

M. O. d. N. - I. 0001

Z 1

Mein Herz schwimmt in Blut,

zu Mus. § 3 f. 2

Mus. ms. 420/21

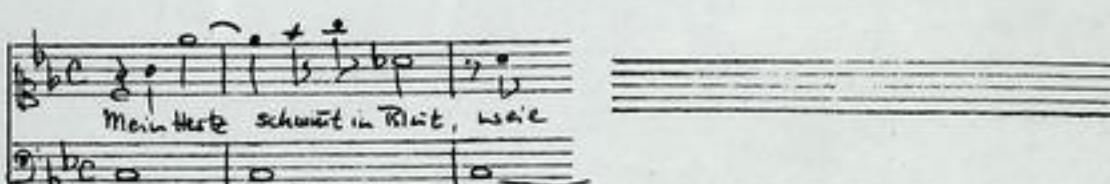
145
XX.

Graupner
Kirchenmusiken

~~7312~~/21

Graupner, Christoph (1683-1760) BRD DS Mus.ms 420/21

Mein Hertz schwimmt in Blut/a/Voce Sola/2 Violin./Viol/e/
Continuo./Dn.11.p.Trin./1712.



Autograph August 1712. 34 x 21 cm.

partitur: 4 Bl. Alte Zählung: 2 Bogen.

6 St.: C.vl 1,2,vla,vln,Bassono. (bc fehlt).
je 1 Bl., C 2 Bl.

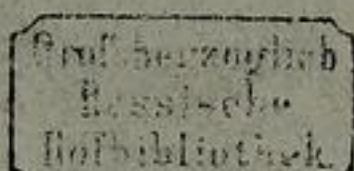
Alte Sign.: 145/XX; 7312/21. W59A9/900 S. 64 ff. N

Text: Georg Christian Lehms, 1711. Einsp.: Häussle 2002-2033

Bearb. von Friedrich Noack, Darmstadt ca. 1948, Mus.ms. 1744
(Partitur u. Stimmen). - Bearb. von Hans Bergmann (Kopie d.
handschriftl. Übertragung d. Partitur), 1985 = Mus.ms. 1789

Partitur
1712

(13) u



M. O. d. D. - I. 0001

Z 1

Mein Gott ich fliehe in Gottes

zu Hause. § 3 f. 2

Mus. ms. 420/21

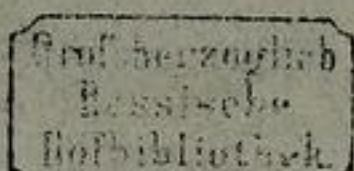
145
XX.

Sprachner
Kirchenmusiken

~~7347~~ / 21

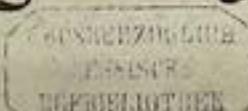
Partitur
1712

(13) u



Min. Lymatj sejovit in Glücks 8. 20. 8. 88. Aug. 1772.

Maria gratia - füsst in dem zeit auf der Erden, Gott der Herr folgt Anges zum Hause
mag ich mein Gottlich feind frei, wenn die Erden ist, all will gedenk sei. Hoffe es Lahr
Klage, daß ich allein geh mißt in die Welt gestellt! und du der Erde Adam darum, daß du mir
zu Fuß fließt in die ganze Welt. Ach! kein böser Knecht mir aufgedroht ist jetzt nicht kann ich fliehn





2

Soprano: *Graus gelerkert mi infob Grünig han wiem mitz. luf Gott gebiht.*
 Alto: *Mari Gott ist agt am Yng boim tri aufs Freit gorbly auf Gott auf*
 Bass: *Gott vber dem drey zwölften Dicmig han!*

Da Capo

Soprano: *On Gott und mi gaudiß icch icch ist der Langniss auf das Anger ist mit Grünig vnd*
 Alto: *Mari Gott in den v. die Gossay v. velen Weyndt icch Gott aß mi en gaudiß.*
 Bass: *Ach icch in Lutz Gossay v. velen Weyndt icch Gossay:*

11.

Handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto/Bass) on five-line staves. The score is divided into two main sections, each containing two systems of music. The first system of each section begins with a soprano vocal entry. The lyrics are written in a Gothic script. Below the lyrics, some entries have German translations written in cursive. The score concludes with a final section of music.

Section 1:

- System 1:** Soprano: **W**er du **W**ohl **W**illst **W**er du **W**ohl **W**illst
Alto: **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott
- System 2:** Soprano: **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott
Alto: **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott

Section 2:

