

~~2) Domini famili fidei in Dach e~~  
~~3) Minster, wie Gott der geist gefallen e~~  
3) Zum Jesu Christ die grüttet Freude e

Mus-459

/17

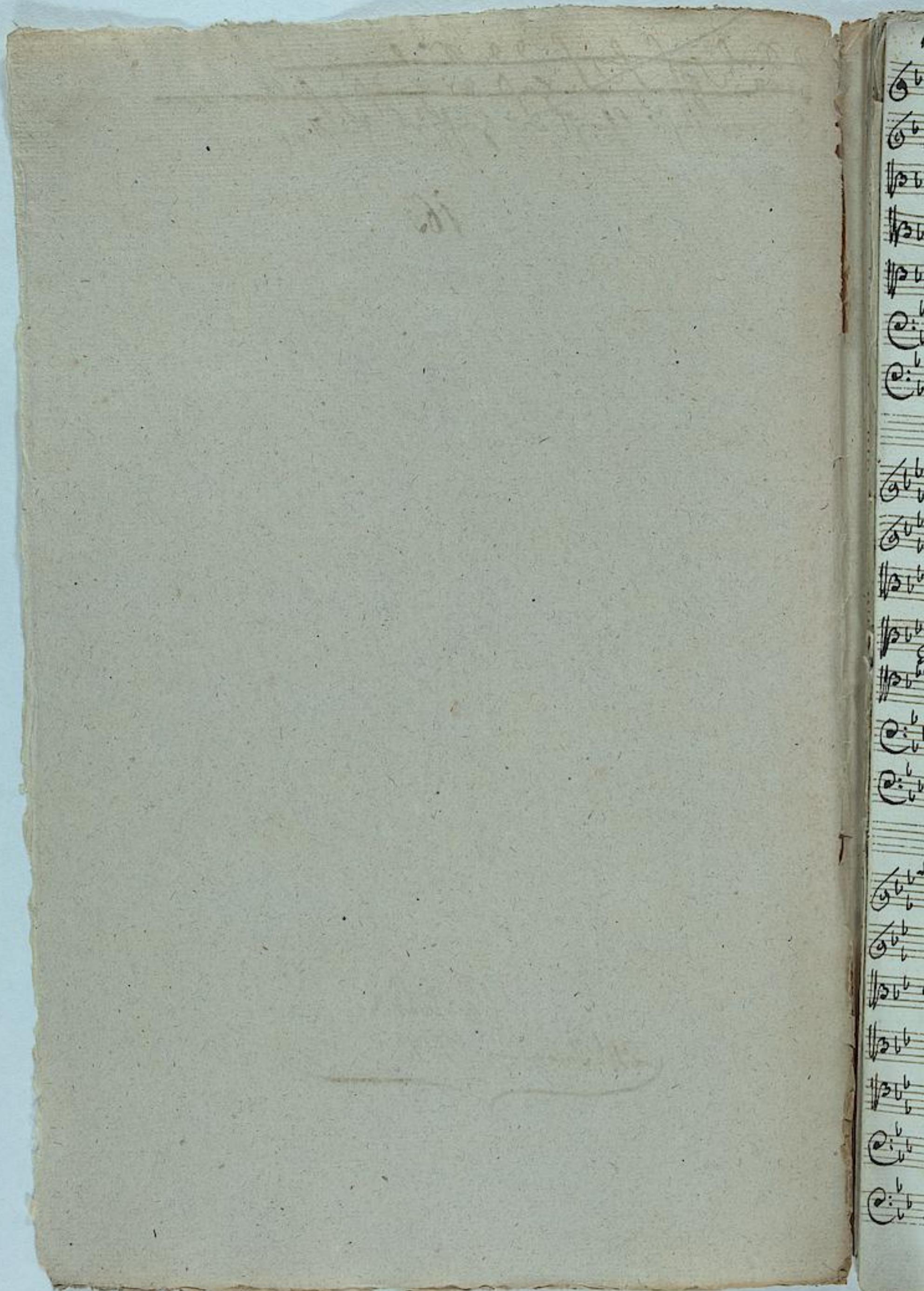
165

~~36~~

17  
=

Partitur  
24. Februar. 1732.





11. p. Gr. ab 1732.

F. A. S. G. M. o. abg. 1751.

The musical score is for three voices: Soprano (top), Alto (middle), and Bass (bottom). The music is in common time (indicated by 'C'). The lyrics are in German and are written below the corresponding staves. The score is handwritten on six staves of music paper.

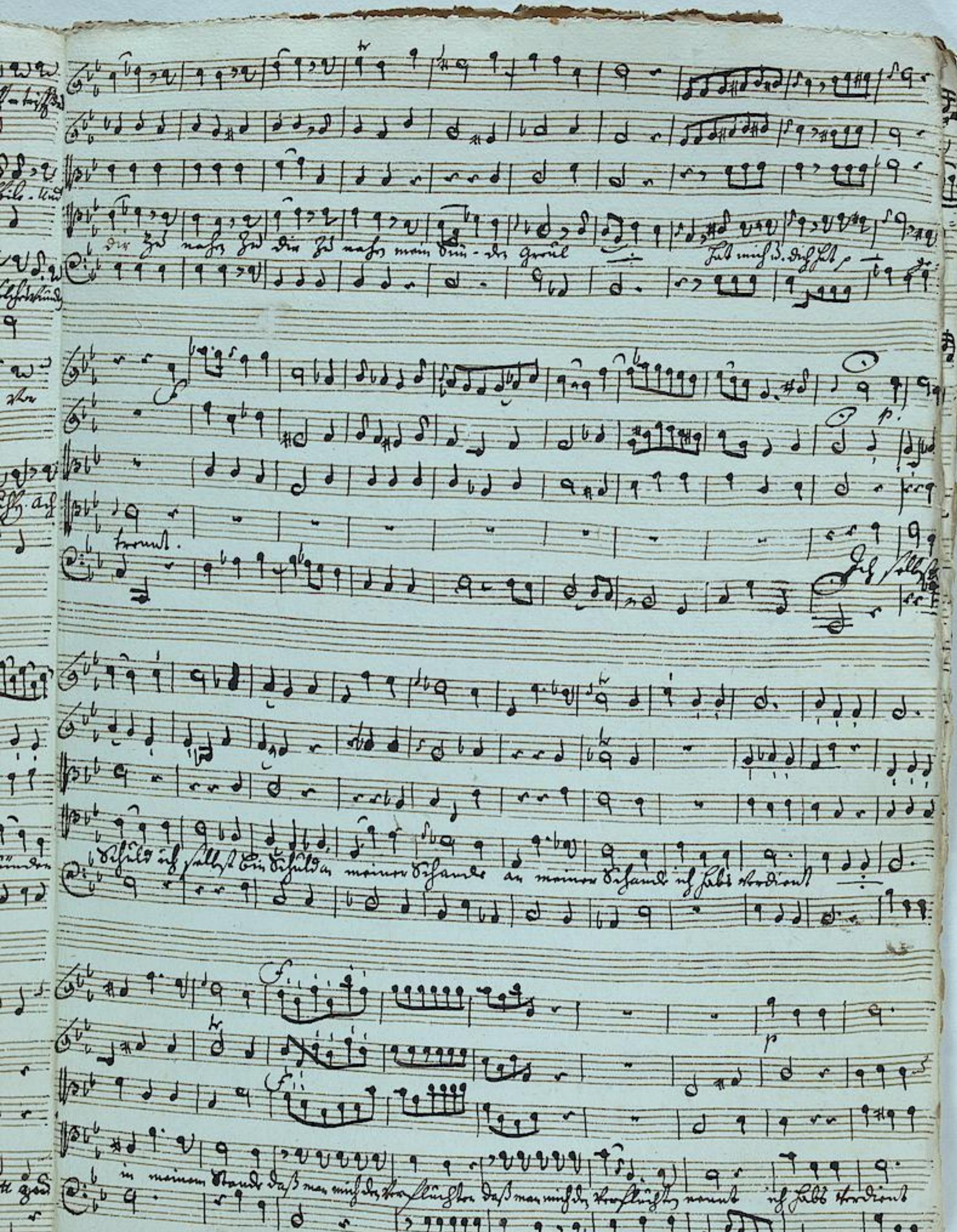
Lyrics (approximate translation):

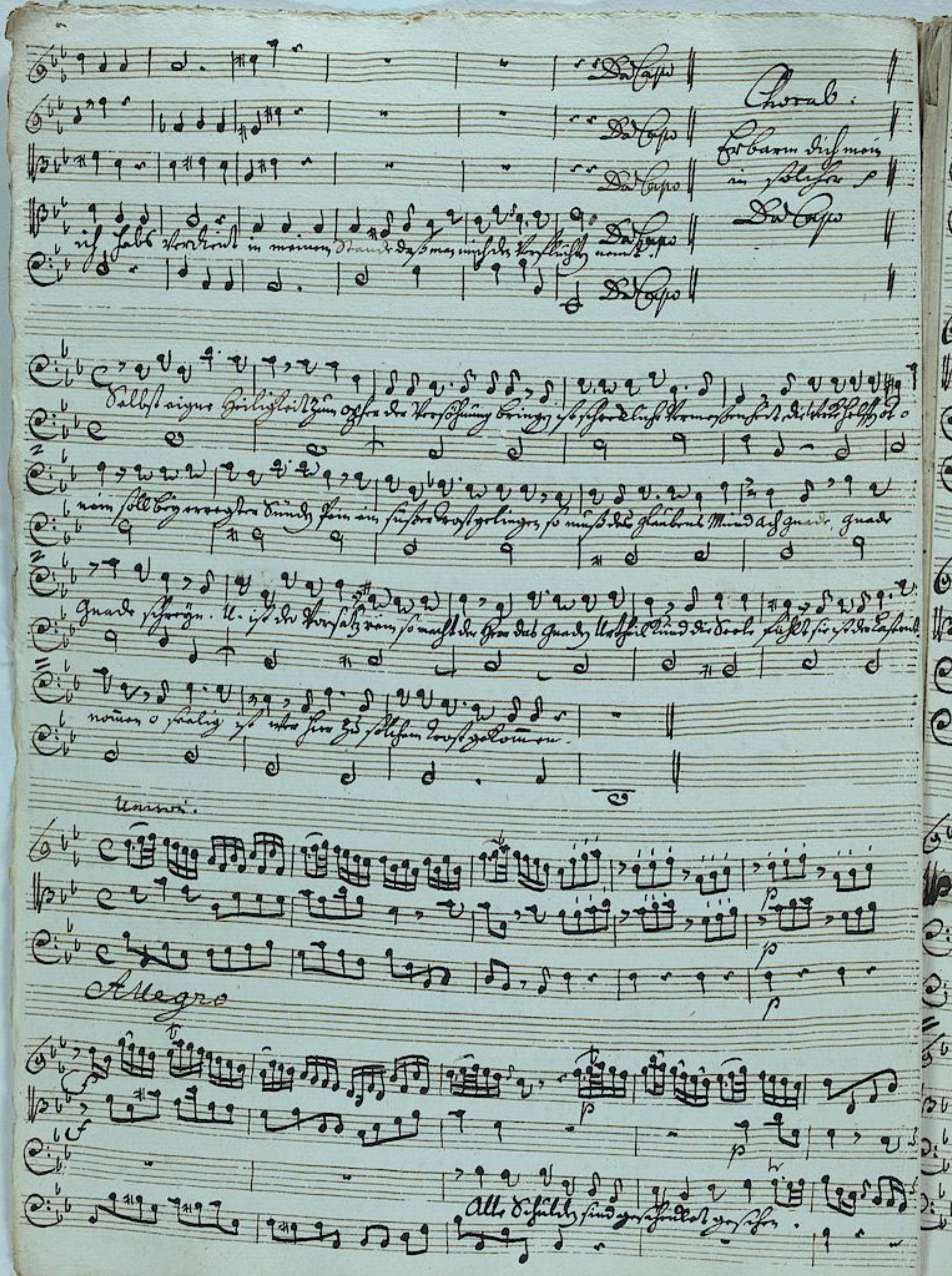
- Broder Grif, du liebst gut  
Dass du das ist in meinem Muth
- Zwingwille allein gnade  
und in mir hab ich Heil und
- Wieder zu den Salaten
- die im Gedenken ohne Ziel  
mit armendem =

