

Dr. J. J.

F. A. S. F. C. M. Hartl. 1728

Mus 436/14

Augste Trost ist das, daß wir nicht ganz gescheitert haben ss

161.

14

f. (15) u

Partitur
20^{te} Febr. 1728.



G. A. G. M. Hart. 1794

Dr. Judd.

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The score is divided into four systems by vertical bar lines. The first system contains lyrics in German: "Herr Jesu Christ, zu dir". The second system contains lyrics in Latin: "Ad te suspiramus". The third system contains lyrics in German: "Herr Jesu Christ, zu dir". The fourth system contains lyrics in Latin: "Ad te suspiramus". The music is written in black ink on white paper, with some notes and rests indicated by short horizontal strokes.



2

Wile du doch mein Kind ist noch ein Kind.

Doch du wilst mich nicht mehr haben.

Dann sage ihm Kommt mir sing' Glaubt mir ich kann es singen.

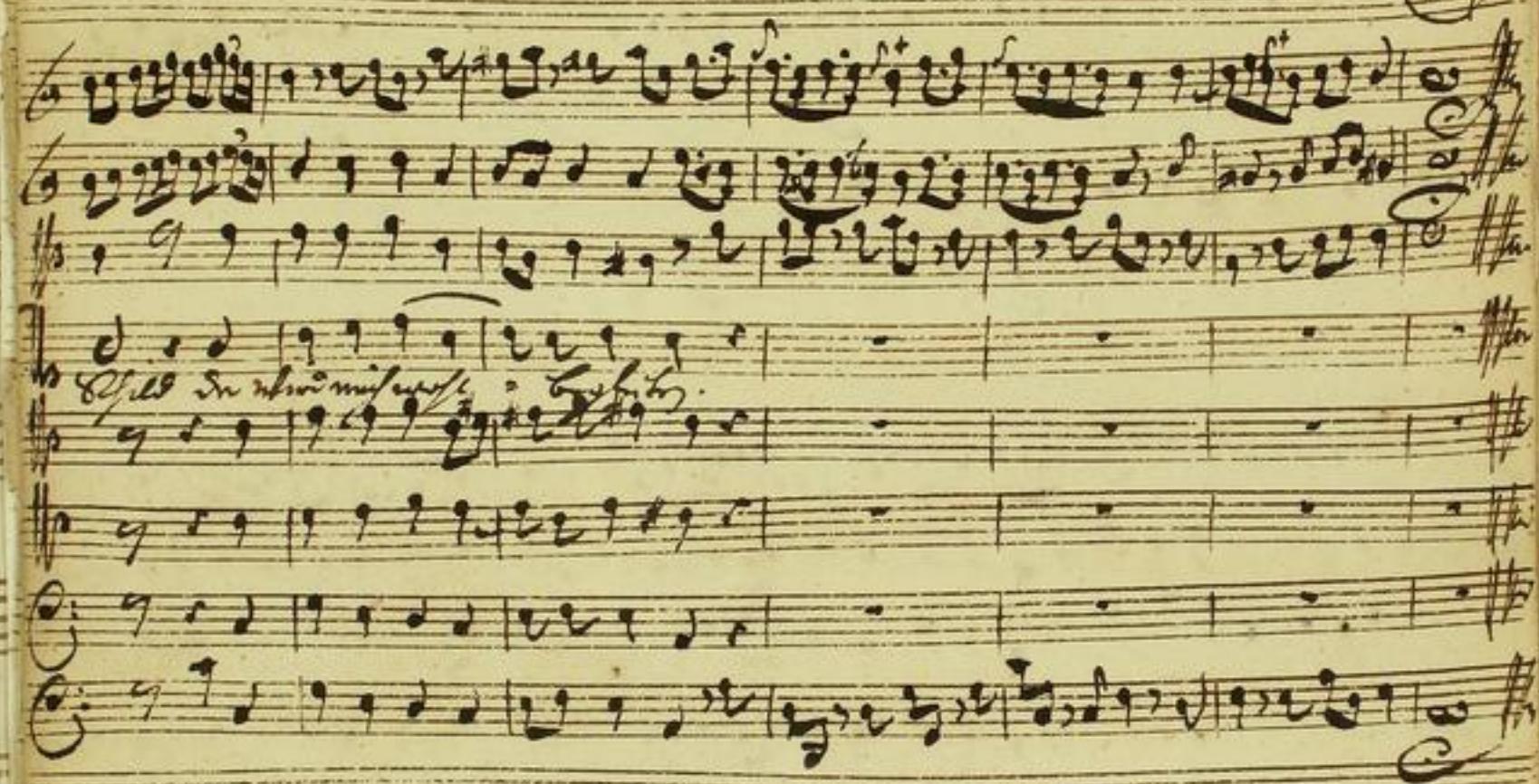
Und es singt mit mir.

twh.





