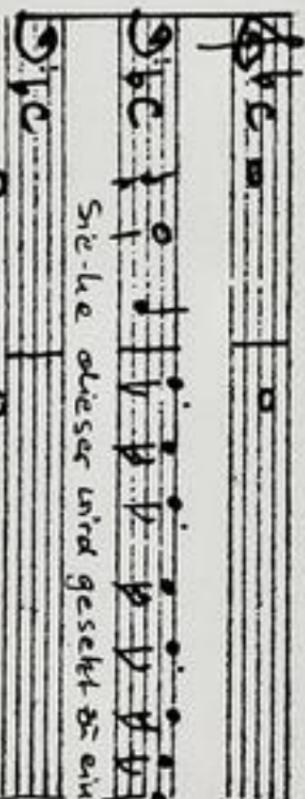


Graupner, Christoph (1683-1760)

BRD DS Mus.ms 453/38

Siehe dießer wird gesetzt/zu einem Fall/a/2 Violin/Viola/  
Basso S./e/Continuo./Dn.p.Nativ.Chr./1745/ad/1737.



Autograph Dezember 1745. 36 x 21,5 cm.

partitur: 4 Bl. Alte Zählung: Bogen 3 und 4.

8 St.: B, v1 1(2x), 2, vla, vln(e)(2x), bc.  
2, 1, 1, 1; 1, 1, 1, 2 Bl.

Alte Sign.: 169/66. Text: Johann Conrad Lichtenberg, 1737.

~~Lehrbuch aus der Zeit des Kurfürsten~~  
2. Auflage wird großt zu minnigell

Abm 453/38

189:

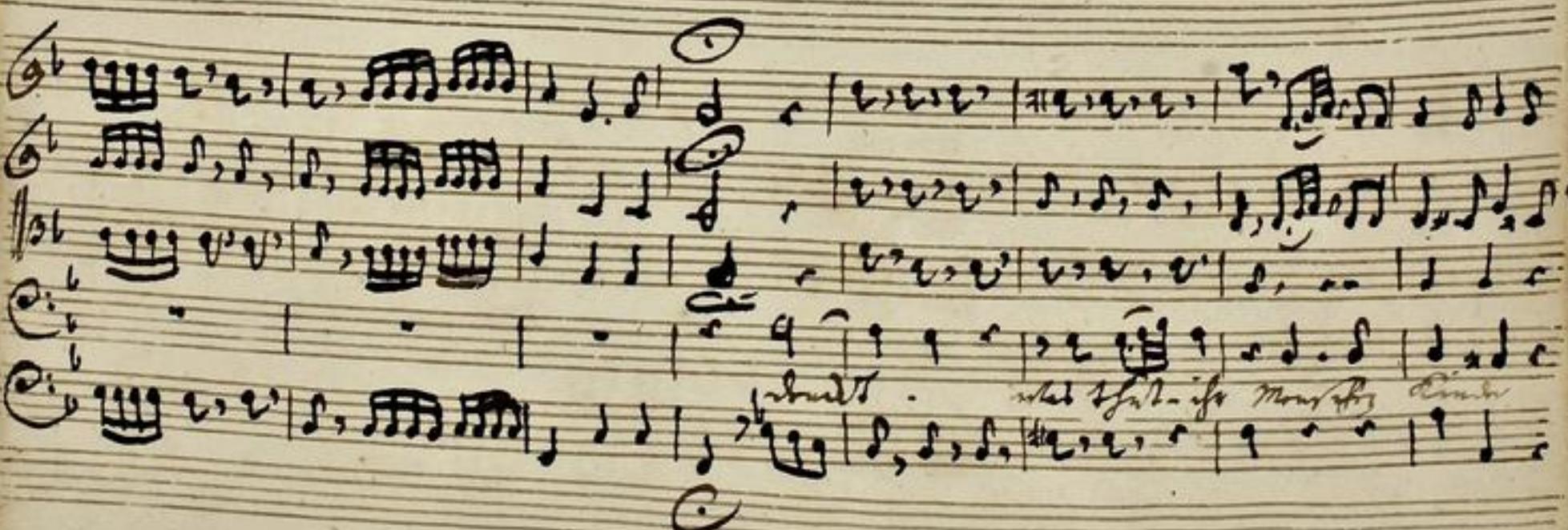
~~BB.~~

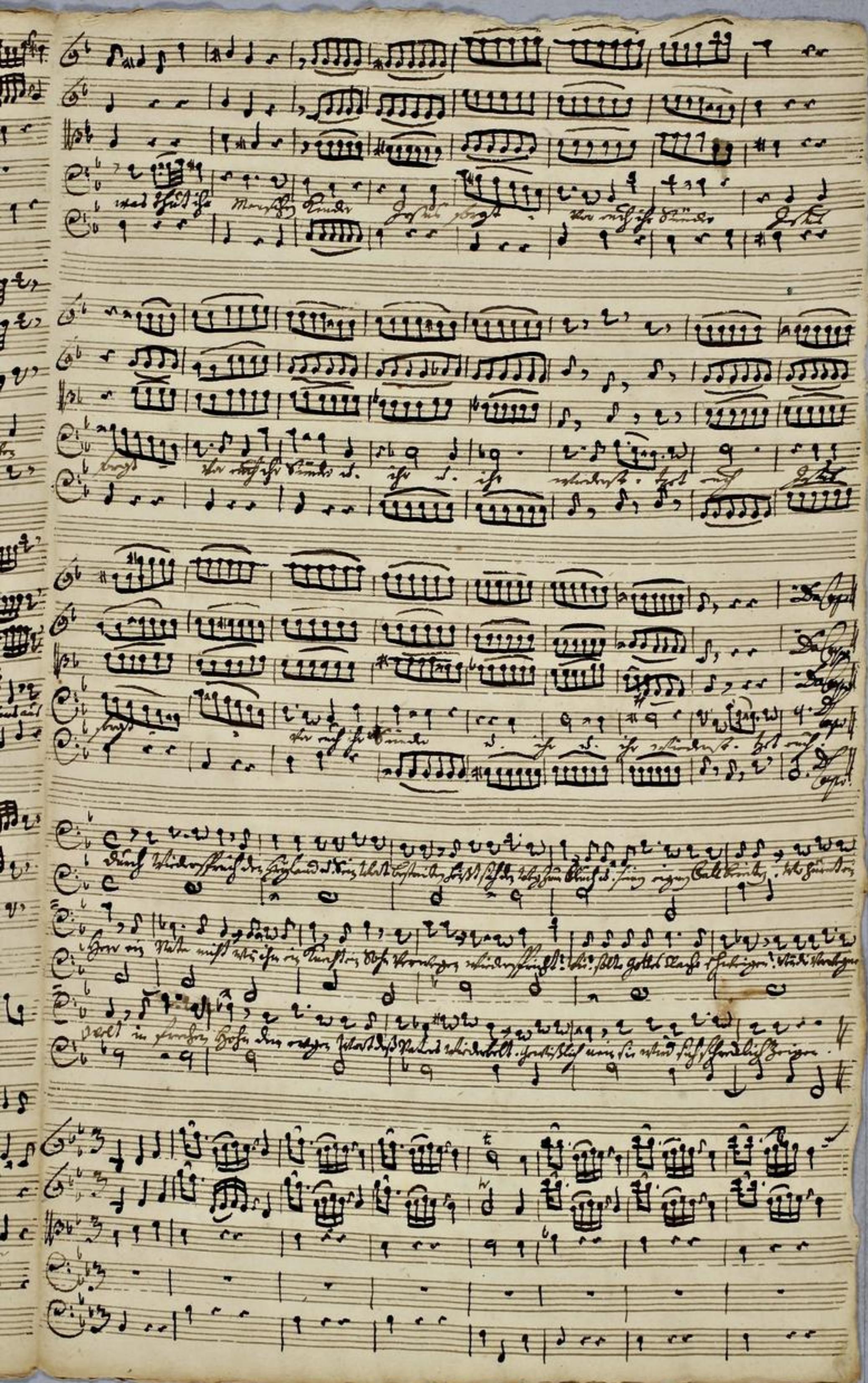
38

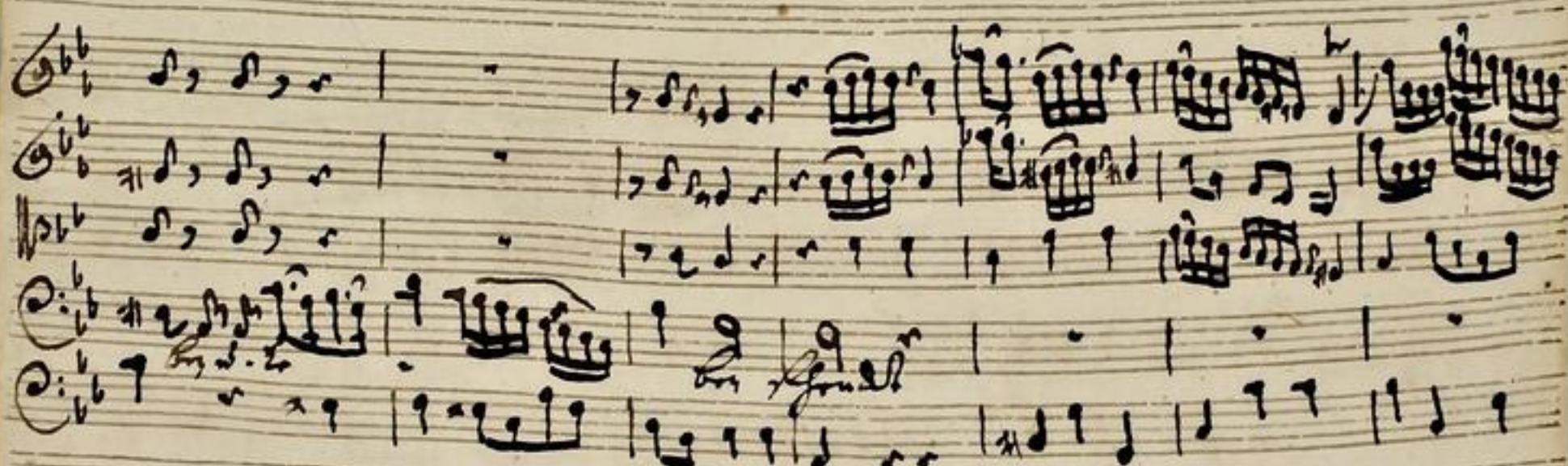
Partitur  
n Dec: 1736.-28. Jafzang

A handwritten musical score on five staves. The top four staves represent three voices: Soprano (top), Alto (second from top), Tenor (third from top), and Bass (bottom). The bottom staff represents the piano or organ accompaniment. The music consists of various note heads (triads, sixths, etc.) and rests. The lyrics are in Hebrew, with some words in English ('England') and German ('schreit'). A tempo marking 'Daimon England schreit' is written below the bass staff.

A page from a handwritten musical manuscript. The top section contains four staves of music for two voices (soprano and alto) and basso continuo, written on five-line staff paper. The notation uses square neumes. The bottom section shows a single staff for basso continuo, featuring