http://tudigit.ulb.tu-darmstadt.de/show/Mus-Ms-459-17/0003  
Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Darmstadt

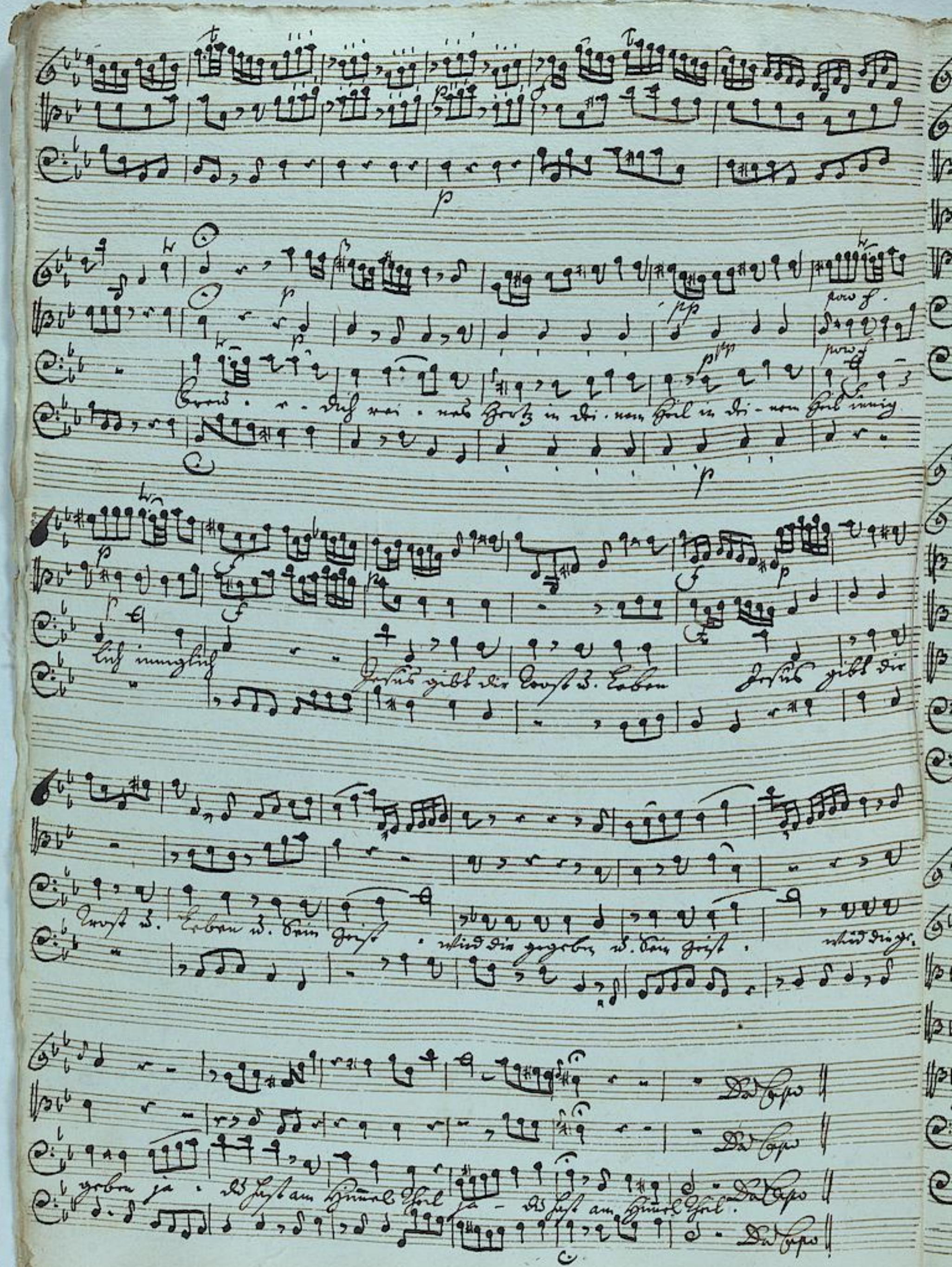


Die Sünden sind geltend  
 Gott zeigt uns alle seine Güte  
 Auf sie ist in aller Welt kein Antheil zu folgeln  
 Seine Güte, und falls ein Fluss über die Erde  
 Sie ist so groß und so wundervoll, dass sie kann nicht gesucht werden, obwohl sie ganz für Eindringlinge vorbereitet  
 Sie schützt uns von Gott weg vor dem Feinde  
 Largo.  
 Sie schützt uns von Gott weg vor dem Feinde  
 Sie schützt uns von Gott weg vor dem Feinde  
 Sie schützt uns von Gott weg vor dem Feinde





A handwritten musical score for four voices (SATB) and piano. The music is written on five systems of five-line staves each. The vocal parts are in common time, and the piano part is in common time. The vocal parts include lyrics in German, such as "Wachet auf, es ist die heilige Morgenstund", and some parts are marked with "all' difficolta". The piano part includes dynamic markings like "p" (piano), "f" (forte), and "mf" (mezzo-forte). The score is written in black ink on aged paper.



A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The top system consists of two staves: a soprano staff with lyrics in German and English, and a basso continuo staff with basso continuo markings. The lyrics include "Danke sind wir", "Lies und wir", and "Danke sind wir". The vocal part is marked "Andante". The bottom system shows a piano part with various chords and bass notes, with lyrics written above the notes, such as "Wohlfeilest du", "Lugomglicht ist", and "Lugomglicht ist". The score is on aged paper with some foxing and staining.



A handwritten musical score on two staves. The top staff consists of six measures of music in common time, featuring various note heads and rests. The bottom staff continues the musical line, with lyrics written underneath the notes. The lyrics are in German and mention "Dürch" and "Wohl". The music concludes with a final measure ending in a circle.



185.

36

Bass  
2 Violins  
Violas  
Cello  
Double Bass

a  
2 Violin

Viola

Alto

Tenore

Basso

Dr. II. p Fr.  
1757  
ad  
mm.

Continuo.



A handwritten musical score for orchestra and choir, featuring multiple staves of music with various instruments and vocal parts labeled. The score includes sections for Choral, Basso, Recit., Cembalo, Aria, and Da Capo. The notation uses traditional musical symbols like clefs, sharps, and flats, along with some unique or stylized markings. The manuscript is written in ink on aged paper.

*Allegro.*

*Andante.*  $\frac{6}{4}$ ,  
Begleitung.  $\frac{6}{4}$

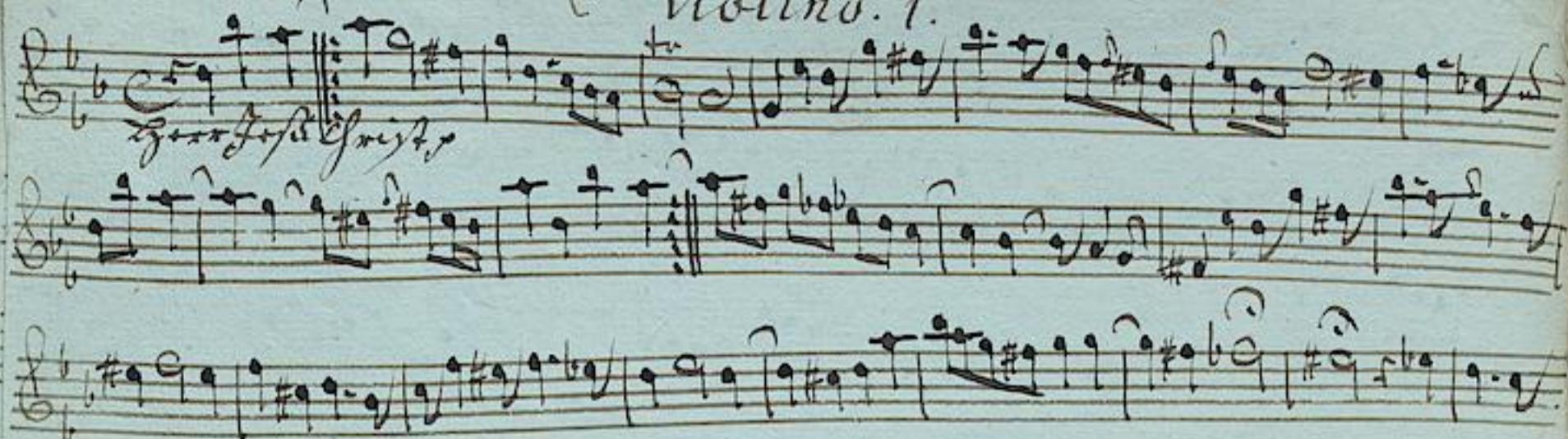
http://tudigit.ulb.tu-darmstadt.de/show/Mus-Ms-459-17/0013  
Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Darmstadt