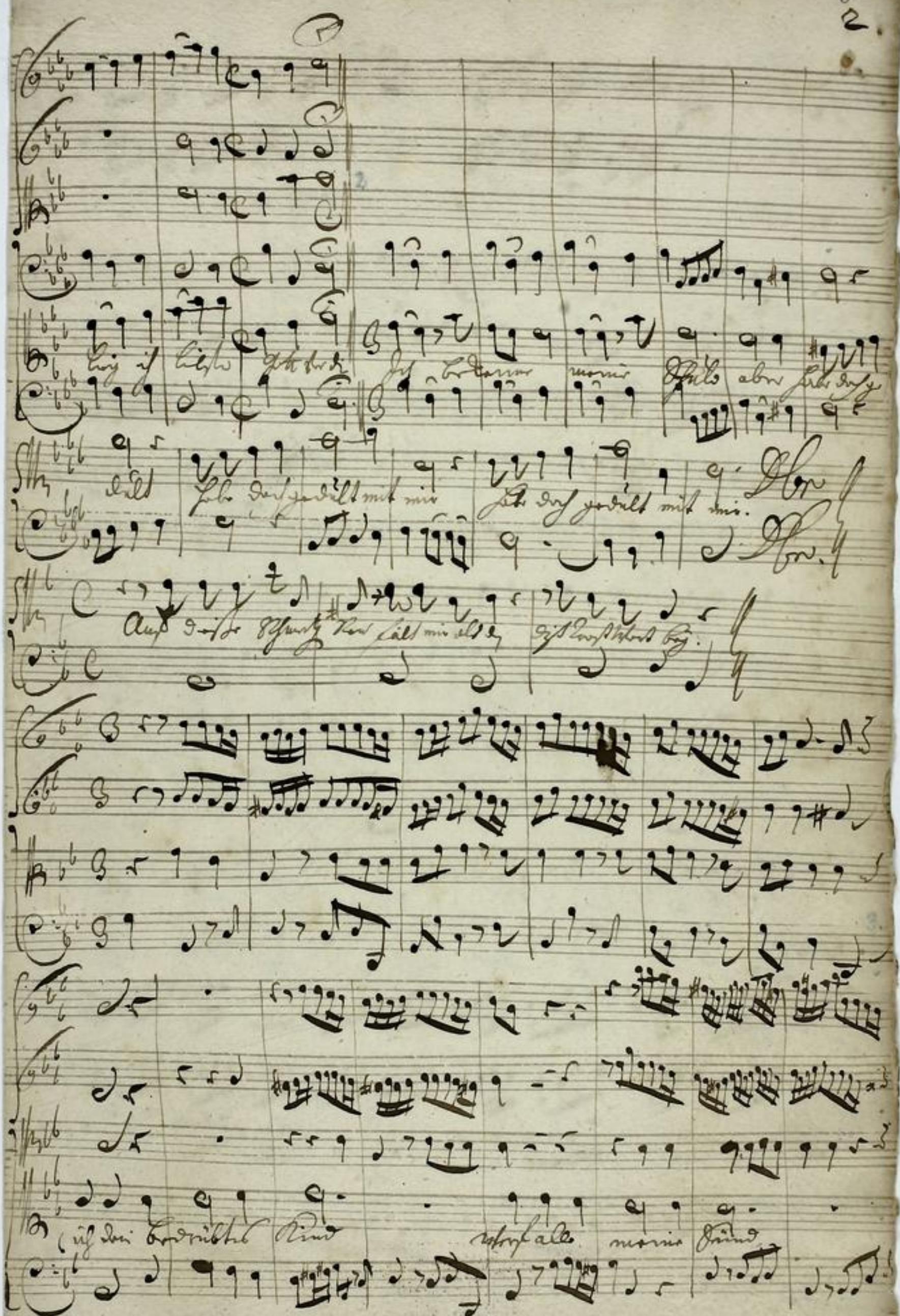
- System 1:** Soprano: **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott
Alto: **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott
- System 2:** Soprano: **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott
Alto: **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott

Final Section:

- Soprano:** **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott
Alto: **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott **G**ott