a bass clef, a common time signature, and a bass staff with various note heads and rests. The word "singende" appears above the vocal parts, and "aus der" is written near the continuo staff.







The image shows four staves of handwritten musical notation on five-line staff paper. The notation is a rhythmic system using vertical stems and horizontal strokes. Some staves include small numbers or letters below the notes. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notation is dense and appears to be a transcription of a specific musical style or tradition.



Handwritten musical notation on four-line staff. The lyrics are:

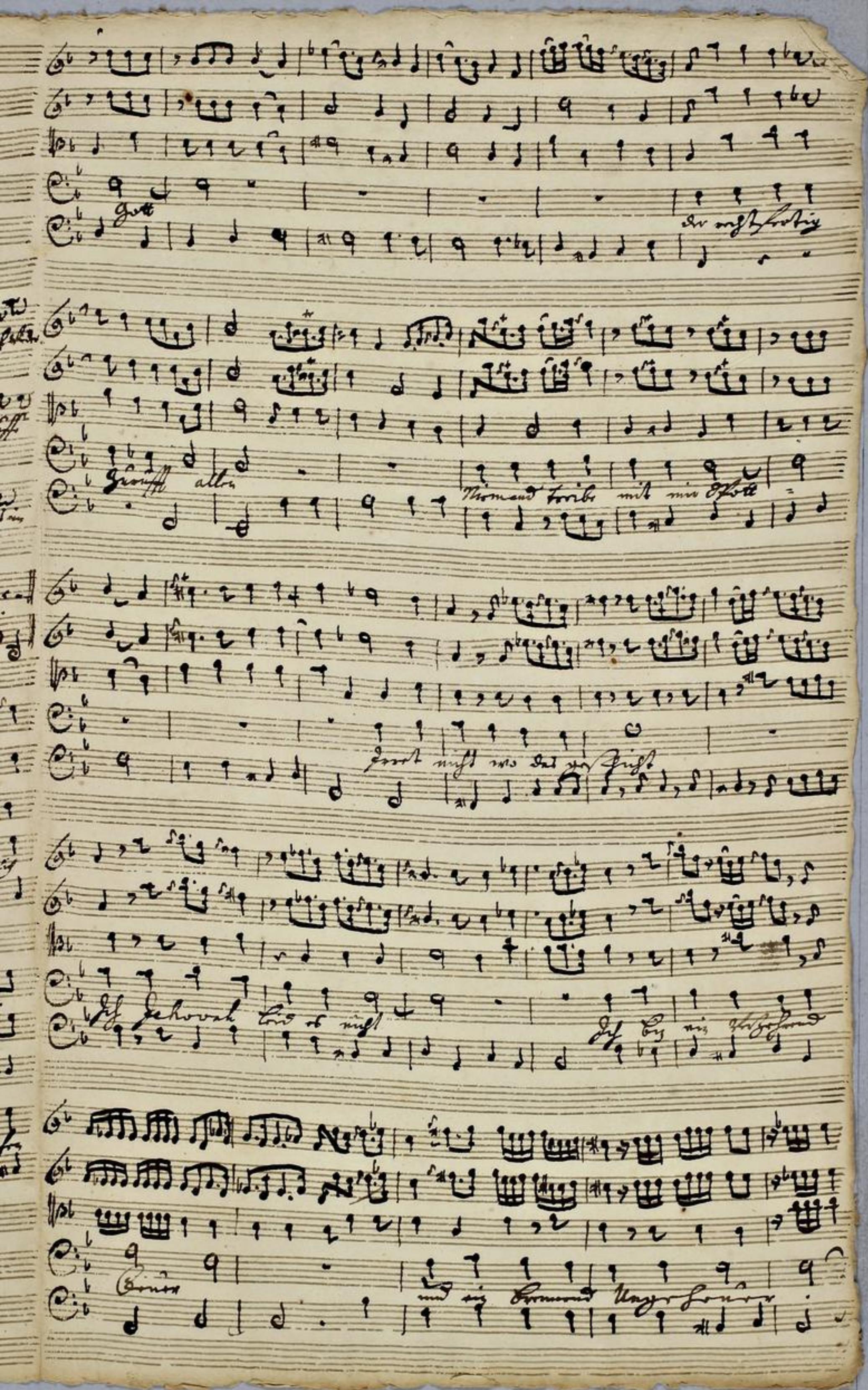
Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.  
Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.  
Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.  
Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.

