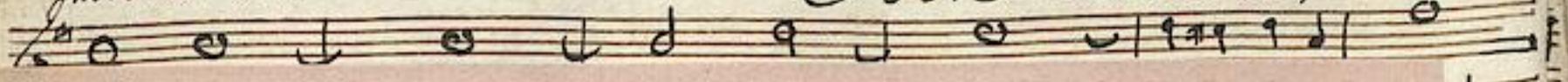


Inventar. 2115.

J. A. G. M. S. 1748. 3



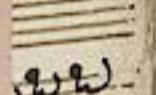
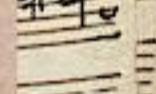
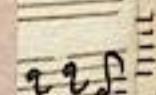
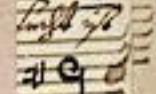
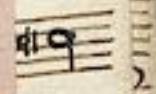
Mus. Ms. 456

Wie frohn wiss min Hosen - Freystadt

168.

11

5



Partitur

M: Febr: 1735 27<sup>ten</sup> Refugium.

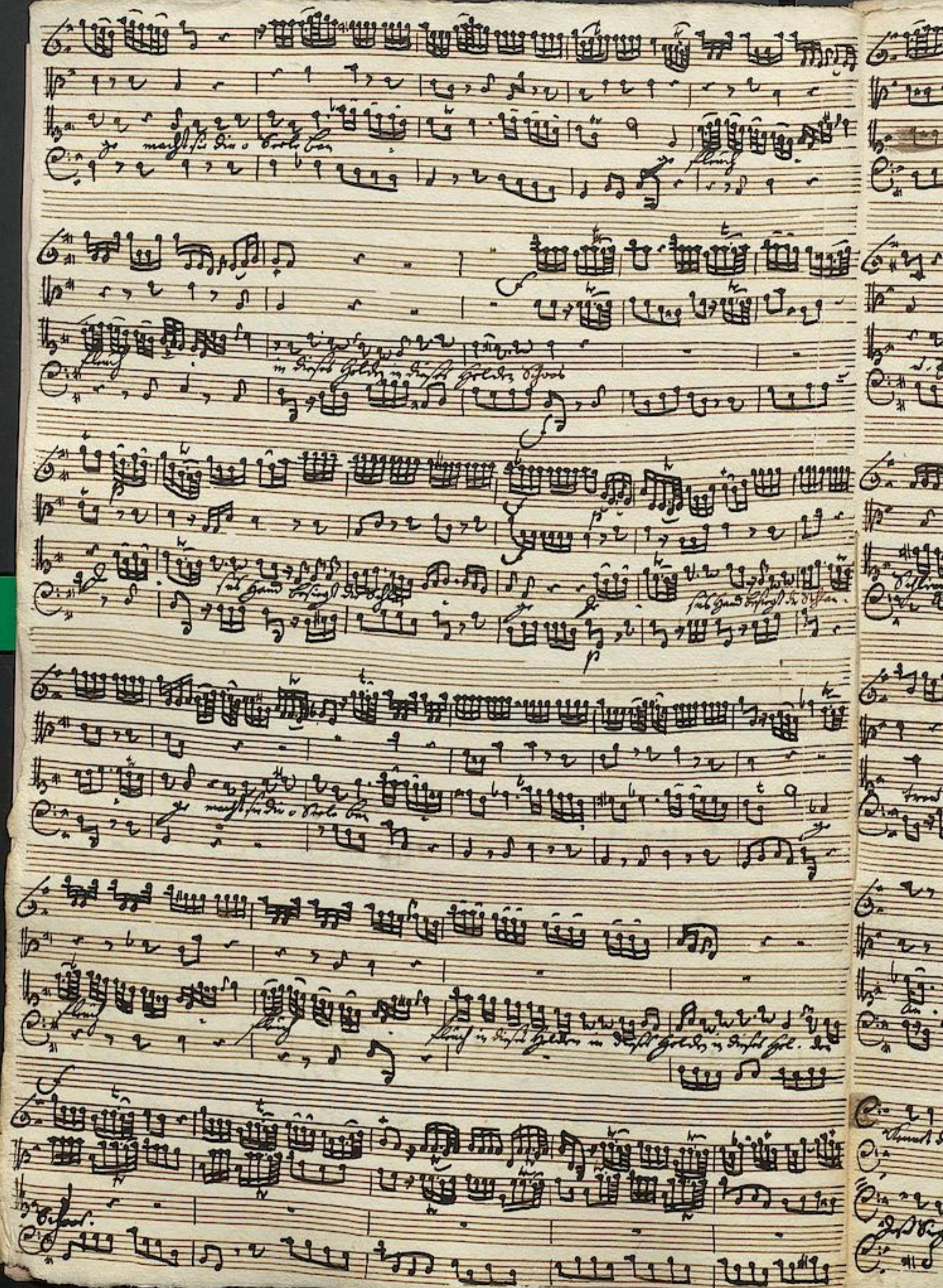
Inventar. 2111.