73



Soli Dec Gloria.

161.

14.

Ode to the Queen of Love and Beauty
which was written

a
2 Violins

Fagot

Canto

Alto

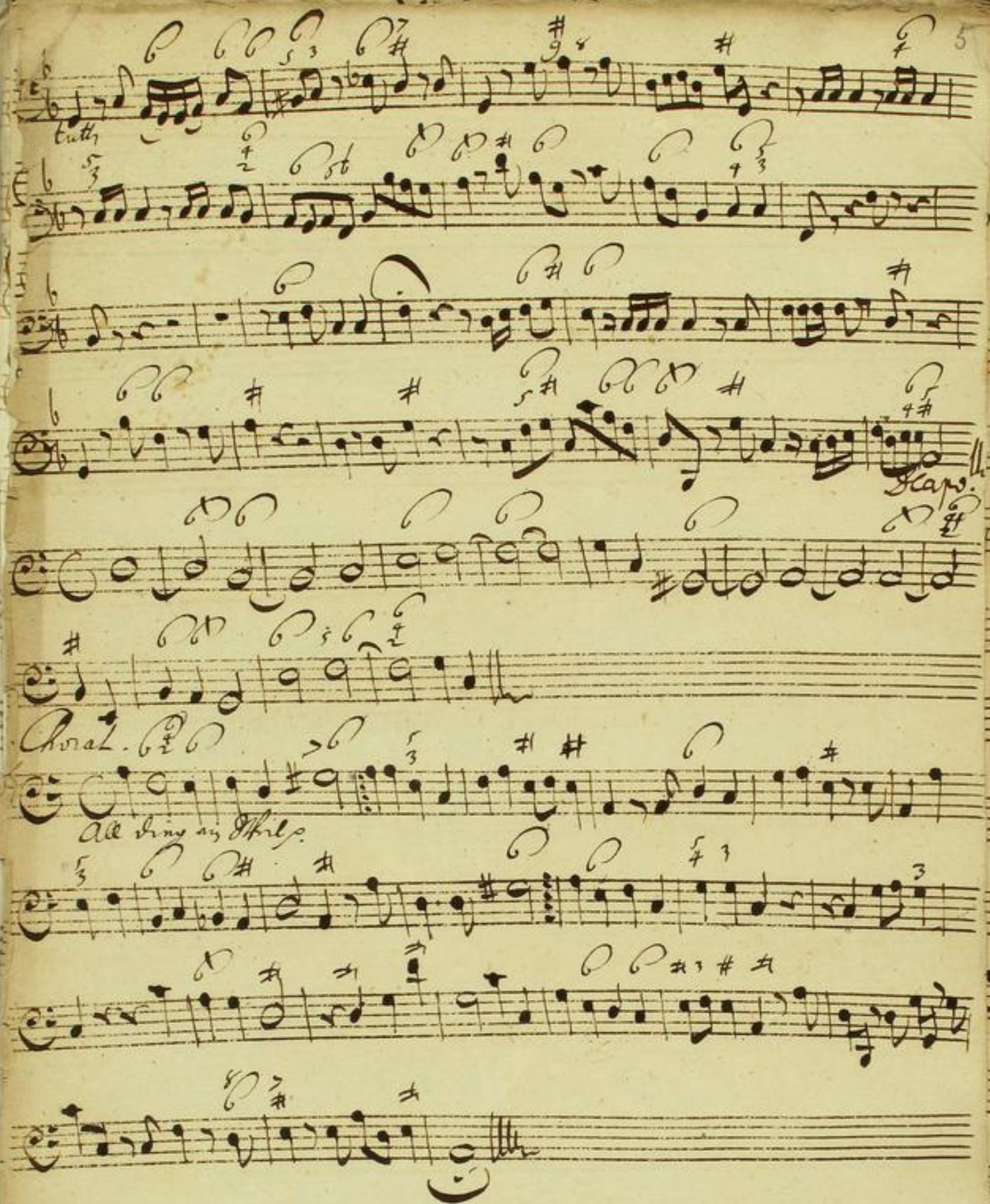
Tenor

Bass

c
Continuo

D. J. J. J. J.
1728.

Organus.



Violino Primo.

6

Violin 2nd
Augst min.

piano

first.

Kapo III Recitativo II

Fl. Hn. Bassoon Fl. Bassoon

tutti. tutt. tutt. tutt.

tutti. tutt. tutt. tutt.

tutti. tutt. tutt. tutt.

tutti. Kapo II Recitativo II

Technische Universität Darmstadt

<http://tudigit.ulb.tu-darmstadt.de/show/Mus-Ms-436-14/0011>

Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Darmstadt

Aural.