Handwritten musical notation on four-line staff. The lyrics are:

Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.  
Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.  
Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.

Handwritten musical notation on four-line staff. The lyrics are:

Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.  
Ein C für Schuhdrüppchen, ein C für Schuhdrüppchen.  
Geh auf, ohne Hinterlist langsam.



לְהַלֵּל יְהוָה בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל  
לְהַלֵּל יְהוָה בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל

Soli Deo Gloria

169  
66

Siehe vordere Seite  
zu einem Ball.

a  
2 Violin

Viola

Bassf. S.

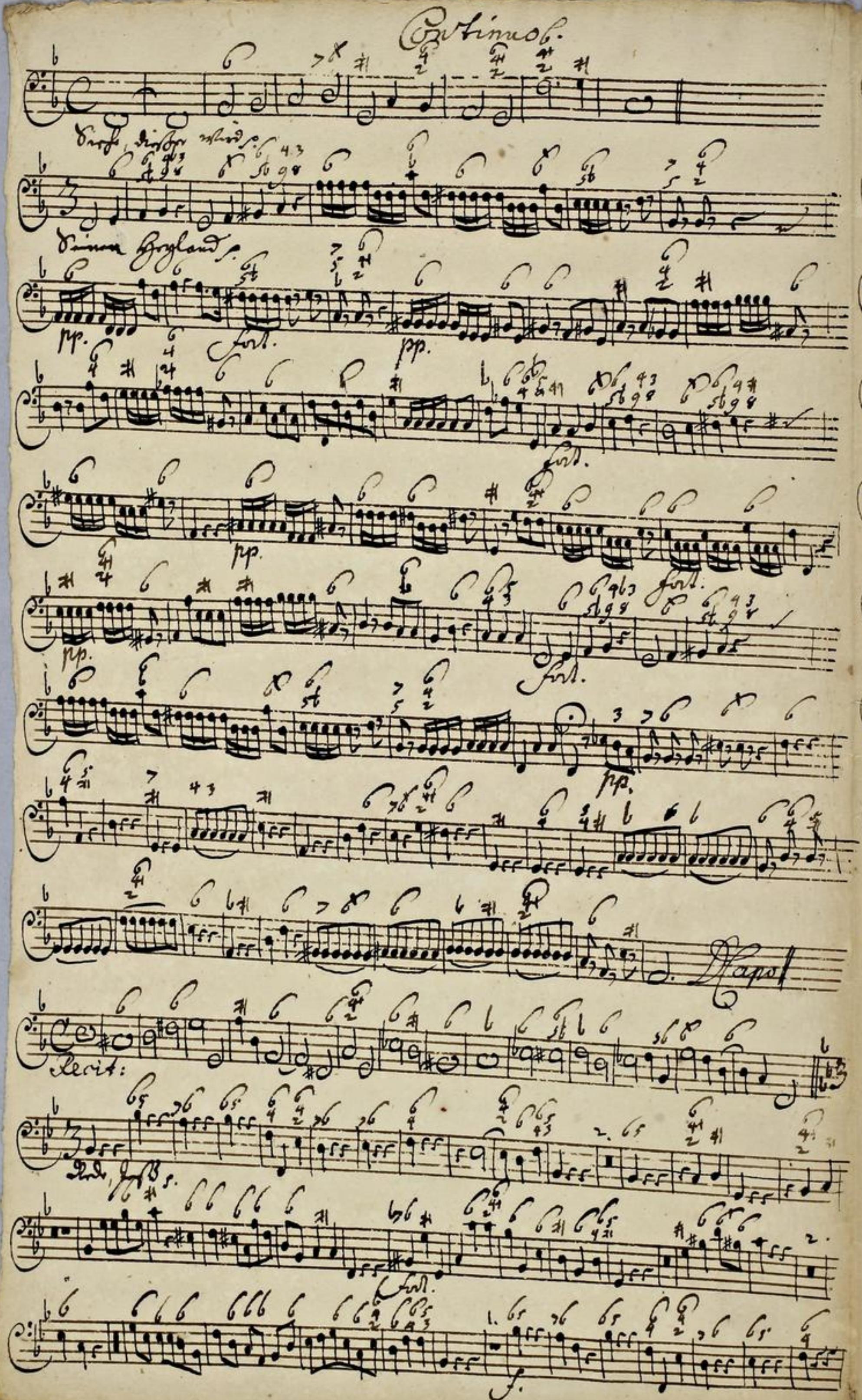
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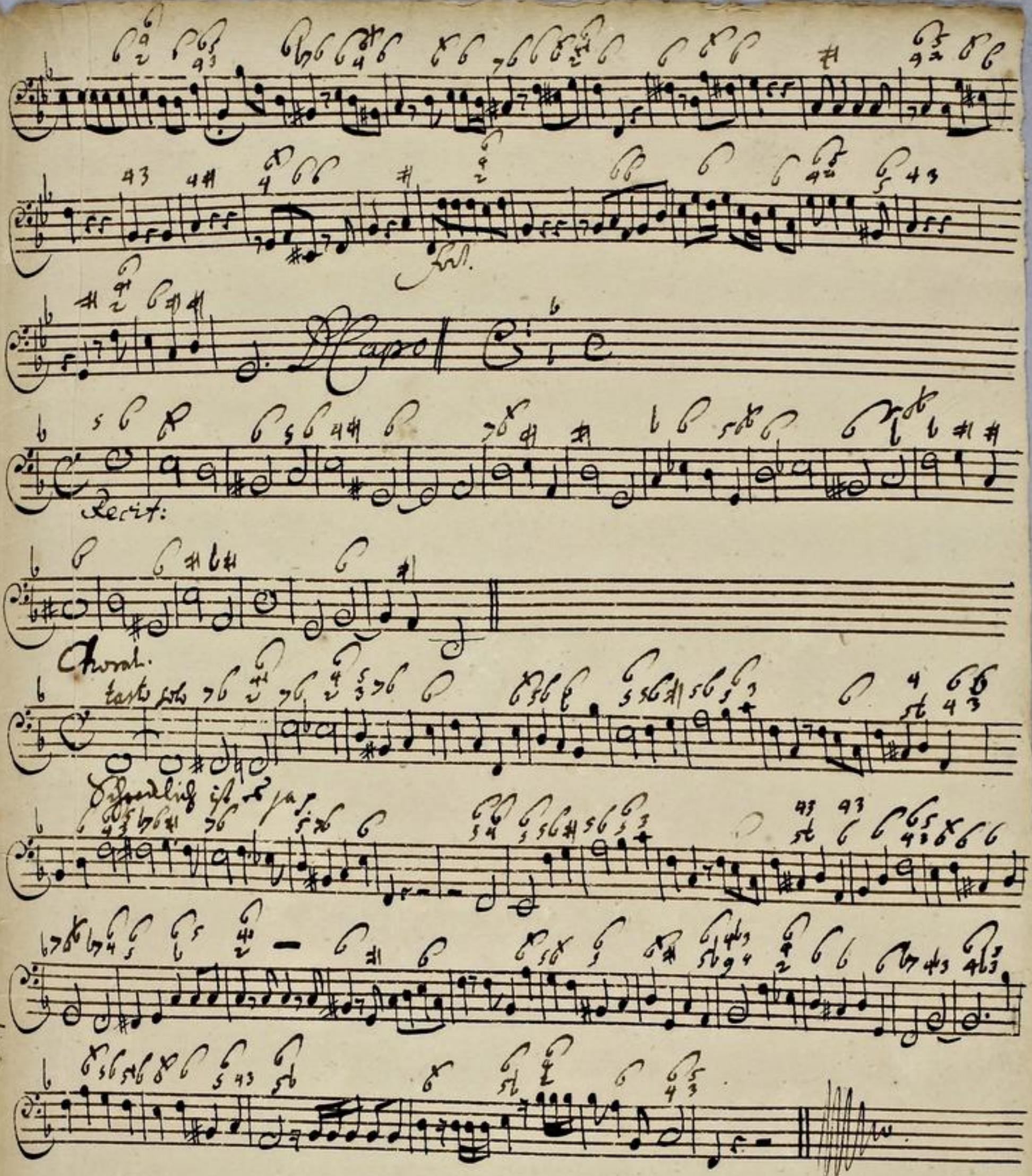
Ottino

