) and includes a first ending with a repeat sign. Measures 87 and 88 show descending eighth-note patterns. Measure 89 begins with a piano dynamic (p), followed by a dynamic instruction 'pp.' Measure 90 concludes with a forte dynamic (f). Various accidentals, including sharps and flats, are present throughout the section.

A handwritten musical score page featuring four staves of music. The first staff uses a soprano C-clef, the second staff an alto F-clef, the third staff a bass G-clef, and the fourth staff a tenor C-clef. Measure 67 starts with a forte dynamic (f) and includes a melodic line with grace notes. Measures 68 and 69 begin with piano dynamics (p.) and very piano dynamics (pp.). Measure 70 concludes with a forte dynamic (f). The score includes various rests, slurs, and a tempo marking of 120 BPM.

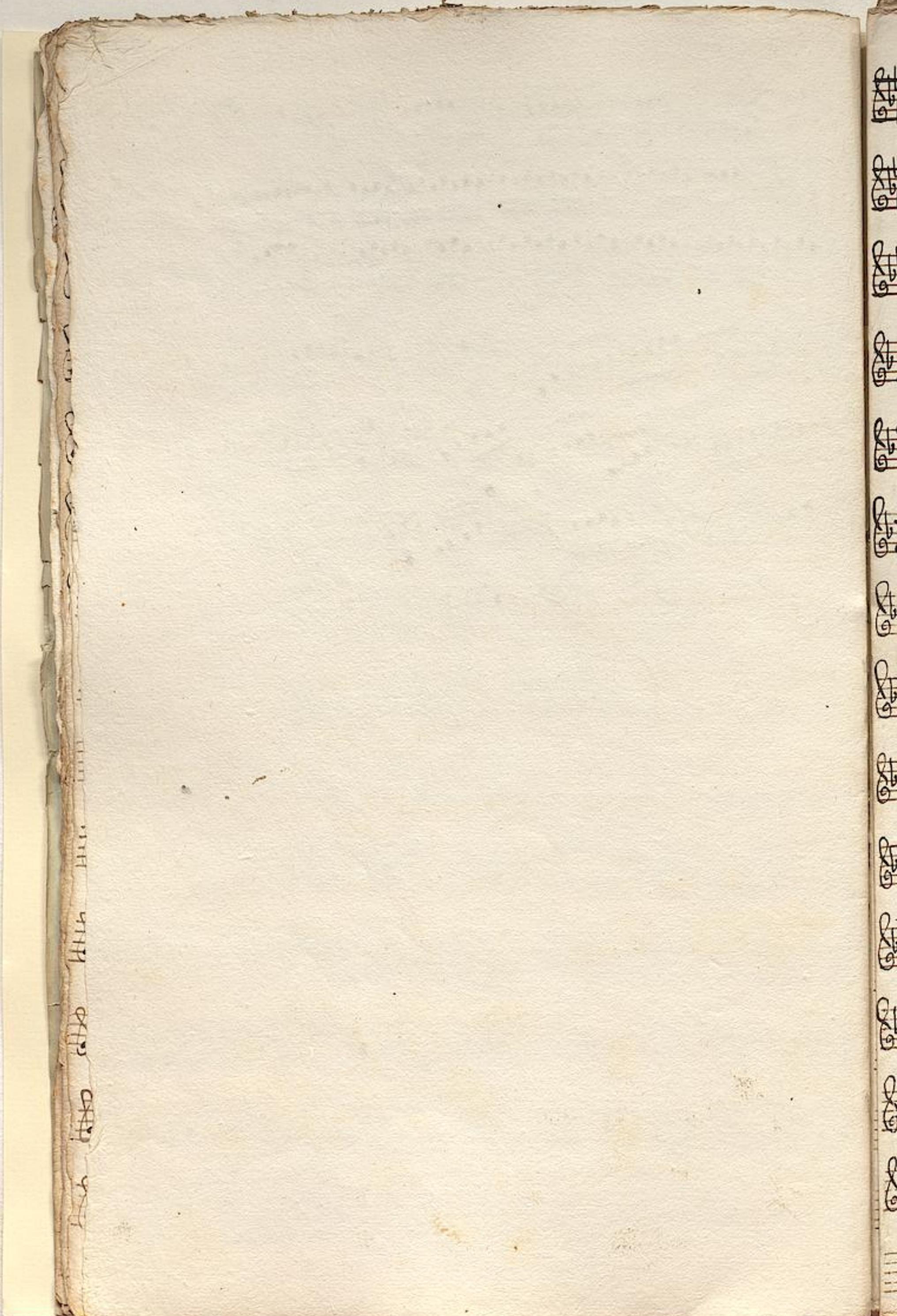
A page from a handwritten musical score for orchestra and piano. The score consists of ten staves. The first five staves are for strings (two violins, viola, cello, double bass) and the last five for piano. The key signature is B major (two sharps). Measure 1 starts with eighth-note chords in the strings. Measures 2-3 show sixteenth-note patterns. Measures 4-5 feature eighth-note chords. Measures 6-7 continue with sixteenth-note patterns. Measures 8-9 show eighth-note chords. Measure 10 concludes with a single eighth note. The dynamics are indicated as follows: measure 1 (ff), measure 2 (f), measure 3 (ff), measure 4 (ff), measure 5 (ff), measure 6 (ff), measure 7 (ff), measure 8 (ff), measure 9 (ff), and measure 10 (ff). The tempo is marked as Allegro.



A handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of approximately 15 staves of music. The music is written in brown ink on aged, yellowish paper. The score includes various dynamics such as *p.*, *pp.*, *f.*, and *ff.*. There are also performance instructions like *legg.* (leggiero), *rit.* (ritenante), and *Adagio*. A section of the music is labeled *C.* (Coda). The score is divided into sections by vertical bar lines and includes a section titled *Capo Recitat*. The handwriting is fluid, with some notes and stems appearing as single strokes. The overall style is that of a late 19th or early 20th-century musical manuscript.

10

Choral *Largo*



Chor.

Violino. 2

11

Sinf. für Eis nipp.

Recital //

Sinf. für Eis nipp. pp. fort.

p.

p.

p. + pp. + p.

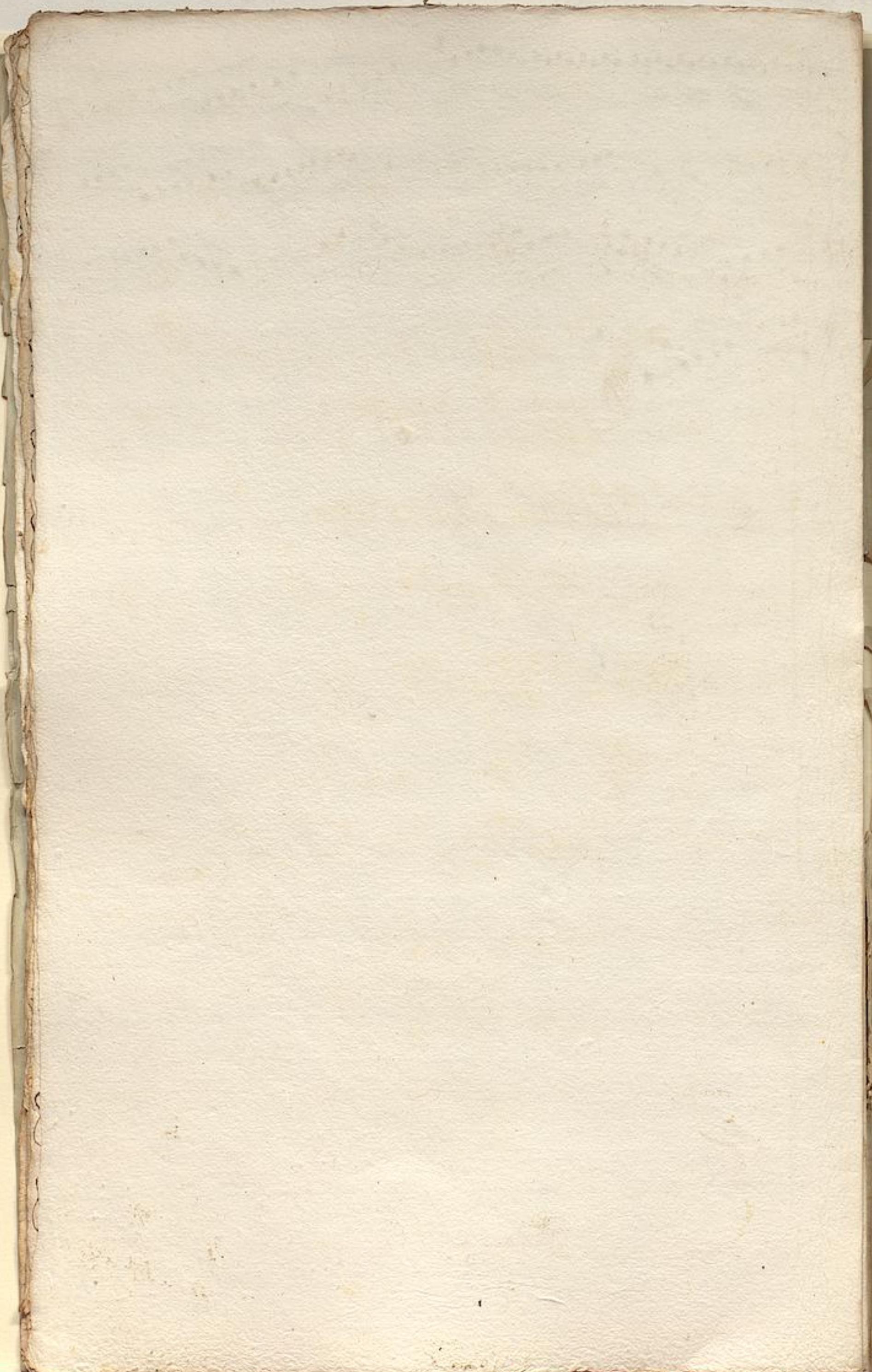
p. + pp. + p.

p. + pp. + p. - p. + pp. + p.

p. + pp. + p.



A handwritten musical score page featuring five staves of music. The first four staves are standard staff notation with various note heads and stems. The fifth staff is a blank five-line staff. The score includes several markings: a tempo or dynamic instruction 'lent' is written vertically on the left; a 'Capo' instruction is written above the fourth staff; and a 'Choral Capo' instruction is written below the fifth staff. The paper is aged and shows some discoloration.



*Choral.*

viola.

13