Violino Primo.

7

Recit. || *Stacc.* || $\frac{8}{8}$ *C*

A page from a handwritten musical score. The top staff is for piano, indicated by the word "piano" written vertically next to the staff. The bottom staff is for voice, indicated by the vocal range lines. The music consists of four staves, each with a different key signature (F major, C major, G major, and D major). The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings like forte (f) and piano (p). The handwriting is in brown ink on aged paper.

A page from a handwritten musical score. The page contains two systems of music. System 1 starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It features a series of sixteenth-note patterns followed by a measure with a single eighth note. System 2 begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It includes a dynamic marking "pp." and a fermata over the final note.

A handwritten musical score for piano, page 10. The score consists of two staves. The top staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It features a recitation section with various note heads and rests. The word "Recit." is written above the staff. The bottom staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It contains a single measure with a bass note followed by a rest. The word "Bass" is written above the staff. The score includes dynamic markings such as "Haut" (loud) and "forte".

A handwritten musical score for orchestra, page 10, showing measures 11 and 12. The score includes parts for Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, Double Bass, Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, Trombone, and Percussion. The notation is in common time, with various dynamics like *tutti*, *ff.*, and *p.* The manuscript is written in brown ink on white paper.

A page from a handwritten musical score for Beethoven's Violin Concerto. The score is written on five-line staves. The first staff is for the Violin, showing a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The subsequent staves represent the full orchestra, with various sections like strings, woodwinds, and brass providing harmonic support. The score includes dynamic markings such as forte, piano, and sforzando, as well as performance instructions like "flau" and "legg." The handwriting is clear and organized, typical of early printed music notation.

אָמַר יְהוָה לְעֵד בְּבָנֶיךָ tutti

G6 - Da capo || Recit. || G c

Choral.

The image shows a page from a handwritten musical manuscript. At the top left, the word "Choral." is written in a cursive hand. Below it, there are five staves of music. The first four staves are soprano, alto, tenor, and bass voices, each with a different clef (C, F, C, C) and a common time signature. The lyrics are written in a Gothic script and include the words "all dinge sind stille", "Gott ist mein Tröst", "Gott ist mein Helfer", "Gott ist mein Helfer", and "Gott ist mein Helfer". The fifth staff at the bottom is for the basso continuo, indicated by a bass clef and a small circle with a cross, followed by a series of vertical strokes representing a bass line or tablature.



Violino. 2.

8

Violino. 2.

8

Recitat *tacet* *fl.* *haut* *tutti*

unisono *leggato* *molto*

pp.

Capo

Recitat *tacet* *fl.* *haut* *tutti*

fl. *tutti* *haut* *tutti*

p.

tutti

tutti

Capo Recitat *tacet*

Choral.

all ring my bell,

Violino. 2.

Viola.

9

Recitat | tacet | Expressio.

unisono.

pp.

p.
fort.

Recitat | tacet |

Mus am Sonn'gut.

pp.
fort.

Recitat | tacet |

Arioso.

all sing als Stile.

The musical score is handwritten on six staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It includes dynamic markings such as 'pp.', 'p.', and 'fort.'. The second staff starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The score contains several performance instructions: 'Recitat' (recitation), 'tacet' (silence), 'Expressio.' (expression), 'Mus am Sonn'gut.' (music at sun's pleasure), and 'Arioso.' (arioso). There are also dynamic markings like 'pp.', 'p.', and 'fort.' throughout the score.



Violone

40

A page from a handwritten musical score for orchestra. The score consists of eight staves of music, each with a different clef (G, C, F) and key signature. The music is written in common time. Various dynamics are indicated throughout the score, including 'tutti' (full ensemble), 'fay' (likely referring to a specific performance technique or section), and 'volti'. The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.

Choral.

all sing us thine



Canto.

11

all dir am mire im Dornenwald ist, Jesu Jesu, Christ
Um fischen auf das Angeln mein, all wan ob Wein
Du misst mir fliehn - zur Stunde misst du mir
Das wic - der mis - Christ stunden
anf die vor Paus, Welt wie du will Gott ist mein Refidet
mir misst mich - beglücken.



alto

42

A handwritten musical score for four voices (SATB) and piano. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are written on four staves, and the piano part is on a staff at the bottom. The lyrics are in German, with some words underlined or written in a larger font. The score consists of five systems of music, with this being the fourth system.

all' sing am reijl am Tross mysl' is. Son' fest' Gr' d
Und sehn auf deß Un' - glück mon, al' wan de' dein
In' wir si' mir sehn e' Driten m'ß is ~~de~~ In' ean
Iab mit - der miß g'nd Driten
auf die sehn b'f' Welt miß ih' nild Gott' is miß D'f'ldi
mir miß mysl' - - bog' Driten



Alte.