Druckerei
Kessener
Hofdruckerei





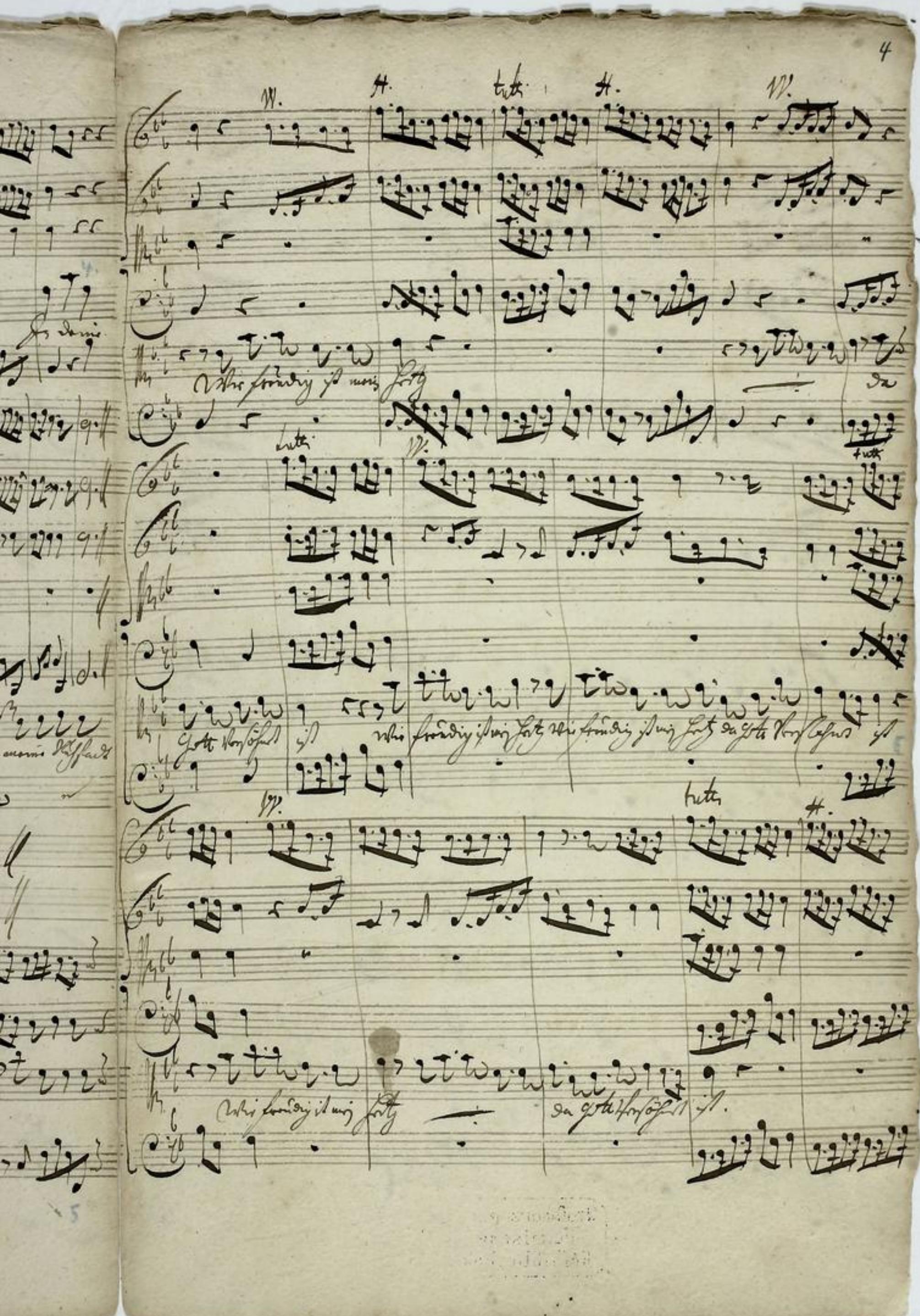
WILHELMSCHE
ADRESSEN-
BIBLIOTHEK

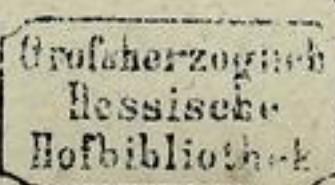
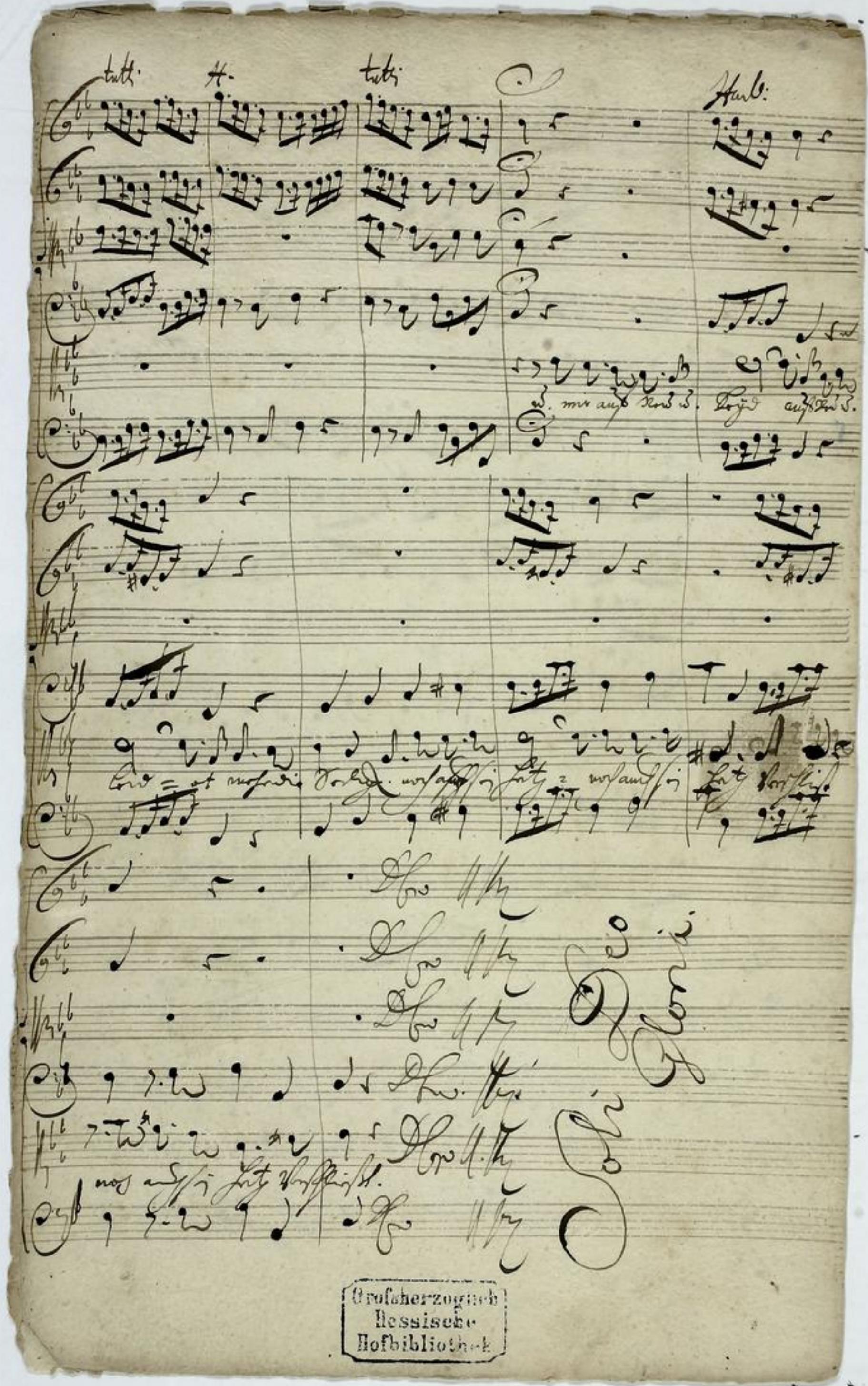
A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and piano. The music is written on five systems of five-line staves each. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano part is in 6/8 time. The vocal parts consist of short, rhythmic patterns primarily using eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano part features sustained notes and chords. The lyrics, written in cursive German, are placed below the vocal parts. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f*, *p*, *ff*, *mf*, and *ff*. The vocal parts are labeled *Sopran*, *Alto*, and *Bass*. The piano part is labeled *Piano*.

Die Freude schafft Freude, da ich Gott folge kommen.
Ihr Lobe mög' ich dir zu Ehre bringen, es soll folgen dann der Tag, wenn's Hoffnungs-

Kurfürstliches
Hessisches
Landesbibliothek





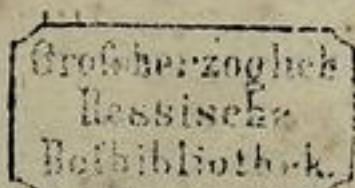


145.
XX.

2. Mus. Part. Stimmt in Dblt.
a
Voca Coda
z Violin.
Viol

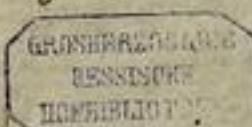
In: II. p. Fin.
Muz.