Dr. p. Natio. Chr:

1745.

@  
1747.







A handwritten musical score for orchestra and choir. The score consists of ten staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time (indicated by a 'C'). The music is written in two systems. The first system ends with a repeat sign and a double bar line, followed by a section for 'Chor' (chorus) and 'Largo f.' (largo dynamic). The second system begins with 'Rit.' (ritardando) and ends with a final double bar line.

Chor  
Largo f.

Rit.

*Violino 1.*

Violino 1.

Domin Highland.

pp. fort.

fort.

p. fort.

pian.

Recitatif

fort.

pp.

This page contains ten staves of handwritten musical notation for violin. The music is primarily in common time, with some measures in 3/4 time indicated by a '3' below the staff. The key signature varies throughout the piece. The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow black, and stems), rests, and beams. Several dynamic markings are present, such as 'p' (piano), 'pp' (pianissimo), 'fort.', and 'pian.'. The first staff begins with a forte dynamic. The second staff starts with a piano dynamic and includes the text 'Domin Highland.'. The third staff features a piano dynamic and two 'fort.' markings. The fourth staff has a piano dynamic and two 'fort.' markings. The fifth staff has a piano dynamic and one 'fort.' marking. The sixth staff has a piano dynamic and one 'fort.' marking. The seventh staff has a piano dynamic and one 'fort.' marking. The eighth staff has a piano dynamic and one 'fort.' marking. The ninth staff has a piano dynamic and one 'fort.' marking. The tenth staff has a piano dynamic and one 'fort.' marking. The text 'Recitatif' appears on the page, preceding the start of the ninth staff. The handwriting is in black ink on aged paper.

A handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of six staves of music. The music is primarily in common time (indicated by a 'C') and includes several measures in 6/8 time (indicated by a '6/8'). The score features two hands (right and left) and includes various dynamics such as *pp.*, *ff.*, *fort.*, *ppp.*, and *pianiss.*. The music is divided into sections by measures 141 and 142. Measure 141 starts with a forte dynamic and includes a tempo marking of *Recitatif*. Measure 142 begins with a piano dynamic and includes a tempo marking of *Choral*. The score concludes with a final section starting at measure 143, which ends with a forte dynamic.

## Violino. 2.

St. C. p.  
Sings. Singt.  
Singen Singt.  
pp. 1. fort.  
p. 1. fort.  
1. fort.  
piano  
np.  
Rapto Recitat. 1. 3  
End. 1. 3  
mp.  
1. 3  
mp.  
1. 3

A handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The score consists of eight staves of music. The first four staves are for piano, featuring various dynamics like *p.*, *ff.*, *hr.*, and *pp.*. The fifth staff is for voice, labeled "Soprano Choral." with a dynamic of *pp.*. The sixth staff is for piano, with dynamics *hr.* and *pp.*. The seventh staff is for voice, with dynamics *hr.* and *pp.*. The eighth staff is for piano, with dynamics *hr.* and *pp.*. The music includes various note heads, rests, and bar lines. The title "Capri Recital" is written in cursive across the middle of the page, above the vocal line. The key signature changes from C major at the beginning to G major at the end of the page.

Viola

Handwritten musical score for Viola in 3/4 time. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of C. The second staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. Various dynamics and markings are present throughout the score, including *sfz.*, *dimin. brillant.*, *p.*, *f.*, *pian.*, *pp.*, *Capo Recit.*, *Capo Recitat.*, and *sfz.*



Chor. Largo.

Handwritten musical score for four staves in G major, 2/4 time. The score includes lyrics in German and dynamic markings (pp., f.). The music consists of six measures:

- Measure 1: Four staves. Top staff: "Sichend ist der". Middle staff: "f". Bottom staff: "pp.". Bass staff: "pp.". Measure 2: Four staves. Top staff: "pp.". Middle staff: "pp.". Bottom staff: "pp.". Bass staff: "pp.". Measure 3: Four staves. Top staff: "pp.". Middle staff: "pp.". Bottom staff: "pp.". Bass staff: "pp.". Measure 4: Four staves. Top staff: "pp.". Middle staff: "pp.". Bottom staff: "pp.". Bass staff: "pp.". Measure 5: Four staves. Top staff: "pp.". Middle staff: "pp.". Bottom staff: "pp.". Bass staff: "pp.". Measure 6: Four staves. Top staff: "pp.". Middle staff: "pp.". Bottom staff: "pp.". Bass staff: "pp.". The score ends with a final measure consisting of six blank staves.



## *Violone.*

This page contains a handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The score is organized into several systems, each consisting of multiple staves. The top system begins with a piano dynamic and includes lyrics in German ('diese sind nur', 'Simon Englander'). Subsequent systems feature dynamic markings such as 'fort.', 'pp.', and 'recit.'. The score concludes with a final section labeled 'J. Capo // C. e'.