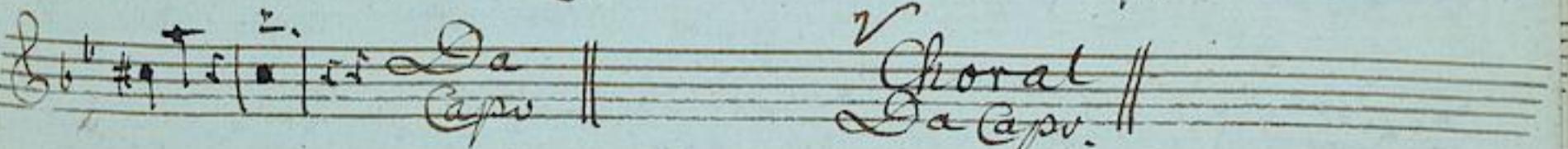
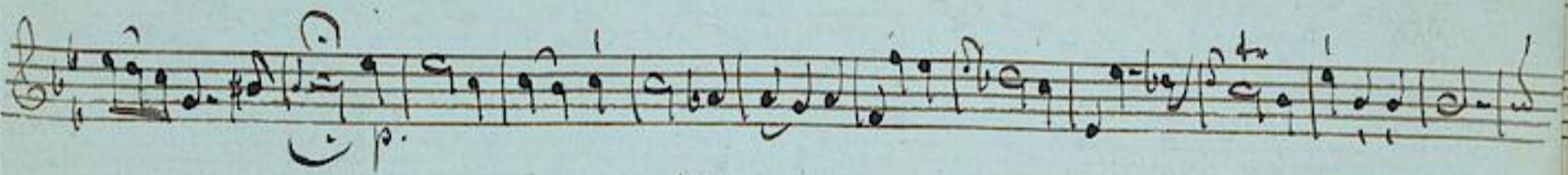
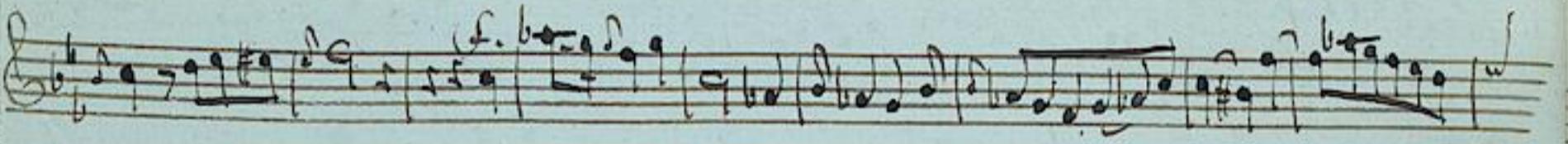
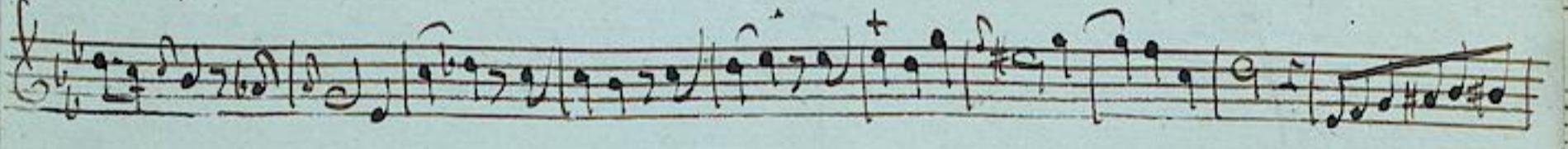
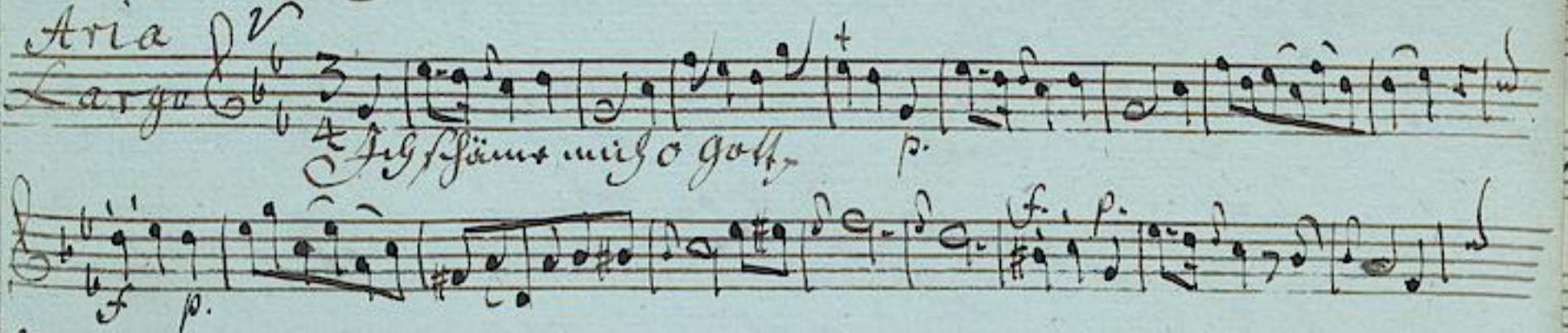
Choral.

Violino. 1.



Recit: tac: //

Aria



Choral //  
Da Capo //

Recit: //

volti.

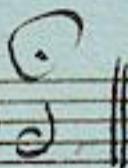
Aria.

Handwritten musical score for a string quartet (two violins, viola, cello) in common time. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a dynamic of  $p.$  and a tempo marking of *Allegro*. The second staff starts with  $f.$  and  $p.$ . The third staff begins with  $f.$ . The fourth staff starts with  $p.$ . The fifth staff begins with  $p.$ . The sixth staff starts with  $p.$  and a tempo marking of *poco adagio*. The seventh staff begins with  $f.$ . The eighth staff begins with  $p.$  and a tempo marking of *Andante*. The ninth staff begins with  $p.$ . The tenth staff begins with  $p.$ .

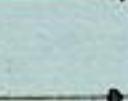


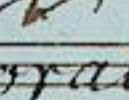
# Violino. I.

Choral.

Aria. Largo. 

Recit. Fässt.

F. g. schaue mich gott.  
Aria. Largo. 

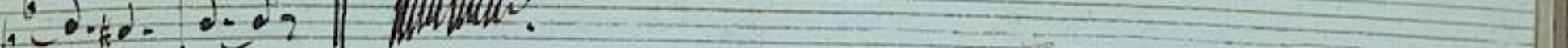
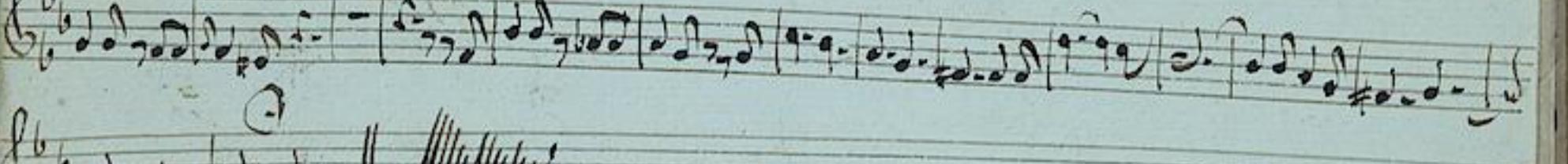
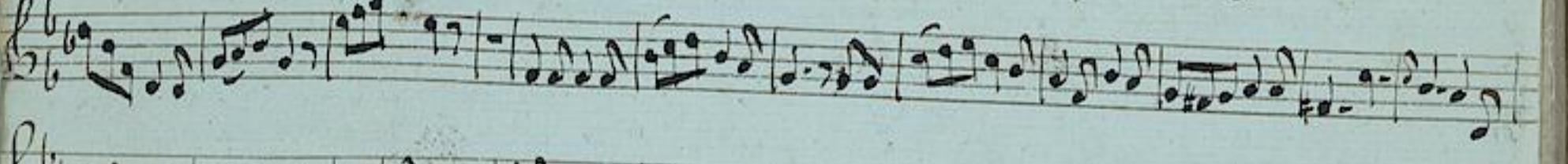
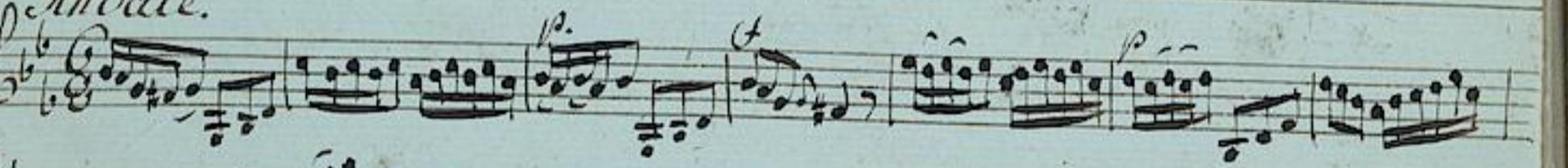
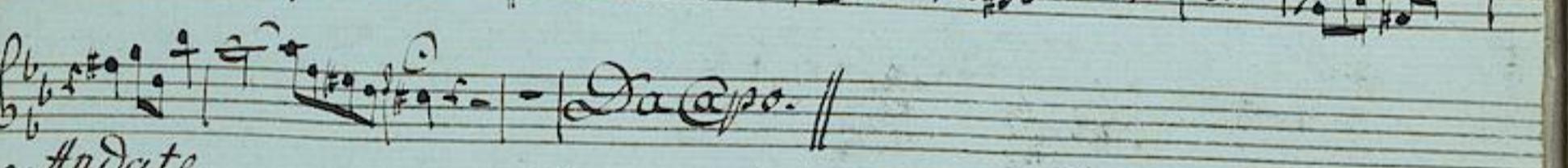
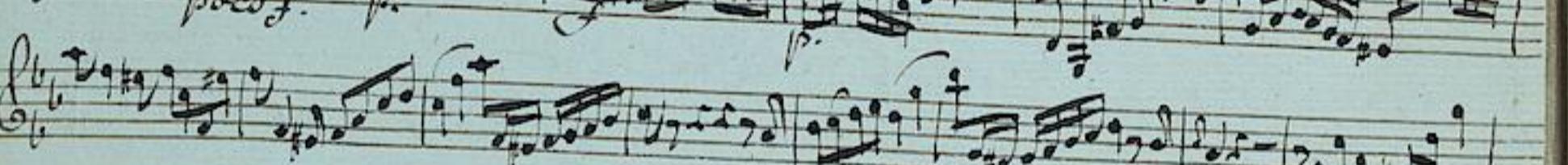
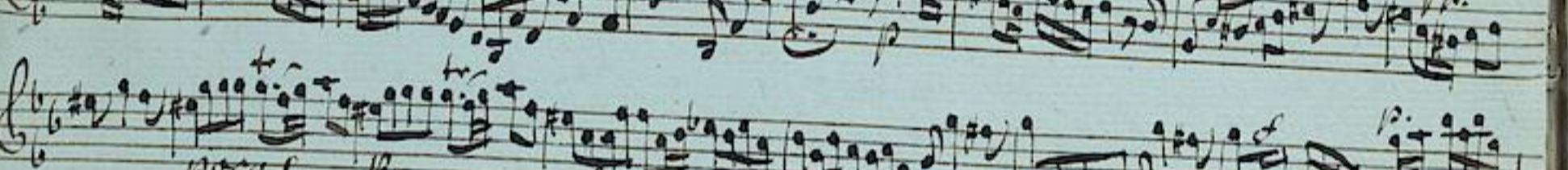
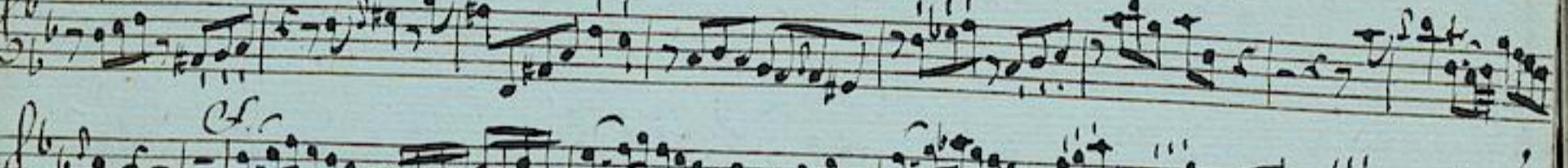
Choral. geband' dich mir folgen. 