J. A. G. M. S. 1748. 3

The musical score consists of six staves of handwritten music. The top two staves are soprano (C-clef), the middle two are alto (F-clef), and the bottom two are bass (Bass-clef). The music is in common time. The lyrics are in German and are written above the notes or below the staff. Some lyrics are in italics. The music includes various musical markings such as fermatas, slurs, and dynamic markings like 'ff' (fortissimo).

Lyrics (approximate translation):

Woh leben ob eins Hoffnung du ob viele Milde, Leben mit uns die Freude, fandt du nicht? -  
In der Welt ist als Freude feierlich  
Leben, glücklich ist das Dorf ohne Einsamkeit.  
Zum Menschen ist es nicht möglich lange  
zu führen zu einem gotteshäuschen, so wie es ist, und es ist kein Mensch, der kann das tun.  
Alle zum Himmel, alle sind auf dem Lande zu leben, sie wollen leben, sie wollen leben,  
die Freude ist sehr groß.



6. தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 மாப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 கீழ்த்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 கீழ்த்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்

புதுதெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 புதுதெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 புதுதெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 புதுதெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்

7. நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்

8. நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்

9. நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்

10. நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்  
 நூற்றுத்தெய்வேப்புத்திரம், நினைவுத்திரம்