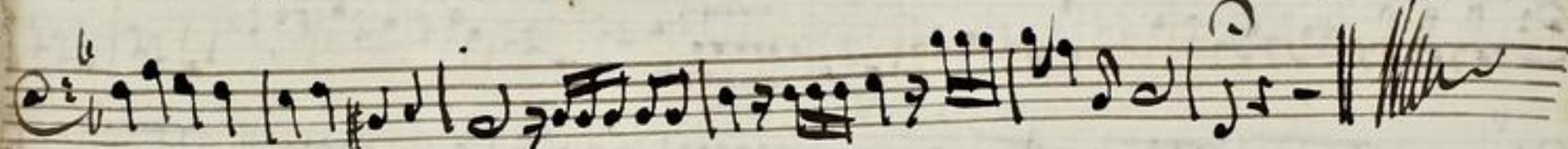
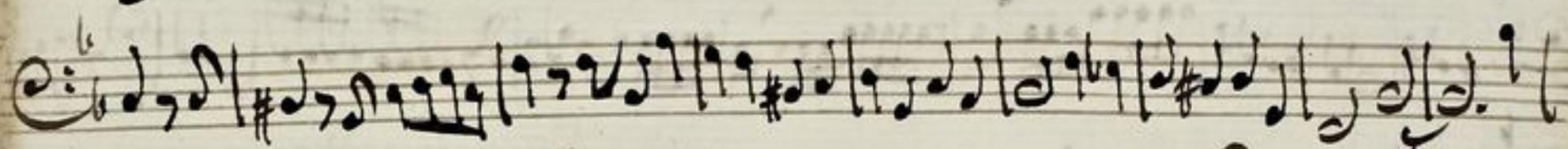
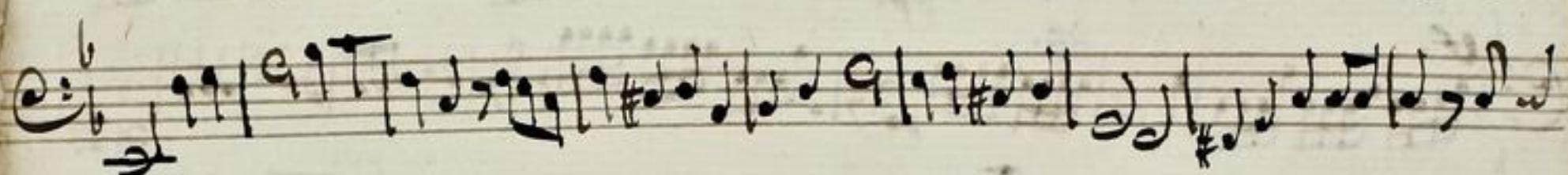
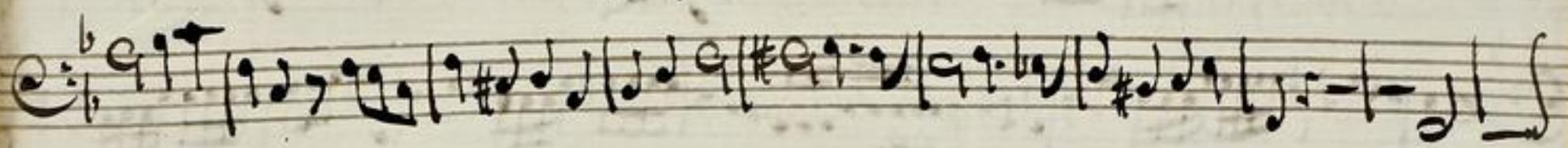
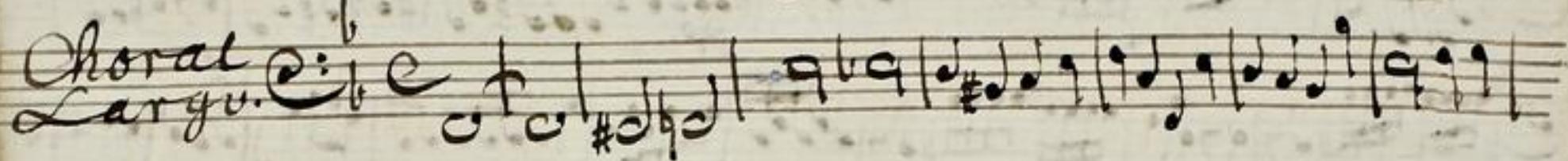
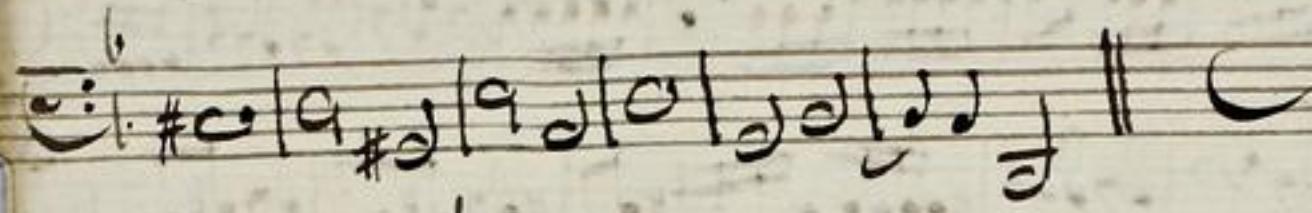
A handwritten musical score consisting of five staves. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It contains six measures of music. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp, with the instruction "decit:" above it. It contains four measures of music. The third staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp, with the instruction "front. larg." above it. It contains four measures of music. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp, with the instruction "diminuendo" above it. It contains four measures of music. The fifth staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It contains three measures of music, ending with a double bar line.



## Violone

This image shows the second page of a handwritten musical score. The music is written in two systems, each consisting of five staves. The top system is for the voice (soprano) and the piano right hand. The bottom system is for the piano left hand. The vocal line features a mix of eighth and sixteenth-note patterns, with dynamic markings like 'pp' (pianissimo) and 'pp.' (pianississimo). The piano parts include sustained notes, eighth-note chords, and sixteenth-note patterns. The score is written on five-line staff paper, with lyrics in Hebrew provided for the vocal parts. The handwriting is clear, though some notes and rests are represented by small dots or dashes.

Serit:



Bakso.

Accomp:

Dies ist dieser nicht gesetzlich zu einem fall d. Anfangsstrafen die das in Jßw - el ,

in' einem Ziffer, Sam wieder offen zu sein.