Recit. Fässt.

Aria.

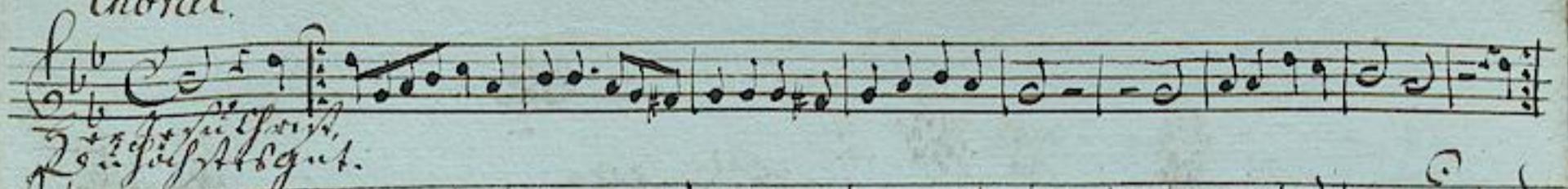


Aria.

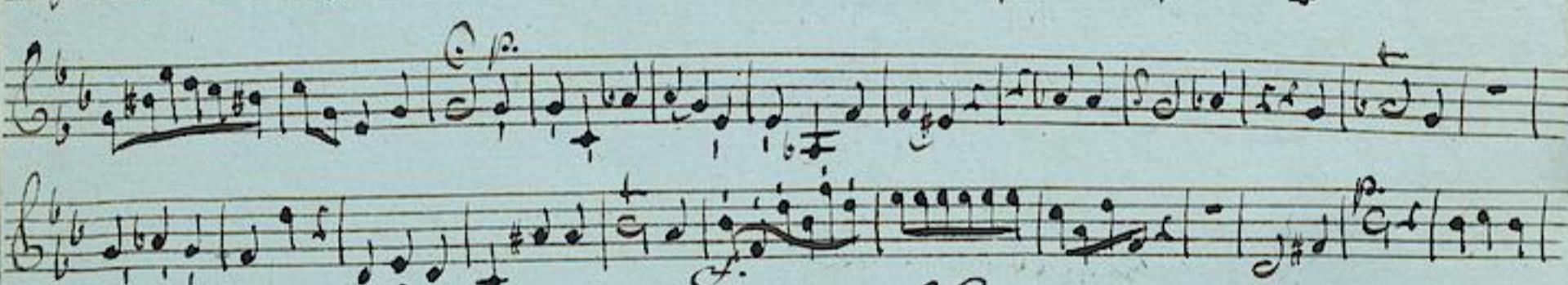
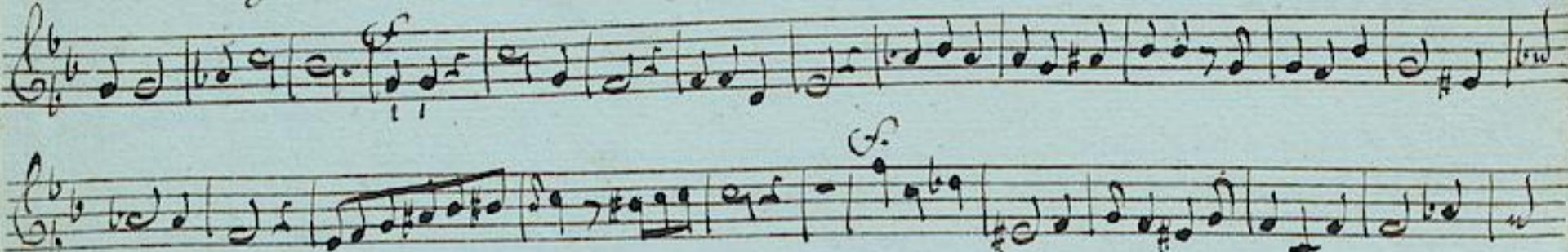
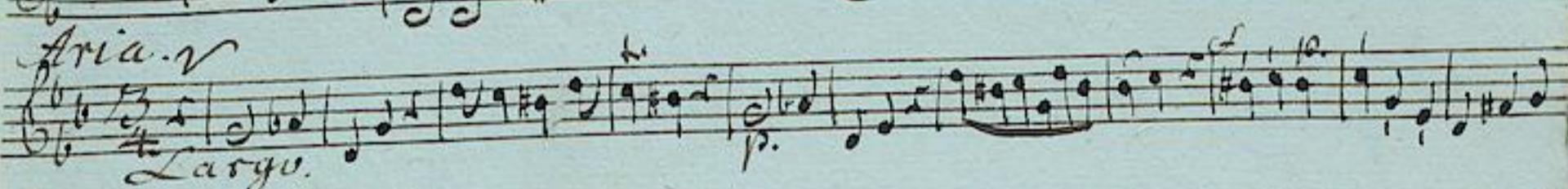


# Violino. 2.

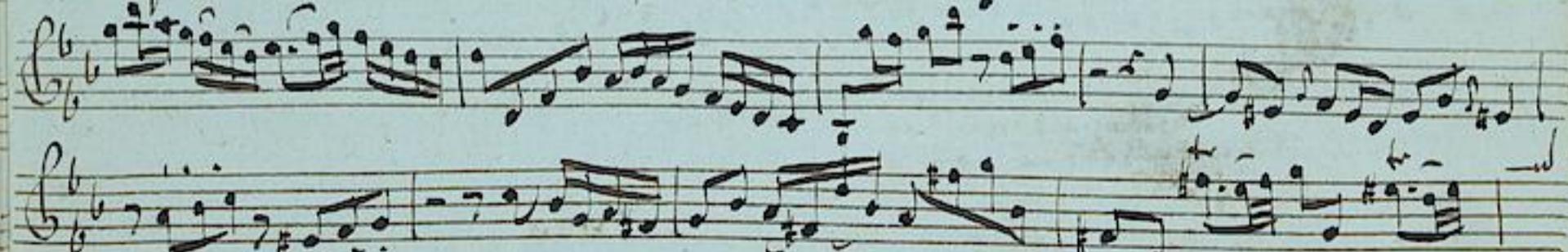
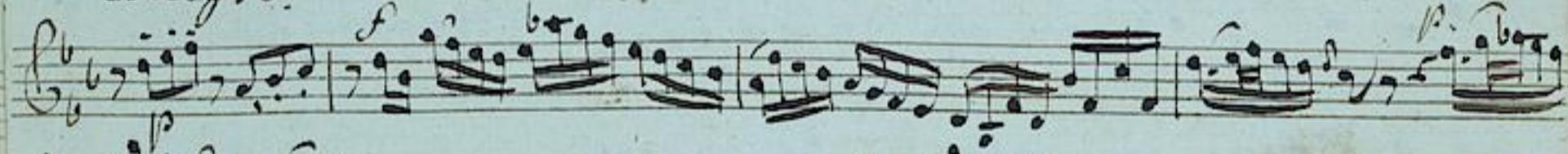
Choral.