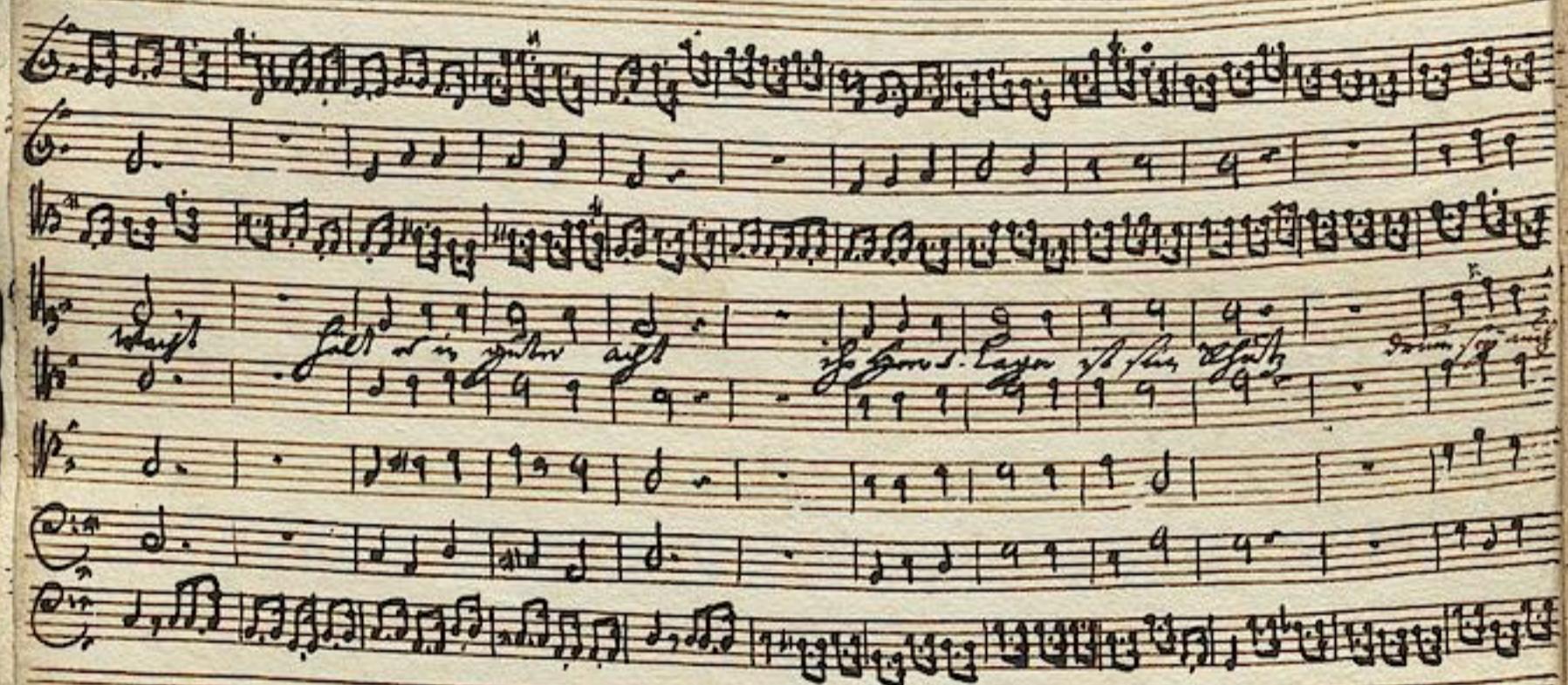
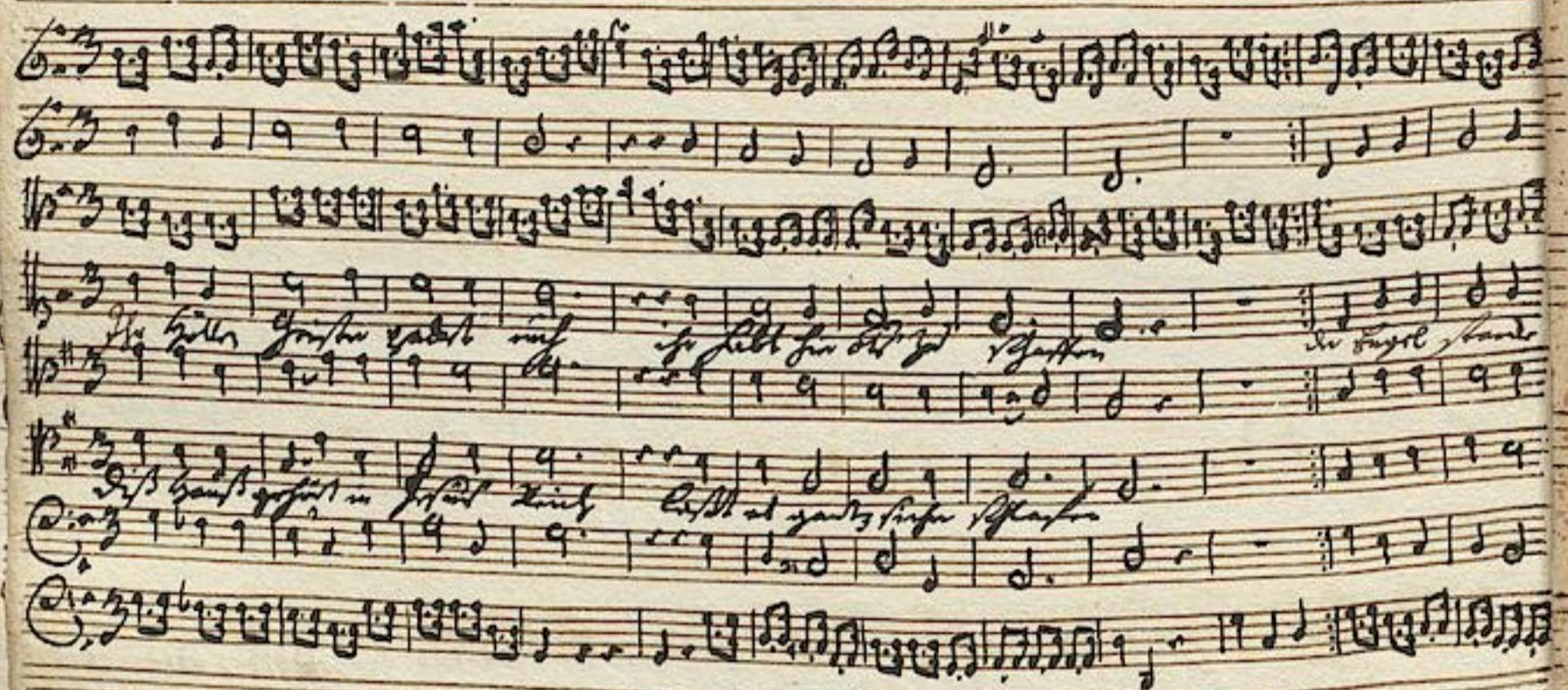