Sie für sich

Dix John

*pp.*      *pp.*

p. p. pp.

p- pp. fff. p. pp.

*p.*

p. pp.

Q. + P. Ph.

John L. wife

np.

$\text{J} \in \{70, 90\} \rightarrow \text{Vg}^{\text{?}} \}$

Handwritten musical score for a six-part setting, likely for organ or harpsichord. The score consists of six staves of music with various dynamics and markings. The final staff includes a 'Capo' instruction and a 'Choral' section.

Capo //

Choral //

Choral.

Violone.

14

A handwritten musical score for Violone, page 14. The score consists of 12 staves of music. The first staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notes are primarily eighth and sixteenth notes. Several dynamics are written in brown ink: 'Sinf. hier beginn.' at the start of the piece, 'pp.' and 'p.' in the middle section, 'ff.' and 'p.' in the lower section, and 'ff.' and 'pp.' near the end. The manuscript shows signs of age, including yellowing and foxing.



Alto.

15

Dir für bin ich kein König lange miss für einen Kron,  
Dir sag am und Gott ist willig lant mir auf einem Stein,  
Schwarze Stämme sind nicht schlimm bringt dir o Menschen Sohn,  
Ich allein ist mir meine Seele verloren hab ich bin  
last dir finde

Recit // Aria // Recit // Aria

Der Herr ist willig zu neigen man mir ein Kind er pflege  
best und wann er uns sein noch Leben den Herrn mit seiner Gnade

Choral. Dir sag am my Gott.