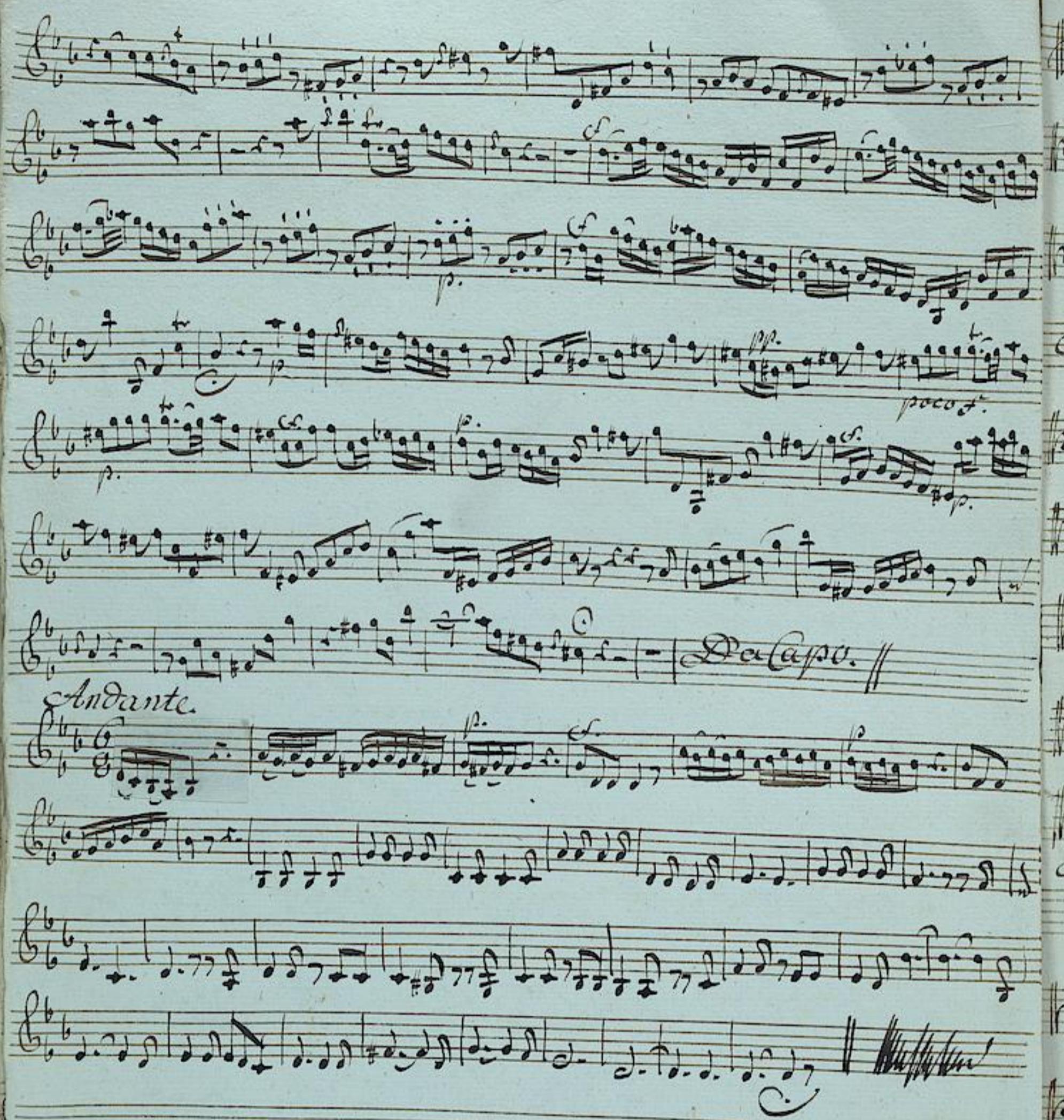


Recit: Tacet //



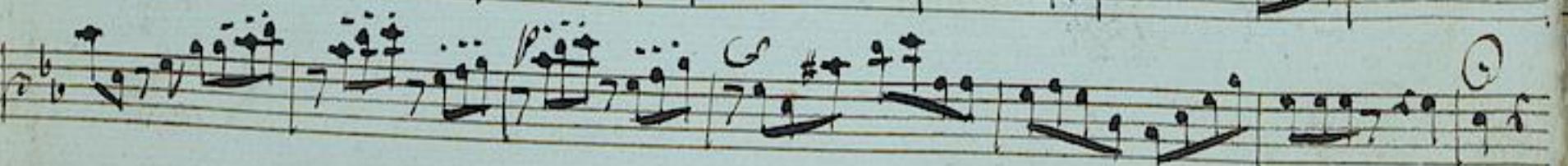
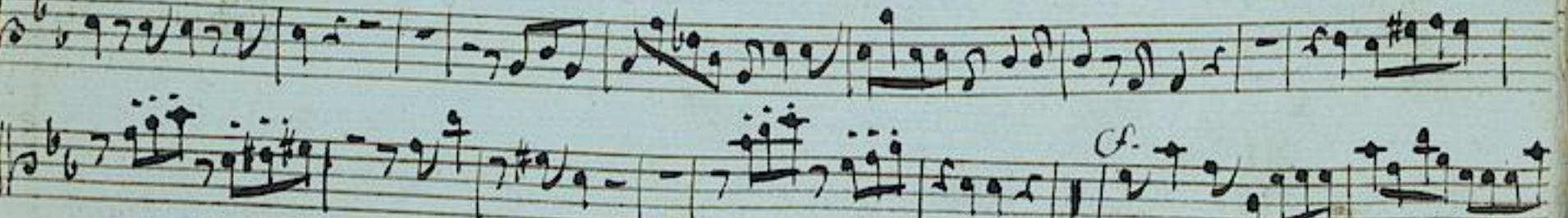
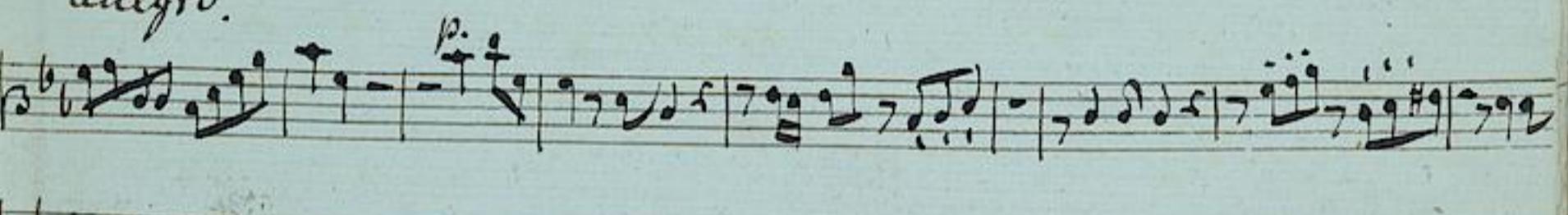
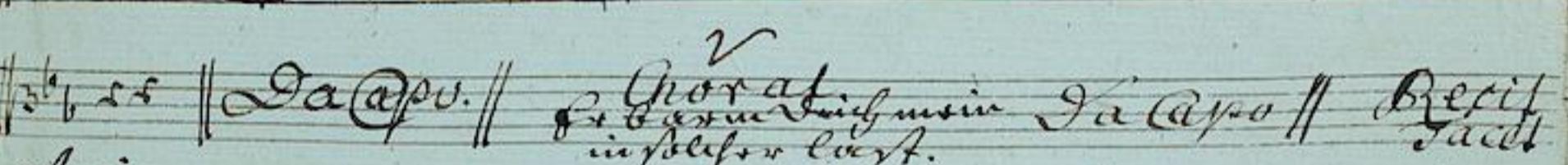
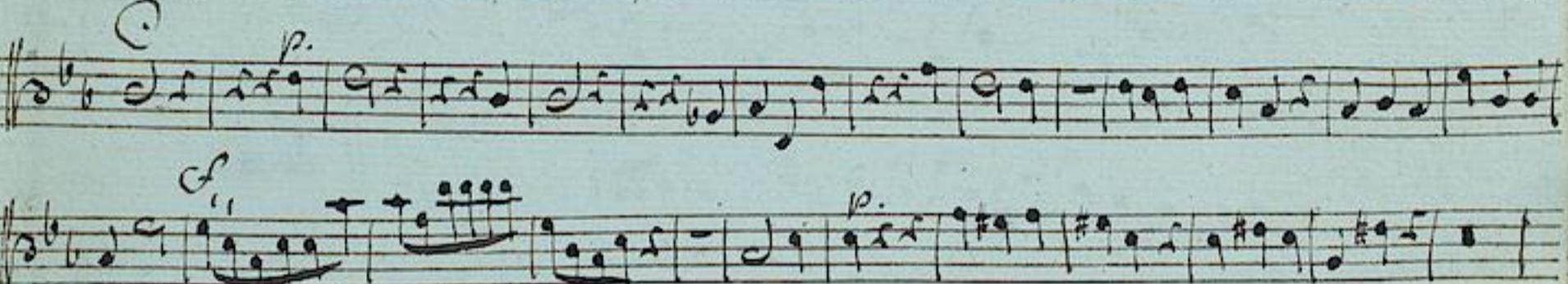
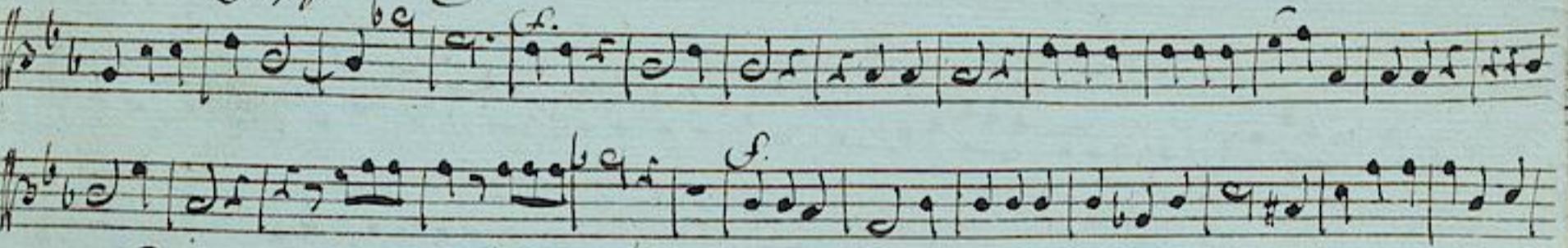
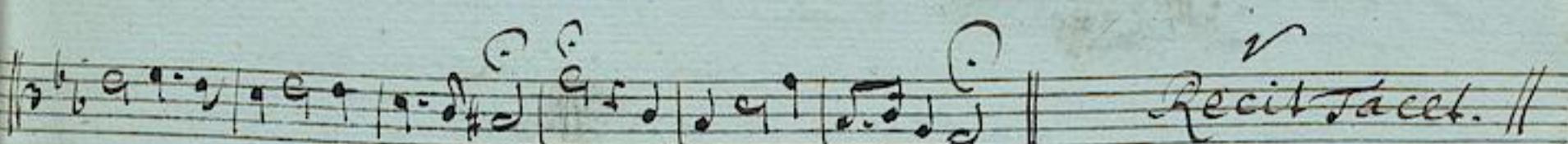
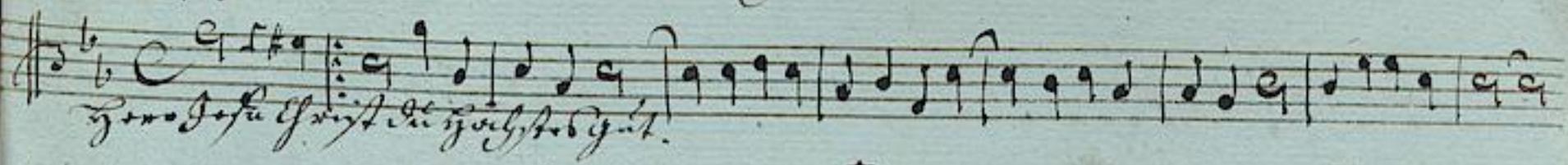
Choral // Recit.  
Gacapo // Recit.





Choral

Niela



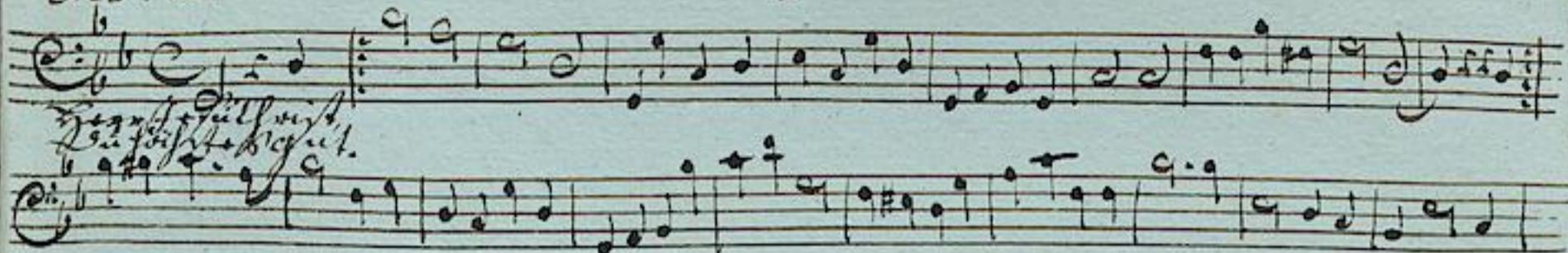
volti

A handwritten musical score for two staves. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It features six measures of music with various note heads and stems. The second measure includes dynamic markings *p* and *poco f*. The third measure contains a single note with a grace note above it. The fourth measure has a single note with a grace note below it. The fifth measure consists of a single note with a grace note above it. The sixth measure ends with a fermata over the note. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It features five measures of music. The first measure starts with a bass note followed by a series of eighth notes. The second measure starts with a bass note followed by a series of eighth notes. The third measure starts with a bass note followed by a series of eighth notes. The fourth measure starts with a bass note followed by a series of eighth notes. The fifth measure starts with a bass note followed by a series of eighth notes. The score concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

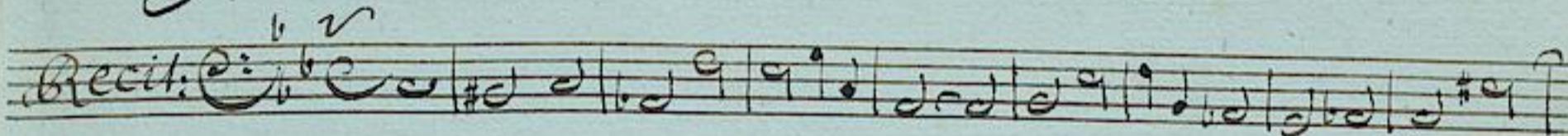


Choral

Violone.