13

Accomp.: Recit.: Aria

taet taet taet unter Gottes Huet im Paradies ist, nicht fruehlich
E c f E c c, t c c c t f f p r r c c
Gott im Bismarcklein. Gott lebt ein gut Gedanken sich nicht kann ob Gott und
p l c b t c c, c b c b t t c c p r c c
zwill sein Bismarcklein, wo kann die allen Menschen sicher ruhe innenfleigt die
p l c f c c, p r c c t b t c c p r c c
zwill mit Deinen Stein die Augt Bismarck nicht yemin Glanz im Bismarcklein
p l c t t c c, c p p p c b t t c c c c
Das fruehlich liegen, die Singere kein nicht ruhe innen liegen

Choral

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) on five-line staves. The key signature is C major, and the time signature is common time (indicated by a '2'). The vocal parts are written in brown ink, with some lyrics in cursive script. The lyrics are:

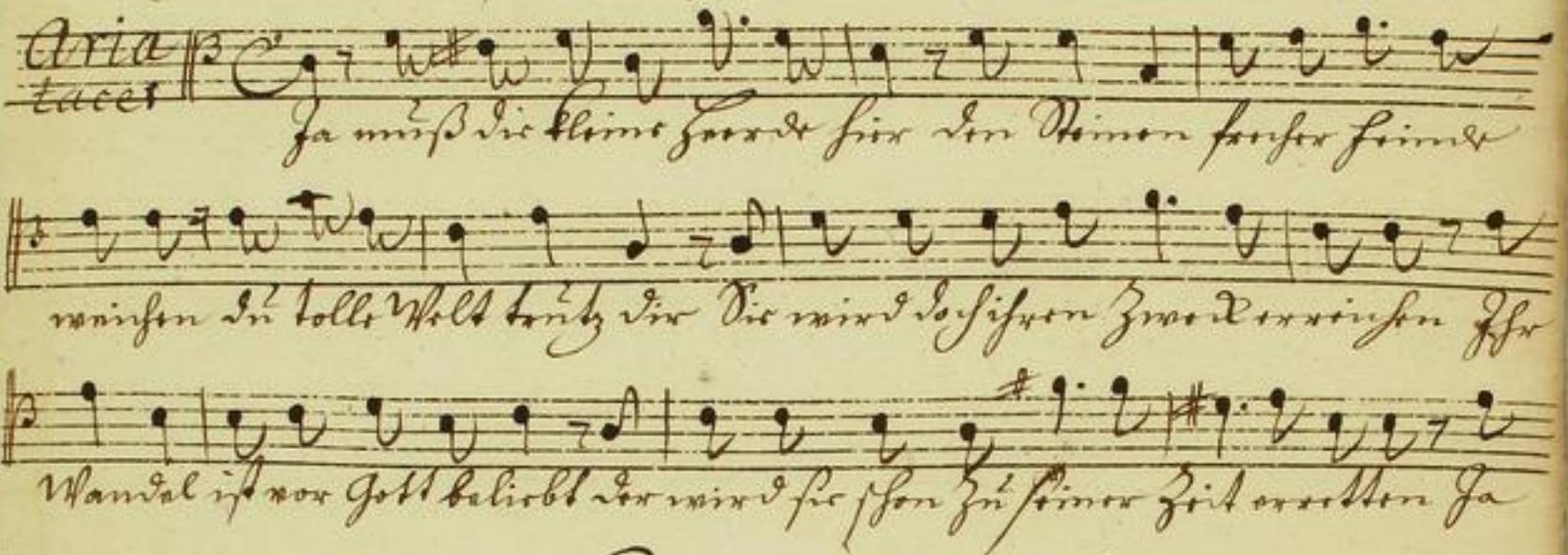
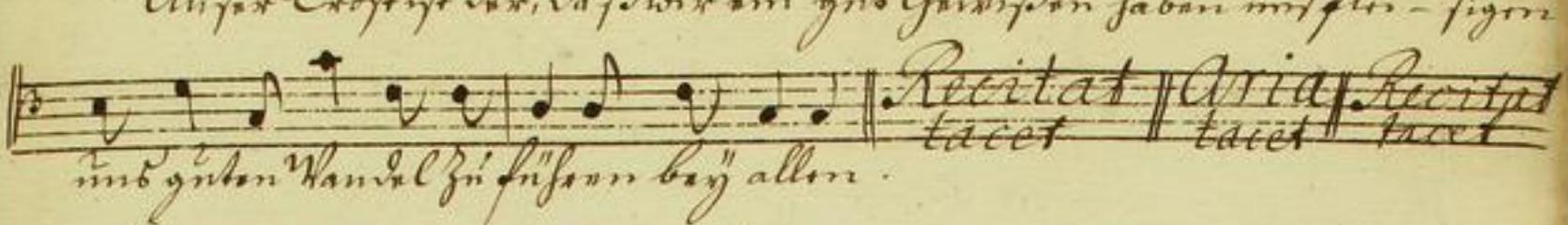
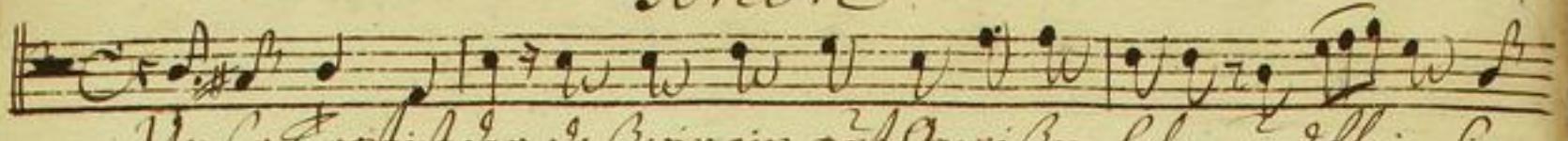
All dinge sind wider ein Gottesdienst ist, Lahr Jesu Christ. Du siehst mir
ihre Sehn dir das ewiglich mein, alle armen al den Herrn wischen &
Herr - zur Seiden miß - fürl steten mit dir dem Jesu Welt
wie du willt Gott ist mein Pfleid Ich erlöse mich woff, beydesten.