*vivace.*



6. 
  
 7. 
  
 8. 
  
 9. 
  
 10.



168  
II.

Die Seele will singen Frohsinn  
der will keine Melancholy.

a

2 Violin

Viola

Canto

Alto

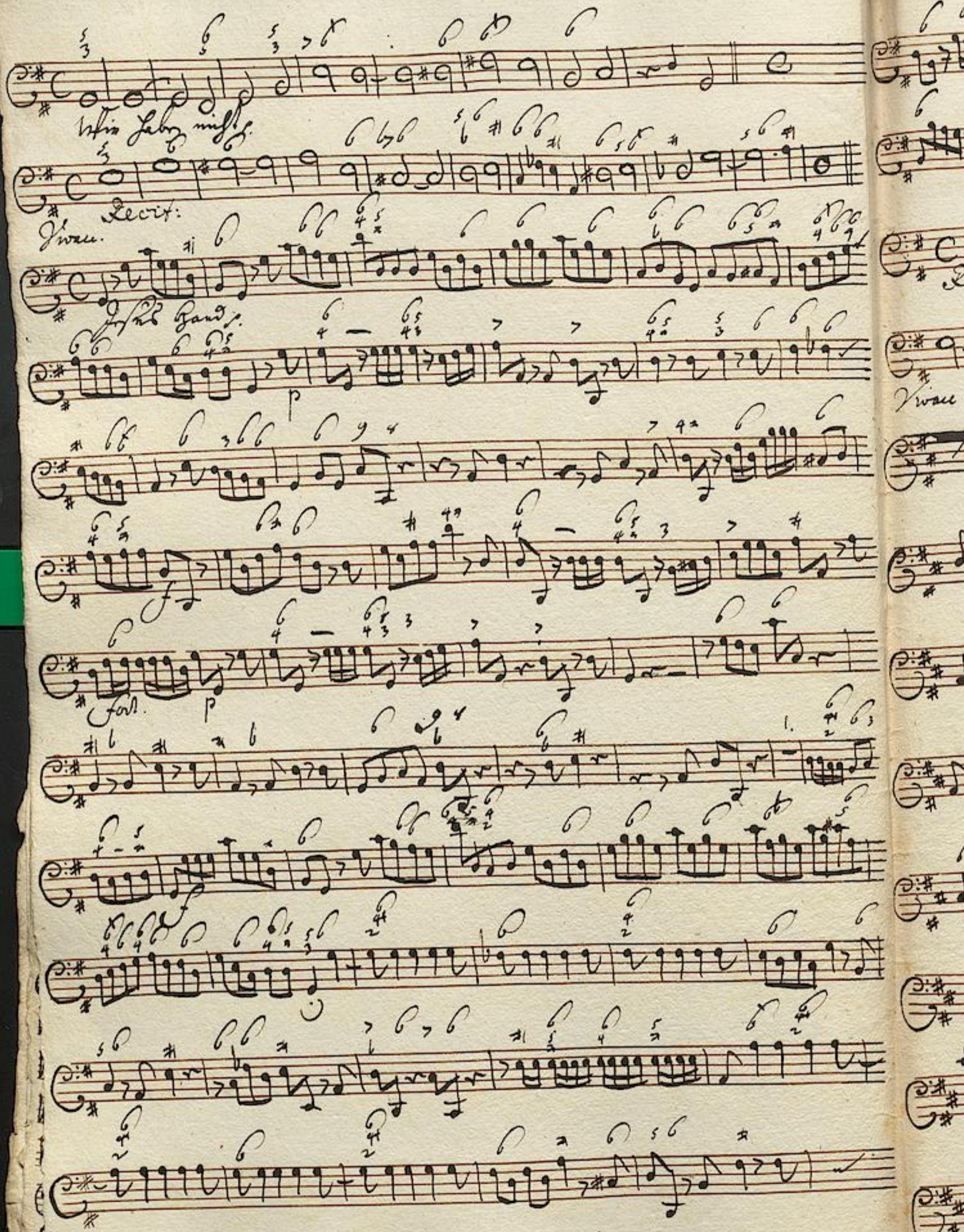
Tenore

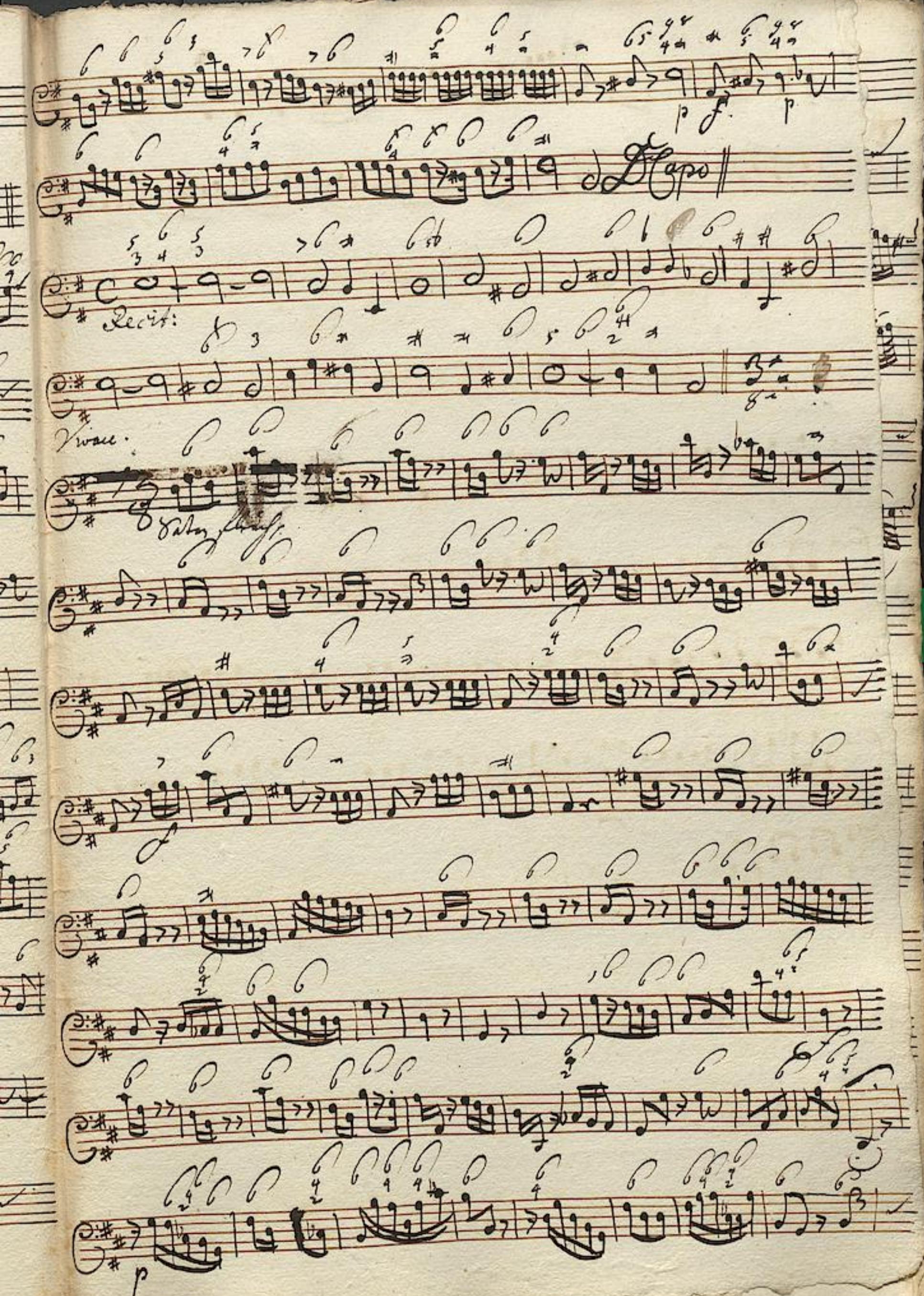
Bass

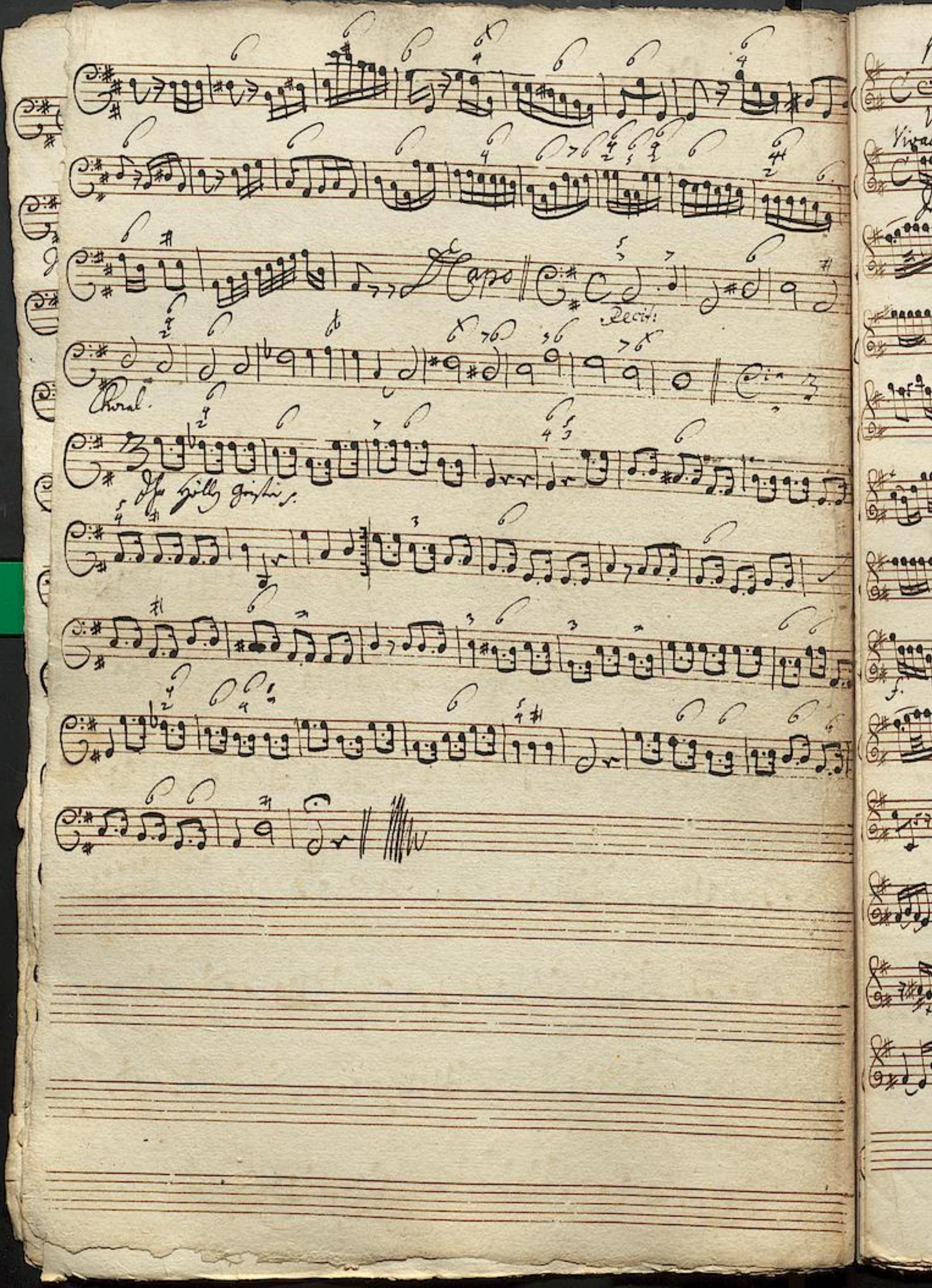
c Continuo

Dr. Dauvillier  
1748.  
an  
1755.









*Violino. I.*

*pian.*

Wie Leb' wilst s.  
Vivace.

*Leb' ganz,*

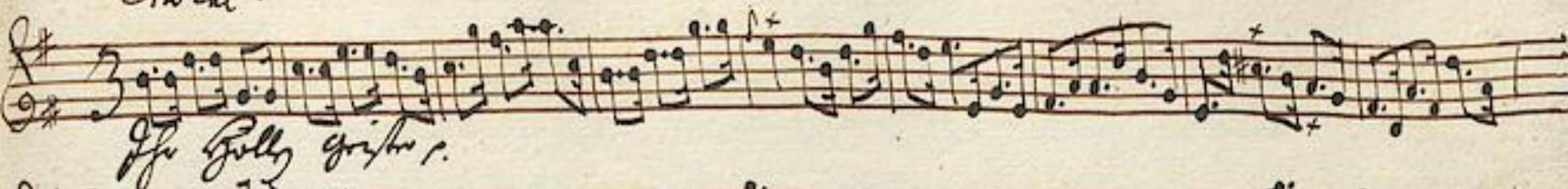
*p.*

*f. p. f.*

*Rapoo Recitat*



*Choral.*



*Gute Freunde.*



*piano*

*Violino. I.*

*Vivace.*

*Nun haben nicht.*

*Joyce Haney.*

*Recitat*

This page contains ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The top staff is for the violin, indicated by a 