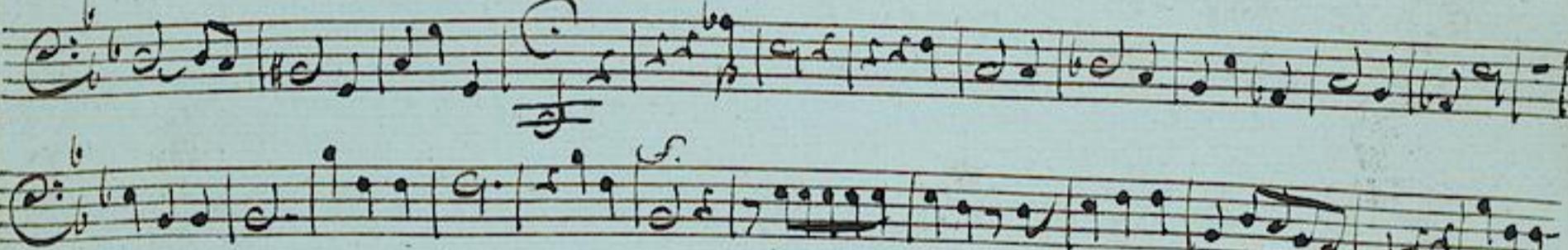
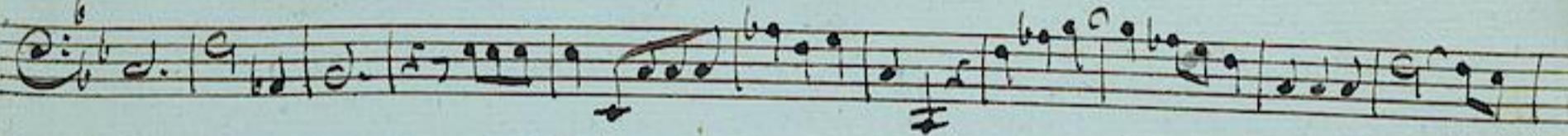
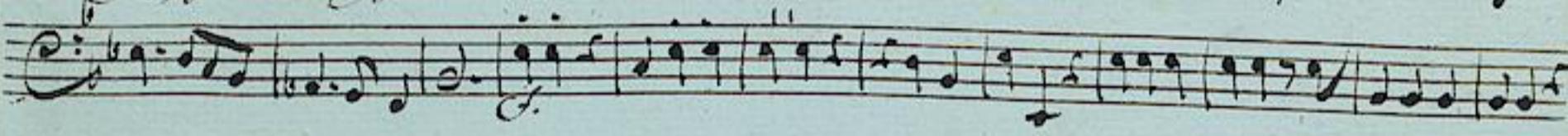
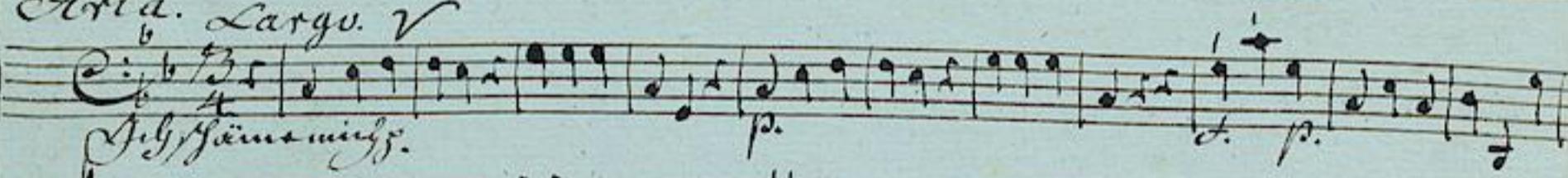


Recit.



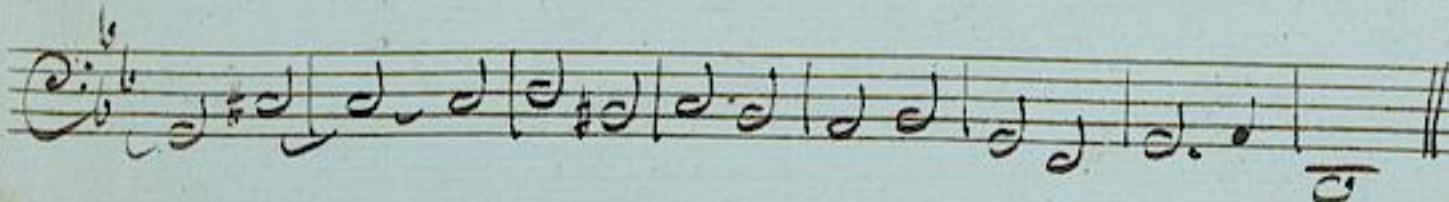
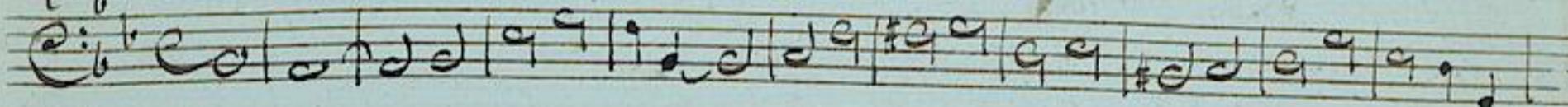
Aria.

Aria. Largo. V



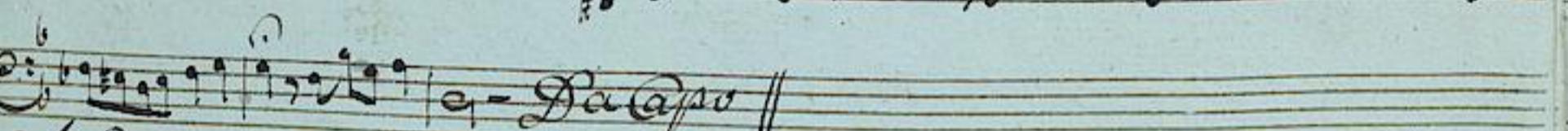
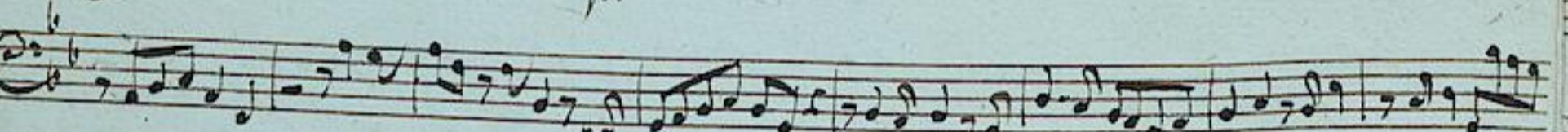
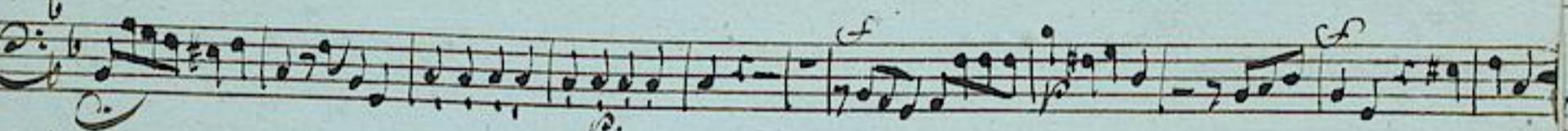
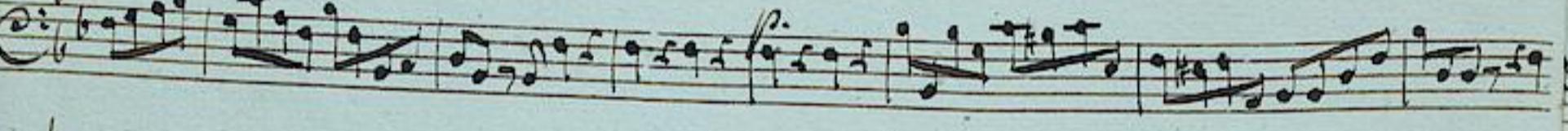
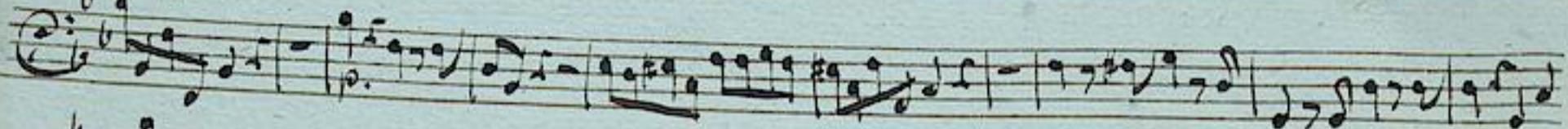
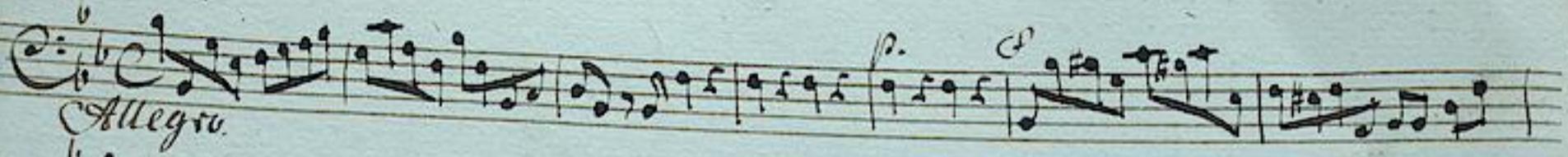
Choral Galapo //

Recit.