Von einem Highland wird es offenbar, ist ein Grind

*and Ba - tant and Ba - tant Ring, and Ba - tant Ring, q.*

Vom Highland wieder fahren  
in Grind

ist im Gröl - ander - - tanbant da - tanbant. Dunkt! was fikt ist

Mengsen Linder, warb Gott für Mengsen Linder, Jesu König - - now auf, ihr

*Winter! geist' losigt - vor uns ist winter, uns ist uns winter - los ist uns*

*Jesus' sorge - - - vor mir, ist'r Dummer! und ist'r und ist'r wieder so - so - so.*

Trugt Worte sprach den Herzland und sein Wort bestreiten, fribbi, fribbi von Wangen

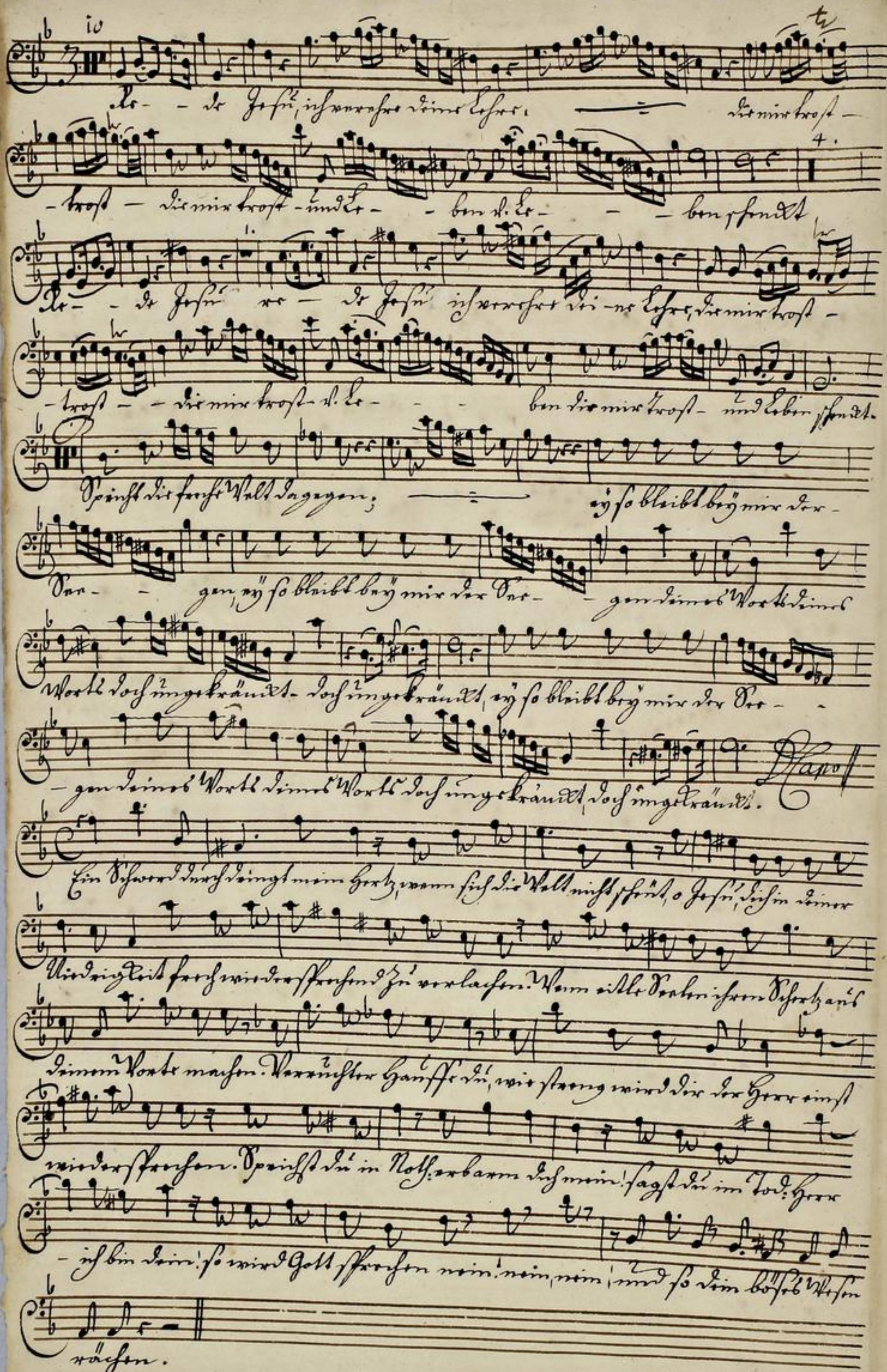
A page from a handwritten musical manuscript. The top half shows a soprano vocal line with various note heads and rests. Below the vocal line is a basso continuo line consisting of vertical strokes. The lyrics 'flügeln' and 'flügeln' are written below the notes. The manuscript is in cursive Gothic script.

Emigt, im Dorn verwegen widerchristlicke? solle Gottsol Lauf gewogen? dann

A handwritten musical score for string quartet (two violins, viola, cello) on five-line staff paper. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system starts with a dynamic of  $\text{f}$  (fortissimo). The second system begins with a dynamic of  $\text{ff}$  (fortississimo). The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, typical of classical musical notation.

belt. Gerniß Blüthen! sie wird sich bald frigieren.

- 16 -



5.

6. 1. 3.

Wohl ist ja zu fallen in die Hand von solchen Gott,  
der nicht freig zu fallen: niemand traut mir mir selbst.  
Gott nicht, wo das geschieht, Gottes lohn abwirkt; ich bin  
im verzweifelten und im kommenden Angesicht.