'Violino. I.' label. The bottom staff is for the piano, indicated by a 'piano' label. The music is written in common time (indicated by 'C') and includes various key signatures. The notation consists of vertical stems with horizontal dashes or dots indicating pitch and rhythm. Several performance instructions are written in ink: 'Vivace.' at the beginning, 'Nun haben nicht.' in the first system, 'Joyce Haney.' in the second system, and 'Recitat' at the end of the piece. There are also dynamic markings like 'p.' and 'f.' throughout the score.



Vivace.

dahm schnell.

Re

G

G

G



*Choral.*

Recital

*Joh. Sebastian Bach.*

The image shows a page from a handwritten musical manuscript. At the top left, the word "Choral." is written in cursive script. Below it, "Recital" is followed by a signature that appears to be "Joh. Sebastian Bach.". The music is written on five staves, each consisting of five horizontal lines. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It features sixteenth-note patterns. The second staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature. The third staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature. The fifth staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature. There are several blank staves below the fourth and fifth staves, suggesting additional parts or endings.



Violino. 2.

p.

A handwritten musical score for Violin 2. The score consists of ten staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 16/8. The music is written in black ink on light-colored paper. The first staff begins with a dynamic marking 'p.' above the staff. The second staff contains lyrics in German: 'Vivace Hier fehn mifft.' The third staff starts with 'Lied gauß,'. The fourth staff has a dynamic marking 'f.'. The fifth staff begins with a dynamic marking 'p.'. The sixth staff ends with a dynamic marking 'f.'. The seventh staff begins with a dynamic marking 'p.'. The eighth staff begins with a dynamic marking 'p.'. The ninth staff begins with a dynamic marking 'p.'. The tenth staff begins with a dynamic marking 'p.'. The score concludes with a 'Recitat' marking followed by a tempo marking '8/8'.



Kvau.

3. 8 Dantes, lang,

p.