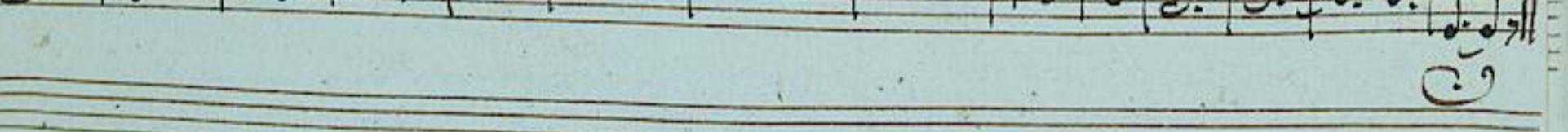
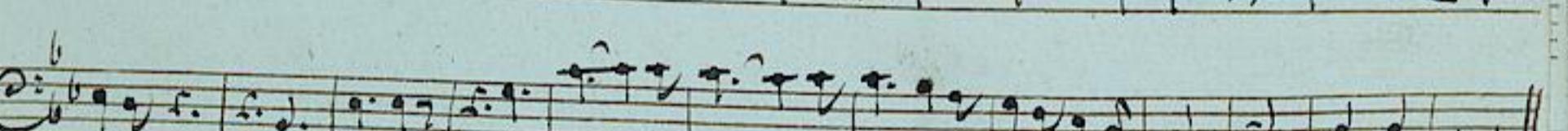
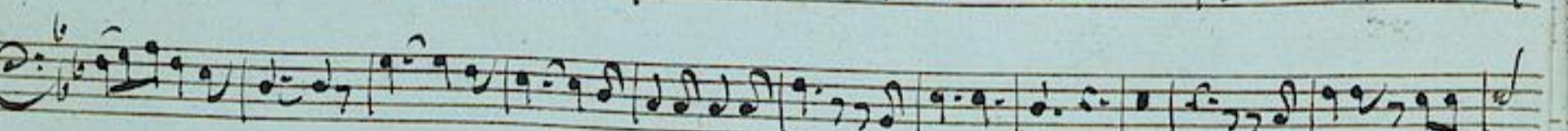
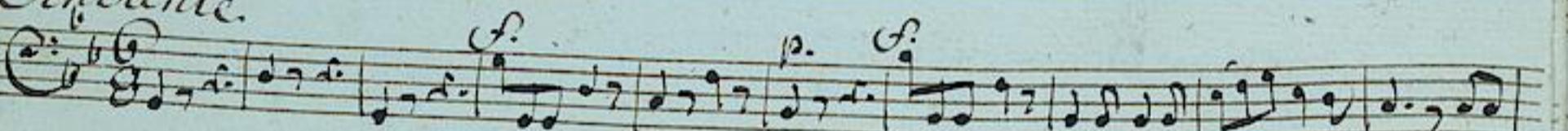


Aria.

Aria.



Andante.

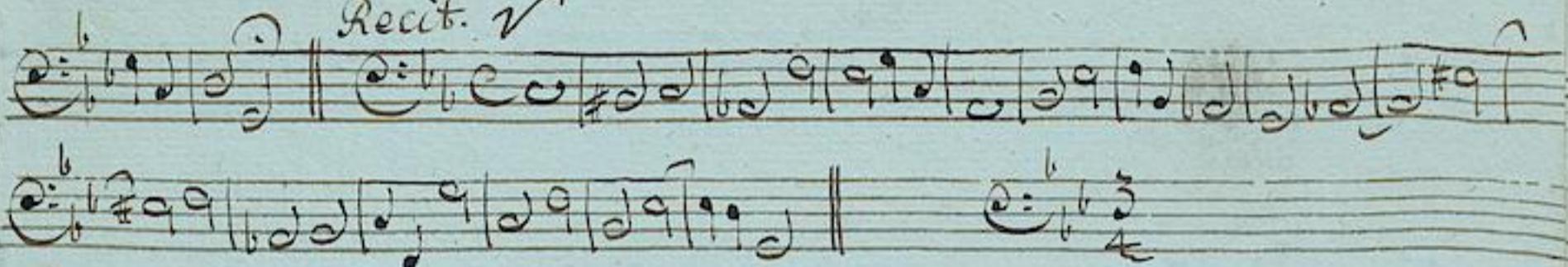


Violone.

Choralfusse



Recit. ✓



Aria ✓

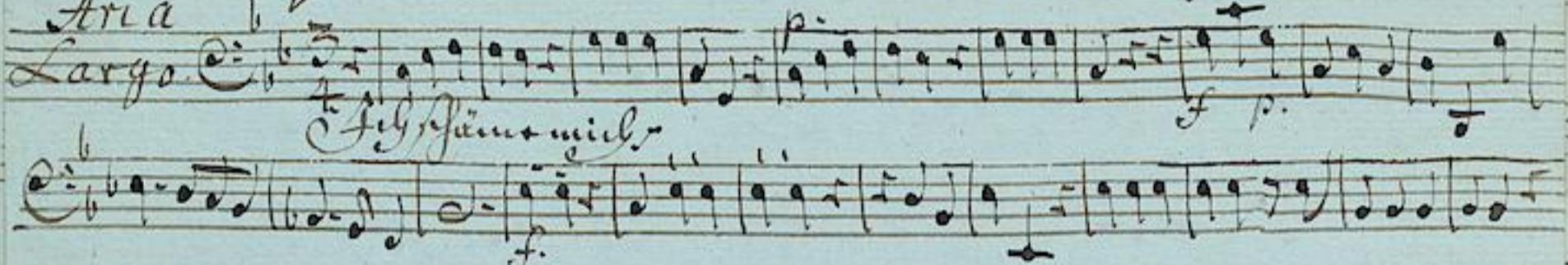
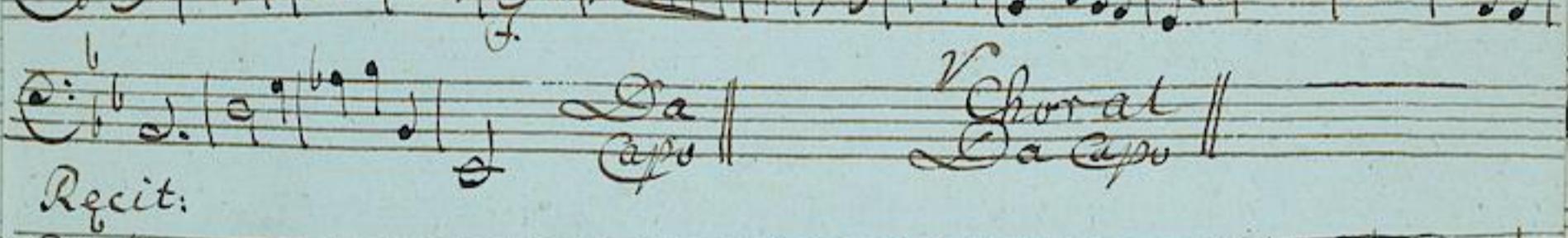
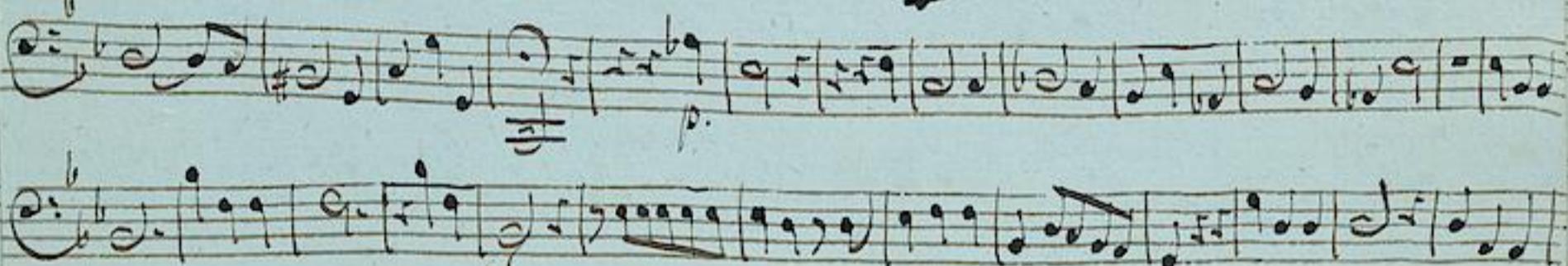
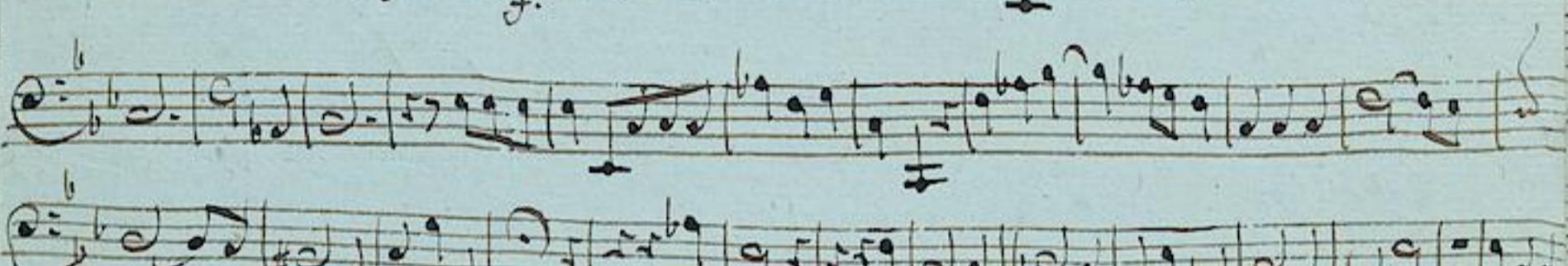
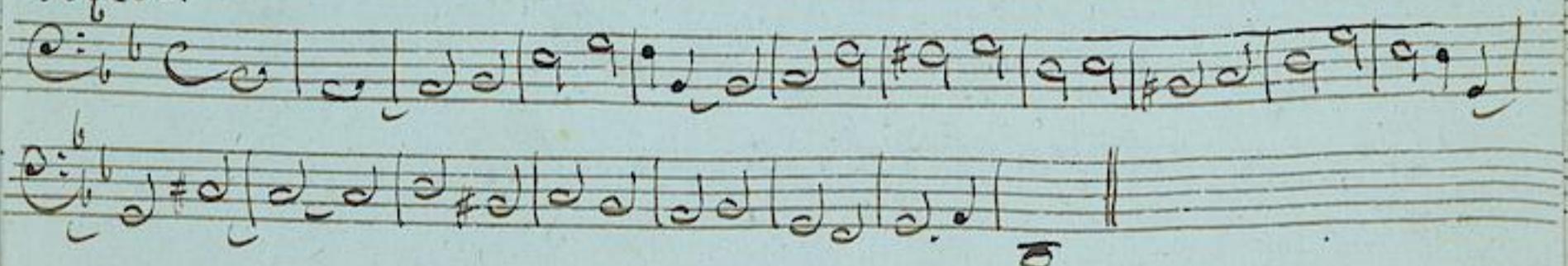


Fig. flamin. m. b.