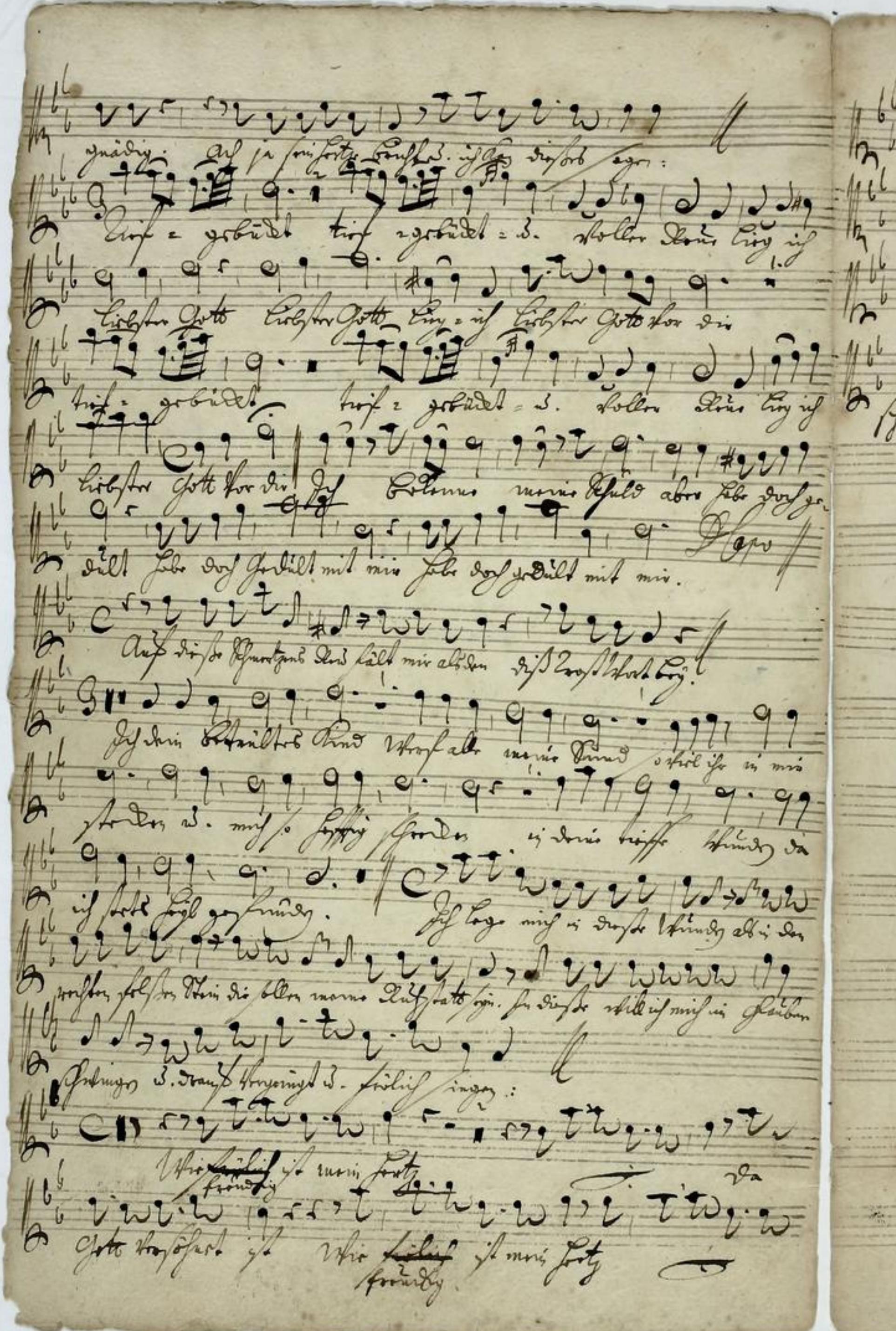
c
Contino.