Recitatif

Choral. Ihr Freuden erfreut

A handwritten musical score for Viola and Piano. The score consists of ten staves of music. The top staff is for the Viola, indicated by the word "Viola" written above it. The bottom staff is for the Piano, indicated by the word "Piano" written below it. The music includes various musical markings such as dynamics (e.g., *p*, *f*, *vivac.*, *legg.*, *Recital*, *Capo*), articulation marks, and performance instructions like "Guitar band". The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and piano. The score consists of eight staves of music. The first seven staves are for the three voices, with the vocal parts written in black ink and the piano part in brown ink. The eighth staff is for the piano, also in brown ink. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano part is in 6/8 time. The score includes dynamic markings such as  $\text{f}$  (fortissimo),  $\text{ff}$  (fortissimo),  $\text{p}$  (pianissimo), and  $\text{mf}$  (mezzo-forte). The vocal parts feature various note heads, including square and diamond shapes, and rests. The piano part includes sixteenth-note patterns and rests. The score concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction "Da Capo //".



*piano.* *Violone.* *Recit.*



Aria.

Handwritten musical score for an aria in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The score consists of six staves, each with a treble clef and a sharp sign. The music features various note heads, stems, and bar lines. The first staff contains lyrics in German: "Satan flüst' mir". The score concludes with a vocal line ending in "Da Capo || Recit:

Recit:

Handwritten musical score for a chorale in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The score consists of five staves, each with a treble clef and a sharp sign. The music features eighth-note patterns. The lyrics "Herr hilf mir" are written above the first staff. The score concludes with a final cadence and a repeat sign.

## Violone

Brave.

This Libr. right.

Recit.

Wace.

John Baird

10



A handwritten musical score for orchestra and choir. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first six staves are for orchestra, featuring various instruments like strings, woodwinds, and brass. The first staff includes a tempo marking "largo" and dynamics "pianissimo". The second staff has a dynamic "pianissimo". The third staff has a dynamic "pianissimo". The fourth staff has a dynamic "pianissimo". The fifth staff has a dynamic "pianissimo". The sixth staff has a dynamic "pianissimo". The seventh staff is for choir, marked "Recit." and "Choral.". The eighth staff is for orchestra, marked "Glocken". The ninth staff is for orchestra. The tenth staff is for orchestra.

## Canto

| Recitat |

## Choral.

*alto.*

Der Holler Geister packt uns, ihr habt hier nichts zu befassen, der Engel  
ist ganz gefest in Jesu's Hain, lasset ab ganzz sicher plattzen,

seine Weise fällt ab in jüngerer Zeit, ist zwar mit Lager jetzt vom Stich, wenn sie auch

allon Cymyslun Eryr.

Accomp:

Tenor.

Wir haben nicht einen hohen Priester, der nicht könnte Mitleid haben, mit uns. Wer

Befreifst, sondern der uns nicht ist, allenthalben glänzt uns wir, so ohne Einsicht.

Recitat Aria Recitat Aria

Wenn Satan gähnend steht, er will am Leben, Haab und Gott, Gottston

Satans Gefährten bringt an, so hat der Herr sie Waffen vorbereitet, der Engel

Herr, das ist fürchterlich. So kann der Hölle Lohn, ist ein Anfall nicht gelingen? Niem

Leute können stell in ihrem Hölle singen.

Choral.

Der Hölle Geist war packt uns, ich habe mich nichts zu befürchten; der Engel

ist ganz gefest in Jesu Christus, lasst ab ganz sicher, aufzustehen; der Engel

heilte Wacht, fällt ab in guter Art, der Herr und Lazarus ist sein Sieg, wenn siej am

allen Tiefen hör'.

735



Basso.

Choral.

A handwritten musical score for a chorale. The score consists of three staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The first staff begins with a treble clef, the second with an alto clef, and the third with a bass clef. The music is written in brown ink on aged paper. The lyrics are written in cursive German script below the notes. The lyrics read:

Der Hölle Geyster parades auf, ihr habt hier nichts zu lassen!  
V. B. Geist gefordert in Jesu Leid, das Heil ganz freudig lassen! Der Engel steht  
wahrhaft, falt' ab in guter Art, ihr Herr und Euer ist sein Künzli, kommt weg aus  
allen Eiferschleichen.

The page contains several blank staves for continuation.