Recit:



Aria.

volti.



Aria allegro.

The score consists of eight staves of handwritten musical notation for piano. The first seven staves are in common time (indicated by 'C'), while the eighth staff is in 2/4 time (indicated by '2'). The notation uses black note heads and stems, with some slurs and grace notes. Measure endings are marked with small numbers above the staff. Dynamic markings include 'f' (fortissimo) and 'p' (pianissimo). The piece ends with a repeat sign and the instruction 'Capo'.

Andante

The score continues on two staves of handwritten musical notation for piano. The notation uses black note heads and stems, with some slurs and grace notes. Measure endings are marked with small numbers above the staff. Dynamic markings include 'f' (fortissimo) and 'p' (pianissimo). The piece concludes with a repeat sign and the number '2'.

Alto.

Dein Feuer ist so feinstes Gold, zu Grüngräber allen  
Fleisch zerstreut in seinem Muth, mit Deinen Zähnen bin ich  
geblieben und in mir hab der offene Thiel die ungestrichen  
ofne Thiel mich aus dem Hause vertrieben

*Recit. Aria  
stacc.*

## *Choral ✓*

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano, page 10. The vocal line continues with lyrics in German. The piano accompaniment is indicated by a treble clef and a bass clef above the staff, with various dynamic markings like forte (f), piano (p), and sforzando (sf). The score includes a title 'Recit. Aria' and 'Stiletti.' at the bottom right.

*Recit. Aria  
fatale.*



*Alto.*

Gross Feyer Eppich du Goiffes Ost in Esenngrode  
sieh doch, wie sie in meinem Hause nicht gesetzts

in Gladness of no ziel will answer me - do kindly.

Recit [Bria lac:] | **Tutti** **Bb** **G<sup>2</sup>** | **g · g · g · g ·** | **—** |  
Ma — Eig /sig/ so,

A handwritten musical score for soprano voice, page 10, system 1. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one flat. It contains six measures of music. The bottom staff uses a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one flat. It contains four measures of music. The lyrics are written below the notes in German: "San-  
-sig sind jene  
wolgen ifst zu-  
grifflich ist ifst".

*Das gesegnete Kind, wohin iffo das gesegnete Kind*

= By fire and water is no remedy, and unless is no remedy

*und wolfs ist sind, issor sindu und wöl = - fes issor*

A handwritten musical score for piano in common time. The key signature changes from B-flat major to A major (one sharp). The score consists of two staves. The top staff has a treble clef and the bottom staff has a bass clef. The lyrics "Sünder Freude" are written below the notes. The score includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings like forte (f) and piano (p).

ein fiktiv neues und minima



Choral.

Soprano.

Bass

Heute ist der Tag der Reue und der Sühne,  
Doch noch nie war ich in meinem Blut, mit Sünden zu bieben  
Gedenk mir in meinem Blut, wie du mich verloren.

Recit.  
Auf dich mich verloren bin - Ich danke.

Recit.  
Wie schmerzlich quältes Sündenlust, entzückendes Geist und Lustig-  
keit, aber jetzt ist es vorbei, und ich bin in aller Welt kein erträglich  
solcher Sünden freil. und fühlst du es auch? Ich habe für Gott, seine  
nichts bleibens, mich von mir selbst trennen müssen -  
offenster Lauter Rüste dich mir! mit Jesu Christus und seiner Sühne folgen  
Aria.

Graul zum Liede singen verbunden.

Largo Ich sehe mich Gott zu dir zu - sei mein Sünder  
Graul setzt mich wahrlich mich und dich getrennt, ich sehe mich Gott ich  
Bleibe nicht Gott für dich zu warten zu die Zukunft, mein Kind - das Graul -  
Zetwisch und dich setzt mich und dich getrennt.



1732  
51

Choral.

Basso.

Handwritten musical score for the Basso part of a chorale. The score consists of three staves of music in common time, with bass clefs. The lyrics are written in German, interspersed with musical markings like 'Recit.' and 'Aria'.

Handwritten lyrics:

Zur Jesu Christen füsst' ich' Güt, die kann quall allen  
Sich sohnlich in unsrem Müß, mit Besuch zu biegen  
Quaden und du mir hab der Hoffnungstiel ist ungern  
Lieder auf Jesu will mich armen Süu - den tüde,  
Recit. Aria

Recit. Choral.

Handwritten musical score for the Choral part of a chorale. The score consists of three staves of music in common time, with bass clefs. The lyrics are written in German, interspersed with musical markings like 'Recit.' and 'Aria'.

Handwritten lyrics:

Lebendig sind wir in falschen Lärt, um sieh' du mein unschönes  
Liebele du jet geblieben sagst, am folz mit deinen Besuch zu  
auf Jesu will mit grosem Vorw, in meine, Sünder unter geh, wohltwi-  
glehster Tage.

Handwritten musical score for the Alto part of a chorale. The score consists of three staves of music in common time, with bass clefs. The lyrics are written in German, interspersed with musical markings like 'Recit.' and 'Aria'.

Handwritten lyrics:

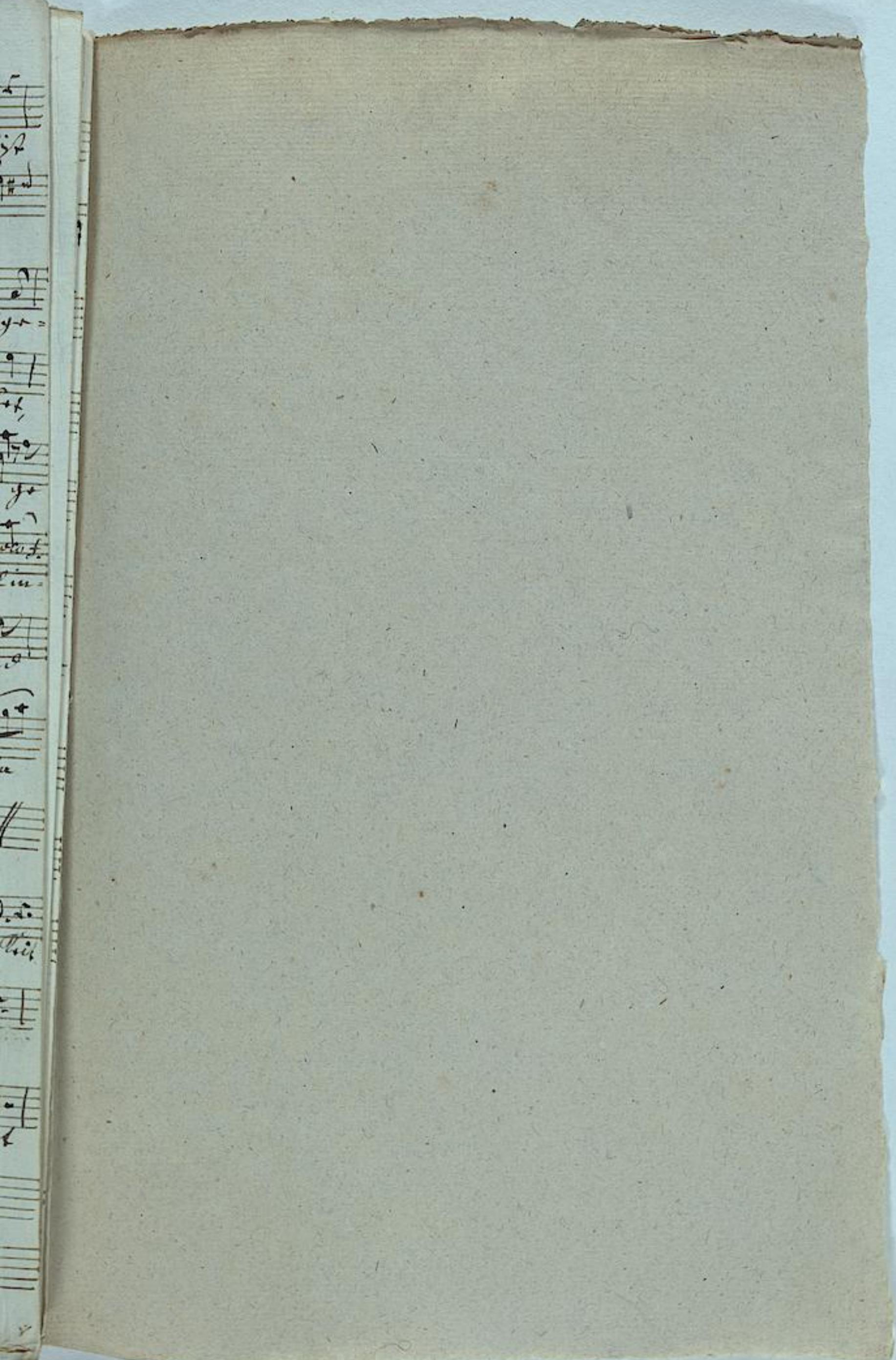
Pölby, eignes Heiligkeit zum offner das Kreuzigung bringt, ist freudlich  
Pömel, Freude ist es der selbster weiß, o mein! Pölby erregter Sünder, schmeicheln  
süßen Trost gelegen; so myßt ob glauben Wün, acht! Quaden quade  
Quaden! jetzt du und ich der Jesu sei neu, so auf der Hörer das Quaden triff  
Kinder ist Dein Fuß, so ist der Leid aufnommen, o Heilig ist, wenn  
sich zu sollem Trost gesammelt.

Aria.



Caria

The image shows a handwritten musical score for a four-part setting of the Ave Maria. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system begins with a vocal entry for soprano, alto, tenor, and bass, followed by a piano part. The lyrics are in German, with some Latin words interspersed. The second system continues with the same four voices and piano. The score includes various musical markings such as 'Allegro', 'Adagio', 'Rit.', and dynamic instructions like 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The handwriting is in black ink on white paper.



Aria.

Handwritten musical score for a soprano aria. The score consists of ten staves of music, each with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of common time (indicated by a 'C'). The vocal line is accompanied by a basso continuo part, indicated by a bass clef and a 'C' with a 'P' below it. The vocal parts are labeled with lyrics in German. The first staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'allegro.' The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The second staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The third staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The fourth staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The fifth staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The sixth staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The seventh staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The eighth staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The ninth staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

The tenth staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and an upward arrow, followed by the word 'leben auf'. The lyrics are:

Leben auf  
Leben auf