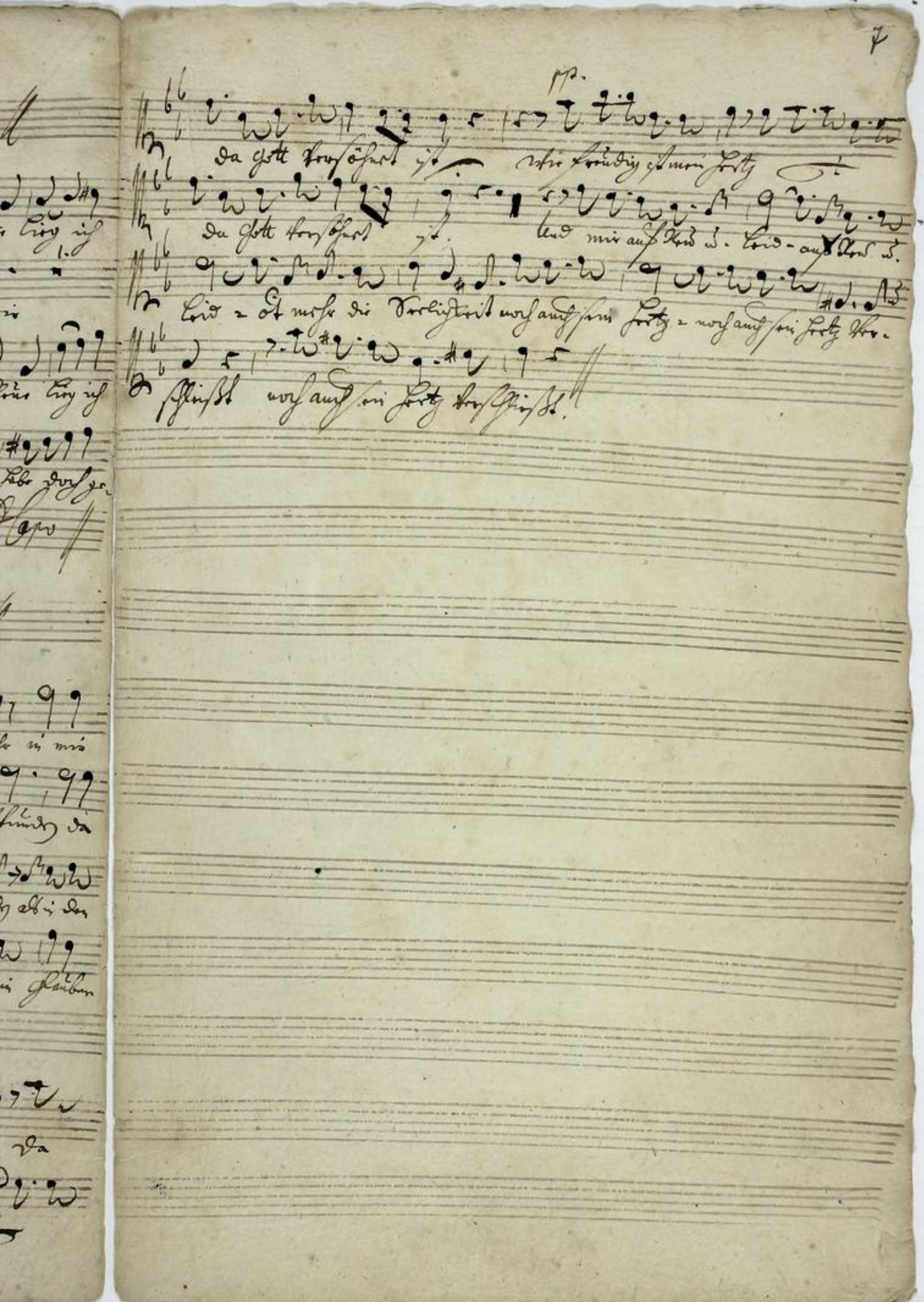


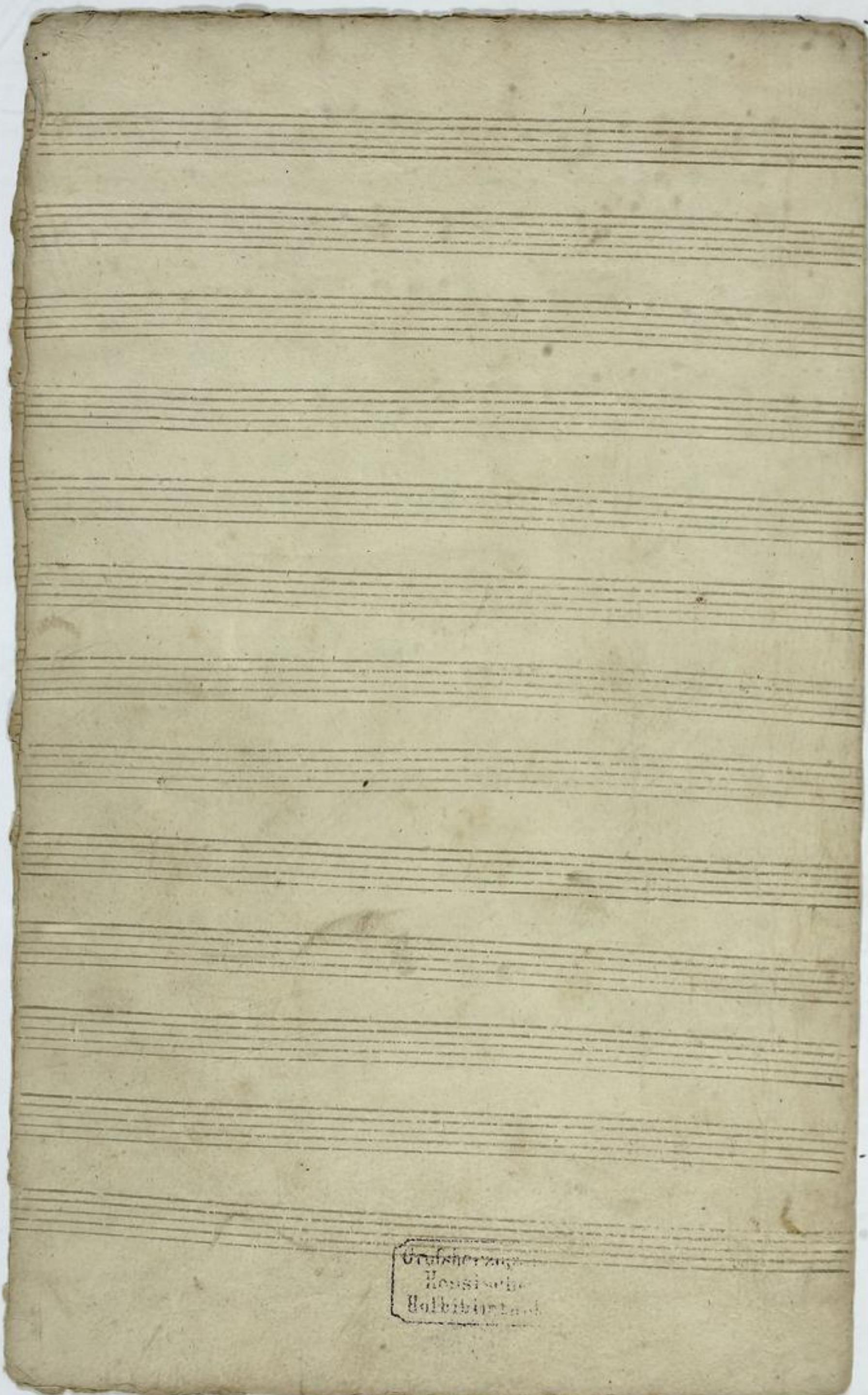
Parte Solo.

Mari fortz - Gehnt in Ehr' steh mir die Kinder don'ts her gott's fruewanger sun
 Langfuer magt, w. mein Gott's son schest hier, steh mir die Kinder o. als solle, so den
 segn. Heseydt hysen Raet, ob es altem fest miß in dreyer Hoffnung,
 das es Godes ewig keiner, verbiß meines Sohns aller Lust. Ich Gott ist ey fure
 ih. ay. ~~unwohnen~~ ~~Gmote man abgottet fort will fruew nre hystory. be~~
 souffre, w. iß myß miß dor die Kinder den die Luge. Gott's Angst hat mich.
 Kinner trauft will die Kinder gehn dor. Und iß myß mein Gmote segn
 grolen Sohnen sifst gongen. Sohn wie mein sind. Gott's Angst gehn dor.
 Mari fortz ist ey. ein Kram. Donn die Anger fys. grollen auf Gott auf
 Gott ist ey.
 auf Gott auf. mir gaudi. gaudi ist das Jaeg. mit Gott das Angst ist mit Gott.
 Gott ist ey.
 Gott ist ey. Gott ist ey. Gott ist ey. Gott ist ey. Gott ist ey. Gott ist ey.