1742

Tenore

16

Dies sind bier in den Dörfern  
 Viele sind mir Leute ich will mich lernen kann  
 Ich weiß dann ein Kind ist kein Kind mehr kann  
 Ich alleine ist mir meine Freunde kann keiner  
 Ich lasst mich finden von mir ist es nicht so  
 gib es mir und mir und mir und mir  
 In nahe ist in Pfarrer unter Menschen Kindern auf die zu den  
 Dörfern kann nicht sich mein Herz im Glauben auf zu den. Mein Jesu nim mir  
 an ich habe viele mißgeschlagen das ich besser ohne Dörfern. Auf sieh Gott ich  
 lange für gebangt für Seinen Leuten auf lasst mich Gnade finden.  
 Beij Jesu ist viel viel Trost - - zu Jesu - - -  
 Sie nimmt die Dörfer - - - gnä - - Sie gnä - - Sie nimmt die  
 Dörfer gnä - - Sie an Beij Jesu ist viel viel Trost - - zu  
 Jesu - - - Sie nimmt die Dörfer die Dörfer die Dörfer gnädig  
 gnädig Sie nimmt die Dörfer gnä - - Sie an. Wer Jesu - - - Sie nimmt die  
 Zagen darf nicht vor Zagen in will ihn gern sein Herz vor bla - - - ge

42

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) on five staves. The lyrics are written below the notes. The score concludes with a section for 'Capo Recit' and 'Aria'.

Handwritten lyrics:

mein Elagm im hörn ist - = In hörn - ist der dor ob filen dor  
fillen - = dor ob fil - len dor ist dor ob filen dor  
zagen - = und will ich gläissen dor zu mla. - go dor  
hörn ist - = dor hörn - - ist dor ob filen dor filen dor  
= ob filen dor

Capo Recit Aria Capo

Choral Profess' mi Capo

42



Bafso.

47

The image shows a page from a handwritten musical manuscript. The music is arranged for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and organ. The vocal parts are written on three staves with square note heads, and the organ part is on a separate staff at the bottom. The lyrics are in German, written below the notes. The handwriting is in cursive ink, and the musical notation uses a mix of common time and measures with different time signatures. The paper is aged and slightly yellowed.

Durch feste hirz ist Gott von Lourdes lange mein feste Simon  
Durch feste arme missgoot ist Gott von Lourdes mein nach Simon  
Von schweren Sorgen langlich seynen bange ist mir o Monsignore  
Denn wir alleine sind unsre meyne Den o Lourdes hab ich  
Gern lieblichkeiten von mir geschenkt. Von  
mir sind mir minnen missgoot.  
Recit aria [C] frist du gutes hirz, der seines Daseins liebtest  
magst du minnen fressen im blauen, du liebst mich nicht mehr zuvor  
heute leidet. Ja nur noch flüssigkeiten die abgewischt das Leben und erford  
st, seit du liebst mich. Gib jemand seinem Vorwurf dafür  
daher nicht liebst du mich mehr für mein Leid den frei. Ich kann dich nicht mehr  
sonst nicht das du mein fressen kann es keinem verbaumen.  
Jesu Jesu Jesu lass mich Gnade finnen sag mir Gott mein fach  
sag mir fach mein fach sag mir belohnst sag mir belohnst sag mir  
fach - - sag mir belohnst Jesu Jesu Jesu lass mich Gnade finnen sag mir fach  
fach sag mir belohnst mein fach - - sag mir belohnst sag mir belohnst

fay mein froh - fay imbstimbl Ob der Ta - san ob die Welt nro  
 imbstimbl - nro imbstimbl - ob der Ta - san ob die Welt nro  
 imbstimbl - ob fay mein froh vorla - - - fay  
 ob fay mein froh vorla - - - fay riss soll mis misse wiss  
 misse - - - misse  
 riss misse - - - misse  
 misse - - - misse  
 misse - - - misse  
**Capo Recit**  
 misse - - - misse  
**Choral** fay auf mich fay auf mich