The score consists of two systems of music. The first system starts with a bass entry, followed by soprano and alto entries. The second system begins with an alto entry, followed by soprano and bass entries. The music concludes with a final bass entry.



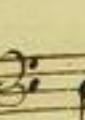
Tenore

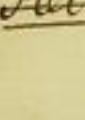
14



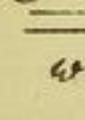
A handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring four staves of music and German lyrics. The music is written in common time, with various note heads and rests. The lyrics describe a scene where a knight and his horse are being welcomed by a town's inhabitants. The score includes parts for soprano, alto, tenor, basso, and continuo. The handwriting is in black ink, with some lyrics written in cursive script.

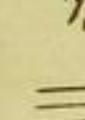
Accomp. P: C recit. 
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind

Recit. P: C Recit. 
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind

Recit. P: C Recit. 
Ja, wenn die Krieger Gräber sind
Ja, wenn die Krieger Gräber sind
Ja, wenn die Krieger Gräber sind
Ja, wenn die Krieger Gräber sind

Recit. P: C Recit. 
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind

Recit. P: C Recit. 
Ja, wenn die Krieger Gräber sind
Ja, wenn die Krieger Gräber sind
Ja, wenn die Krieger Gräber sind
Ja, wenn die Krieger Gräber sind

Recit. P: C Recit. 
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind
Krieger Groß ist der, daß wir ein gutes Gräber sind

Basso

15

accomp. Recitaria

tacet tacet tacet

Wor Gott und Wor I m Schafft ist schafft

frülich Gott und Kymaßt leiden. Völkern in güt Geisten sin nicht
dau ob Hölle m' Welt sin ihm brennen, ob kan brennen

für uns sind sie die Welt mit Heinen Sein Gaben ihm vermagt um
seinen Glanz und sein zu lebt und sei von Freude singen. Die Tugend
kan nicht ewig im Leid liegen

Mn' Bahn kommt bald zu z'g'nten. Gott will er leiden

Mn' Bahn kommt bald zu z'g'nten. Gott will er leiden

laßt nicht la - ist nicht in sol - lt Tisaar

la - - ist nicht in sollo Tisaar eine Rime werden

gebend dir sind da - - ist dir sind da - - ist dir sind da - - ist

aufgegeben mir - de seine die Gefahr mir - der

seine die Gefahr

Cap. Recitat. tacet

all sing ein wort im dorfmord ist. Herr Jesu Christ,
Und segnen auf' das Unglück mein, als was ab ist mir,
In mir ist mir stehn - Frey Reiter; möß ist dem Dein
Gott wie - der mich - Gott Reiter,
auf die so lahn Wohl wie du will Gott ist mir Oftilgter
In mir und mich mögl. begleiten.