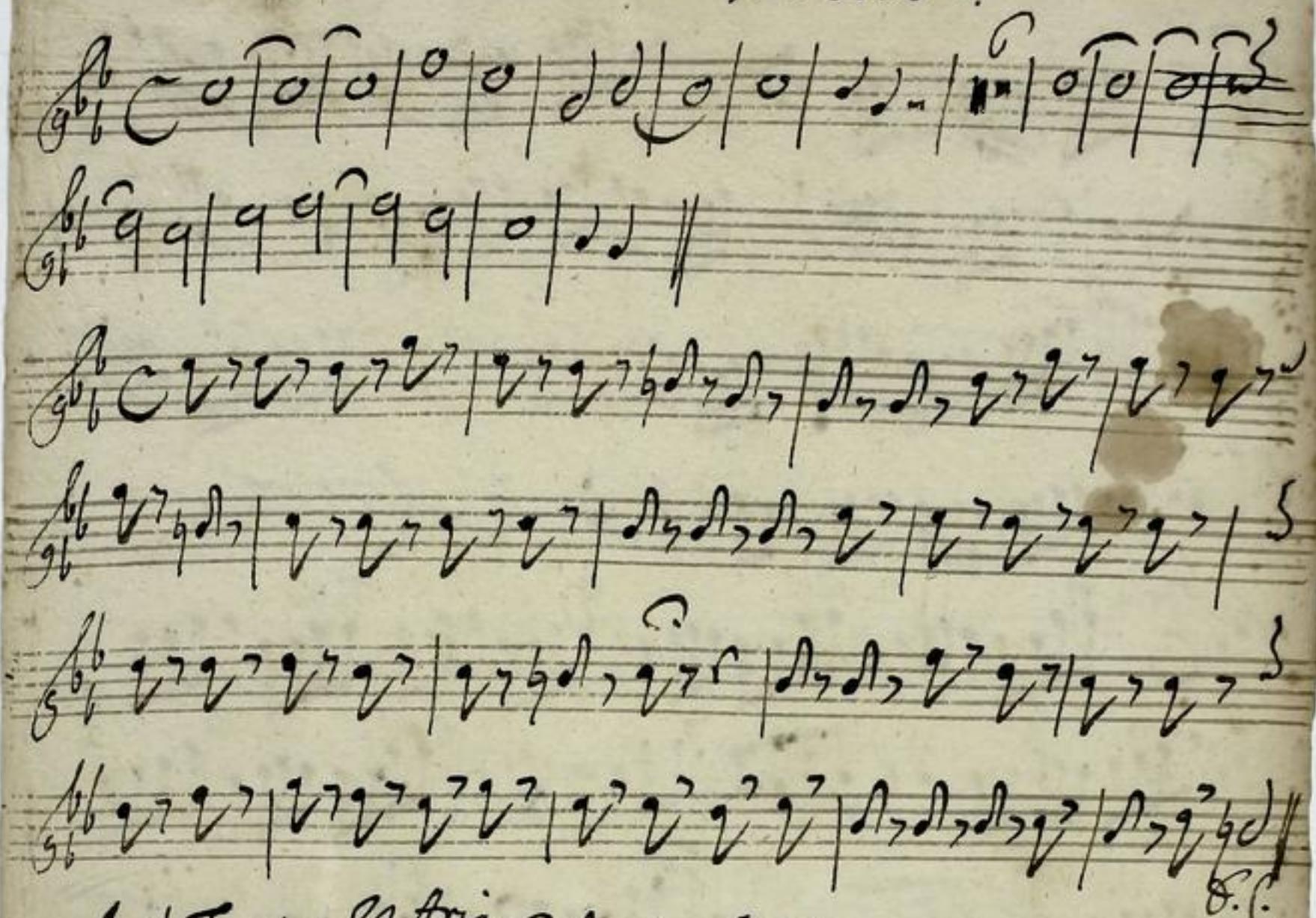






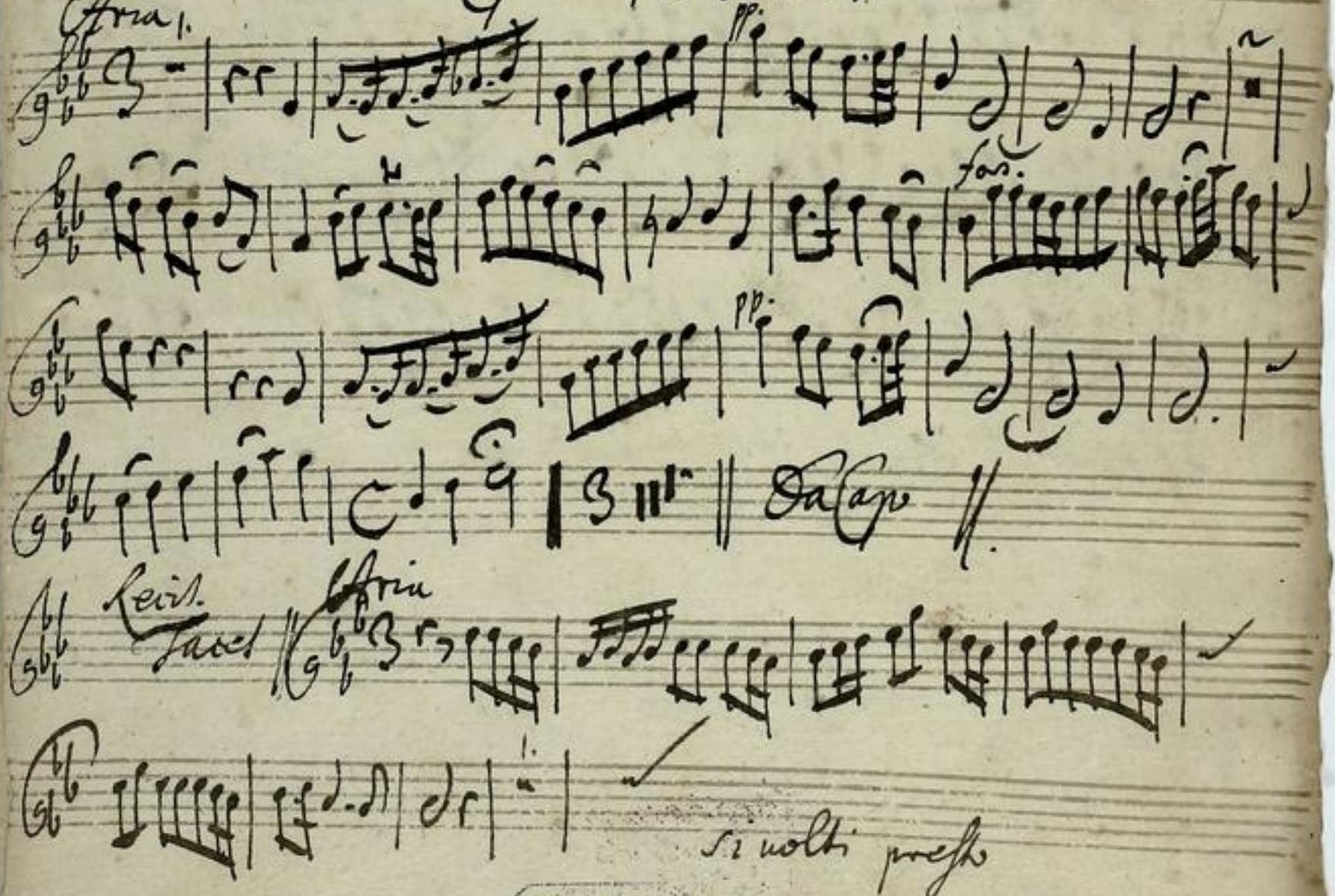


Violino 1.



Recit. Tacob. // *St. Maria* ^{da Capo} ~~Tempo~~ // Recit. //

Aria.



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HOCHSCHULE





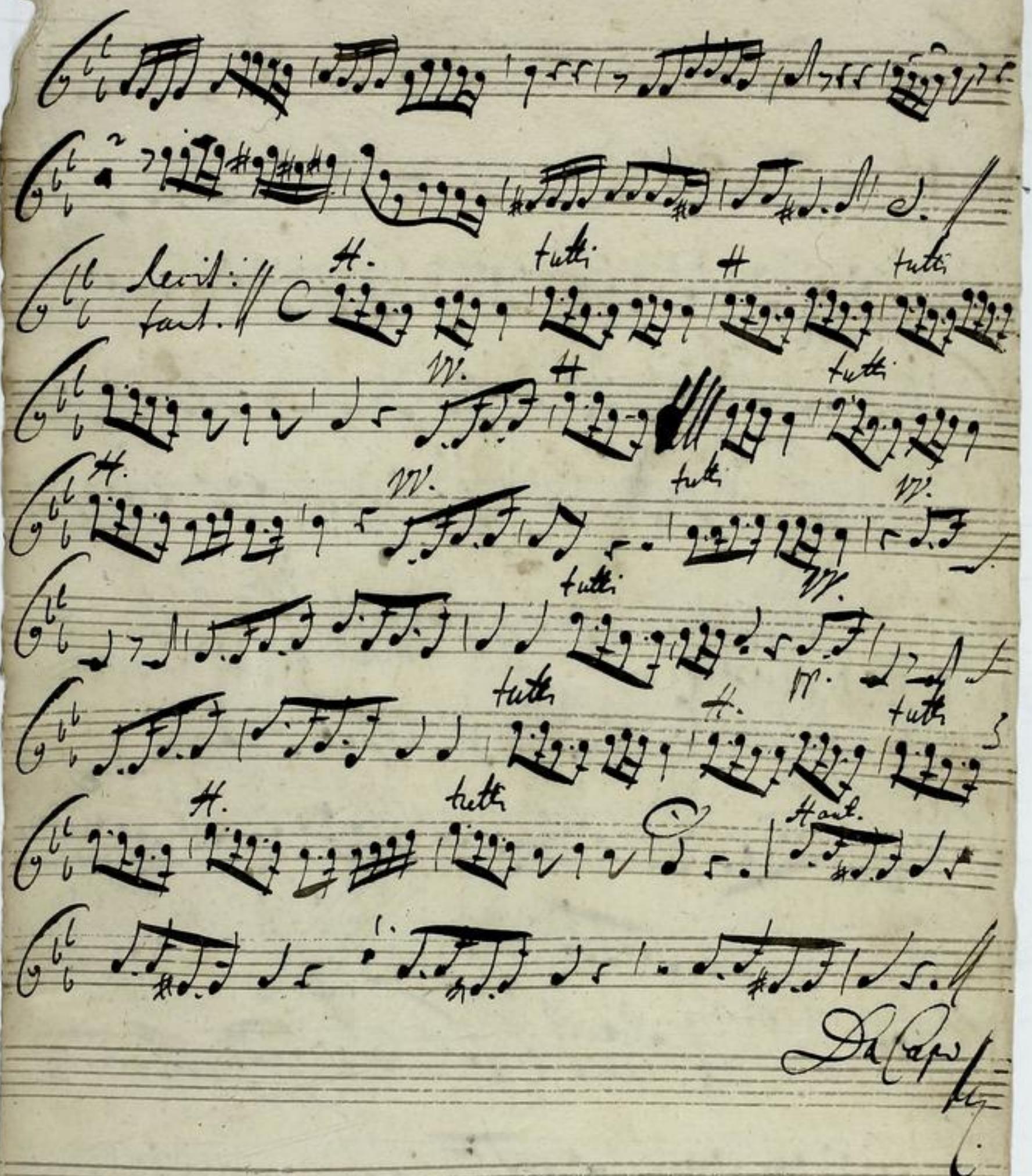
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Königliche
Oberbibliothek



Violino 2 9

9

A handwritten musical score for orchestra and choir, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in a cursive, Gothic-style script. The first two staves are for strings (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello). The third staff is for Double Bass. The fourth staff is for Trombones. The fifth staff is for Oboe and Clarinet. The sixth staff is for Flute and Bassoon. The seventh staff is for Horn. The eighth staff is for Trombone. The ninth staff is for Trombone. The tenth staff is for Trombone. Various dynamics and performance instructions are included, such as 'fort.', 'pianiss.', 'Rend.', 'tut.', 'Chor.', and 'Adagio'. The score is on aged paper.



Grundstimmung
Hessische
Bibliothek



Viola.

11

Handwritten musical score for organ, featuring multiple staves of music with various note heads and rests. The score includes vocal parts labeled "Aria" and "Recit. Taces" with dynamic markings like "ff" (fortissimo) and "p" (pianissimo). The music is written in common time and includes a section with a basso continuo line at the bottom.

V. S. multo presto.
sempre l'aria.

V. S. multigraffi.
Seme l'aria.



Aria



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und Landesbibliothek
Darmstadt



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DARMSTADT

<http://tudigit.ulb.tu-darmstadt.de/show/Mus-Ms-420-21/0021>

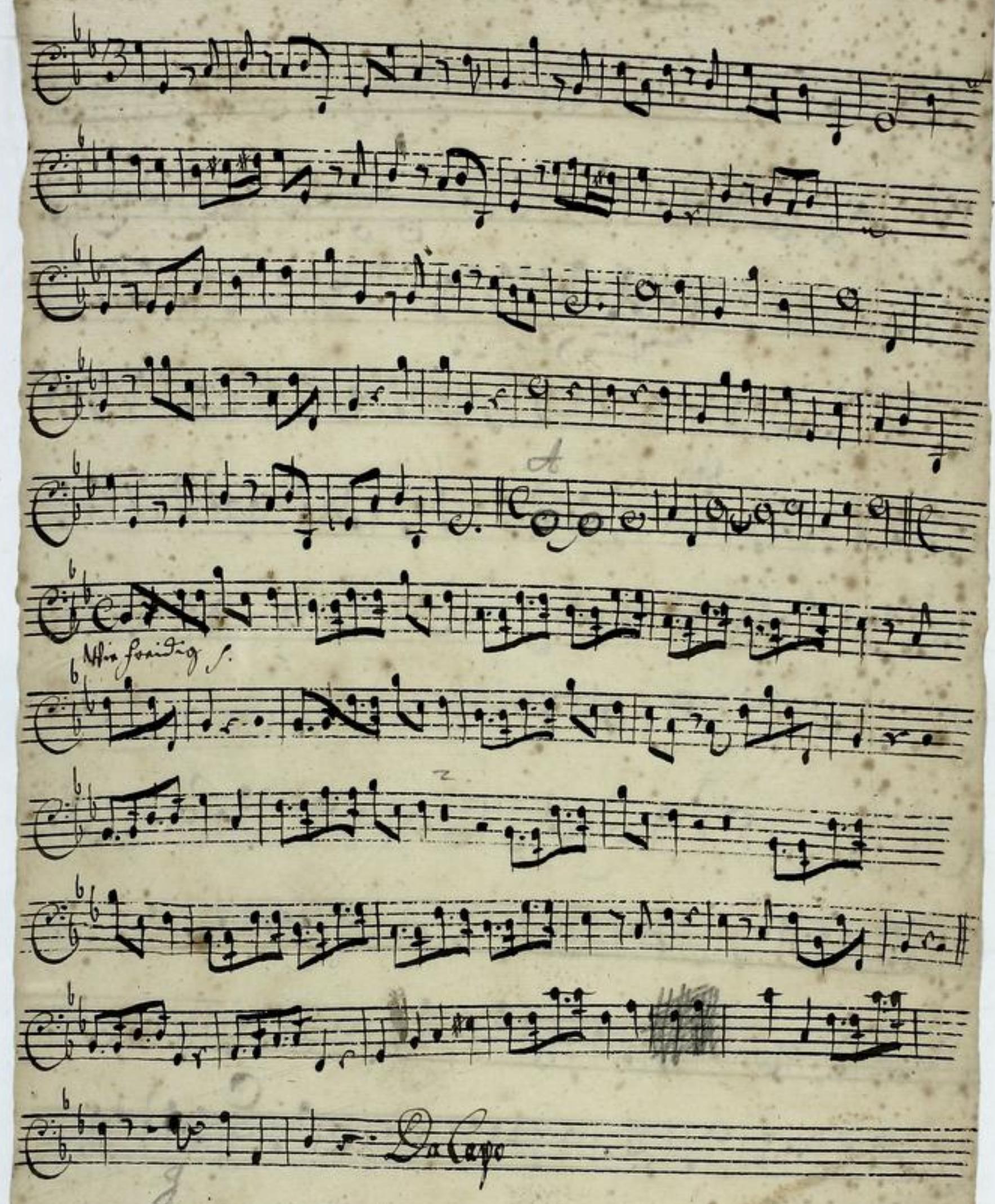
Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Darmstadt

Bassano.

11

A handwritten musical score for 'Bassano' consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in common time (indicated by a 'C') and uses various clefs (G-clef, F-clef, C-clef) and note heads (solid black, hollow white, and cross-hatched). The notation includes eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and bar lines. The score is divided into sections by double vertical bar lines. The first section ends with a repeat sign and the instruction 'hinc duplizari'. The second section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The third section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The fourth section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The fifth section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The sixth section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The seventh section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The eighth section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The ninth section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The tenth section begins with a basso continuo instruction 'Basso Continuo'. The score is written on aged, yellowed paper.





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12

Violon

A handwritten musical score for violin, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in common time (indicated by 'C') and uses a standard staff notation with stems and note heads. There are several performance instructions and markings interspersed throughout the score:

- "Tutus Dynamis" appears twice, once near the beginning and once in the middle of the score.
- "Klavier Klavir" appears twice, once in the middle and once at the end of the score.
- "Harp" appears once, near the end of the score.
- "3" appears once, near the end of the score.
- There are various dynamic markings such as 'f' (forte), 'p' (piano), and 'mf' (mezzo-forte).
- There are also articulation marks like dots and dashes under the stems of notes.
- The score is written on ten staves, with each staff containing four measures of music.



